Office hours warm up exercise:

What are the multiple ways you can specify colours in CSS?

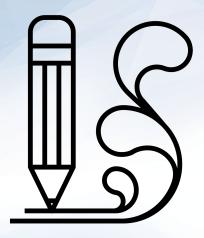
For example:

```
background-color: <something>border-color : <something>color : <something>
```



A few admin items

Break at ~7:27: 15 mins



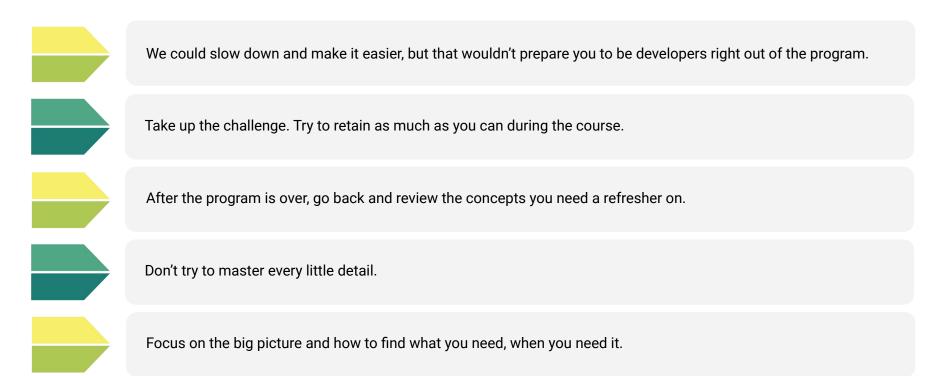
Homework is due on Thursday!

Don't forget to submit both the GitHub and GitHub Pages links.

Feedback #1: The Pace Is Fast!

Feedback #1: Pace Is Fast

Here's the reality: the pace of this program is fast.



Feedback #1: Pace Is Fast

That said, as instructors and TAs, we are here to help!



Share your GitHub code as you run into issues. We can let you know if you're going in the right (or wrong) direction.



Come to office hours! We can review your code with you, offer tips on homework, or just give you a pep talk if that's what you need.



Reach out to Student Success if you want to schedule a 1-on-1 meeting.

Feedback #2: Books, Please!

Feedback #2: Books, Please!



During the program, concentrate all your efforts on what we're covering in class.



Books can be helpful when you're learning on your own, but in a boot camp like this, they can be distracting—especially when class is moving so quickly.



When you're at home, focus your efforts on completing your homework, re-completing in-class exercises, and going over slides.



Invest in books and outside tutorials after you finish the program.

That said, if you truly feel the need for outside resources...



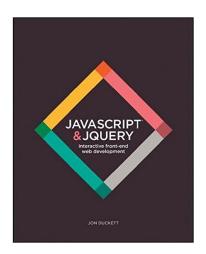
PluralSight.com offers some of the best online courses for HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Node, Express, and Angular.

Feedback #2: Books, Please!

Jon Duckett's books *HTML & CSS* and *JavaScript & jQuery* are two excellent primers. If you're a book person, these can be very helpful!



HTML & CSS: Design and Build Websites by Jon Duckett

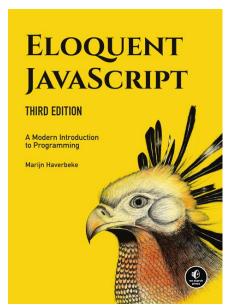


JavaScript & JQuery: Interactive Front-End Web Development by Jon Duckett

Feedback #2: Books, Please!

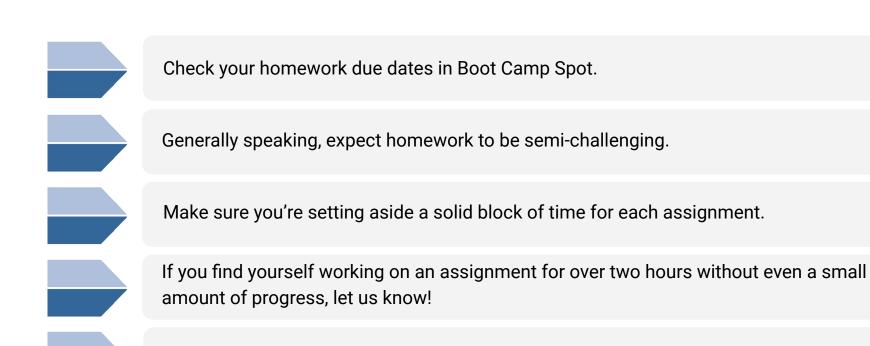
Eloquent JavaScript is a terrific, free book that reviews the fundamentals of JavaScript.

