Recsify Technologies

Machine Learning internship Based on the given financial data create a ML model to predict if the client is high risk or low risk if we were to provide them loan. We need to predict the column Risk_Flag and it contains value 1 if the client is high risk else it will be 0.

Perform all the various steps of machine learning like data exploration, feature engineering and model building.

Submitted By: Anuroop Arya

```
!pip install catboost
Requirement already satisfied: catboost in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: graphviz in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (0.20.3)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (3.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (1.25.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (1.11.4)
Requirement already satisfied: plotly in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from catboost) (5.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from catboost) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->catboost)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->catboost)
(2023.4)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.24->catboost)
(2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(1.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(4.53.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
```

```
(1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(24.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib->catboost)
(3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from plotly->catboost)
(8.3.0)
```

Load Data:

```
# This code assumes the data file is named
'loan approval dataset.json' and located in the 'input' directory.
# Adjust the file path if necessary.
# dataset =
pd.read json('/kaggle/input/loan-approval-dataset/loan approval datase
t.ison')
# df = dataset.copv()
# df.head()
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import ison
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.discriminant analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis
from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from catboost import CatBoostClassifier
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
# Step 2: Load JSON File
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read json('/content/loan approval dataset.json')
df.head()
{"type":"dataframe", "variable name":"df"}
```

Data Exploration:

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 252000 entries, 0 to 251999
Data columns (total 13 columns):
                        Non-Null Count
     Column
                                          Dtvpe
     -----
                         _____
                                          - - - - -
 0
                        252000 non-null
                                          int64
     Ιd
 1
     Income
                        252000 non-null
                                          int64
 2
                        252000 non-null
     Age
                                         int64
 3
     Experience
                        252000 non-null
                                         int64
 4
                        252000 non-null
     Married/Single
                                          object
 5
     House Ownership
                        252000 non-null
                                          object
 6
     Car Ownership
                        252000 non-null
                                          object
 7
     Profession
                        252000 non-null
                                          object
 8
     CITY
                        252000 non-null
                                          object
 9
     STATE
                        252000 non-null
                                          object
 10 CURRENT JOB YRS
                        252000 non-null
                                         int64
 11 CURRENT HOUSE YRS
                        252000 non-null int64
                        252000 non-null int64
 12
    Risk Flag
dtypes: int64(7), object(6)
memory usage: 26.9+ MB
df.describe(include='all')
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df\",\n \"rows\": 11,\n \"fields\": [\n \"name\"]: [\n \"name\"]: [\n \]}
{\n \"column\": \"Id\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 90821.71443937485,\n
\"min\": 1.0,\n \"max\": 252000.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 6,\n \"samples\": [\n 252000.0,\n 126000.5,\n 189000.25\"
                                                              ],\n
                                           189000.25\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Income\",\n
                                                    \"properties\":
    \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
{\n
3451618.6532876026,\n\\"min\": 10310.0,\n\\"max\": 9999938.0,\n\\\"num_unique_values\": 8,\n\\\"samples\
                                                        \"samples\": [\
          4997116.665325397,\n 5000694.5,\n
252000.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"Age\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                            \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
\"std\": 89079.4450610442,\n \"min\": 17.063854818338424,\n
\"max\": 252000.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 8,\n \"samples\": [\n 49.95407142857143,\n
                                                         50.0.\n
252000.0\n ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                             \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                             }\n },\n {\n
                                                  \"column\":
\"Experience\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 89092.11674211107,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 252000.0,\n \"num_unique_values\": 8,\n
\"samples\": [\n 10.084436507936507,\n 10.0,\n
                              \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
                  ],\n
252000.0\n
```

```
3,\n \sqrt{231898}\",\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
[\n
n
\"column\":
\"Car_Ownership\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 4,\n \"samples\": [\n 2,\n \"176000\",\n \"252000\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n \"column\": \"\"\"\n \"\"
1.3990369853603093,\n\\"num_unique_values\": 8,\n\\"samples\": [\n\
11.997793650793652,\n 12.0,\n 252000.0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Risk_Flag\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 89095.38112148164,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 252000.0,\
n \"num_unique_values\": 5,\n \"samples\": [\n
n }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe"}
```

Check for Duplicates:

```
df.duplicated().sum()
0
```

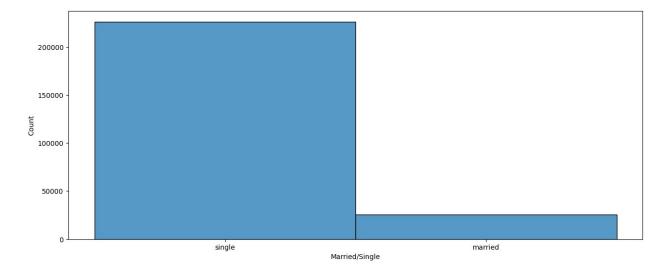
Visualize Feature Distributions:

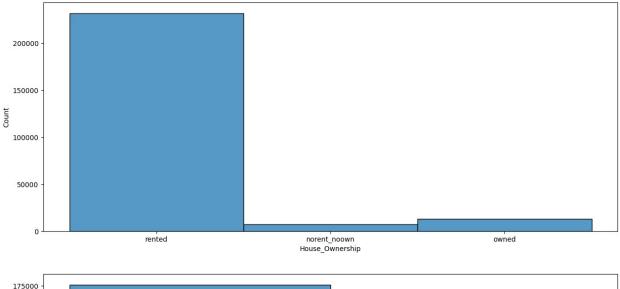
```
import plotly.express as px

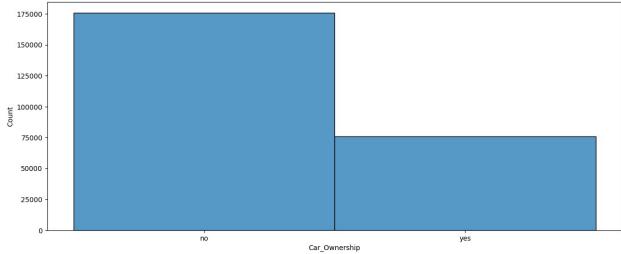
for col in df.columns: # Create boxplots for numerical features
    if df[col].dtype != 'object':
        fig = px.box(df, x=col, template='plotly_dark',
color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Plotly)

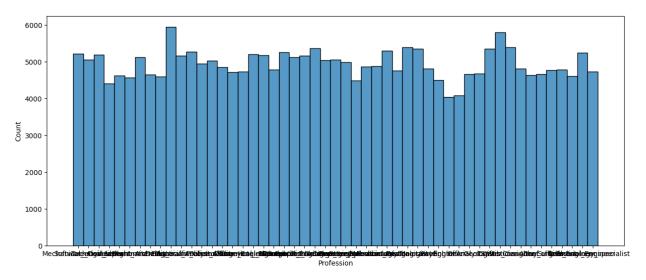
fig.update_traces(marker=dict(line=dict(color='rgb(100,100,100)',
width=1)))
    fig.show()

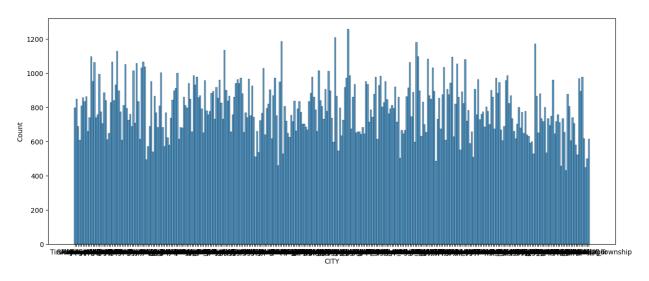
# Create histograms for categorical features
for col in df.columns:
    if df[col].dtype == 'object':
        plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
        sns.histplot(df,x=col)
        plt.show()
```

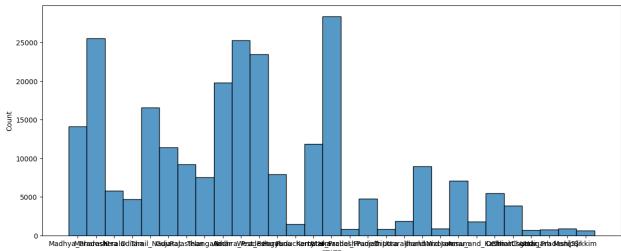












Data Preprocessing:

```
# Drop the 'Id' column as it's not relevant for our analysis
df.drop('Id',axis=1,inplace=True)

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Encode categorical features using LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()
df['Profession'] = le.fit_transform(df['Profession'])
df['CITY'] = le.fit_transform(df['CITY'])
df['STATE'] = le.fit_transform(df['STATE'])

df = pd.get_dummies(df,drop_first=True)

