# Practical UML for Business Analysts

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### Challenges

- Gap between BAs and tech teams due to lack for common view towards a problem.
- Too much documentation in text form, which is difficult to understand. A picture is worth more than thousand words.
- Lack of standards to document requirements which appeals to both customer and development teams.

## Why UML?

- A standard and integral part of RUP.
- Standard notations and common language. Very less or no legend required as a supplement to the diagrams.
- Facilitates discussion around the UML diagrams. A pictorial view of domain and requirement analysis.
- Language and technology independent.

#### UML for BAs?

- Common misunderstanding:
  - UML is only for techies?
  - UML is difficult to learn?
  - UML tools are expensive?
  - UML diagrams are difficult to understand!
  - UML is time consuming.

## Agenda

## We are going to cover the following topics in UML:

- 1. Specification perspective.
- 2. Use Case Diagram
- 3. Activity Diagram

#### Hands On:

- 1. Tool: Visio 2003.
- 2. Exercise

## UML perspectives

#### Three different perspectives of UML:

- 1. Conceptual Concepts in the domain under study, Language Independent.
- 2. Specification Defines overall interfaces of the software.
- 3. Implementation Defines details of implementations in terms of classes, components, sequence and state.

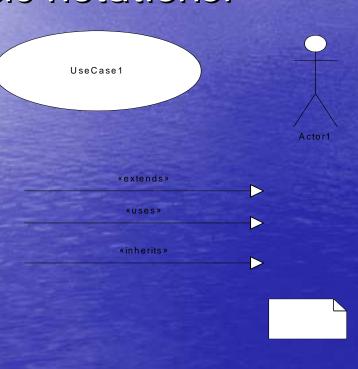
#### Use Case

<u>Use Case</u>: Set of scenarios tied together by a common user goal.

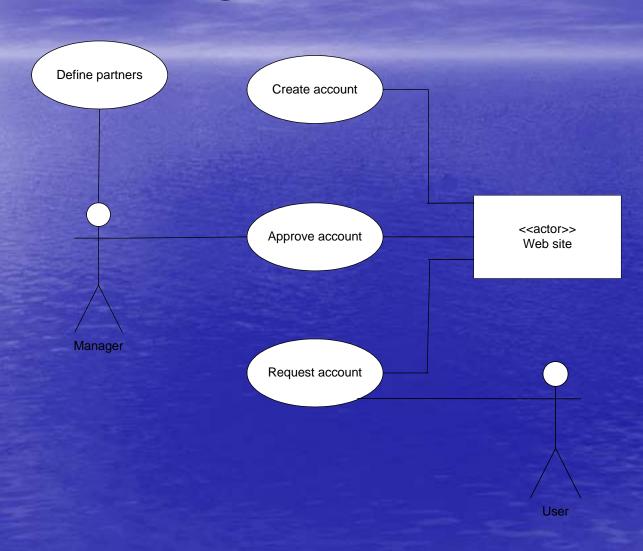
Example: A corporate web portal, that will serve employees, customer, and partners. The task at hand is use registration for each type of user. Employees are assumed to be able to register themselves. Customer can, too. Partners can register themselves and get basic access, but need to be checked against a partner list before they can be granted full access. If the partner isn't on the list, a manager needs to authorize

## Use case Diagram

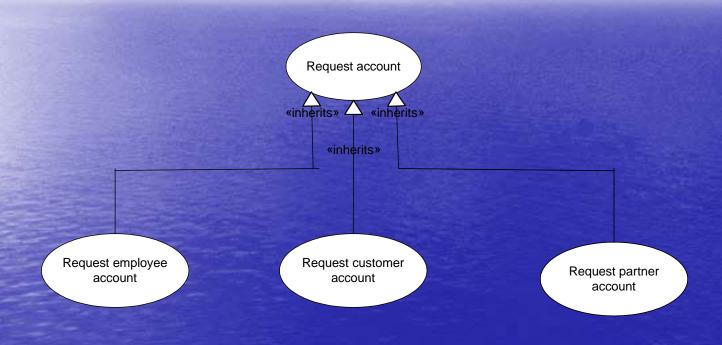
Basic notations:



