

Group_7 Assignment_6 report

- (1) (2 pt) Write a program that creates a zombie process.
- (2) (1 pt) Verifies that the process is a zombie in your code using **ps(1)** command.

- Below is the outcome of the process

```
mygodimato@RPi400Group7:~/Advanced-UNIX-Programming_Student/assignment6 $ ./assignment6
Parent process is sleeping...
Child process is terminating...
Zombie process found: 34229 Z+
Parent process is doing some work...
Parent process has cleaned up the zombie.
```

- In the outcome, we can find that the zombie process has ID 34229

(3) (1 pt) Describe your implementation in your report.

- Below is the implementation

```
pid_t child_pid;
char command[256];

// Fork a child process
child_pid = fork();

if (child_pid == 0) {
    // Child process : immediately exit to become a zombie
    printf("Child process is terminating...\n");
    _exit(0);
}
```

- First, we create a child process by `fork` and call the `_exit` to terminate it and make it a zombie process.

```

} else {
    // Parent process
    printf("Parent process is sleeping...\n");
    sleep(10); // Sleep to ensure child process terminates first

    // Use ps(1) command within the program to check for zombie processes
    sprintf(command, "ps -o pid,state -p %d", child_pid);
    FILE *ps_output = popen(command, "r");
    if (ps_output == NULL) {
        perror("popen failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    // Read the output of the ps(1) command
    char buf[1024];
    while (fgets(buf, sizeof(buf), ps_output) != NULL) {
        // Check if the process state is 'Z' for zombie
        if (strstr(buf, "Z")) {
            printf("Zombie process found: %s", buf);
            // This is where we verify that the child is a zombie process
        }
    }
}

```

- Second, for the parent process, it will wait for 10 sec to ensure child process terminates first, then it will call the `ps(1)` to get all the process.
 - for calling the `ps(1)` we choose to use `popen` , `perror` and `pclose` to deal with the interaction with terminal.
 - After getting the `ps(1)` outcome, we choose to use `fget` to get line by line of data and use `strstr()` to find the “Z” in the `ps(1)` , and print it to the terminal.

```
// Close the ps command pipe
pclose(ps_output);

// Parent does some work
printf("Parent process is doing some work...\n");

// Clean up the zombie by waiting for the child process to change state
waitpid(child_pid, NULL, 0);

printf("Parent process has cleaned up the zombie.\n");
}
```

- Last, we call `pclose` to close the ps command, use `waitpid` to clean up zombie, and call return to terminate the whole process.