

# The Future of Engineering

## Challenges and opportunities

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Conf

School of Biomedical Engineering and Imaging Sciences  
King's College London



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Get source of this slides and see further references from <https://github.com/mxochicale/itds2020>.



# Contents

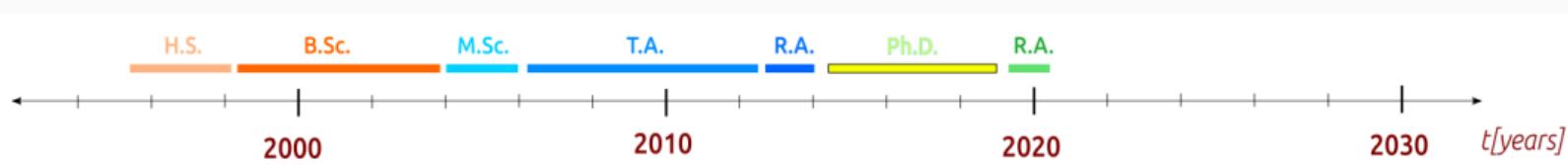
1. Short-bio
2. Challenges and Opportunities in Engineering
3. Challenges and Opportunities in Engineering
  - 3.1. Engineering as Multidisciplinary Field
  - 3.2. Robotics Engineering and open-source projects
4. The Future Engineering

## Short-bio

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# My journey in science

- (1996-1999) High School in Electronics
- (1999-2004) BSc in Electronics
- (2004-2006) MSc in Signal Processing
- (2006-2012) Teaching Associate in Mechatronics
- (2013-2014) Research Assistant in Robotics at INAOE
- (2014-2019) PhD student in Human-Robot Interaction at Uni of Bham
- (2019-present) Research Associate in Ultrasound-Guidance Intervention at KCL



# Challenges and Opportunities in Engineering

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# Challenges in Engineering

- Advance Personalised learning
- Make Solar Energy Economical
- Enhance Virtual Reality
- Reverse-engineer the brain
- Engineer better medicines
- Advance Health Informatics
- Restore and improve urban infrastructure
- Secure cyberspace
- Provide access to clean water
- Provide energy from fusion
- Develop Carbon Sequestration Methods
- Engineer the tools for science discovery



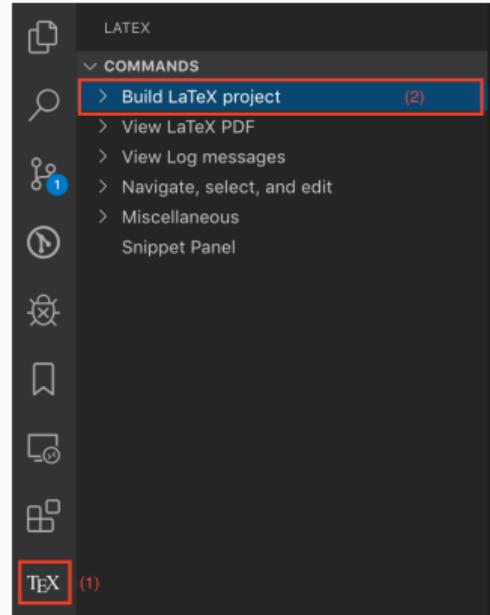
Compile *LaTeX* Project in VSCode

# Hello, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X!

- Create `hello.tex` file with following content.

```
% this is hello.tex
\documentclass{article}
\begin{document}
Hello, \LaTeX!
\end{document}
```

- Compile it
  - Click the build button in your L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X editor/IDE
  - OR using command line: `latexmk -pdf hello`
- Open `hello.pdf` to preview the result



Compile L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Project in VSCode

# Example of A Complex Document

- Download the source code from  
<https://github.com/xu-cheng/latex-tutorial/archive/master.zip>
- The example document is located in the `example` folder. It contains:
  - `main.tex` The main tex source
  - `preamble.tex` A subfile to store format definitions
  - `tikz-example.tex` A figure drawn using tikz
  - `ref.bib` A database of references
- Use `latexmk -pdf main` to compile the document
- Access the same example in Overleaf:  
<https://www.overleaf.com/read/qsthqbjphhrz>

