

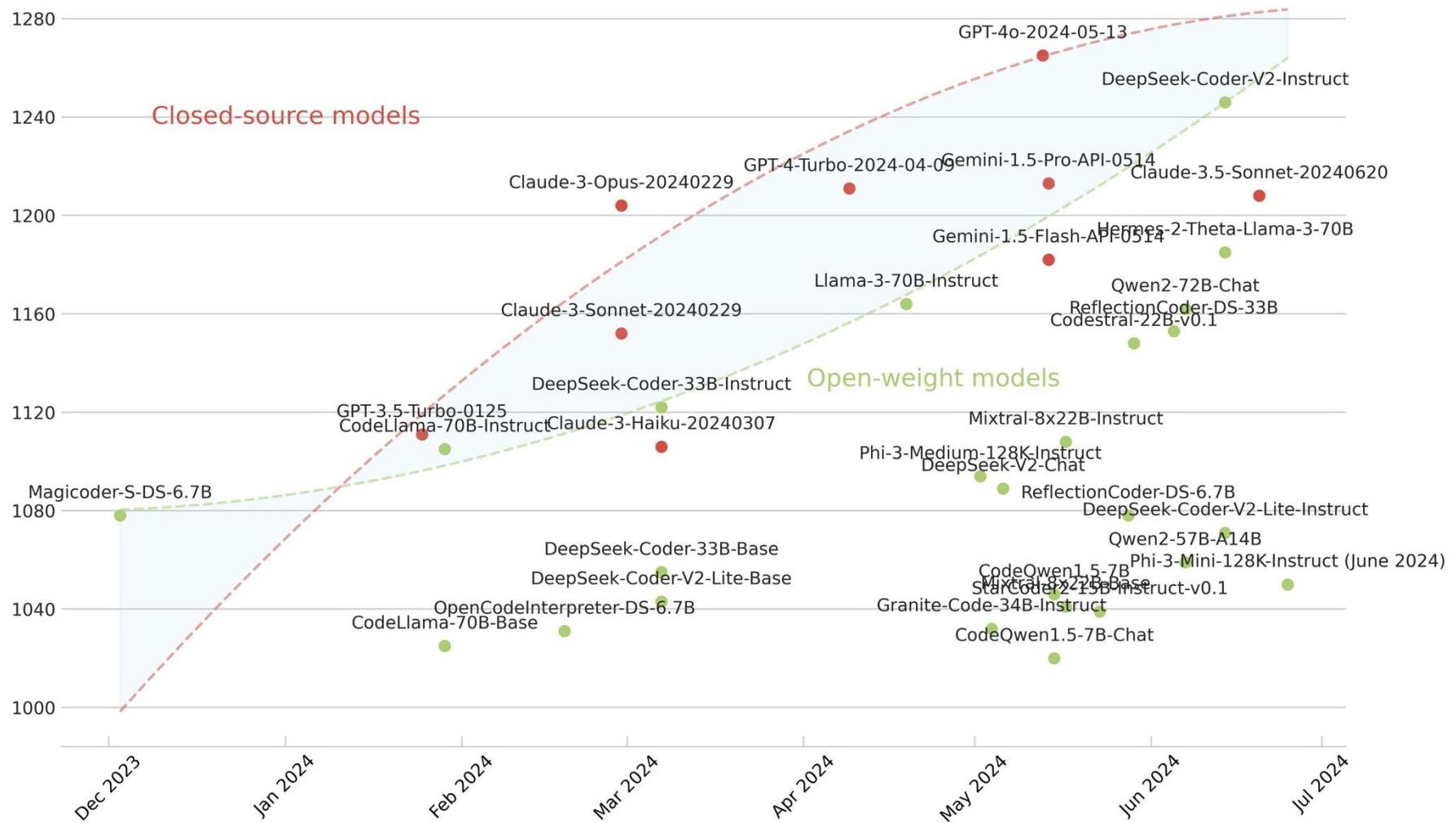
# Open source LLM Ecosystem

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- Open source LLM Ecosystem
- Meta Llama 3 and Falcon Models
- Leveraging Models from Hugging Face

# Open Source LLMs



# Open source LLMs

There has been a growing interest in open-source LLMs.

