报告文档

一、程序优化性说明

1、用户交互界面说明

首先是程序主界面,包括打开文件功能,大地线长度计算功能,打开报告功能,清除数据功能,中间为数据框,用来展示读取的数据。



图 1 软件主界面

点击打开报告按钮出现计算报告界面,用来展示计算数据,并在右上角有保存结果按钮。

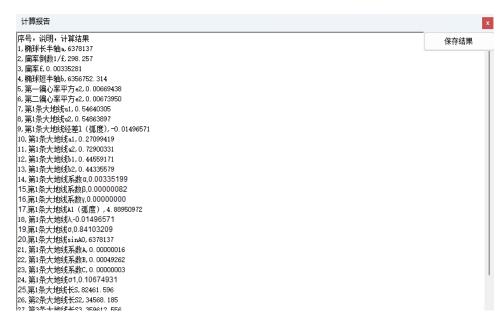


图 2 计算报告界面

2、程序运行过程说明

点击打开文件按钮,选择数据进行读取,结果如图3所示。

点1	B1	L1	点2	L2	B2
P1	31.23315	121.45376	P2	31.31134	120.54107
P3	30.59261	114.30172	P4	30.46012	114.45253
P 5	34.48273	135.51368	P6	35.08387	139.46539
P 7	51.51118	0.18061	P8	48.18380	2.34264
P9	40.21376	73.59442	P10	42.37429	71.05008
	读取文件成功				
	读取文件成功				

图 3 打开文件

点击大地线长度计算按钮,出现计算成功提示框。

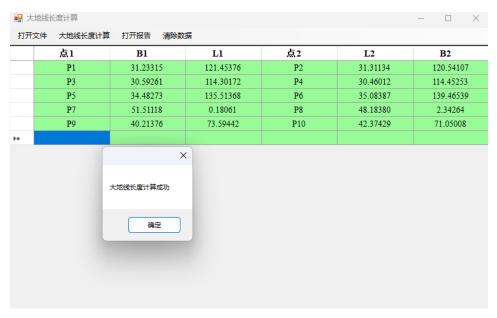


图 4 计算成功

3、程序运行结果

计算成功后点击打开报告按钮,可查看计算结果。



图 5 运行结果

二、程序规范性说明

1、程序功能与结构设计说明

首先设计存储数据类,包括椭球类,点类,大地线类。

```
class Ellipse
{

public double a { get; set; }

public double fdao { get; set; }

public double fdao { get; set; }

public double el2 { get; set; }

public double el2 { get; set; }

public double el2 { get; set; }

public double f { get; set; }

public Ellipse()

{

this. a = a;

this. fdao = fdao;
}

}

class DPoints
{

public string ID { get; set; }

public double B { get; set; } //纬度

public double L { get; set; } //经度

public DPoints()
{

this. ID = ID:

this. B = B;

this. L = L;
}

}
```

图 6 椭球类和点类

```
class GeoLine
{
    public double u1 { get; set; }
    public double u2 { get; set; }
    public double 1 { get; set; } //L2-L1
    public double a1 { get; set; }
    public double a2 { get; set; }
    public double b1 { get; set; }
    public double b2 { get; set; }
    public double b2 { get; set; }
    public double alpha { get; set; }
    public double gama { get; set; }
    public double sigema { get; set; }
    public double sigema { get; set; }
    public double sinAO { get; set; }
    public double A { get; set; }
    public double A { get; set; }
    public double B { get; set; }
    public double S { get; set; }
}
```

图 7 大地线类

之后进行 Alogrithm 算法类的设计,包含一些数据格式转换,算法的设计。

```
static class Alogrithm
{
    public static double DDmmss2Rad(double Dms)
    {
        double deg, min, sec;
        deg = (int)Dms;
        min = (int)((Dms - deg) * 100);
        sec = Dms * 10000 - deg * 10000 - min * 100;
        return (deg + min / 60.0 + sec / 3600.0) * Math.PI / 180.0;
}

public static double Rad2DDmmss(double Rad)
{
        double deg, min, sec;
        Rad = Rad * 180 / Math.PI;
        deg = (int)Rad;
        min = (int)((Rad - deg) * 60);
        sec = (int)((Rad - deg - min / 60) * 3600 * 100);
        return Math.Round(deg + min / 100.0 + sec / 1000000.0,5);
}

public static void CalEllipese(Ellipse ellipse)
{
        ellipse.f = 1.0 / ellipse.fdao;
        ellipse.b = ellipse.a * (1 - ellipse.f);
        double a2 = Math.Pow(ellipse.a, 2);
        double b2 = Math.Pow(ellipse.b, 2);
        ellipse.e12 = (a2 - b2) / a2;
        ellipse.e22 = (a2 - b2) / b2;
}
```