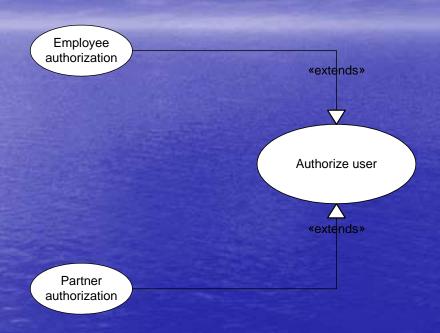
## Use Cases Diagram



#### Generalized use cases

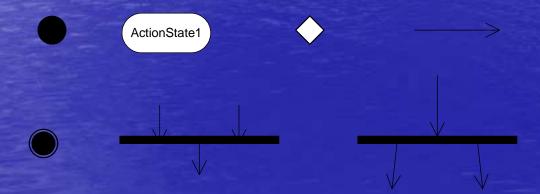


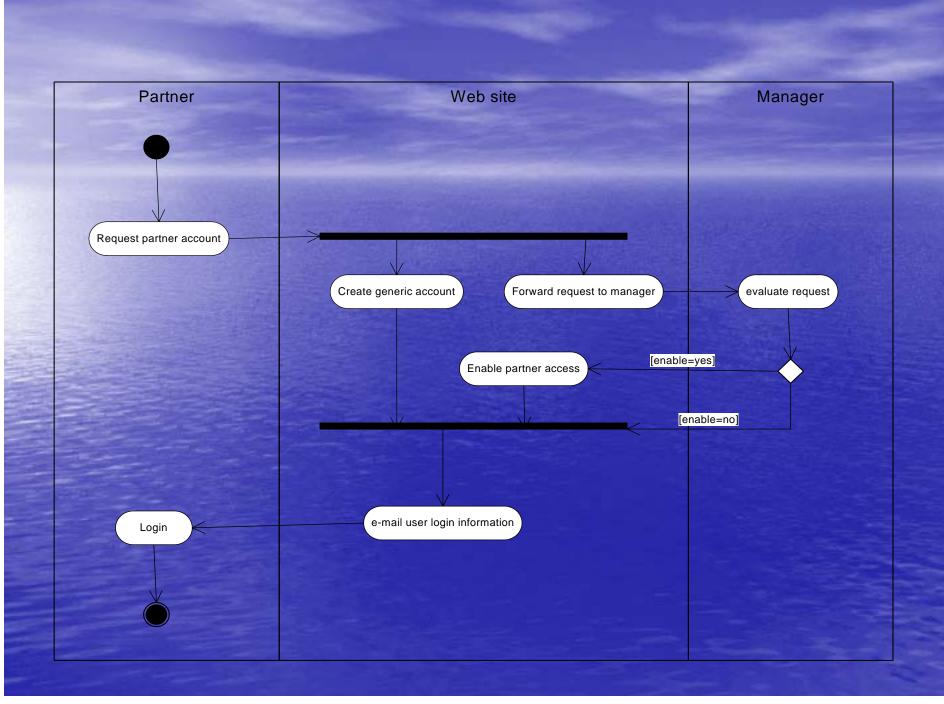
## Extend Use Case



## Activity Diagram

- Activity diagram is used to describe a use case in detail. They support parallel operations.
- Notation





#### Tools

- Visio 2003 / Visio 2000 with UML stencils
  Cumbersome to align and glue diagrams.
- TogetherJ
  Takes care of grouping and alignment.
- UMLet: free UML tool. Requires JDK1.4 <a href="http://qse.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/~auer/umlet/">http://qse.ifs.tuwien.ac.at/~auer/umlet/</a>