## Benefits

- Affordable.
- Transparent - researchers can study how they work and how they make decisions.
- Flexible - they can be customized for different tasks.

## Challenges

- Can be complex to use and to train.
- Can be computationally expensive to run.
- Can be used for malicious purposes, such as generating fake news or spam.



# Meta Llama 3.2

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# Meta Llama 3.2 LLMs

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Llama 3.2 Version Release Date: September 25, 2024

The Llama 3.2 is a collection of pretrained and instruction-tuned generative models in 1B and 3B sizes (text in/text out).

Llama 3.2 is open access —

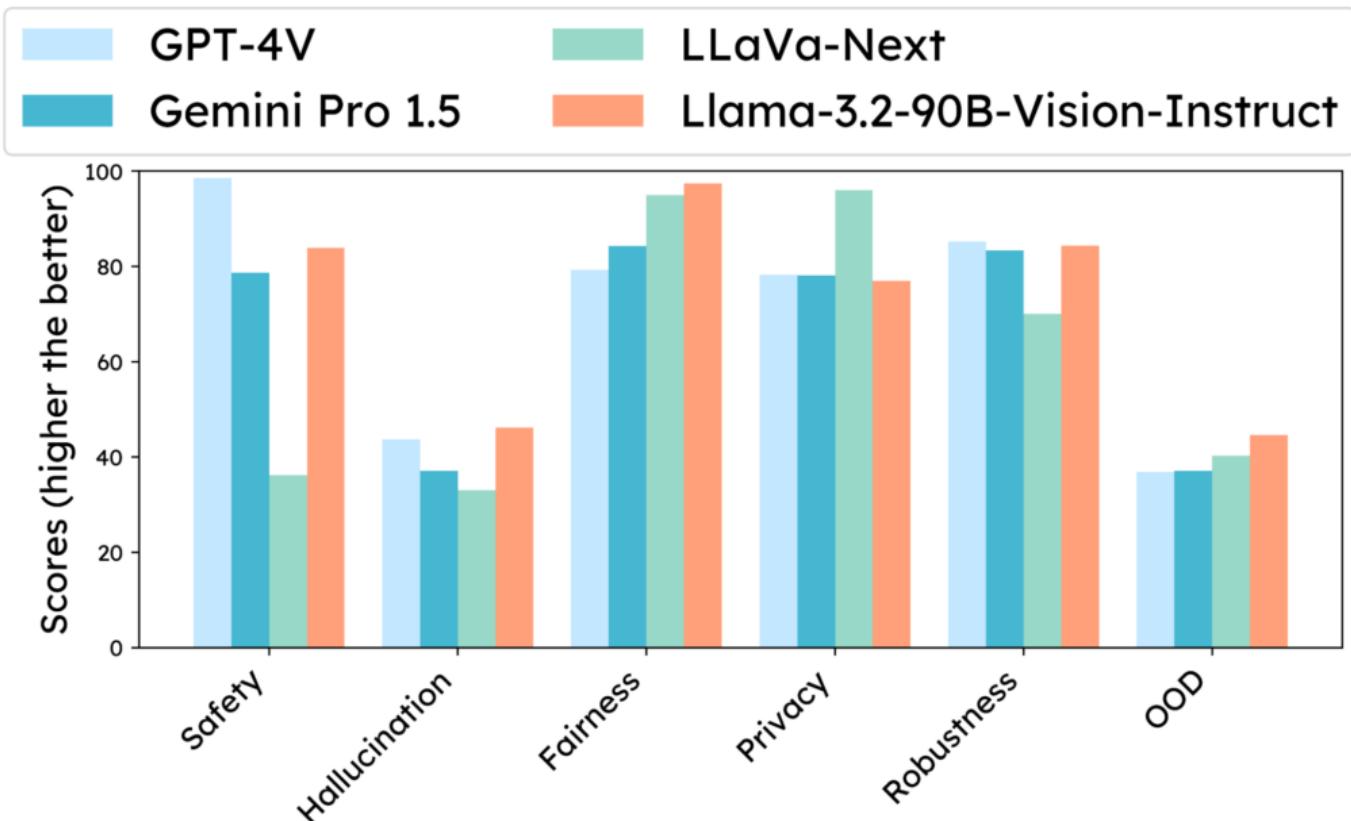
- Its licensing allows almost anyone to use it and fine-tune new models on top of it.



