

Introduction to Java

Agenda

- Java language
- Java software platform
- Java Virtual Machine
- Execution of Java programs

Java language

- Java is a general-purpose programming language that is class-based and object-oriented
- Java was created at Sun Microsystems, Inc. James Gosling led a team of researchers (later bought by **Oracle**)
- It is one of the most popular programming languages in the world

Java (software platform)

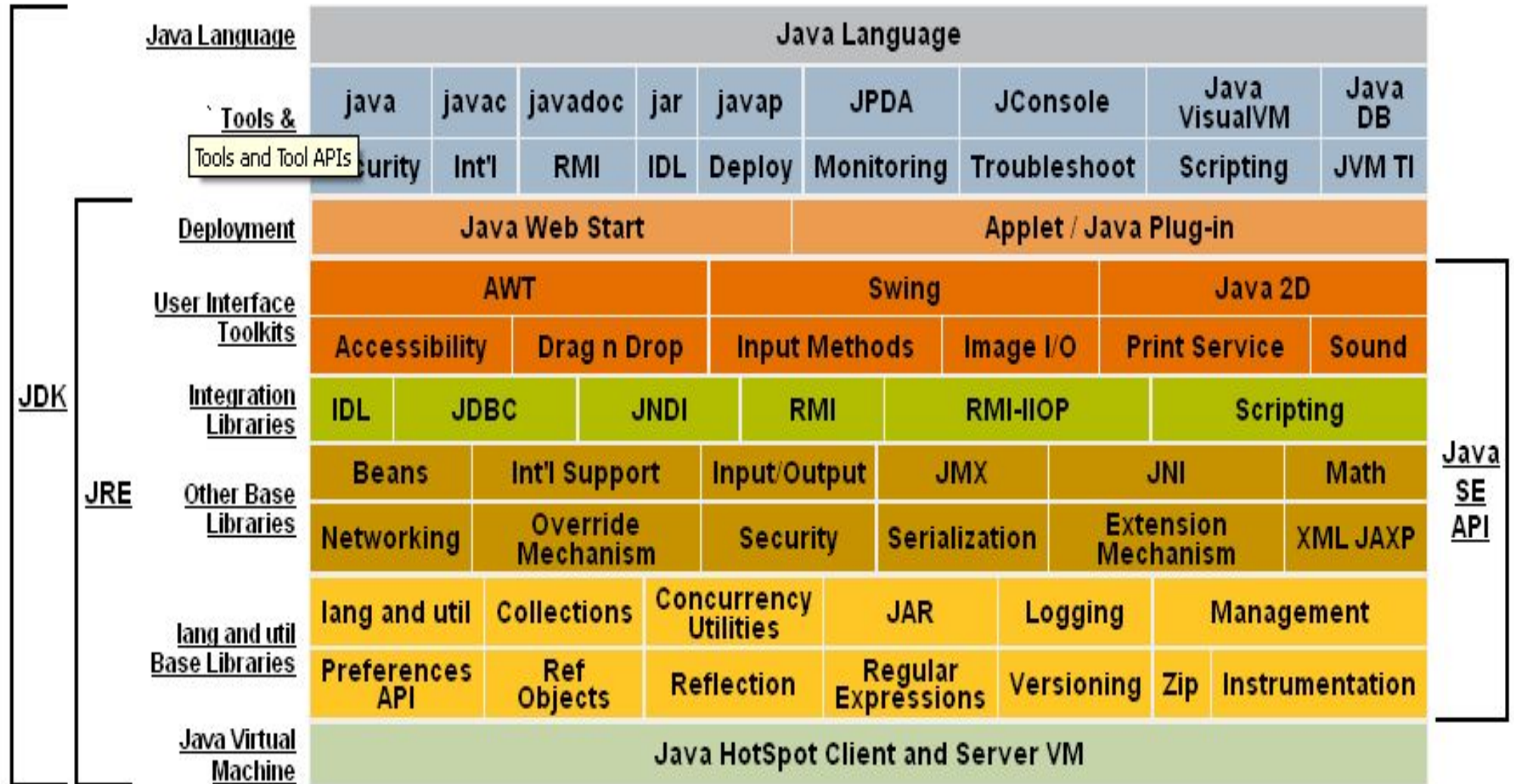
- Java programming **language**
- Java Virtual Machine (JVM)
- Java development tools (compiler, debugger etc.)
- Java standard API and other built-in libraries

Java (software platform)

All this is bundled as two types of packages:

- **JRE — Java Runtime Environment** for execution of compiled stand-alone applications, applets, servlets, etc.
- **JDK — Java Development Kit** for compilation, debugging and execution of applications
- **All this is open source**

Java Platform Stack



Java Virtual Machine (JVM)

- A Java virtual machine (JVM) is an abstract computing machine. There are three notions of the JVM:
 - Formal specification is a book that formally describes what is required of a JVM implementation.
 - Actual implementation is a computer program that meets the requirements of the JVM specification.
 - Specific instance of the JVM is a process that executes a computer program compiled into Java bytecode.

