

Inverse Document Frequency weighting

Document Frequency

- **Rare terms are more informative** than frequent terms
 - Recall stop words
- Consider a term in the query that is rare in the collection
 - A document containing this term is very likely to be relevant to the query
→ We want a **high weight for rare terms** like arachnocentric
- **Frequent terms are less informative** than rare terms
- Consider a query term that is frequent in the collection (e.g., high, increase)
- But it's not a sure indicator of relevance
→ For frequent terms, we want positive weights for words like high, increase, but lower weight than for rare terms
- We will use **document frequency (DF) to capture this** in the score.

IDF weight

- $df_t (\leq N)$ is the document frequency of t : the number of document
 - df_t is an inverse measure of the informativeness of t
 - $df_t \leq N$.
 - N : No. of documents
- We define the inverse document frequency (idf) of t by
 $idf_t = \log_{10}(N/df_t)$
 - We use $\log_{10}(N/df_t)$ instead of (N/df_t) to "dampen" the effect of idf

IDF example, suppose N=1 million

term	df_t	idf_t
calpurnia	1	6
animal	100	5
sunday	1,000	4
fly	10,000	3
under	100,000	2
the	1,000,000	1

- "the"라는 term t 는 모든 문서에 나타난 단어. $idf_t = 0$
- tf 와 달리 idf 는 모든 문서내에서 각 term에 해당하는 값이 같음

Effect of idf on ranking

- Question : Does idf have an effect on ranking for one-term queries, like
 - iPhone
- idf has no effect on ranking one term queries
 - idf affects the ranking of documents for queries with at least two terms
 - For the query "capricious person", idf weighting makes occurrences of "capricious" count for much more in the final document ranking than occurrences of "person"
 - **idf가 적은 term에 더 많은 가중치**를 부여. 의미있는 단어에 가중치를 주게 됨 → 즉, **단어 자체에 가중치 부여**

Collection VS. Document Frequency

- The collection frequency of t is the number of occurrences of t in the collection, counting multiple occurrences.
- example :

Word	Collection Frequency	Document Frequency
insurance	10440	3997
try	10422	8760

- Collection Frequency : collection에서 단어 word가 사용된 횟수를 의미하기에, 몇몇 문서내에서 "insurance" 단어가 많이 사용된다면 **"insurance"와 "try" 중 정보성은 "insurance"가 많더라도 score은 비슷할 수 있음**
- Document Frequency : 한 문서내에서 단어 word를 포함하는지 안하는지를 (not multiple occurrences) 나타내기에, **문서에 자주 출현하지 않은 단어가 문서에 자주 출현한 단어보다 높은 score를 받음**