Llama 3.2 is breaking records, scoring new benchmarks against all other "open access" models

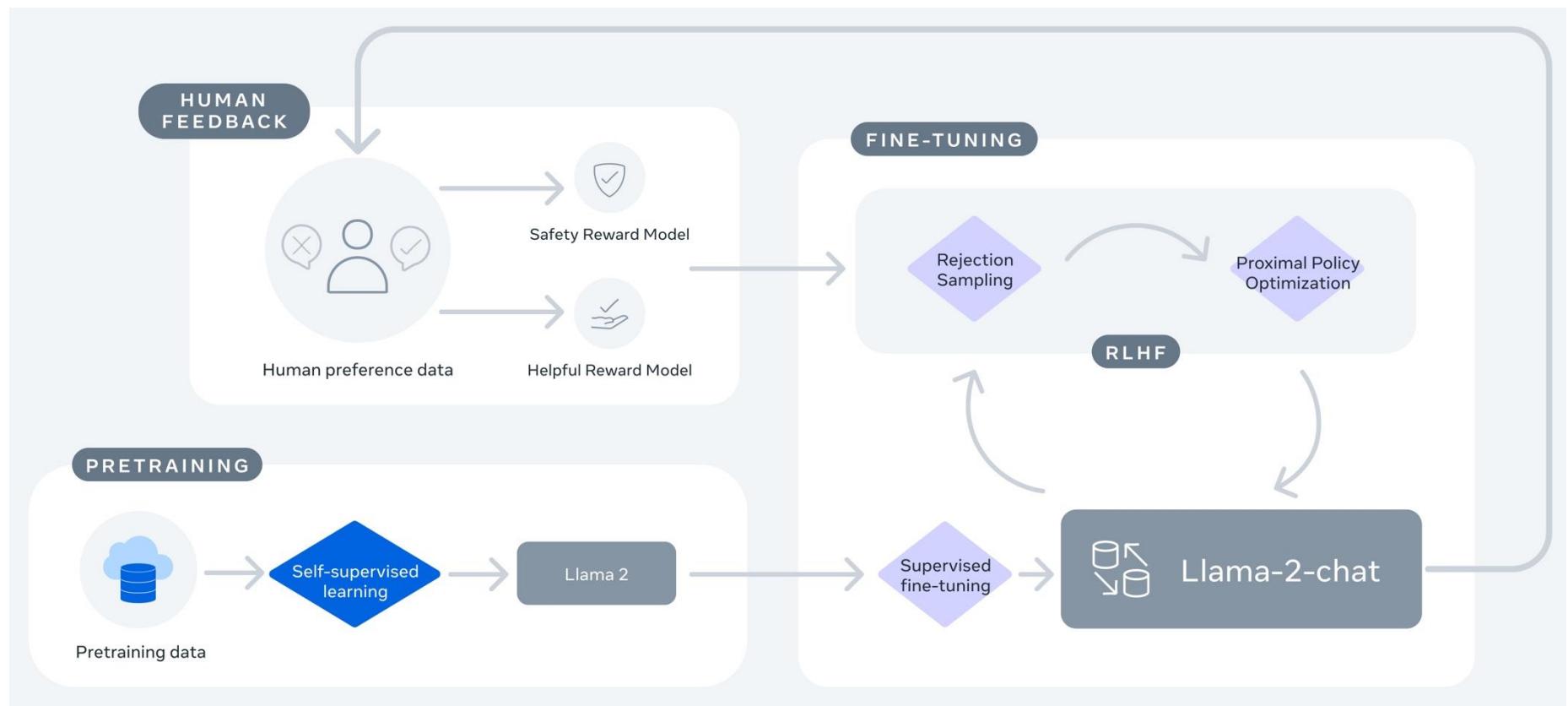
# Safety Human Evaluation Results

- Llama-3.2-Vision has made strides in safety, reducing its Harmful Content Generation Rate (HGR) to **16.1%**, a remarkable **74.76% decrease** from LLaVa-Next's **63.8%** HGR.
- Llama-3.2-Vision achieves an impressive Out-of-Distribution (OOD) score of 44.66, ranking it at the top among competitors like LLaVa-Next, Gemini 1.5 Pro, and GPT-4V.



