Assignment 1 Notes

mn

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1 Definitions

- row vectors:
- 1 layer network:
 - Input dimension: D_x ($\boldsymbol{x} \in [N, D_x]$)
 - Hidden units: H ($\mathbf{W}_1 \in [D_x, H], \ \mathbf{b}_1 \in [H]$)
 - Ouput dimension: D_y ($\mathbf{W}_2 \in [H, D_y], \ b_2 \in [D_y]$)

2 Assigment 1

Org latex export is not that great yet, and one still has to work on the alignment.

2.1 1. Softmax

2.1.1 1.a) Softmax function

Softmax function: softmax $(x)_i = \frac{e^{x_i}}{\sum_j e^{x_j}}$

$$\operatorname{softmax}(x+c)_{i} = \frac{e^{x_{i}+c}}{\sum_{j} e^{x_{j}+c}} = \frac{e^{c}e^{x_{i}}}{e^{c}\sum_{j} e^{x_{j}}} = \frac{e^{x_{i}}}{\sum_{j} e^{x_{j}}} = \operatorname{softmax}(x)_{i}$$

2.2 2. Neural Network Basics

2.2.1 2.a) Derivative of the sigmoid function

Sigmoid function: $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\sigma(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \frac{e^{-x}}{1+e^{-x}} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \frac{(1+e^{-x})-1}{1+e^{-x}} = \sigma(x)(1-\sigma(x))$$

2.b) Derivative of the Cross Entropy Loss

Cross Entropy Loss: $CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\sum_{i} y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} = \operatorname{softmax}(\theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}})_j = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \sum_i y_i \log \hat{y}_i = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \sum_i y_i \log(e^{\theta_i} / \sum_l e^{\theta_l}) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \sum_i y_i (\theta_i - \log \sum_l e^{\theta_l})$$

y is a one-hot label vector with a non-zero value (=1) at index k.

Given that

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \log \sum_{l} e^{\theta_l} = \frac{e_j^{\theta}}{\sum_{l} e^{\theta_l}} = \hat{y}_j$$

if $j \neq k$:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}})_j = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \log \sum_{l} e^{\theta_l} = \hat{y}_j$$

if j = k:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}})_j = \hat{y}_j - 1$$

Combining (vectorizing) these results:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\theta}} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}$$

2.c) Gradient of the one-layer network

$$\frac{\partial J(x)}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \sum_{i} y_i \log(\operatorname{softmax}(\sigma(\boldsymbol{x} \mathbf{W}_1 + \boldsymbol{b}_1) \mathbf{W}_2 + \boldsymbol{b}_2))$$

With $\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} = \operatorname{softmax}(\theta)$, $\theta = \sigma(\boldsymbol{h})\mathbf{W}_2 + \boldsymbol{b}_2$ and $\boldsymbol{h} = \boldsymbol{x}\mathbf{W}_1 + \boldsymbol{b}_1$

$$\frac{\partial J(x)}{\partial x} = \sum_{j} \frac{\partial J}{\partial \theta_{j}} \frac{\partial \theta_{j}}{\partial x} = \sum_{j} \sigma(\mathbf{h}) (1 - \sigma(\mathbf{h})) \mathbf{W}_{1} \mathbf{W}_{2,j} \times \begin{cases} \hat{y}_{j} & \text{if } j \neq k \\ \hat{y}_{j} - 1 & \text{if } j = k \end{cases}$$

- 1. Alternative (more layer-systematic) derivation
 - Forward pass:

$$J(x) = CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\sum_{i} y_{i} \log(\operatorname{softmax}(\sigma(\boldsymbol{x}\mathbf{W}_{1} + \boldsymbol{b}_{1})\mathbf{W}_{2} + \boldsymbol{b}_{2}))$$

- Input: \boldsymbol{x}
- L1 affine transformation: $z_1 = x\mathbf{W}_1 + b_1$
- L1 activation: $h = \sigma(z_1)$
- L2 affine transformation: $z_2 = hW_2 + b_2$
- Scores computation: $\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} = \operatorname{softmax}(\boldsymbol{z}_2)$
- Cross-Entropy Loss: $CE = \sum_{i} \mathbf{y} \log \hat{\mathbf{y}}$
- Backward pass (gradient derivation):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}} \frac{\partial \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_2}{\partial \boldsymbol{h}} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{h}}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_1} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_1}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial x} = (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}) \mathbf{W}_2^T \sigma(\boldsymbol{z}_1) (1 - \sigma(z_1)) \mathbf{W}_1^T$$

