0x05. AirBnB clone - RESTful API

PythonBack-endAPIWebserverFlask

- By: Guillaume, CTO at Holberton School
- Weight: 2
- Project to be done in teams of 2 people (your team: Emmanuel Ahuron, Onyezoba Sarah Chibuzor)
- Project over took place from Oct 20, 2022 6:00 AM to Oct 25, 2022 6:00 AM
- An auto review will be launched at the deadline

In a nutshell...

• Auto QA review: 28.0/267 mandatory & 1.0/52 optional

• Altogether: 10.69%

Mandatory: 10.49%Optional: 1.92%

o Calculation: 10.49% + (10.49% * 1.92%) == **10.69%**

Concepts

For this project, we expect you to look at these concepts:

REST API

• AirBnB clone

Resources

Read or watch:

- REST API concept page
- Learn REST: A RESTful Tutorial
- Designing a RESTful API with Python and Flask
- HTTP access control (CORS)
- Flask cheatsheet
- What are Flask Blueprints, exactly?
- Flask
- Modular Applications with Blueprints
- Flask tests
- Flask-CORS
- AirBnB clone RESTful API

Learning Objectives

At the end of this project, you are expected to be able to <u>explain to anyone</u>, **without the help of Google**:

General

- What REST means
- What API means
- What CORS means
- What is an API
- What is a REST API
- What are other type of APIs
- Which is the HTTP method to retrieve resource(s)
- Which is the HTTP method to create a resource
- Which is the HTTP method to update resource
- Which is the HTTP method to delete resource
- How to request REST API

Copyright - Plagiarism

- You are tasked to come up with solutions for the tasks below yourself to meet with the above learning objectives.
- You will not be able to meet the objectives of this or any following project by copying and pasting someone else's work.
- You are not allowed to publish any content of this project.
- Any form of plagiarism is strictly forbidden and will result in removal from the program.

Requirements

Python Scripts

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files will be interpreted/compiled on Ubuntu 14.04 LTS using python3 (version 3.4.3)
- All your files should end with a new line
- The first line of all your files should be exactly #!/usr/bin/python3
- A README.md file, at the root of the folder of the project, is mandatory
- Your code should use the PEP 8 style (version 1.7)
- All your files must be executable
- The length of your files will be tested using wc
- All your modules should have documentation (python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").__doc__)')
- All your classes should have documentation (python3 -c 'print(_import_("my_module").MyClass.__doc__)')
- All your functions (inside and outside a class) should have documentation (python3 -c 'print(__import__("my_module").my_function.__doc__)' and python3 -c 'print(import ("my module").MyClass.my function. doc)')

• A documentation is not a simple word, it's a real sentence explaining what's the purpose of the module, class or method (the length of it will be verified)

Python Unit Tests

- Allowed editors: vi, vim, emacs
- All your files should end with a new line
- All your test files should be inside a folder tests
- You have to use the unittest module
- All your test files should be python files (extension: .py)
- All your test files and folders should start by test_
- Your file organization in the tests folder should be the same as your project: ex: for models/base_model.py, unit tests must be in: tests/test_models/test_base_model.py
- All your tests should be executed by using this command: python3 -m unittest discover tests
- You can also test file by file by using this command: python3 -m unittest tests/test models/test base model.py
- We strongly encourage you to work together on test cases, so that you don't miss any edge cases

GitHub

There should be one project repository per group. If you clone/fork/whatever a project repository with the same name before the second deadline, you risk a 0% score.

More Info

Install Flask

\$ pip3 install Flask

Tasks

0. Restart from scratch!

Score: 100.0% (*Checks completed: 100.0%*)

No no no! We are already too far in the project to restart everything.

But once again, let's work on a new codebase.

For this project you will fork this codebase:

- Update the repository name to AirBnB clone v3
- Update the **README.md**:
 - Add yourself as an author of the project
 - o Add new information about your new contribution
 - Make it better!
- If you're the owner of this codebase, create a new repository called AirBnB_clone_v3 and copy over all files from AirBnB clone v2

• GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3

```
Done? Help Check your code QA Review
```

1. Never fail!

Score: 69.23% (*Checks completed: 69.23%*)

Since the beginning we've been using the unittest module, but do you know why unittests are so important? Because when you add a new feature, you refactor a piece of code, etc... you want to be sure you didn't break anything.