图 8 算法类

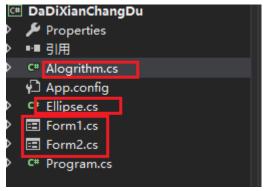


图 9 程序总体设计

此程序 Form1, Form2 为窗体类, Form1 为主界面, Form2 为数据展示界面。Ellipse.cs 中存放椭球类, 大地线类, 点类。

2、核心算法源码

```
Alogrithm. CalEllipese (ellipse);
            foreach(var point in dPoints)
                point.B = Alogrithm.DDmmss2Rad(point.B);
                point.L = Alogrithm.DDmmss2Rad(point.L);
            }
            for(int i =0;i<dPoints.Count;i+=2)</pre>
                GeoLine geoLine = new GeoLine();
                geoLine.u1 = Math.Atan(Math.Sqrt(1 - ellipse.el2) *
Math. Tan(dPoints[i].B));
                geoLine.u2 = Math.Atan(Math.Sqrt(1 - ellipse.el2) *
Math. Tan(dPoints[i+1].B));
                geoLine.1 = dPoints[i+1].L - dPoints[i].L;
                geoLine.a1 = Math.Sin(geoLine.u1) * Math.Sin(geoLine.u2);
                geoLine.a2 = Math.Cos(geoLine.u1) * Math.Cos(geoLine.u2);
                geoLine.b1 = Math.Cos(geoLine.u1) * Math.Sin(geoLine.u2);
                geoLine.b2 = Math.Sin(geoLine.u1) * Math.Cos(geoLine.u2);
                geoLines. Add(geoLine);
            //计算起点大地方位角
            foreach(var geoline in geoLines)
                double delta1 = 0;
                geoline.delta = 0;
                do
                    delta1 = geoline.delta;
```

```
double lamda = geoline.1 + geoline.delta;
                    double p = Math. Cos (geoline.u2) * Math. Sin (lamda);
                    double q = geoline.b1 - geoline.b2 * Math.Cos(lamda);
                    geoline. A1 = Alogrithm. FangWei(p, q);
                    double Sinsigema = p * Math. Sin(geoline. A1) + q *
Math.Cos(geoline.A1);
                    double Cossigema = geoline.a1 + geoline.a2 * Math.Cos(lamda);
                    geoline.sigema = Math.Atan(Sinsigema/Cossigema);
                    if(Cossigema>0)
                        geoline.sigema = Math.Abs(geoline.sigema);
                    else
                        geoline.sigema = Math.PI - Math.Abs(geoline.sigema);
                    geoline.sinA0 = Math.Cos(geoline.ul) * Math.Sin(geoline.Al);
                    geoline.cos2A0 = 1 - Math. Pow(geoline.sinA0, 2);
                    geoline.sigema1 = Math.Atan(Math.Tan(geoline.u1) /
Math. Cos (geoline. A1));
                    double e4 = Math. Pow(ellipse. e12, 2);
                    double e6 = Math. Pow(ellipse. e12, 3);
                    geoline.alpha = (ellipse.el2 / 2 + e4 / 8 + e6 / 16) - (e4 / 16 +
e6 / 16) * geoline.cos2A0 + (3 * e6 / 128) * Math. Pow(geoline.cos2A0, 2);
                    geoline.beita = (e4 / 16 + e6 / 16) * geoline.cos2AO - (e6 / 32) *
Math. Pow(geoline.cos2AO, 2);
                    geoline. gama = (e6 / 256) * Math. Pow(geoline. cos 2A0, 2);
                    geoline.delta = (geoline.alpha * geoline.sigema + geoline.beita *
Math. Cos(geoline. sigemal * 2 + geoline. sigema) * Math. Sin(geoline. sigema) +
geoline.gama * Math.Sin(2 * geoline.sigema) * Math.Cos(4 * geoline.sigema1 + 2 *
geoline.sigema)) * geoline.sinA0;
                    geoline.lamda1 = lamda;
                }while (geoline.delta - delta1 >= 1e-10);
            //计算大地线长度
            foreach(var geoline in geolines)
                geoline.k2 = ellipse.e22 * geoline.cos2A0;
                double k2 = geoline.k2;
                double k4 = Math. Pow(geoline. k2, 2);
                double k6 = Math. Pow(geoline. k2, 3);
                geoline. A = (1 - (k2 / 4) + 7 * k4 / 64 - 15 * k6 / 256) / ellipse. b;
```