10 silma viskamise tõenäosus on

A- Esimesel viskel visatakse 4

B - Teisel viskel visatakse 6

C - Esimesel viskel visatakse 5

D - Teisel viskel visatakse 5

E - Esimesel viskel visatakse 6

F - Teisel viskel visatakse 4

$$P(A*B+C*D+E*F) = \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6}$$

11 visata tõenäosus on

A - Esimesel korral visatakse 5

B - Teisel korral visatakse 6

C - Esimesel korral visatakse 6

D - Teisel korral visatakse 5

$$P(A*B+C*D) = \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6}$$

12 visata tõenäosus on

A - Esimesel korral visatakse 6

B - Teisel korral visatakse 6

$$P(A*B) = \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6}$$

X- kahel järjestikusel viskel saavutatud silmade arv

$$X = 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \quad 10 \quad 11 \quad 12$$

$$p \quad 1/36 \quad 1/18 \quad 1/12 \quad 1/9 \quad 5/36 \quad 1/6 \quad 5/36 \quad 1/9 \quad 1/12 \quad 1/18 \quad 1/36$$

$$EX = \frac{1}{36} * 2 + \frac{1}{18} * 3 + \frac{1}{12} * 4 + \frac{1}{9} * 5 + \frac{5}{36} * 6 + \frac{1}{6} * 7 + \frac{5}{36} * 8 + \frac{1}{9} * 9 + \frac{1}{12} * 10 + \frac{1}{18} * 11 + \frac{1}{36} * 12 = 7$$

$$DX = (2 - 7)^2 * \frac{1}{36} + (3 - 7)^2 * \frac{1}{18} + (4 - 7)^2 * \frac{1}{12} + (5 - 7)^2 * \frac{1}{9} + (6 - 7)^2 * \frac{5}{36} + (7 - 7)^2 * \frac{5}{6} + (8 - 7)^2 * \frac{5}{36}$$

$$DX = (2-7)^2 * \frac{1}{36} + (3-7)^2 * \frac{1}{18} + (4-7)^2 * \frac{1}{12} + (5-7)^2 * \frac{1}{9} + (6-7)^2 * \frac{5}{36} + (7-7)^2 * \frac{1}{6} + (8-7)^2 * \frac{1}{$$

$$+(9-7)^{2}*\frac{1}{9}+(10-7)^{2}*\frac{1}{12}+(11-7)^{2}*\frac{1}{18}+(12-7)^{2}*\frac{1}{36}=\frac{35}{6}$$

$$\sigma(X) = \sqrt{DX} \approx 2.42$$