At Holberton, we have a lot of tests, and they all pass! Just for the Intranet itself, there are:

- 5,213 assertions (as of 08/20/2018)
- 13,061 assertions (as of 01/25/2021)

The following requirements **must** be met for your project:

- all current tests must pass (don't delete them...)
- add new tests as much as you can (tests are mandatory for some tasks)

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 | tail -1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ HBNB_ENV=test HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_test HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=
hbnb_test_pwd HBNB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_test_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=
db python3 -m unittest discover tests 2>&1 /dev/null | tail -n 1
OK
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

Repo:

• GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

2. Improve storage mandatory

```
Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)
```

Update DBStorage and FileStorage, adding two new methods. All changes should be done in the branch storage get count:

A method to retrieve one object:

- Prototype: def get(self, cls, id):
 cls: class
 id: string representing the object ID
- Returns the object based on the class and its ID, or None if not found

A method to count the number of objects in storage:

- Prototype: def count(self, cls=None):cls: class (optional)
- Returns the number of objects in storage matching the given class. If no class is passed, returns the count of all objects in storage.

Don't forget to add new tests for these 2 methods on each storage engine.

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ cat test_get_count.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
""" Test .get() and .count() methods
"""
from models import storage
from models.state import State

print("All objects: {}".format(storage.count()))
print("State objects: {}".format(storage.count(State)))

first_state_id = list(storage.all(State).values())[0].id
print("First state: {}".format(storage.get(State, first_state_id)))

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HB
NB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db ./test_get_count.py
```

```
All objects: 1013

State objects: 27

First state: [State] (f8d21261-3e79-4f5c-829a-99d7452cd73c) {'name': 'Colorado', 'upd ated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 3, 25, 2, 17, 6), 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2 017, 3, 25, 2, 17, 6), 'sa_instance_state': <sqlalchemy.orm.state.InstanceState object at 0x7fc0103a8e80>, 'id': 'f8d21261-3e79-4f5c-829a-99d7452cd73c'}

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ ./test_get_count.py

All objects: 19

State objects: 5

First state: [State] (af14c85b-172f-4474-8a30-d4ec21f9795e) {'updated_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 4, 13, 17, 10, 22, 378824), 'name': 'Arizona', 'id': 'af14c85b-172f-4474-8a30-d4ec21f9795e', 'created_at': datetime.datetime(2017, 4, 13, 17, 10, 22, 378763)}

guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

For this task, you **must** make a pull request on GitHub.com, and ask at least one of your peer to review and merge it.

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: models/engine/db_storage.py, models/engine/file_storage.py, tests/test_models/test_engine/test_db_storage.py, tests/test_models/test_engine/test_file_storage.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

3. Status of your API mandatory

```
Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)
```

It's time to start your API!

Your first endpoint (route) will be to return the status of your API:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ HBNB_MYSQL_USER=hbnb_dev HBNB_MYSQL_PWD=hbnb_dev_pwd HB
NB_MYSQL_HOST=localhost HBNB_MYSQL_DB=hbnb_dev_db HBNB_TYPE_STORAGE=db HBNB_API_HOST=
0.0.0.0 HBNB_API_PORT=5000 python3 -m api.v1.app

* Running on http://0.0.0.0:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)
...
```

In another terminal:

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/status
```

```
{
   "status": "OK"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET -s http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/status -vvv 2
>&1 | grep Content-Type
< Content-Type: application/json
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$</pre>
```

Magic right? (No need to have a pretty rendered output, it's a JSON, only the structure is important)

Ok, let starts:

- Create a folder api at the root of the project with an empty file init .py
- Create a folder v1 inside api:
 - o create an empty file __init__.py
 - o create a file app.py:
 - create a variable app, instance of Flask
 - import storage from models
 - import app_views from api.v1.views
 - register the blueprint app views to your Flask instance app
 - declare a method to handle @app.teardown_appcontext that calls storage.close()
 - inside if __name__ == "__main__":, run your Flask server (variable app)
 with:
 - host = environment variable HBNB API HOST or 0.0.0.0 if not defined
 - port = environment variable HBNB API PORT or 5000 if not defined
 - threaded=True
- Create a folder views inside v1:
 - o create a file __init__.py:
 - import Blueprint from flask doc
 - create a variable app_views which is an instance of Blueprint (url prefix must be /api/v1)
 - wildcard import of everything in the package api.v1.views.index => PEP8 will complain about it, don't worry, it's normal and this file (v1/views/_init_.py) won't be check.
 - o create a file index.py
 - import app_views from api.v1.views
 - create a route /status on the object app_views that returns a JSON: "status":
 "OK" (see example)

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/__init__.py, api/v1/__init__.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py, api/v1/views/index.py, api/v1/app.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

```
4. Some stats?
```

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create an endpoint that retrieves the number of each objects by type:

- In api/v1/views/index.py
- Route: /api/v1/stats
- You must use the newly added count() method from storage

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/stats
{
    "amenities": 47,
    "cities": 36,
    "places": 154,
    "reviews": 718,
    "states": 27,
    "users": 31
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

(No need to have a pretty rendered output, it's a JSON, only the structure is important)

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/index.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

```
5. Not found mandatory
```

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Designers are really creative when they have to design a "404 page", a "Not found"... <u>34</u> <u>brilliantly designed 404 error pages</u>

Today it's different, because you won't use HTML and CSS, but JSON!

In api/v1/app.py, create a handler for 404 errors that returns a JSON-formatted 404 status code response. The content should be: "error": "Not found"

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/nop
{
  "error": "Not found"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/nop -vvv
   Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> GET /api/v1/nop HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 404 NOT FOUND
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 27
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3</pre>
< Date: Fri, 14 Apr 2017 23:43:24 GMT
<
  "error": "Not found"
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: api/v1/app.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

6. State mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create a new view for State objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/states.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all State objects: GET /api/v1/states

Retrieves a State object: GET /api/v1/states/<state_id>

• If the state_id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a State object:: DELETE /api/v1/states/<state id>

- If the state_id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a State: POST /api/v1/states

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- Returns the new State with the status code 201

