#_ the Python Ultimate [Cheat Sheet]

- 📚 **Fundamentals**
  - Variables: `x = 5`
  - Print: `print("Hello, World!")`
  - Comments:
    - Single-line: `# Comment`
    - Multi-line: `'''Comment'''`
- 🔤 **Data Types**
  - Primitive:
    - String: `"Hello"`
    - Integer: `42`
    - Float: `3.14`
    - Boolean: `True`
  - Collections:
    - List: `[1, 2, 3]`
    - Tuple: `(1, 2, 3)`
    - Set: `{1, 2, 3}`
    - Dictionary: `{"key": "value"}`
- 📋 **Operators**
  - Arithmetic: `+, -, *, /, //, %, **`
  - Comparison: `==, !=, <, >, <=, >=`
  - Logical: `and, or, not`
  - Membership: `in, not in`
  - Identity: `is, is not`
- 🔀 **Conditionals**
  - If: `if x > y:`
  - Elif: `elif x < y:`
  - Else: `else:`
- 🔄 **Loops**
  - For: `for x in range(5):`
  - While: `while x < 5:`
  - Break: `break`
  - Continue: `continue`

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- 📋 **Functions**
  - Defining: `def my_function():`
  - Calling: `my_function()`
  - Default parameters: `def func(x, y=0):`
  - Variable-length arguments: `def func(*args, **kwargs):`
- 🏛️ **Classes & Objects**
  - Class definition: `class MyClass:`
  - Constructor: `def __init__(self):`
  - Instance methods: `def method(self):`
  - Class variables: `class_var = 0`
  - Object instantiation: `my_object = MyClass()`
  - Inheritance: `class DerivedClass(BaseClass):`
  - Method overriding: `def method(self):`
- 🚨 **Error Handling**
  - Try: `try:`
  - Except: `except Exception as e:`
  - Raise: `raise ValueError("Error message")`
  - Finally: `finally:`
- 📑 **Importing Libraries**
  - Import: `import numpy`
  - Alias: `import numpy as np`
  - Specific import: `from math import pi`
- 📂 **File I/O**
  - Open: `with open("file.txt", "r") as file:`
  - Read: `file.read()`
  - Write: `with open("file.txt", "w") as file:`
  - Append: `with open("file.txt", "a") as file:`
- 📜 **List Comprehensions**
  - Syntax: `[expression for item in iterable if condition]`
- 📝 **Lambda Functions**
  - Syntax: `lambda arguments: expression`
- 🔄 **Iterators & Generators**
  - Iterator: `iter(obj)`
  - Next item: `next(iterator)`
  - Generator function: `def my_generator(): yield value`

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    - Generator expression: `(expression for item in iterable if condition)`
- 🔀 **Context Managers**
    - Defining: `class MyContext:`
    - Enter method: `def __enter__(self):`
    - Exit method: `def __exit__(self, exc_type, exc_value, traceback):`
    - Using: `with MyContext() as my_context:`
- 🛠️ **Built-in Functions**
    - `len(obj)` → Length of object
    - `sum(iterable[, start])` → Sum of elements
    - `max(iterable[, key])` → Maximum element
    - `min(iterable[, key])` → Minimum element
    - `sorted(iterable[, key][, reverse])` → Sorted list
    - `range(stop[, start][, step])` → Sequence of numbers
    - `zip(*iterables)` → Iterator of tuples
    - `map(function, iterable)` → Apply function to all items
    - `filter(function, iterable)` → Filter elements by function
    - `isinstance(obj, classinfo)` → Check object's class
- 🔡 **String Methods**
    - `lower()` → Lowercase
    - `upper()` → Uppercase
    - `strip([chars])` → Remove leading/trailing characters
    - `split([sep][, maxsplit])` → Split by separator
    - `replace(old, new[, count])` → Replace substring
    - `find(sub[, start][, end])` → Find substring index
    - `format(*args, **kwargs)` → Format string
- 📜 **List Methods**
    - `append(item)` → Add item to end
    - `extend(iterable)` → Add elements of iterable
    - `insert(index, item)` → Insert item at index
    - `remove(item)` → Remove first occurrence
    - `pop([index])` → Remove & return item
    - `index(item[, start][, end])` → Find item index
    - `count(item)` → Count occurrences
    - `sort([key][, reverse])` → Sort list

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    - reverse() → Reverse list
- 📋 **Dictionary Methods**
    - keys() → View list of keys
    - values() → View list of values
    - items() → View key-value pairs
    - get(key[, default]) → Get value for key
    - update([other]) → Update dictionary
    - pop(key[, default]) → Remove & return value
    - clear() → Remove all items
- 🔢 **Set Methods**
    - add(item) → Add item
    - update(iterable) → Add elements of iterable
    - discard(item) → Remove item if present
    - remove(item) → Remove item or raise KeyError
    - pop() → Remove & return item
    - clear() → Remove all items
    - union(*others) → Union of sets
    - intersection(*others) → Intersection of sets
    - difference(*others) → Difference of sets
    - issubset(other) → Check if subset
    - issuperset(other) → Check if superset
- 🔍 **Regular Expressions**
    - import re
    - re.search(pattern, string)
    - re.match(pattern, string)
    - re.findall(pattern, string)
    - re.sub(pattern, repl, string)
    - Common patterns: \d, \w, \s, ., ^, $, *, +, ?, {n}, {n,}, {,m}, {n,m}
- 🎨 **Decorators**
    - Defining: def my_decorator(func):
    - Applying: @my_decorator
- 📦 **Modules & Packages**
    - Creating a module: Save as .py file
    - Importing a module: import my_module
    - Creating a package: Create directory with __init__.py