What is JDK

When Java Development Kit is installed Java provides following features:

.Development Tools:

- javac** compiler
- java** interpreter of bytecode
- javadoc** document generation tool
- jar** class file archiver
- jdb** debugger
- All these are included in Integrated Development Environments (**IDEs**)

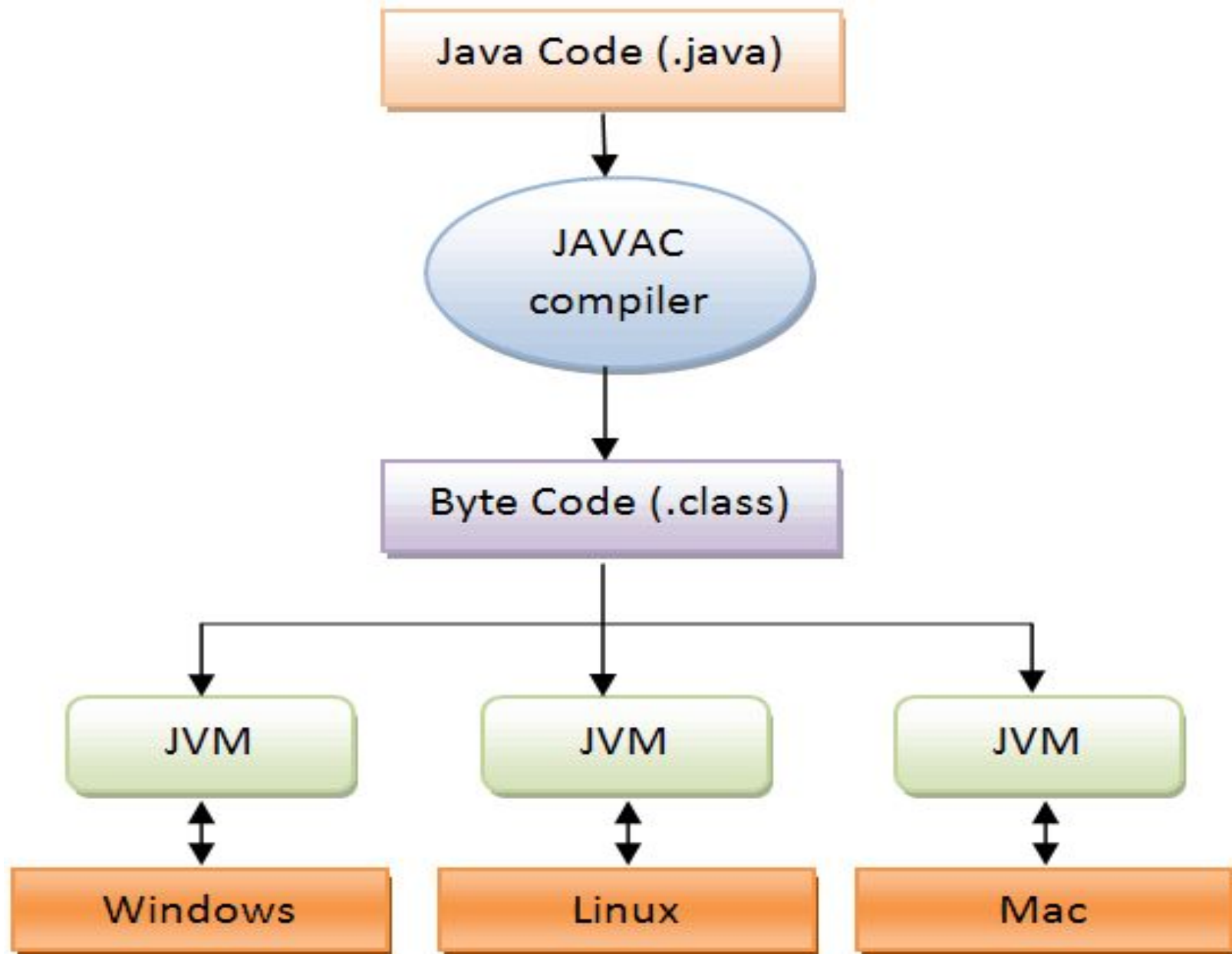
Java benefits

- ***"Write once run everywhere"*** — applications can be executed in any operating system or hardware platform using Java Virtual Machine (JVM)
- Memory management (Garbage Collection)
- Write less code / Develop programs more quickly (if comparing with other programming languages of that time)
- Backwards compatibility

Execution of Java program

- Source code is plain text with .java extension.
- Source files are compiled into .class files, which contain instructions for Java Virtual Machine
- java launcher tool then runs application inside instance of the Java Virtual Machine.

