Modern voluntary Health-Care-System

The influence of gamification on the willingness to live healthy

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1 Synopsis

The ultimate goal of the Modern Voluntary Health-Care System is to create and publish a new form of an e-health system that encourages users to live healthy. This platform is based on a bonus malus system to give users an easy understandable overview on how healthy they live and how they compare to others.

The project is split in both a scientific and an engineering part. The scientific part aims at searching for technical methods to encourage people to live healthier and generating knowledge of the influence of gamification on the willingness of people to live healthy. From a scientific perspective it is interesting to see how well-known methods like gamification and competition can be used to motivate people to live and stay healthy.

For this purpose we try to evaluate and answer some questions, such as:

- How can people, by technical means, be subconsciously forced to change their ways and daily routines?
- Is there a way to achieve practical improvements in peoples health by providing a playful approach to do so?
- Are those improvements comparable to e.g. consulting professionals such as nutritionists, health trainers or even doctors?
- Does competition motivate people to stay healthy?

The knowledge generated from these tests and questions can be used as a scientific backbone on the journey to a more healthy and fit society. From a psychological perspective it's important to generate data on how gamification of all-day tasks like eating, walking and avoiding health traps can improve the attitude and willingness of people to live healthy. Combined with a modern workflow and easy tracking of health-related data by offering a mobile interface our study aims at generating new knowledge in the field of gamification through technology. Moreover the study should reveal useful information on the usability and user interface of such a system. A clunky interface and no support for automatic tracking of information ultimately means a failure of the whole system. Is is vital to generate useful and accurate data of each participant because the system stays and fails with the usefulness of the collected data. We can't force the user to manually enter each and every task he does throughout the day, we need to automate this process as much as possible and we need to integrate with other tracking systems to get access to even more data. The interface of the modern health-care system should stay out of the way of the user, it should intelligently track the information needed to generate good statistics of the habits of the participant.

Case studies including user tests in the section of human computer interaction shall lead to a basis for developing a completely innovative and ground-breaking health-care system, which brings benefits to several different parties.

The engineering part is split into different phases. This leads to the creation of a usable, rudimentary but integrated prototype after a short time. Nevertheless, the vision is a long-term development. For each phase it is necessary to find different partners in economy, politics, health-care and science. The partners mainly use our platform for advertisement and customer relationships, which brings benefits to them as well.

Possible Partners are:

- Phase 1:
 - Supermarkets
 - Fitness Centers
 - Restaurants
 - Doctors
- Phase 2 "Integrating with existing services":
 - Sport-Community with Tracking (e.g. Runtastic, Runkeeper, Nike Plus, ...)
 - Other health-related tracking services (e.g. Pedometer, Weighttracking, ...)
 - Health-related gaming platforms (e.g. Geocaching, ...)
- Phase 3 "A new form of health-care system":
 - Insurances
 - WHO

When a user buys something in a partner shop the product gets registered at our platform. The system stores the information in an anonymised form and calcualates statistics based on a transparent score-schema. The user can then exchange his earned points for gifts like coupons for healthy shopping at a partner's store. Moreover the platform generates a monthly, opt-in ranking of people living in a specific area, people who register them as a group of friends or all registered people as a whole. It therefore aims at answering questions like "which user lives most healthy?", "which user eats most healthy?", "which user walks the farthest distance in a day?" and similar. Partners are able to interact with the user with the use of the platform so they can selectively advertise new products of interest for the user.

The goals of the platform:

- Improving overall health of the user: People are getting more sensible for health-care. So they get forced to live in a healthier way. The healthcare-system is very expensive. So the whole government will have a benefit from this platform and more healthier people.
- Financial benefits for the user: Users will be given discounts and coupon codes when buying healthy products at partner stores.
- Advertisement for the partners: For the partners the platform offers a chance to advertise their promotions. Furthermore they have the chance to give coupons to the users. With this coupon they can interact with the customer. One possible effect is a gain in customer loyalty.

2 Introduction and problem description

- Length: 2-3 pages
- Why?
- Introduction
- Context
- What is the current situation?
- What is the open/unresolved problem or opportunity?
- Why is it a problem?
- What is unknown?
- What could be improved?
- Explanation of fundamental terms and basic definitions.

3 Project goals and deliverables

- Length: 1-2 pages
- What is the goal of the project?
- Research questions
 - What are the hypotheses that are to be investigated?
 - Main hypothesis & sub hypotheses
- Which results should be achieved with the project?
 - What will be known afterwards that is not known now?
 - What will be created that does not exist now?
- Non-goals (What will not be part of the project? What will not be done?)

4 Scientific relevance and innovative aspects

- Length: 1-2 pages
- Why is the project scientifically interesting?
- Did others point out that this is an open question?
- What are the innovative aspects that make it interesting?
- How could the project break new ground scientifically?
- To what extent are the objectives ambitious and beyond the state of the art (e.g. novel concepts and approaches or development across disciplines)?

