

# Latent Factor Model for Momentum Bayesian Version

## 1 Model

State-space representation:

Observation equation:

$$r_t = H'\xi_t + e_t = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & B & B \end{bmatrix}' \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_t \\ \lambda_{t-1} \\ f_t \end{pmatrix} + e_t$$

$$e_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \Sigma_e), \Sigma_e \text{ diagonal}$$

Transition equation:

$$\xi_t = \alpha + F\xi_{t-1} + \omega_t \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_t \\ \lambda_{t-1} \\ f_t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (I - \Phi)\mu \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \Phi & 0 & 0 \\ I_K & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_{t-1} \\ \lambda_{t-2} \\ f_{t-1} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} v_t \\ 0 \\ f_t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\omega_t \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \Sigma), \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \Sigma_v & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Sigma_f \end{bmatrix}, \Sigma_v, \Sigma_f \text{ diagonal}$$

## 2 Procedure

First, initialize  $\{\xi_t\}$  using principal components and data available for the entire sample. Based on these estimates of  $\{\xi_t\}$ , get initial values of  $F, H, \Sigma_e$  and  $\Sigma$  (specifically  $\Phi, B, \Sigma_e, \Sigma_v, \Sigma_f$ ). Then each iteration of the Gibbs sampler is as follows:

1. Conditional on  $F, H, \Sigma_e$  and  $\Sigma$ , draw  $\{\xi_t\}$  using the Carter-Kohn (1994) procedure with the generalization that allows  $\Sigma$  to be singular.
2. Conditional on  $\{\xi_t\}$ , draw  $F, H, \Sigma_e$  and  $\Sigma$ .
3. Data augmentation: Conditional on  $\{\xi_t\}, H$  and  $\Sigma_e$ , sample  $\{r_t\}$  for those with missing values.