Assignment03

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- Description: implement k-means algorithm, explain and show the result
- github: https://github.com/mydream757/Computer_Vision
- 1. Import liabraries and define class
- import needed libraries.

• define class to construct points(*x*, *y*)

```
In [2]: class point:
    x = 0
    y = 0
    label = -1  #initial value is -1, 0 to k-1 is valid
    dist = []
    def initDist(self,k):
        self.dist = [0 for i in range(k)]
    def assignLabel(self):
        self.label = self.dist.index(min(self.dist))
    def __init__(self,x,y):
        self.x=x
        self.y=y
    def printAll(self):
        print(self.x, self.y, self.label)
        print(self.dist)
```

- 2. Define methods
- generate initial centroids randomly

```
In [3]: def generatePointCluster(min,max,k):
    #set seed for random
```

```
#containers of clusters
points = []
#generate labels as many as numberOfClusters
for i in range(k):
    seed()
    #The range of coordinates is preset: x[0:100] y[0:100]
    p = point(randrange(min,max,1),randrange(min,max,1))
    points.append(p)
return points
```

- I use input data(=points) from data.txt file.
- generate input data and save to data.txt file.

```
In [4]: def writeRandomPoints(min,max,numberOfPoints,filename):
    f = open(filename,'w')
    x = []
    y = []
    for i in range(numberOfPoints):
        seed()
        tx = str(randrange(min,max,1))
        ty = str(randrange(min,max,1))
        txt = tx+" "+ty+"\n"
        f.writelines(txt)
    f.close()
```

• this reads data from data.txt. so, I don't need to generate data on each execution.

```
In [5]: def readFromText(filename):
    f = open(filename,'r')
    points = []
    while True:
        line = f.readline()
        if not line: break
        x, y = line.split()
        p = point(int(x),int(y))
        points.append(p)

    f.close()
    return points
```

• compute distance between two points. $d = \sqrt{(x_a - x_b)^2 + (y_a - y_b)^2}$

• compute energy at *i*-iteration. $V = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{n=1}^{N} r_{nk} \|X_n - c_k\|^2$

```
In [7]: def computeEnergy(points, clusters):
            sum = 0
            for k in range(len(clusters)):
                 for i in range(len(points)):
                     if points[i].label == k:
                         sum = sum + math.pow(computeDistance(points[i],clusters[k]),2)
            return sum/len(points)
   • compute centroid c_k.
In [8]: def computeCentroid(points, clusters):
            centroids = []
            for k in range(len(clusters)):
                count = 0
                 sumX = 0
                 sumY = 0
                 for i in range(len(points)):
                     if points[i].label == k:
                         sumX = sumX + points[i].x
                         sumY = sumY + points[i].y
                         count = count + 1
                 if count != 0:
                     centroid = point(sumX/count, sumY/count)
                 else:
                     centroid = clusters[k]
                 centroids.append(centroid)
            return centroids
   • loop condition is "label change of points".
   • if no change, loop stops.
In [9]: def checkChangeLabel(previous, current):
                 for i in range(len(previous)):
                     if previous[i]!=current[i]:
                         return True
                 return False

    make the list of labels. the index of the list is same with the index of the points list.

In [10]: def makeLabelList(points):
             Labels = []
             for i in range(len(points)):
                  Labels.append(points[i].label)
             return Labels
   • using the computed distances, tagging label on the points
In [11]: def initializeLabel(points,clusters):
             for i in range(len(points)):
```

```
points[i].initDist(len(clusters))
for k in range(len(clusters)):
    points[i].dist[k] = computeDistance(clusters[k],points[i])
points[i].assignLabel() #tag labels to points
```

- list is of (x, y)
- seperate it to *x* list and *y* list to draw plot.

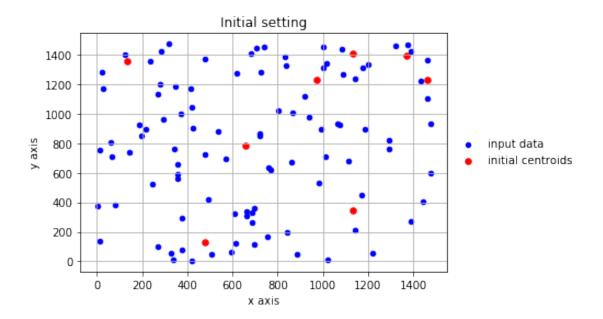
- 3. Execution and get result
- execute func. writeRandomPoints(,,,) if there is no input data.

```
In [13]: #writeRandomPoints(0,1500,100,"data.txt") #generate data set and save as .txt
```

• read data(=points) from text file and generate initial centroids

```
In [14]: ##### initial setting ######
    points = readFromText("data.txt") #initialize data from .txt file
    Px,Py = separatePointsToXY(points,-1)
    centroids = generatePointCluster(0,1500,8) #generate initial centroids randomly
    Cx,Cy = separatePointsToXY(centroids,-1)
```

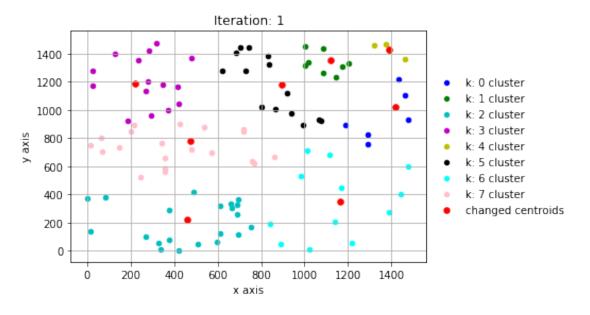
• figure the initial set. scattered data and centroids