You can find it here: eloquentjavascript.net



Eloquent JavaScript, 3rd Edition by Marijn Haverbeke (No Starch Press, 2018) Feedback #3: The Homework Is Hard

Feedback #3: Homework Is Hard



You don't win points in life for staring at a blank screen.

Today's Class

Objectives

In today's class, we'll introduce:



CSS Typography and Google Fonts



Pseudo-Classes



The Basics of Twitter Bootstrap

CSS Typography

Typography Is Huge

Typography can play a huge role in the visual aesthetic and emotional identity of

a webpage.



Typographic Properties

Typographic properties describe attributes of the type on the page.



Line Height: Distance between lines of text on a page (Golden Ratio of 1.5x font).



Font Size: Actual size of lettering. Should be at least 16 px on modern pages. smashingmagazine.com



Line Length: Not a CSS property but rather a standard. Should be about 50–75 characters per line on a desktop. <u>baymard.com</u>

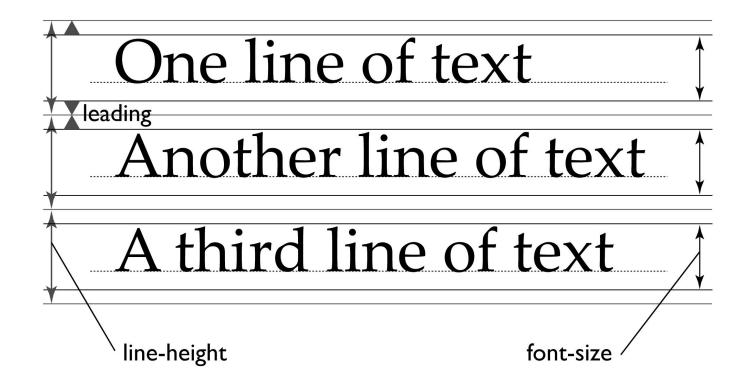


Letter Spacing: Spacing between individual letters. Try to avoid cramming letters together too closely.



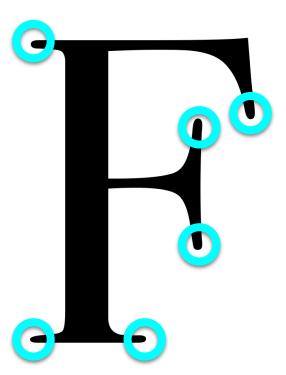
Sans-Serif vs. Serif: Sans-serif are fonts sans their serifs—no tails. They're easier to read online.

Line Height vs. Fonts

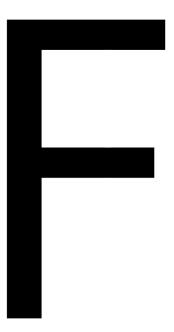


Serif vs. Sans-Serif

Serif fonts include small lines attached to the end strokes of letters.



Sans-Serif ("without serif") do not include such strokes.



Using the `html-template` file provided to you, create an external CSS stylesheet to modify the typography of each of the body paragraphs.

Use CSS styling to modify the following properties:

- Font-family
- Font-size
- Font-weight
- Line-height
- Letter-spacing

Bonus:

If you finish early, read about TypePlate and see if you can figure out how to incorporate it into your site (http://typeplate.com/).

Google Fonts

It's easy to incorporate Google's custom fonts into your site!

Roboto

Christian Robertson

All their equipment and instruments are alive.

Coiny

Marcelo Magalhães

A red flare silhouetted the jagged edge of a wing.



Instructor Demonstration Custom Fonts

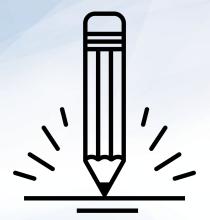
Activity: Custom Google Fonts

Assignment:

Create (or re-use) an HTML document and then incorporate 2–3 custom Google fonts (<u>fonts.google.com</u>) into the page.

Bonus:

If you finish early, read about Font Awesome icons (<u>www.fontawesome.com</u>) and see if you can figure out how to incorporate one onto your page.



Activity: Custom Fonts Activity

Additional instructions will be sent via Slack.