# Reinforcement Learning From Human Feedback

Llama Chat uses reinforcement learning from human feedback to ensure safety and helpfulness.





## LLAMA 3.2 - Some Facts

### Model Developers

### Meta

### Variations

Range of parameter sizes: 8B, 70B and 405B sizes (text in/text out.)

### Input

Models input text only.

### Output

Models generate text only.

### Model Architecture

- Llama 3.2 is an auto-regressive language model that uses an optimized transformer architecture.
- The tuned versions use supervised fine-tuning (SFT) and reinforcement learning with human feedback (RLHF) to align with human preferences for helpfulness and safety.

Try the Model at : <https://www.meta.ai/>

# Llama 2 and Llama 3 Series of Models

	Llama 2.0 (7B, 13B, 70B)	Llama 3.0 (8B, 70B)	Llama 3.1 (8B, 70B, 405B)	Llama 3.2 Multimodal (11B & 90B)	Llama 3.2 Lightweight Text Only (1B & 3B)
<b>Release Date</b>	July 18, 2023	April 18, 2024	July 23, 2024	Sep 25, 2024	Sep 25, 2024
<b>Context Window</b>	4K	8K	128K	128K	128K
<b>Vocabulary Size</b>	32K	128K	128K	128K	128K
<b>Official Multilingual</b>	English Only	English Only	8 Languages	8 Languages	8 Languages
<b>Tool Calling</b>	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
<b>Knowledge Cutoff</b>	Sep 2022	2023, Mar (8B) Dec (70B)	Dec 2023	Dec 2023	Dec 2023

# Llama 4 - with Vision and Text

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The Llama 4 models are multimodal AI models that enable text and multimodal experiences.

These models leverage a mixture-of-experts architecture to offer industry-leading performance in text and image understanding.

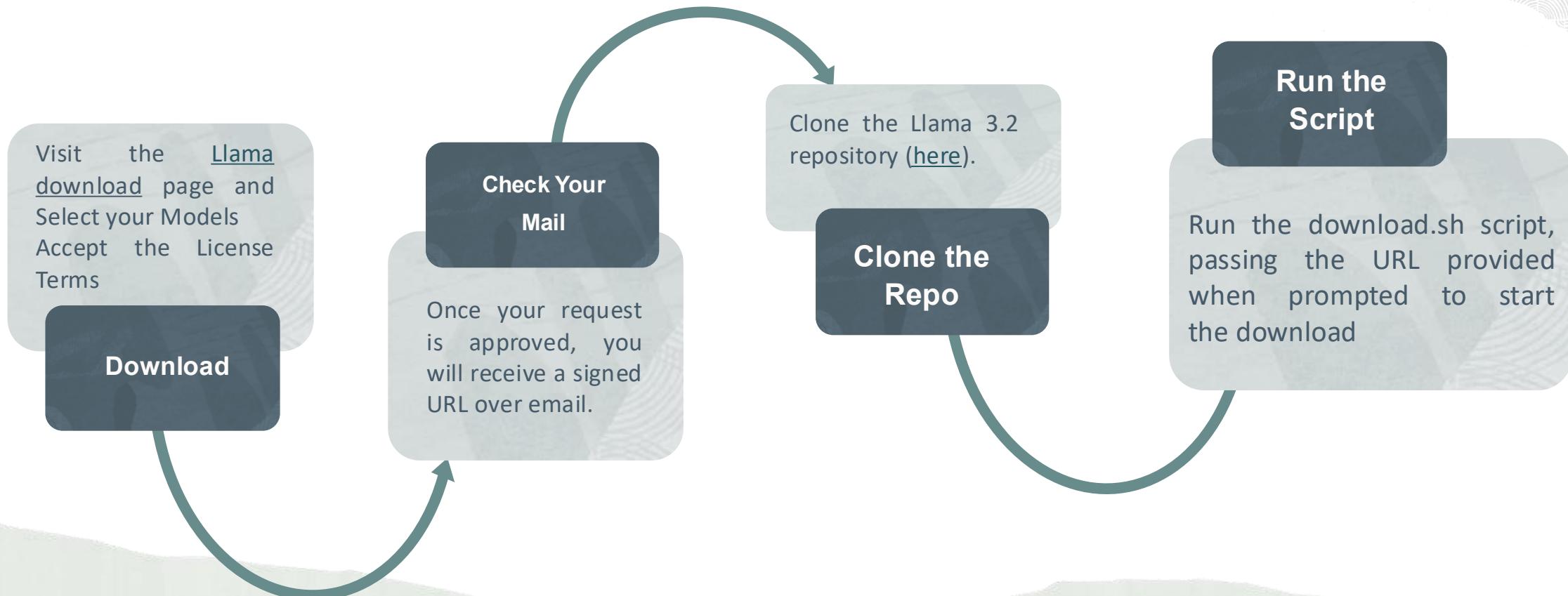
These Llama 4 models mark the beginning of a new era for the Llama ecosystem.

