

Understanding Self supervised learning without negative

Two layer model example:

setup {
online net weight $w \in \mathbb{R}^{n_2 \times n_1}$
predictor : $w_p \in \mathbb{R}^{n_1 \times n_2}$
target net : $w_a \in \mathbb{R}^{n_2 \times n_1}$
 $x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_1}$ // input data

Two augmentation: $x: x_1, x_2 \sim p_{\text{aug}}(\cdot | x)$

$$f_1 = w x_1 \in \mathbb{R}^{n_2} \quad // \text{online rep.}$$

$$f_{2a} = w_a x \in \mathbb{R}^{n_2} \quad // \text{target rep.}$$

Byol objective

$$\mathcal{J}(w, w_p) := \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{x_1, x_2} \left[\| w_p f_1 - \text{stopgrad}(f_{2a}) \|_2^2 \right]$$

whereas $w_a \simeq \text{Exponential MA}(w)$

BYOL Learning Dynamics:

learning rate ratio

weight decay

gradient

[Everything is in here]

$$\dot{W}_p = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W_p} = \alpha_p (-W_p W (x + x') + W_a x) W^T - \eta W_p$$

$$\dot{W} = W_p^T (-W_p W (x + x') + W_a x) - \eta W$$

$$\dot{W}_a = \beta (-W_a + W)$$

Expectation of outer product matrix.

$$x := \underset{\text{mean}}{E[\bar{x}_0 \bar{x}^T]} \quad \text{and} \quad \bar{x}(x) := \underset{n \sim \text{pang}(n)}{E}[\hat{x}]$$

Average augmented view of data point

Expected cov mat.

$$x' = E \left[\underset{\text{covariance matrix of aug view } x'}{V_{x'|x}} [x'] \right] E(\text{cov})$$

Requires Simplified Assumption: for analysis

→ (i) Proportional EMA

$$W_a(t) = \alpha(t) W(t)$$

→ (ii) isotropic Data augmentation:

Aug data covariance: $X = I$

data Aug aug cov: $X' = \sigma^2 I$

→ w_p is symmetric

→ Eigen decomposition.

F : correlation matrix of output of W

$$F = W X W^T$$

Findings ①

Eigen space of w_p aligns to F

[we can approximate w_p from F]

Theorem 3:

under some condition $F w_p - w_p F \rightarrow 0$

Direct-Pred Method:

Estimate $\hat{F} \rightarrow$ Set w_p by the following

$$\hat{F} = \hat{U} \Lambda_F \hat{U}^T$$

$$\Lambda_F = \text{diag}[s_1, s_2, \dots, s_d]$$

then, define

$$p_j = \sqrt{s_j} + \epsilon \max_j s_j$$

$$\Rightarrow w_p = \hat{U} \text{diag}[p_j] \hat{U}^T$$

To estimate correlation matrix

$$\hat{F} = \rho \hat{F} + (1-\rho) \mathbb{E}_B [f f^T]$$

\Downarrow

Expectation over batch.