5 State of the art / current knowledge

- Length: 2-5 pages
- What results and approaches have already been presented in this or related areas?
- Relation to the international scientific work in the field (international status of the research)
- Description and critical discussion of related scientific work

6 Method

- Length: 2-5 pages
- How?
- How should the expected results be achieved?
- What method(s) will be applied? (e.g., empirical study, user-centered design, prototype implementation,...)
- Description of the methods.
- Justifications for chosen methods.

7 Detailed description of the workpackages

- Length: 2-4 pages
- Structuring the project into self-contained parts.
- Additional verbal descriptions.
- Work packages
 - title
 - goal(s)
 - description
 - expected results
 - responsible person(s)
 - dependencies

8 Time plan (Gantt chart)

- Length: 1-2 pages
- Realistic estimation of schedule based on workpackages.
- Including milestones (not only when but also what is to be achieved for each milestone).
- Generation of a Gantt chart. (Including phases, milestones, buffer times, critical areas, etc.)

9 Human resources / team

- Length: 1-2 pages
- Description of the team that is needed to carry out the project. (For the execution phase of the project, not the planning phase.)
- How many people?
- To what extent are individual members needed?
- What knowledge, skills, and experiences are needed for each member?
- Demonstrate that the members will be able to carry out the project successfully.
- Work structure
 - Who will lead the project?
 - How do they work together?
 - Management and coordination
 - * What communication structures will be established? (e.g., mailing list, blog, CMS, CVS, ...)
 - * How often will meetings take place? (Who will participate?)
 - * How will the work be documented?
 - * How will information be stored and shared?

• Cooperations

- Will external cooperators be part of the project? (e.g., other research institutions or companies)
- What is their role?
- Why are they needed?

10 Costs

- Length: 2-3 pages
- Rough estimation of cost in form of calculation (table(s)) + descriptive text.
- Justification for the personnel and non-personnel costs (equipment, material, travel and other costs)
- An Excel template is provided as supplementary material to support budgeting.
- Personnel costs
 - Justification for the personnel to be assigned to the project (type of position(s), description of nature of work, length and extent of involvement in the project)
 - The application should include all persons who will be required for the proposed project (project lead, researchers, developers, advisory board, etc.). The available legal categories of employment are contracts of employment for full- or part-time employees (DV) and reimbursement for work on an hourly basis (GB). In addition, a part-time contract of employment (DV 50%, "studentische Mitarbeiter") may be requested for people who have not yet completed a Master or Diploma program (Diplom) in the relevant subject.
 - The justification of the requested personnel should contain:
 - * description of type of work;
 - * extent of involvement (part-time contracts are permitted).
 - Exact numbers of employment categories can be found on the FWF Website (http://www.fwf.ac.at/de/projects/personalkostensaetze.html)

• Equipment costs

- Indicate reasons for equipment costs. The "scientific equipment" category includes instruments, system components, costs for the use of software required by the project and other durable goods provided the cost per item (including VAT) exceeds EUR 1,500.00.

• Material costs

This category encompasses consumables and smaller pieces of equipment where the cost per item is below EUR 1,500.00 including VAT. The calculation of requested material costs should be justified with reference to the schedule, work plan and experimental plan. Experience with previous projects should be taken into account.

• Travel costs

- Funding may be requested for the costs of project-specific travel and accommodation, field work, expeditions, etc. Applicants are to provide a detailed travel (cost) plan broken down by project participant. For brief stays, the calculation of the travel and accommodation costs should be based on the federal regulations governing travel costs (RGV). The RGV rates governing Austria and abroad may be found in the FAQs on the FWF Website (http://www.fwf.ac.at/de/faq/reisegebuehrenvorschrift.html). For longer stays an appropriate and comprehensible cost plan should be prepared.

• Other costs

- Independent contracts for work and services (costs for work of clearly defined scope and content assigned to individuals, provided that this is scientifically justifiable and economical)
- Costs that cannot be included under personnel, equipment, material or travel costs, such as:
 - * reimbursement of costs towards or for the use of research facilities, e.g. of large-scale research facilities (project-specific 'equipment time'). Applicants should obtain and submit multiple offers;
 - * costs for project-specific work carried out outside the applicant's research institution (e.g. for analysis work performed elsewhere, for interviews, for sample collection, for preparation of thin slices etc.). Applicants should obtain and submit multiple offers;
 - * honoraria for test persons;

11 Expected implications and risks

- Length: 1-2 pages
- Importance of the expected results for the discipline
 - To what extent does the proposed research address important challenges?
- Importance of the expected results for other areas
- What are possible risks of the project and how can they be alleviated?
 - What factors could lead to a failure of the project?
 - Which factors or persons could support the project and increase the chance for success?
 - What if important team members leave the project?

12 Ethical considerations & security issues

- Length: 1-2 pages
- Provide a brief explanation of the ethical issue involved and how it will be dealt with appropriately.
- Are there any security-sensitive issues that apply to your proposal?

Abbreviations

 \mathbf{MSWP} Management von Software Projekten $\mathbf{WP} \ \, \mathbf{Work} \, \, \mathbf{Package}$