Two efficient models in the Llama 4 series,

1. Llama 4 Scout, a 17 billion parameter model
2. Llama 4 Maverick, a 17 billion parameter model.

Llama 4 Scout offers a context window of 10M and delivers better results than Gemma 3, Gemini 2.0 Flash-Lite, and Mistral 3.1

# Getting the Models - Models from Meta AI (ai.meta.com)



Keep in mind that the links expire after 24 hours and a certain amount of downloads.

1

# Getting Started with LLAMA

```
%pip install -qU \
replicate langchain \
sentence_transformers \
pdf2image pdfminer \
pdfminer.six \
unstructured \
pillow-heif opencv-python \
unstructured-inference pikepdf
```

2

```
import base64
from IPython.display import Image, display
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from typing import Dict, List
from langchain.llms import Replicate
from langchain.memory import ChatMessageHistory
from langchain.schema.messages import get_buffer_string
```

3

```
from dotenv import load_dotenv, find_dotenv
_ = load_dotenv(find_dotenv())
```

```
import replicate
```

4

# Setup the Model

5

```
def llama3_8b(prompt):
    output = replicate.run(
        "meta/meta-llama-3-8b-instruct",
        input={"prompt": prompt}
    )
    return ''.join(output)

def llama3_70b(prompt):
    output = replicate.run(
        "meta/meta-llama-3-70b-instruct",
        input={"prompt": prompt}
    )
    return ''.join(output)
```

# Basic completion

- With the model set up, you are now ready to ask some questions.
- An example of the simplest way to ask the model a question.

```
prompt = "The typical color of a llama is:  
output = llama3_8b(prompt)  
md(output)
```

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## System prompts

```
output = llama3_8b("The typical color of a llama is what? Answer in one word.")  
md(output)
```

7

# Falcon Models

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Falcon is a generative large language model (LLM) that helps advance applications and use cases to future-proof our world.

Falcon 180B, 40B, 7.5B, 1.3B parameter AI models.

High-quality REFINEDWEB dataset, form a suite of offerings.

Falcon LLM is a foundational large language model developed by the Technology Innovation Institute (TII) in Abu Dhabi.

<https://falconllm.tii.ae/falcon.html>



# Falcon 40B

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- It features 40 billion parameters and is trained on one trillion tokens,
- Highly advanced and efficient model for generating text, solving complex problems, and being used in various applications such as chatbots, virtual assistants, language translation, content generation, and sentiment analysis.
- Highlighted for its ability to outperform other models like GPT-3, BLOOM, Chinchilla, and PaLM-62B, particularly in terms of the cost-effectiveness of its training compute and the quality of data used in its training.

# Falcon 180B

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- Falcon 180B is a super-powerful language model with 180 billion parameters, trained on 3.5 trillion tokens.
- At the top of the Hugging Face Leaderboard for pre-trained Open Large Language Models and is available for both research and commercial use..
- Performs exceptionally well in reasoning, coding, proficiency, and knowledge tests, even beating competitors like Meta's LLaMA 2.
- It ranks just behind OpenAI's GPT 4, and performs on par with Google's PaLM 2 Large, which powers Bard, despite being half the size of the model.

# Leveraging Models from Hugging face

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## Hugging face

- You must first request a download using the same email address as your Hugging Face account.
- After doing so, you can request access to any of the models on Hugging Face and within 1-2 days your account will be granted access to all versions.



# Thank You