Take a Break!



Pseudo Styles

Pseudo-Classes

CSS provides keywords that can be added to selectors. These keywords can highlight the special states of the selected element.

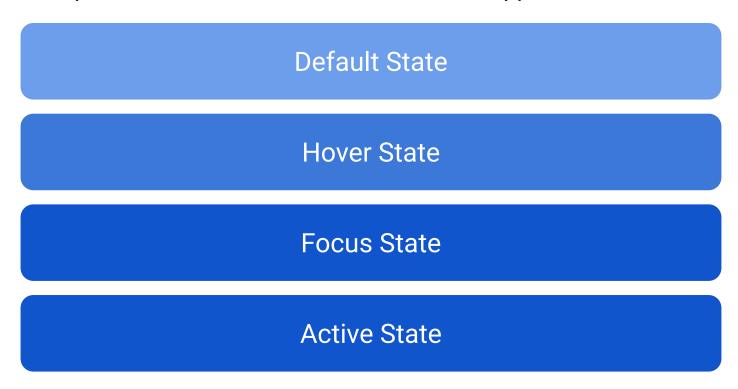
Great example: CSS can hook onto the specific moment when a link is hovered over using the :hover pseudo-class.

Complete list of pseudo-classes: <u>developer.mozilla.org</u>

Index of standard pseudo-classes				
:active	:first-child	:last-child	:only-child	:root
:any	:first-of-type	:last-of-type	:only-of-type	:scope
:checked	:fullscreen	:left	:optional	:target
:default	:focus	:link	:out-of-range	:valid
:dir()	:hover	:not()	:placeholder-shown	:visited
:disabled	:indeterminate	:nth-child()	:read-only	
:empty	:in-range	:nth-last-child()	:read-write	
:enabled	:invalid	:nth-last-of-type()	:required	
:first	:lang()	:nth-of-type()	:right	

Button with Various States

You can use pseudo-classes to define how a button appears in various states.





Instructor Demonstration Pseudo Styles

Activity: Pseudo Styles

Assignment:

Create a series of links and modify the pseudo-classes associated with their default, active, hover, and focus states.

Bonus:

If you finish early, incorporate a pseudo-class we haven't yet covered.

Then Google pseudo-elements and try to incorporate one as well.

Beyond CSS Hacking

Quick Refresher on HTML/CSS



HTML: Hypertext Markup Language (Content)

CSS: Cascading Style Sheets (Appearance)

HTML and **CSS** are the "languages of the web." Together, they define both the content and the aesthetics of a webpage, including colors, fonts, and content placement. (JavaScript is the third language of the web: it handles logic, animation, etc.)

How You (Probably) Feel About CSS



A revelation. There is a better way!





Instructor Demonstration Where's the CSS?

Student Activity: Where's the CSS?

With those sitting nearest to you, take a close look at the Bootstrap-powered HTML document I just sent you.

Be prepared to answer the following two questions:

01

Where does this HTML document draw its styles from?

02

How does our browser know which HTML element to style, and in which way? (e.g., button face or background banner)

HINT: Think about how Google Fonts work.

Powered by Bootstrap

External CSS Link:

Predefined CSS Class (e.g., jumbotron):

```
<div class="jumbotron">
   <h1 class="text-center"><strong>Awesome Header</strong></h1>
   <h2 class="text-center">Smaller Awesome Header</h2>
   <h3 class="text-center">Even Smaller Header</h3>
   <a class="btn btn-danger btn-lg" href="#" role="button">
   <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-envelope"></span> Learn more</a>
</div>
```

Powered by Bootstrap

The Coding Bootcamp

About Contact Dropdown +

Default

Static top

Fixed top

Awesome Header

Smaller Awesome Header

Even Smaller Header

✓ Learn more

class="jumbotron"







Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Accusamus, maiores, quos. At, animi, facilis. Alias itaque ab minima rerum, eaque animi nesciunt harum nemo est cumque voluptas, qui reprehenderit atque.



Using Bootstrap gives us *predefined* CSS styles.



Bootstrap Definition





Bootstrap is a free collection of tools for creating websites and web applications.



It comes with a pre-built design template for typography, forms, buttons, navigation, UI elements, and JavaScript.



Bootstrap documentation: <u>getbootstrap.com</u>

Why Use Bootstrap?

Reason #1: UI Kit



Familiarize yourself with the UI features Bootstrap offers by reading the documentation.