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    - Importing from a package: `from my_package import my_module`
- 💼 **Virtual Environments**
    - Creating: `python -m venv myenv`
    - Activating:
        - Windows: `myenv\Scripts\activate`
        - Unix/Mac: `source myenv/bin/activate`
    - Deactivating: `deactivate`
- 📦 **Package Management (pip)**
    - Install: `pip install package_name`
    - Uninstall: `pip uninstall package_name`
    - Upgrade: `pip install --upgrade package_name`
    - List installed packages: `pip list`
    - Show package details: `pip show package_name`
- 📅 **Date & Time**
    - `import datetime`
    - Current date & time: `datetime.datetime.now()`
    - Date object: `datetime.date(year, month, day)`
    - Time object: `datetime.time(hour, minute, second, microsecond)`
    - Format: `datetime.datetime.strftime(format)`
    - Parse: `datetime.datetime.strptime(date_string, format)`
    - Common format codes: `%Y`, `%m`, `%d`, `%H`, `%M`, `%S`
- 📋 **JSON**
    - `import json`
    - JSON to Python: `json.loads(json_string)`
    - Python to JSON: `json.dumps(obj)`
    - Read from file: `json.load(file)`
    - Write to file: `json.dump(obj, file)`
- 🧵 **Threading**
    - `import threading`
    - Create a thread: `t = threading.Thread(target=function, args=(arg1, arg2))`
    - Start a thread: `t.start()`
    - Wait for thread to finish: `t.join()`
- 🔀 **Multiprocessing**
    - `import multiprocessing`

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    - Create a process: `p = multiprocessing.Process(target=function, args=(arg1, arg2))`
    - Start a process: `p.start()`
    - Wait for process to finish: `p.join()`
- 💽 **Working with Databases (SQLite)**
    - `import sqlite3`
    - Connect to a database: `conn = sqlite3.connect('mydb.sqlite')`
    - Cursor object: `cursor = conn.cursor()`
    - Execute SQL commands: `cursor.execute("CREATE TABLE my_table (id INTEGER, name TEXT)")`
    - Commit changes: `conn.commit()`
    - Fetch results: `cursor.fetchall()`
    - Close the connection: `conn.close()`
- 🕸️ **Web Scraping (BeautifulSoup)**
    - `from bs4 import BeautifulSoup`
    - Create a BeautifulSoup object: `soup = BeautifulSoup(html_content, 'html.parser')`
    - Find elements by tag: `soup.find_all('tag_name')`
    - Access element attributes: `element['attribute_name']`
    - Get element text: `element.text`
- 🌐 **Web Requests (Requests)**
    - `import requests`
    - GET request: `response = requests.get(url)`
    - POST request: `response = requests.post(url, data=payload)`
    - Response content: `response.content`
    - JSON response: `response.json()`
    - Response status code: `response.status_code`
- 🌐 **Web Development (Flask)**
    - `from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for`
    - Create a Flask app: `app = Flask(__name__)`
    - Define a route: `@app.route('/path', methods=['GET', 'POST'])`
    - Run the app: `app.run(debug=True)`
    - Return a response: `return "Hello, World!"`
    - Render a template: `return render_template('template.html', variable=value)`

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    - Access request data: `request.form['input_name']`
    - Redirect to another route: `return redirect(url_for('route_function'))`
- 🔬 **Data Science Libraries**
    - NumPy: `import numpy as np`
    - pandas: `import pandas as pd`
    - Matplotlib: `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`
    - seaborn: `import seaborn as sns`
    - scikit-learn: `import sklearn`
    - TensorFlow: `import tensorflow as tf`
    - Keras: `from tensorflow import keras`
    - PyTorch: `import torch`
- 🔍 **Command Line Arguments (argparse)**
    - `import argparse`
    - Create an ArgumentParser: `parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Description of your program')`
    - Add arguments: `parser.add_argument('--arg_name', type=str, help='Description of the argument')`
    - Parse arguments: `args = parser.parse_args()`
    - Access argument values: `args.arg_name`
- 📝 **Logging**
    - `import logging`
    - Basic configuration: `logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG, format='%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s')`
    - Logging levels: `logging.debug()`, `logging.info()`, `logging.warning()`, `logging.error()`, `logging.critical()`
- 💼 **Environment Variables**
    - `import os`
    - Get an environment variable: `os.environ.get('VAR_NAME')`
    - Set an environment variable: `os.environ['VAR_NAME'] = 'value'`
- 🔍 **Type Hints**
    - `from typing import List, Dict, Tuple, Optional, Union, Any`
    - Function type hints: `def my_function(param: int, optional_param: Optional[str] = None) -> List[int]:`
    - Variable type hints: `my_variable: Dict[str, int] = {}`