Updates a State object: PUT /api/v1/states/<state_id>

- If the state_id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the State object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary.
- Ignore keys: id, created at and updated at
- Returns the State object with the status code 200

```
"name": "Louisiana",
    "updated_at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02"
  },
  {
    "__class__": "State",
    "created at": "2017-04-14T16:21:42",
    "id": "1a9c29c7-e39c-4840-b5f9-74310b34f269",
    "name": "Arizona",
    "updated at": "2017-04-14T16:21:42"
 },
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/8f165686-
c98d-46d9-87d9-d6059ade2d99
  " class ": "State",
  "created at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02",
  "id": "8f165686-c98d-46d9-87d9-d6059ade2d99",
  "name": "Louisiana",
  "updated at": "2017-04-14T00:00:02"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/ -H "Con
tent-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "California"}' -vvv
   Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> POST /api/v1/states/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Length: 22
```

```
* upload completely sent off: 22 out of 22 bytes
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 201 CREATED
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 195
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3</pre>
< Date: Sat, 15 Apr 2017 01:30:27 GMT
<
 "__class__": "State",
 "created at": "2017-04-15T01:30:27.557877",
 "id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",
 "name": "California",
 "updated at": "2017-04-15T01:30:27.558081"
* Curl_http_done: called premature == 0
* Closing connection 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X PUT http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73-
9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6 -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "Califor
nia is so cool"}'
  " class ": "State",
  "created_at": "2017-04-15T01:30:28",
 "id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",
 "name": "California is so cool",
  "updated at": "2017-04-15T01:51:08.044996"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73-
9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
  " class ": "State",
  "created_at": "2017-04-15T01:30:28",
```

```
"id": "feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6",
  "name": "California is so cool",
  "updated_at": "2017-04-15T01:51:08"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X DELETE http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa 73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
{}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/feadaa73-9e4b-4514-905b-8253f36b46f6
{
   "error": "Not found"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: api/v1/views/states.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

7. City mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Same as State, create a new view for City objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/cities.py
- You must use to_dict() to serialize an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all City objects of a State: GET /api/v1/states/<state_id>/cities

• If the state_id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a City object.: GET /api/v1/cities/<city_id>

• If the city_id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a City object: DELETE /api/v1/cities/<city_id>

- If the city_id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a City: POST /api/v1/states/<state_id>/cities

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the state_id is not linked to any State object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP body request is not a valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- Returns the new City with the status code 201

Updates a City object: PUT /api/v1/cities/<city_id>

- If the city_id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the City object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, state_id, created_at and updated_at
- Returns the City object with the status code 200

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/not_an_id
/cities/
  "error": "Not found"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/2b9a4627-
8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities
Γ
 {
    " class__": "City",
    "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
    "name": "New Orleans",
    "state_id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
 },
 {
```

```
"__class__": "City",
    "created_at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "45903748-fa39-4cd0-8a0b-c62bfe471702",
    "name": "Lafayette",
    "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
 },
 {
    " class ": "City",
    "created_at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
    "id": "e4e40a6e-59ff-4b4f-ab72-d6d100201588",
    "name": "Baton rouge",
    "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
    "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
 }
1
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/1da255c0-
f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683
 "__class__": "City",
  "created at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
 "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
 "name": "New Orleans",
 "state_id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X POST http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/states/2b9a4627
-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name":
"Alexandria"}' -vvv
   Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
```

```
> POST /api/v1/states/2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities/ HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
> Content-Type: application/json
> Content-Length: 22
* upload completely sent off: 22 out of 22 bytes
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 201 CREATED
< Content-Type: application/json
< Content-Length: 249
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3</pre>
< Date: Sun, 16 Apr 2017 03:14:05 GMT
<
  " _class__": "City",
  "created_at": "2017-04-16T03:14:05.655490",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Alexandria",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated_at": "2017-04-16T03:14:05.655748"
}
* Curl http done: called premature == 0
* Closing connection 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X PUT http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104-
a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d '{"name": "Bossier
City"}'
  " class__": "City",
  "created at": "2017-04-16T03:14:06",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Bossier City",
```

```
"state_id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated_at": "2017-04-16T03:15:12.895894"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104-
a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af
  "__class__": "City",
  "created at": "2017-04-16T03:14:06",
  "id": "b75ae104-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af",
  "name": "Bossier City",
  "state id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
  "updated_at": "2017-04-16T03:15:13"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X DELETE http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae1
04-a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af
{}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/b75ae104-
a8a3-475e-bf74-ab0a066ca2af
{
  "error": "Not found"
}
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$
```

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: api/v1/views/cities.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

8. Amenity mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create a new view for Amenity objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/amenities.py
- You must use to_dict() to serialize an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Amenity objects: GET /api/v1/amenities

Retrieves a Amenity object: GET /api/v1/amenities/<amenity_id>

• If the amenity_id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Amenity object:: DELETE /api/v1/amenities/<amenity_id>

- If the amenity id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Amenity: POST /api/v1/amenities

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- Returns the new Amenity with the status code 201

Updates a Amenity object: PUT /api/v1/amenities/<amenity_id>

- If the amenity_id is not linked to any Amenity object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Amenity object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, created_at and updated_at
- Returns the Amenity object with the status code 200

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: api/v1/views/amenities.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

9. User mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create a new view for User object that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/users.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON

• Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all User objects: GET /api/v1/users

Retrieves a User object: GET /api/v1/users/<user_id>

• If the user_id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a User object:: DELETE /api/v1/users/<user_id>

- If the user id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a User: POST /api/v1/users

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key email, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key password, raise a 400 error with the message Missing password
- Returns the new User with the status code 201

Updates a User object: PUT /api/v1/users/<user_id>

- If the user id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP body request to a
 dictionary
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the User object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, email, created_at and updated_at
- Returns the User object with the status code 200

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/users.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

10. Place mandatory

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create a new view for Place objects that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/places.py
- You must use to_dict() to retrieve an object into a valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Place objects of a City: GET /api/v1/cities/<city_id>/places

• If the city id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a Place object. : GET /api/v1/places/<place_id>

