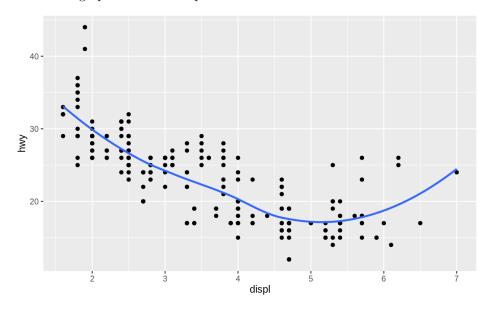
# Data Visualization Lab

### Marcio Woitek

8/22/2022

### Question 1

This is the graph we need to reproduce:

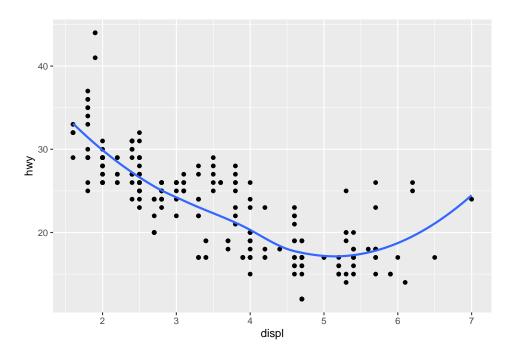


```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `displ`, and y-axis corresponds
# to `hwy`.
plot_1 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))

# Create scatter plot.
plot_1 <- plot_1 + geom_point()

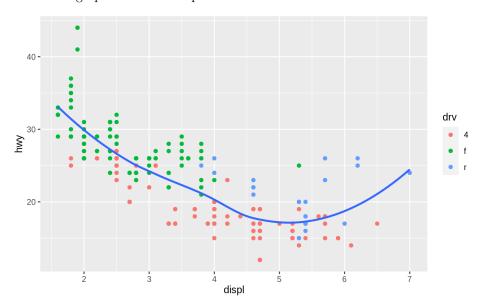
# Add smooth curve. Hide confidence interval.
plot_1 <- plot_1 + geom_smooth(se = FALSE)

# Show plot.
plot_1</pre>
```



## Question 2

This is the graph we need to reproduce:

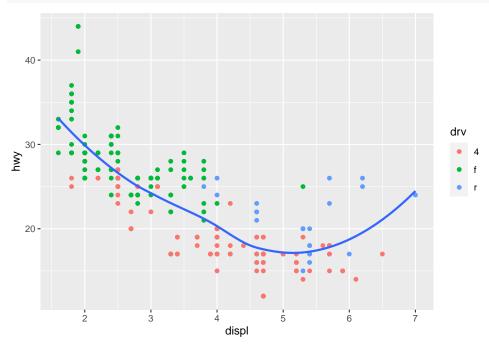


```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `displ`, and y-axis corresponds
# to `hwy`.
plot_2 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))

# Create scatter plot. Points will be colored according to `drv`.
plot_2 <- plot_2 + geom_point(aes(color = drv))

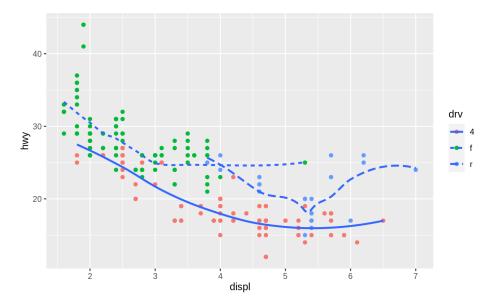
# Add smooth curve. Hide confidence interval.
plot_2 <- plot_2 + geom_smooth(se = FALSE)</pre>
```

```
# Show plot.
plot_2
```



## Question 3

This is the graph we need to reproduce:

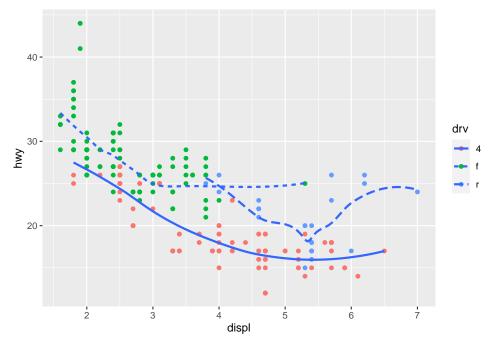


```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `displ`, and y-axis corresponds
# to `hwy`.
plot_3 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))
# Create scatter plot. Points will be colored according to `drv`.</pre>
```

```
plot_3 <- plot_3 + geom_point(aes(color = drv))

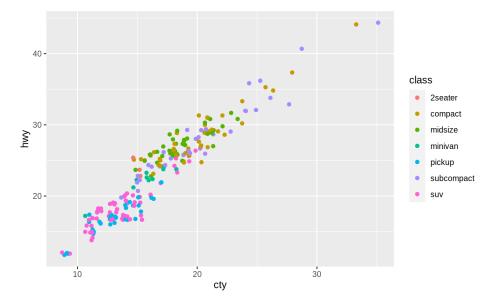
# Add smooth curve. Hide confidence interval. Use different line types for
# different values of `drv`.
plot_3 <- plot_3 + geom_smooth(aes(linetype = drv), se = FALSE)

# Show plot.
plot_3</pre>
```



