

Mathematical Foundations of CFD

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«Computer science is not about computers, in the same way that astronomy is not about telescopes. There is an essential unity of mathematics and computer science»

— Edsger Dijkstra

Main objectives

By the end of the seminar attendees are expected to gain understanding in:

- State-of-the-art CFD capabilities.
- Feasibility of research simulations.
- Link between continuum and discretized equations.
- Stability conditions.
- Types of errors and its consequences.

«Measuring programming progress by lines of code is like measuring aircraft building progress by weight.»

— Bill Gates

Outline

1. Technology

Aleix Baez

State-of-the-art CFD capabilities and cost.
Questions that can and cannot be answered.



2. Physics Formulation

Nicolás Valle/Aleix Baez

PDEs: qualitative and analytical perspective
Eigenvectors - solution spaces

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} + \Gamma \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} = f$$

$$\frac{d\phi_h}{dt} + \mathbf{D} \phi_h = f$$

3. Mathematical Resolution

Xavi Trias/Aleix Baez

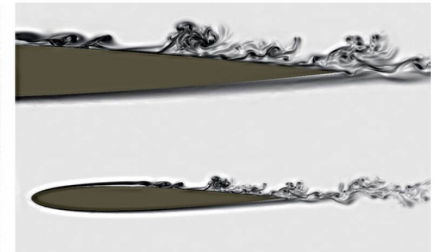
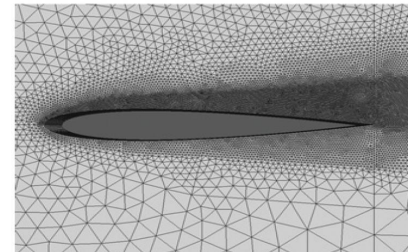
Discrete operators
Error analysis
Stability

$$y \leftarrow Ax; \quad \alpha \leftarrow x \cdot y; \quad y \leftarrow \alpha x + y$$

4. Computation

Xavi Trias/Aleix Baez

Kernels,
Solvers
Mesh estimations
Postprocess



“Programming is thinking, not typing.”—Casey Patton