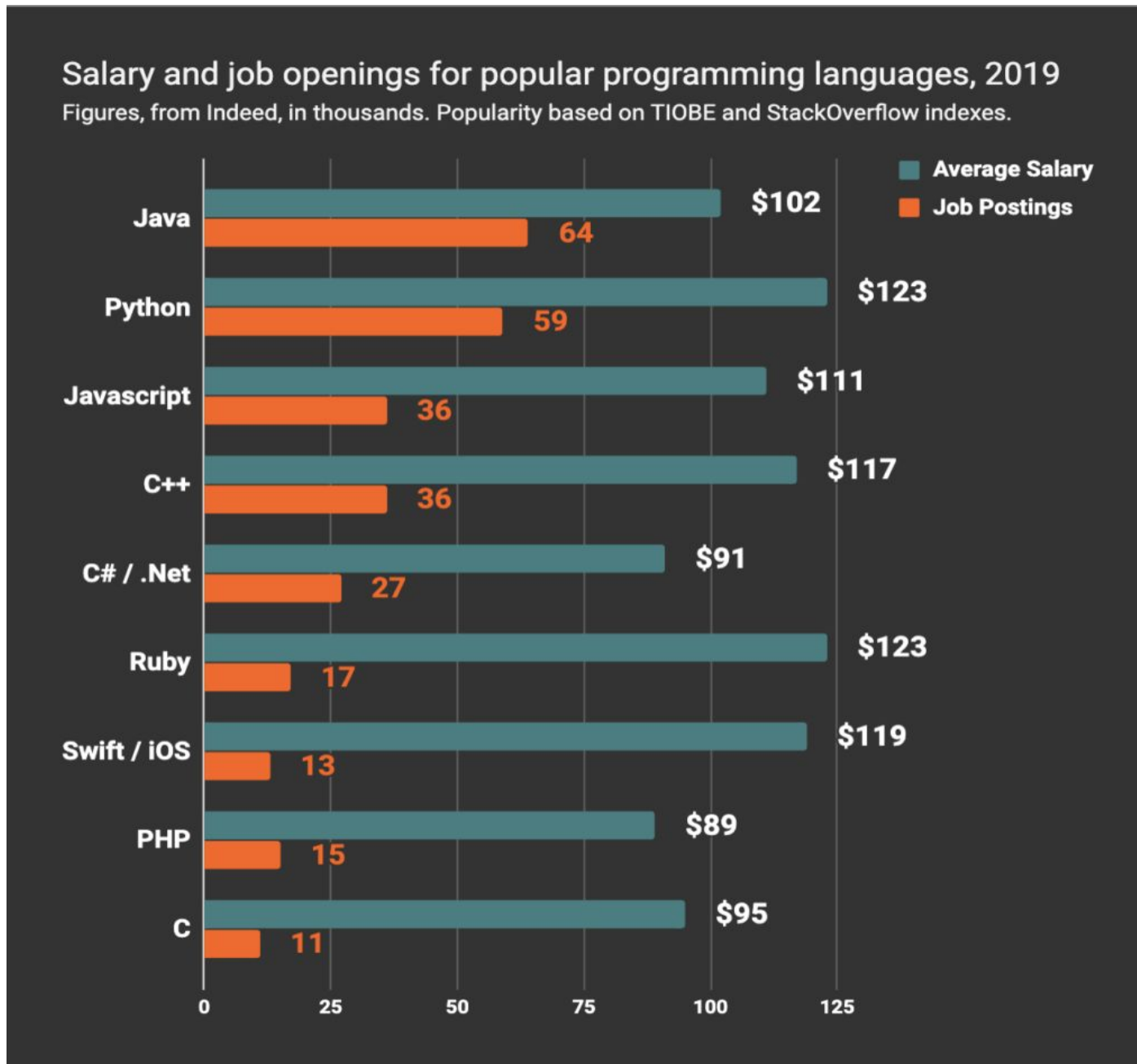
Execution of Java program



Which Java version?

Version	Release date	End of Public Updates ^[5]	Extended Support Until
JDK Beta	1995	?	?
JDK 1.0	January 1996	?	?
JDK 1.1	February 1997	?	?
J2SE 1.2	December 1998	?	?
J2SE 1.3	May 2000	?	?
J2SE 1.4	February 2002	October 2008	February 2013
J2SE 5.0	September 2004	November 2009	April 2015
Java SE 6	December 2006	April 2013	December 2018
Java SE 7	July 2011	April 2015	July 2022
Java SE 8 (LTS)	March 2014	January 2019 (commercial) December 2020 (non-commercial)	March 2025
Java SE 9	September 2017	March 2018	N/A
Java SE 10 (18.3)	March 2018	September 2018	N/A
Java SE 11 (18.9 LTS)	September 2018	March 2019 from Oracle Later from OpenJDK	Vendor specific
Java SE 12 (19.3)	March 2019	September 2019	N/A
Legend: Old version Older version, still supported Latest version Future release			

Top programming languages



Which Java IDE?

- Nobody writes Java code in text editor
- There are many Integrated Development Environments (IDEs) for Java, which make easier to deal with classpath and dependencies, compilation, running and debugging, etc.
- Most prominent Java IDEs are:
 - [NetBeans](#)
 - [Eclipse](#)
 - [IntelliJ IDEa](#)