## Question 4

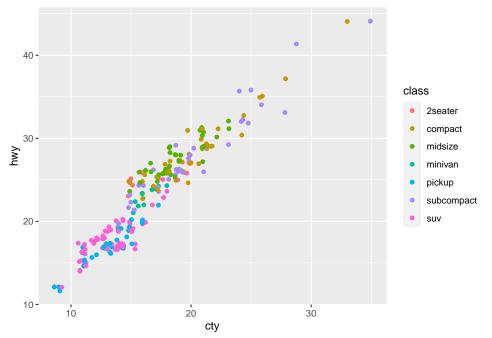
This is the graph we need to reproduce:



```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `cty`, and y-axis corresponds to
# `hwy`.
plot_4 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = cty, y = hwy))

# Create scatter plot. Points will be colored according to `class`. Set
# position to "jitter".
plot_4 <- plot_4 + geom_point(aes(color = class), position = "jitter")

# Show plot.
plot_4</pre>
```



Notice that my figure isn't identical to the one we were given. This is expected. When we use **position** = "jitter", a small amount of **random** variation is added to the location of each point. Due to this randomness, it's not possible to reproduce the original graph exactly.

### Question 5

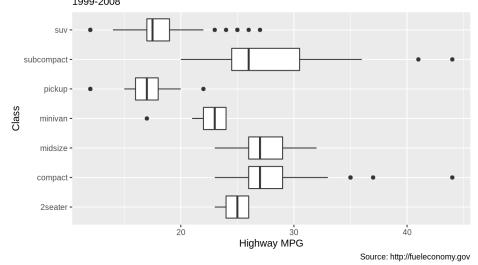
#### PLEASE READ:

There are two versions of this question. To be sure, I'll solve both versions of the problem.

#### Version 1

This is the graph we need to reproduce:

# Highway MPG by car class 1999-2008



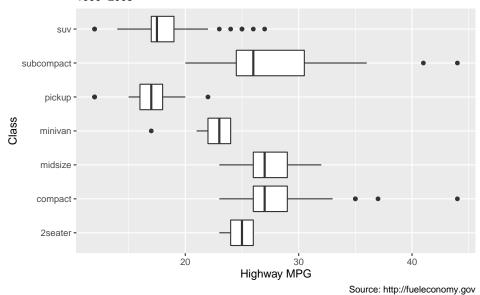
```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `hwy`, and y-axis corresponds to
# `class`.
plot_5 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = hwy, y = class))

# Create boxplots.
plot_5 <- plot_5 + geom_boxplot()

# Add labels.
plot_5 <- plot_5 + labs(
    x = "Highway MPG",
    y = "Class",
    title = "Highway MPG by car class",
    subtitle = "1999-2008",
    caption = "Source: http://fueleconomy.gov"
)

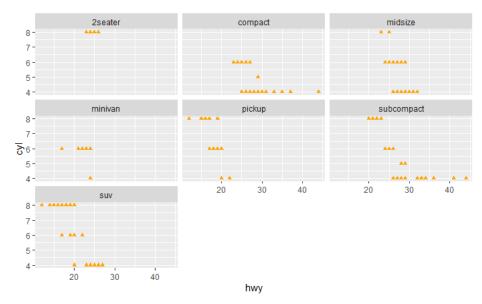
# Show plot.
plot_5</pre>
```

# Highway MPG by car class 1999–2008



#### Version 2

This is the graph we need to reproduce:



```
# Plot data from `mpg`. x-axis corresponds to `hwy`, and y-axis corresponds to
# `cyl`.
plot_5 <- ggplot(mpg, aes(x = hwy, y = cyl))

# Create scatter plot. Points will be represented by orange triangles.
plot_5 <- plot_5 + geom_point(shape = 24, color = "orange", fill = "orange")

# Create a panel for every value of `class`.
plot_5 <- plot_5 + facet_wrap(vars(class))</pre>
```

## # Show plot.

## plot\_5

