İngilizce I

Hafta 4

Okt. Mahmut Birlik-Okt. Erkan Özden



Bu ders içeriğinin basım, yayım ve satış hakları Sakarya Üniversitesi'ne aittir. "Uzaktan Öğretim" tekniğine uygun olarak hazırlanan bu ders içeriğinin bütün hakları saklıdır. İlgili kuruluştan izin almadan ders içeriğinin tümü ya da bölümleri mekanik, elektronik, fotokopi, manyetik kayıt veya başka şekillerde çoğaltılamaz, basılamaz ve dağıtılamaz.

Articles (a, an, the, there is/are)

Dialogue

A: It's Saturday today. I haven't got any homework. Is there a new movie at the Global cinema?

B: Yes, there is

A: Is it a new cinema?

B: Yes, it is.

A: There are four large saloons in it.

B: That's good. Let's go.

Articles

A/An

The indefinite article **a/an** is used before singular countable nouns. We use "a "before nouns which begin with a consonant sound and "an" before nouns which begin with a vowel sound.

Belirsiz belirleyici (a, an) tekil sayılabilir isimlerin önünde kullanılır. "A" belirleyicisi ünsüz sesle başlayan kelimelerin (a table) ve "an" ise ünlü sesi veren (an apple) kelimelerin önünde kullanılır.

* İstisna: a university (ilk harf ünlü olmasına rağmen ünsüz telaffuz edildiği için "a" ile başlamıştır), an hour (ilk harf ünsüz olmasına rağmen ünlü telaffuz edildiği için "an" ile başlamıştır)

a dolphin an elephant

a house an hour [*]

a university[*] an umbrella

- with singular countable nouns when we want to say what somebody/something is or what somebody's job is.
 - * Bir nesne / veya bir kişi' nin ne olduğunu ve ne iş yaptığını anlatırken kullanılır.

It is a dog.

She is a doctor.

a/an kullanılmayan yerler

- With uncountable or plural nouns. We can use "some" instead.
 - * Sayılamayan ve çoğul isimlerin başında a/an yerine some (biraz, birkaç) kullanırız.

some chocolate

some eggs

some water

some students

- In front of an adjective when there is no noun after it. But when there is a noun after the adjective, we use "a" for adjectives which begin with a vowel sound.
 - * Sıfatttan sonra bir isim geliyorsa bu sıfatın önüne a/an gelir.

It is a car.

It is fast.

It is a fast car.

It is also an expensive car.

The

With nouns when we are talking about something specific, or for example when the noun is mentioned for a second time or is already known. In other words, when we can answer the question "who?" or "which?".

* Belirli bir nesne/ kişiden bahsediyorsak yada aynı nesne/kişiden ikinci kez bahsediliyorsa ismin önüne the gelir.

Dogs are clever animals. There is **a** dog in the garden. **The** dog is very big. It is a terriere. **The** dog's name is Buddy.

"The" is used with singular or plural nouns. e.g. the girl, the men, the house

*" The" tekil ve çoğul isimler ile birlikte kullanılabilir.

The

I can see a car. The car is red.

With nouns which are unique.

the earth, the sky, the sun, the Parthenon, the Taj Mahal

Before the names of musical instruments.

the piano, the guitar, the violin

➤ Before the names of rivers, seas/oceans, mountain ranges, deserts and groups of islands/states.

the Nile, the Mediterranean, the Atlantic, the Alps, the Sahara, the Bahamas, the USA

Before nationalities and names of families.

the Chinese, the Italians, the Smiths, the Browns

Before the words morning, afternoon, evening.

I go to school in the morning.

"the" kullanılmayan yerler

With plural nouns when we talk about them in general.

Lions are wild animals.

- * Bütün aslanlar vahşidir.(Genel)
- Before proper nouns.

This is Jane.

➤ Before names of meals (breakfast, lunch, dinner, etc.) and games/sports (golf, tennis, basketball, etc.).

Tennis is an exciting sport.

With the words this/that/these/those.

This car, those bicycle

With the words school, church, bed, hospital, prison, home when we refer to the purpose for which they exist.
 John goes to school at 8.30 in the morning.
 (=John is a student.)

Exercises

A. Write a or an.

- 1 A ball
- 2 _An apple
- 3 _A_ chair
- 4 An orange
- 5 A door

B. Write the / -

- 1. ___ horses are fast animals
- 2. **The** black horse is very old.
- 3. ___ water is good for health.
- 4. <u>The</u> water in the bottle is very dirty.
- 5. <u>The</u> Nile is a long river.
- 6. ___Lake Sapanca is in Sakarya.

C. Put the words in the right order.

1	name/spell/your
	spell your name
2	elephant/is/it/an
	it is an elephant
3	is/pencil/a/it
	it is a pencil
4	in/what/your/is/bag/?
	what is in your bag?
5	you/are/how/?
	how are you?

There Is /Are

We use there is/there are to say that something/someone exists. The short form of there is is
there's." There are" hasn't got a short form.

e.g. There is a sofa in the room.

There are four children in the garden.

There are some books on the table.

There is some water in the tank.

➤ The question form is: Is there?/ Are there?

e.g. Is there a restaurant in the town?

Are there any students in the classroom?

The negative form is: There isn't/There aren't

e.g. There isn't a man in the room.

There aren't any cars in the street.

Short Answers

In short answers we use Yes or No, there is/ isn't or there are / aren't.We don't repeat the whole questions.

```
Is there .....? Yes, there is or No, there isn't
```

Are there? Yes, there are or No, there aren't

A. Write sentences as in the examples.

Example: a table/in the kithcen

There is a table in the kitchen.