- $dz_{2} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{2}} = \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} \boldsymbol{y}$ $dh_{1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{h}} = dz_{2} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{2}}{\partial \boldsymbol{h}} = dz_{2} \mathbf{W}_{2}^{T}$ $dz_{1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{1}} = dh_{1} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{h}}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{1}} = dh_{1} \circ \frac{\partial \sigma(\boldsymbol{z}_{1})}{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{1}}$ $dx = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \boldsymbol{x}} = dz_{1} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{z}_{1}}{\partial \boldsymbol{x}} = dz_{1} \mathbf{W}_{1}^{T}$
- Other gradients:

 - There gradients. $dW2 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W_2} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \mathbf{W}_2} = \mathbf{h}^T dz_2$ $db2 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial b_2} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_2} \frac{\partial z_2}{\partial \mathbf{b}_2} = dz_2 \text{ (summed over the first dimension)}$ $dW1 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W_1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \mathbf{W}_1} = \mathbf{x}^T dz_1$ $db1 = \frac{\partial J}{\partial b_1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_1} \frac{\partial z_1}{\partial \mathbf{b}_1} = dz_1 \text{ (summed over the first dimension)}$

2.2.4 2.d) Number of parameters

Number of parameters: $(D_x + 1)H + (H + 1)D_y$

2.3 3. word2vec

2.3.1 3.a) Derivative of the skipgram 1 — with respect to v_c

Skipgram: given a center word c ($v_c \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $\boldsymbol{v}_c = \mathbf{V}\boldsymbol{c}$, $\boldsymbol{c} \in \mathbb{R}^{|V|}$ is one-hot-vector of word c), predict the surrounding context words (2m words).

Word prediction softmax function:

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o = p(\boldsymbol{o}|c) = \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_o^T \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sum_w \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^T \boldsymbol{v}_c)}$$

where o is the expected output word, and $u_w \in \mathbb{R}^n$ $(w \in [1, W])$ are the output word vectors.

$$J_{softmax-CE}(\boldsymbol{o}, \boldsymbol{v}_c, \mathbf{U}) = CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\sum_{i} \boldsymbol{y} \log \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} = -\boldsymbol{u}_o^T \boldsymbol{v}_c + \log \left(\sum_{w} \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^T \boldsymbol{v}_c) \right) = = -\boldsymbol{u}_o^T \boldsymbol{v}_c + \log \left(\sum_{i} [\exp(\mathbf{U} \boldsymbol{v}_c)] \right)$$

where $\mathbf{U} \in \mathbb{R}^{|V| \times n}$ is the output word matrix (n: dimension of embedding space; |V|: dimension of vocabulary).

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\boldsymbol{u}_o^T + \sum_i \boldsymbol{u}_i^T \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_i^T \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sum_w \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^T \boldsymbol{v}_c)} = -\boldsymbol{u}_o^T + \sum_i \boldsymbol{u}_i^T \hat{y}_i = (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y})^T \mathbf{U}$$

since $\boldsymbol{u}_o = \mathbf{U}^T \boldsymbol{y}, \ \sum_i \boldsymbol{u}_i^T \hat{y}_i = \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}^T \mathbf{U}$, where \boldsymbol{y} is the one-hot-vector with 1 at o and 0 elsewhere.

2.3.2 3.b) Derivative of the skipgram 2 — with respect to u_w

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{U}} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) =& = \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_i} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = \hat{y}_i \boldsymbol{v}_c + \begin{cases} -\boldsymbol{v}_c & \boldsymbol{u}_i = \boldsymbol{u}_o \\ 0 & \boldsymbol{u}_i \neq \boldsymbol{u}_o \end{cases} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{U}} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}) \boldsymbol{v}_c^T \end{split}$$

2.3.3 3.c) Derivative of the skipgram 3