# Comment, Command and Environment

- `%` starts a comment. e.g. `% this is hello.tex`
- `\` starts a command.

```
\command % a command
\command{} % also a command
\command{arg} % a command with an argument
\command{arg1}{arg2} % a command with multiple arguments
\command[opt arg]{arg} % [] is for optional argument
```

- `\begin{...} ... \end{...}` denotes an environment

```
\begin{envname}
    inside the environment
\end{envname}
% LaTeX environment can take arguments
\begin{envname}{arg} \end{envname}
\begin{envname}[opt arg]{arg} \end{envname}
```

# Source File Structure

- A document starts with `\documentclass{...}` command to specify the template
- Common templates include:
  - `article`
  - `book`
  - `report`
  - `letter`
  - `beamer` (slides)
  - `standalone` (graphics)
- Template class can accept options, e.g. `\documentclass[a4paper,10pt]{article}`

## Class Options for `article`, `report`, `book`, `letter`

<code>10pt, 11pt, 12pt</code>	Set font size.
<code>a4paper, letterpaper, ...</code>	Defines the paper size.
<code>fleqn</code>	Typesets displayed formulae left-aligned instead of centred.
<code>leqno</code>	Places the numbering of formulae on the left hand side instead of the right.
<code>titlepage, notitlepage</code>	Specifies whether a new page should be started after the document title or not.
<code>onecolumn, twocolumn</code>	Typeset the document in one column or two columns.
<code>twoside, oneside</code>	Specifies whether double or single sided output should be generated.
<code>landscape</code>	Changes the layout of the document to print in landscape mode.
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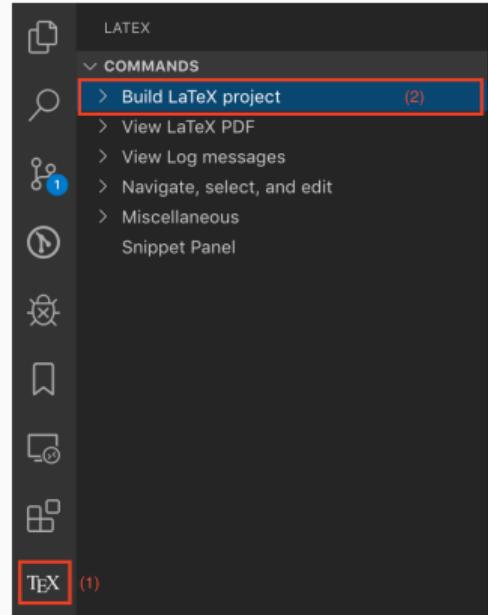
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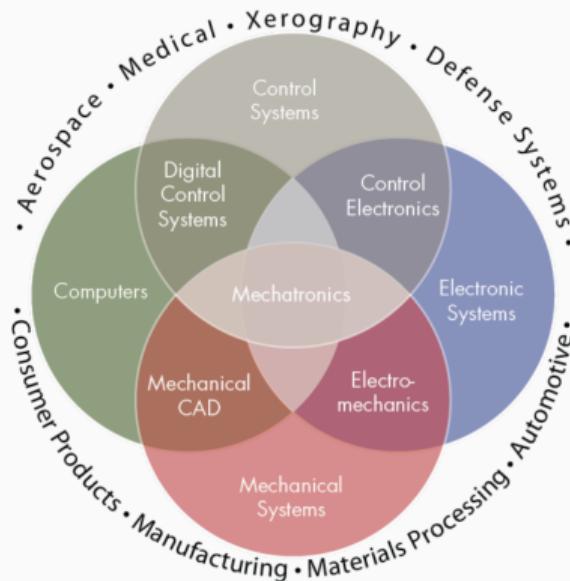
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# Introduction

- **\LaTeX** is a document preparation system and document markup language.
- It can be used to typeset articles, books, slides, posters, even graphics.
- **Pros:**
  - It separates presentation/format from contents.
  - Since the source codes are plaintext, it works well with version control system such as git.
  - Highly customizable through various of packages.
- **Cons:**
  - There is no graphic interface to support WYSIWYG style editing.
  - Not suitable to produce unstructured documents.

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Thanks  
Questions?