1. a computer/in the office	
There is a computer in the office	
2. a cat/on the tree	
There is a cat on the tree	
3. thirty students/in the classroom	
There are thirty students in the classroom	
B.Write questions and give negative answers.	
two fridges/in the kitchen	
Are there two fridges in the kitchen?	
No, there aren't two fridges in the kitchen.	
1. a dictionary/on the desk	
Is there a dictionary on the desk?	
No, there isn't a dictionary on the	
desk	
2. a television/in the classroom	
Is there a televison in the classroom?	
_ No, there isn't a television in the	
classroom	
3. four chairs/in the living room	
Are there four chairs in the living room	
No, there aren't four chairs in the living	
room	
C. Write sentences	
a haak laa tahla	
a book/on the table	
There is a book on the table.	
two pencils/on the desk	
There are two pencils on the desk.	
1 thirty-four students/in the classroom	
_There are thirty-four students in classroom	
2 a computer/in the room	
_There is a computer in the room	
3 a camera/in my bag	

	There's an umbrella on the desk. (a notebook)
	There isn't an umbrella. There's a notebook.
1 The	ere's one chair in the room. (four)
	There are four chairs in the room.
 2 The	ere are nine girls in the classroom. (boys)
The	ere are nine boys in the classroom
 3 The	ere's a television on the table. (telephone)
The	ere is a telephone on the table

Reading

Read the passage and answer the questions

There is a camera in my bag.

D. Correct the statements.

Helen and Mary are in the same house together. They are both over sixty years old. They have never got married. Helen is in the living room. There is a phone on the table. There are also some letters on the table. There is a big carpet on the floor. There is a newspaper next to the phone. There is a small library between the TV set and the table.

Mary is in the kitchen now. It isn't very large, but enough. There is a cooker and a fridge in it. There are some cupboards under the sink. There are some plates and glasses in the cupboard. There is a small table and there are four chairs in there. There is a dishwasher next to the cooker. There is a window in front of the tap. It's their house and they're both happy.

Question

- 1. Are Mary and Helen in the same house? Yes, they are
- 2. Is Mary single? Yes, she is
- 3. Is there a telephone in the living room? Yes there is
- 4. Are there some letters on the table? Yes, there are
- 5. Is there any carpet in the living room? Yes, there is
- 6. Where is the TV set? It is next to the small library.
- 7. Is there a small library between the table and the cooker? No, there isn't

8. Is the kitchen very large? No, it isn't very large.
9. Is there a cooker in the kitchen? Yes there is
10. Are there any cupboards under the sink? Yes, there are
11. Is there a big table for them? No, there isn't
12. Are there two chairs in there? No, there aren't
13. Is there a dishwasher next to the cooker? Yes, there is

14. Is there a window in front of the tap? Yes, there is

15. Are they happy together? Yes, they are

Translation

Translate The Sentences Into Turkish Below.

- 1) They have got an old umbrella. Onların eski şemsiyesi var
- 2) Would you like a cup of tea? Bir fincan çay ister misiniz?
- 3) Do you know the old man? Yaşlı adamı tanıyor musun?
- 4) There are two chairs in my room. Benim odamda iki sandalye var
- 5) Is there a post office near here? Buraya yakın bir postahane var mı?
- 6) How do you usually go to school? Genellikle okula nasıl gidersin?
- 7) My brother plays football every weekend. Erkek kardeşim her hafta sonu futbol oynar.
- 8) She doesn't live with my family. O benim ailemle beraber yaşamıyor.
- 9) Where do you usually go in summer? Yazın genellikle nereye gidersin?
- 10) Do you know my girl friend? Benim kız arkadaşımı tanıyor musun?

Write about your room and send it to your class teacher to check it!

WRITING
There is a table and a chair in my room. There is a small library and a lot of books on the shelves. There is a big carpet on the floor. There is a cassette player and radio next to my bed. There is a mirror behind the door

Quiz

Choose the best alternative.

1Aa big garden in the school.							
a) There is	b)There are	c)Is d)Tl	nat				
2Ca hotel near here?							
a) There is	b)There are	c)Is there	d)That				
3Bmany books on my desk in the office.							
a) There is	b)There are	c)Is there	d)Is that				
4. There B a park in this town.							
a) Are	b)Is	c)Is there	d)That				
5Aa swimming pool in Green Resort?							
a)Is there	b)Are there	c)This is	d)That is				
6C a train from Ankara to İstanbul at 12.30?							
a) There are	b)This is	c)Is there	d)This				
7D a castle in a Kyrenia.							
a) This	b)That	c)There are	e d)There is				
8. ThereAfive cups on the table.							
a)Are	b)Is	c)Am	d)-				
9A a book in my bag.							
a) There is	b)There aren't	tc)Is d)Is	that				
10. There <mark>C</mark> a	bus from the o	ity to village	es.				
a) are	b)aren't	c)is	d)-				
11C a lot o	f planes in the	airport.					
a) There is	b)There isn't	c)There are	e d)Aren't				
12 <mark>D</mark> there a	a little water r	near here?					
a) An	b)A	c)The	d)Is				
13. Is thereBrestaurant near here?							
a) an	b)a	c)the	d)-				
14. Mark isDmedical doctor. His wife isan engineer.							
a) an/a	b) an/an	c)a/a	d)a/an				
15. A melon isCfruit.							
a) an	b)the	c)a	d)-				