• If the place_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Place object: DELETE /api/v1/places/<place_id>

- If the place_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Place: POST /api/v1/cities/<city_id>/places

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the city id is not linked to any City object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key user_id, raise a 400 error with the message Missing user_id
- If the user id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key name, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- Returns the new Place with the status code 201

Updates a Place object: PUT /api/v1/places/<place_id>

- If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Place object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, user_id, city_id, created_at and updated_at
- Returns the Place object with the status code 200

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB clone v3
- File: api/v1/views/places.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

11. Reviews

Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)

Create a new view for Review object that handles all default RESTFul API actions:

- In the file api/v1/views/places reviews.py
- You must use to dict() to retrieve an object into valid JSON
- Update api/v1/views/__init__.py to import this new file

Retrieves the list of all Review objects of a Place: GET /api/v1/places/<place id>/reviews

• If the place_id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error

Retrieves a Review object. : GET /api/v1/reviews/<review id>

• If the review_id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error

Deletes a Review object: DELETE /api/v1/reviews/<review id>

- If the review_id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error
- Returns an empty dictionary with the status code 200

Creates a Review: POST /api/v1/places/<place_id>/reviews

- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the place id is not linked to any Place object, raise a 404 error
- If the HTTP body request is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key user_id, raise a 400 error with the message Missing user_id
- If the user id is not linked to any User object, raise a 404 error
- If the dictionary doesn't contain the key text, raise a 400 error with the message Missing
- Returns the new Review with the status code 201

Updates a Review object: PUT /api/v1/reviews/<review_id>

- If the review id is not linked to any Review object, raise a 404 error
- You must use request.get_json from Flask to transform the HTTP request to a dictionary
- If the HTTP request body is not valid JSON, raise a 400 error with the message Not a JSON
- Update the Review object with all key-value pairs of the dictionary
- Ignore keys: id, user_id, place_id, created_at and updated_at
- Returns the Review object with the status code 200

Repo:

- GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3
- File: api/v1/views/places_reviews.py, api/v1/views/__init__.py

Done? Help Check your code Ask for a new correction Get a sandbox QA Review

```
12. HTTP access control (CORS)
```

```
Score: 0.0% (Checks completed: 0.0%)
```

A resource makes a cross-origin HTTP request when it requests a resource from a different domain, or port, than the one the first resource itself serves.

Read the full definition here

Why do we need this?

Because you will soon start allowing a web client to make requests your API. If your API doesn't have a correct CORS setup, your web client won't be able to access your data.

With Flask, it's really easy, you will use the class **CORS** of the module **flask_cors**.

```
How to install it: $ pip3 install flask cors
```

Update api/v1/app.py to create a CORS instance allowing: /* for 0.0.0.0

You will update it later when you will deploy your API to production.

Now you can see this HTTP Response Header: < Access-Control-Allow-Origin: 0.0.0.0

```
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB v3$ curl -X GET http://0.0.0.0:5000/api/v1/cities/1da255c0-
f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683 -vvv
    Trying 0.0.0.0...
* TCP NODELAY set
* Connected to 0.0.0.0 (127.0.0.1) port 5000 (#0)
> GET /api/v1/states/2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd/cities/1da255c0-f023-4779-8
134-2b1b40f87683 HTTP/1.1
> Host: 0.0.0.0:5000
> User-Agent: curl/7.51.0
> Accept: */*
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 200 OK
< Content-Type: application/json
< Access-Control-Allow-Origin: 0.0.0.0
< Content-Length: 236
< Server: Werkzeug/0.12.1 Python/3.4.3</pre>
< Date: Sun, 16 Apr 2017 04:20:13 GMT
```

```
{
   "__class__": "City",
   "created_at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06",
   "id": "1da255c0-f023-4779-8134-2b1b40f87683",
   "name": "New Orleans",
   "state_id": "2b9a4627-8a9e-4f32-a752-9a84fa7f4efd",
   "updated_at": "2017-03-25T02:17:06"
}
* Curl_http_done: called premature == 0
* Closing connection 0
guillaume@ubuntu:~/AirBnB_v3$
```

• GitHub repository: AirBnB_clone_v3

• File: api/v1/app.py