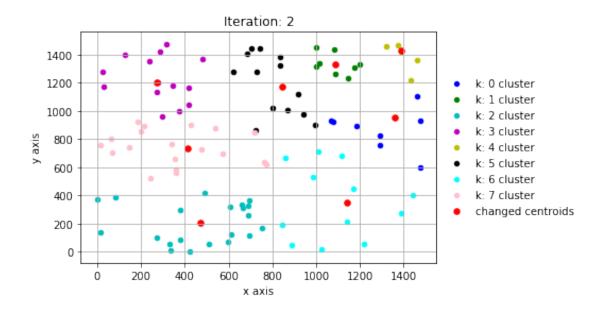
- save label list before initializing label
- initialize label
- save label list after the Initialization
- the two list are used to check loop condition

- loop the steps.
 - compute centroids.
 - tag labels to points.
 - condition check. if there is no change, loop stops
- graph the result of iteration.

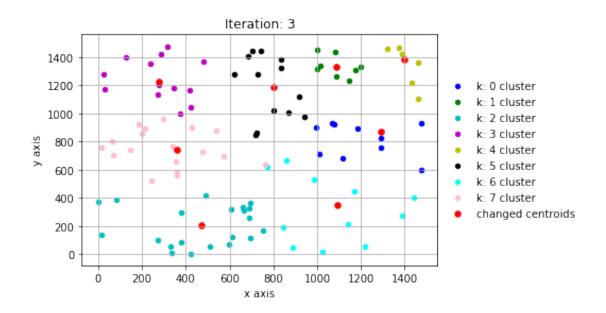
```
yList = []
fig = plt.figure()
for i in range(len(centroids)):
    x,y = separatePointsToXY(points,i)
    xList.append(x)
    yList.append(y)
    color = ['b','g','c','m','y','k','aqua','pink','purple']
    label = "k: "+str(i)+" cluster"
    plt.scatter(xList[i],yList[i],color=color[i],marker='o',s=20,label=label)
Cx,Cy = separatePointsToXY(centroids,-1)
plt.scatter(Cx,Cy,color='r',marker='o',s=30,label='changed centroids')
title = "Iteration: " + str(count)
plt.xlabel('x axis')
plt.ylabel('y axis')
plt.title(title)
plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5),frameon=False)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
print("Energy of iteration %d"%count,"%f"%energy,"\n")
```



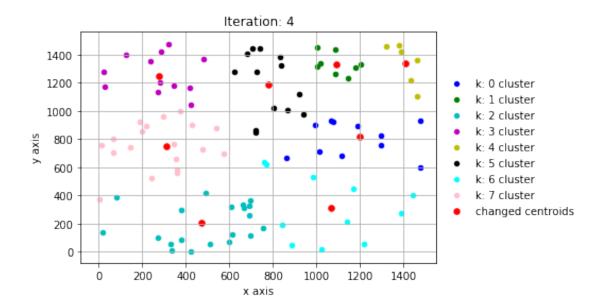
Energy of iteration 1 63013.808214



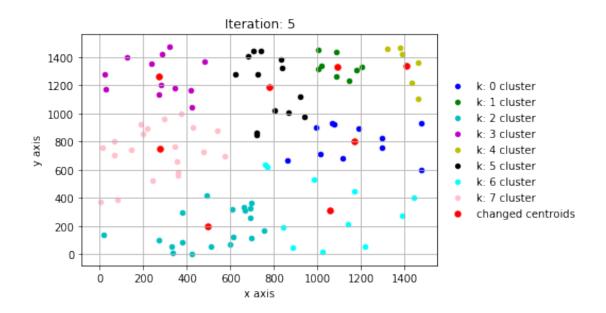
Energy of iteration 2 58725.672532



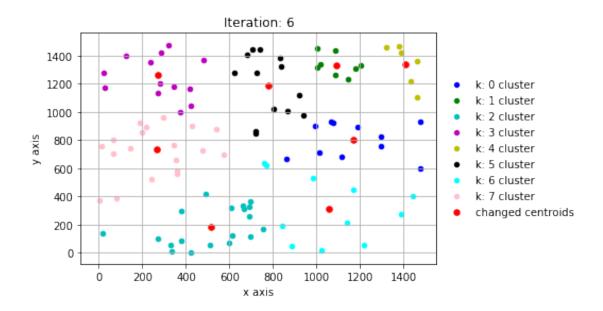
Energy of iteration 3 54997.849642



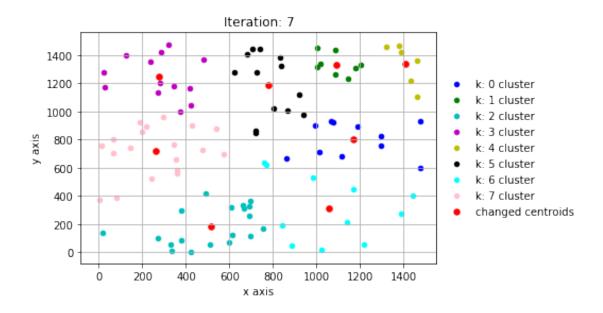
Energy of iteration 4 52291.431388



Energy of iteration 5 51410.284238



Energy of iteration 6 51192.842029



Energy of iteration 7 51086.954682