Once Bootstrap is active, you can simply copy snippets from the documentation to save yourself the time it takes to create elements from scratch!



Why Use Bootstrap?

Reason #2: Mobile Responsiveness



One of the most compelling reasons to use Bootstrap is that it is mobile-responsive by default.



This means that your website will automatically look great when viewed on screens ranging from monitors to tablets to phones.



HTML/CSS/Bootstrap Analogy

HTML Alone	HTML and CSS	HTML/CSS and Bootstrap	
Like writing papers in Notepad.	Like writing papers in Microsoft Word.	Like writing papers in Microsoft Word <i>using a template</i> .	
Used to write unformatted text (i.e, content only).	Used both to write the content and format it (color, font, alignment, layout, etc.).	You can still customize it, but you're starting with a pre-built style and aesthetic.	
		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	

Key Bootstrap Features

Bootstrap Components

Bootstrap offers a wide range of components that you should consider including in your future web projects. Flip through the documentation and incorporate elements as you see fit.

Bootstrap Components						
Alerts	Badges	Buttons	Cards	Carousel		
Dropdowns	Forms	Jumbotron	List group	Modal		
Navs	Popover	Progress Bar	Toast	Tootltips		
Several more						

Bootstrap Nav Bars

My First Website Link 1 Link 2 Link 3

Example:

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-default navbar-fixed-top" role="navigation">
 <div class="container">
   <div class="navbar-header">
     <button type="button" class="navbar-toggle collapsed"</pre>
           data-toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbar" aria-expanded="false" aria-controls="navbar">
       <span class="sr-only">Toggle navigation</span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
       <span class="icon-bar"></span>
     <a class="page-scroll navbar-brand" href="#page-top">My First Website</a>
   <div id="navbar" class="navbar-collapse collapse">
     class="hidden">
           <a href="#page-top"></a>
       <a href="http://www.google.com" class="nav-btn">Link 1</a>
       <a href="http://www.facebook.com" class="nav-btn">Link 2</a>
       <a href="http://www.twitter.com" class="nav-btn">Link 3</a>
     </div> <!-- /.container -->
```

Bootstrap Jumbotron

Hello, World!

This is a simple hero unit, a simple jumbotron-style component for calling extra attention to featured content or information.

Learn More

```
<div class="jumbotron">
  <h1>Hello, world!</h1>
  ...
  <a class="btn btn-primary btn-lg" href="#" role="button">Learn more</a>
</div>
```

Bootstrap Table

#	First Name	Last Name	Username	
1	Mark	Otto	@mdo	
2	Jacob	Thornton	@fat	
3	Larry	the Bird	@twitter	

Example:

Bootstrap Form

Email address Enter email Password Password File input Choose File No file chosen Example block-level help text here. Check me out Submit

Example:

```
<form>
 <div class="form-group">
   <label for="exampleInputEmail1">Email address</label>
   <input type="email" class="form-control" id="exampleInputEmail1" placeholder="Enter email">
  </div>
 <div class="form-group">
   <label for="exampleInputPassword1">Password</label>
   <input type="password" class="form-control" id="exampleInputPassword1" placeholder="Password">
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
   <label for="exampleInputFile">File input</label>
   <input type="file" id="exampleInputFile">
   Example block-level help text here.
  </div>
  <div class="checkbox">
   <lahel>
     <input type="checkbox"> Check me out
   </label>
  </div>
 <button type="submit" class="btn btn-default">Submit</button>
</form>
```



Instructor Demonstration Bootstrap Components

Partner Activity: Bootstrap Components

Working with someone sitting near you, do the following:



Navigate to the Twitter Bootstrap website.



Copy the link to the Bootstrap CSS file into one of your old HTML files.



Look through the Bootstrap CSS or Components list and incorporate at least three Bootstrap elements into your page.



Slack a screenshot of your page to your section's channel when you finish.

HINT: First include a link to Bootstrap's CSS. Then visit the Bootstrap page on CSS or Components.

Takeaways

Takeaways

It's the end of class! By now, you should be able to:

01

Provide a loose definition of typography and list a few CSS properties that can be used to style it.

02

Offer a practical example of using pseudo-classes.



Understand generally what Twitter Bootstrap is and why predefined CSS frameworks are so powerful.



Know how to incorporate the Twitter Bootstrap style library into your website.

Next Class: Layout Building!