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

ss = StandardScaler()
```

```
df['Income'] = ss.fit_transform(df[['Income']]) # Standardize
numerical feature ('Income')

df
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df"}
```

Train-Test Split:

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
# Features (independent variables)
X = df.drop('Risk Flag',axis=1)
y=df['Risk Flag'] # Target variable (dependent variable)
X train,X test,y train,y test =
train test split(X,y,test size=0.15,random state=43)
# Split data into training and testing sets
!pip install lazypredict
Collecting lazypredict
  Downloading lazypredict-0.2.12-py2.py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: click in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (8.1.7)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (1.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tgdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from lazypredict) (4.66.4)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (1.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: lightgbm in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (4.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: xgboost in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lazypredict) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lightgbm->lazypredict)
(1.25.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from lightgbm->lazypredict)
(1.11.4)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas->lazypredict)
(2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas->lazypredict)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in
```

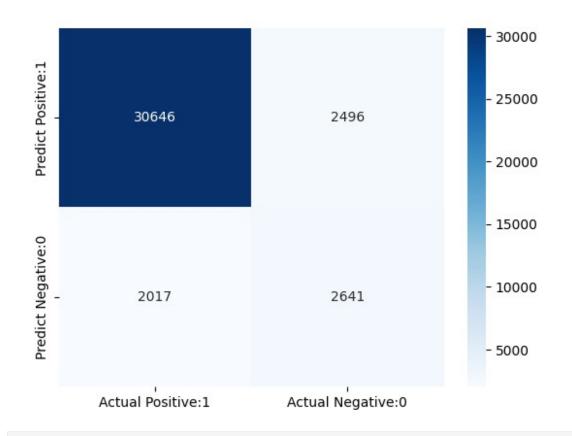
```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas->lazypredict)
(2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn-
>lazypredict) (3.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2-
>pandas->lazypredict) (1.16.0)
Installing collected packages: lazypredict
Successfully installed lazypredict-0.2.12
```

Find Best Performing Classifier

```
import lazypredict
from lazypredict. Supervised import LazyClassifier
# Define high memory classifiers to avoid memory issues
highmem classifiers =
["LabelSpreading", "LabelPropagation", "BernoulliNB", 'SVC', "NearestCentr
oid", "NuSVC", "KNeighborsClassifier", "ElasticNetClassifier",
"GradientBoostingClassifier", "HistGradientBoostingClassifier"]
classifiers = [c for c in lazypredict.Supervised.CLASSIFIERS if c[0]
not in highmem classifiers]
# Run LazyPredict to find the best performing classifier
clf =
LazyClassifier(classifiers=classifiers, verbose=0, ignore warnings=True)
models,predictions = clf.fit(X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test)
models # Print the list of models tested by LazyPredict
'tuple' object has no attribute ' name '
Invalid Classifier(s)
 95% | 21/22 [04:16<00:03, 3.12s/it]
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of positive: 26338, number of negative:
187862
[LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing col-wise multi-threading, the overhead
of testing was 0.022911 seconds.
You can set `force col wise=true` to remove the overhead.
[LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 688
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 214200,
number of used features: 8
[LightGBM] [Info] [binary:BoostFromScore]: pavg=0.122960 ->
initscore=-1.964695
[LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score -1.964695
100% | 22/22 [04:18<00:00, 11.74s/it]
```

```
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"models\",\n \"rows\": 20,\n \"fields\":
\n \"column\": \"Model\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"string\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 20,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"DecisionTreeClassifier\",\n
\"CalibratedClassifierCV\",\n\\"RidgeClassifierCV\"\
       ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
0.6936507936507936,\n \"max\": 0.8988624338624338,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 11,\n \"samples\": [\n
0.4997950710241233,\n\\"max\": 0.7473072399938032,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 11,\n \"samples\": [\n 0.6074027217646206,\n 0.7473072399938032,\n
],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
}\n     },\n     {\n         \"column\": \"ROC AUC\",\n
\"properties\": {\n         \"dtype\": \"number\",\n         \"s
0.10692655706432808,\n         \"min\": 0.49979507102412335,\n
                                                \"std\":
\"max\": 0.7473072399938031,\n \"num unique values\": 11,\n
],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"F1 Score\",\n \"properties\":
{\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
0.03977371903877173,\n\\"min\": 0.7331775805199117,\n
\"max\": 0.8963889448064092,\n \"num unique values\": 11,\n
\"max\": 116.99487900733948,\n \"num unique values\": 20,\n
}\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"models"}
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier() # DecisionTreeClassifier object
model = dtc.fit(X train,y train) # Train the Decision Tree Classifier
y_pred = model.predict(X_test) # Make predictions on the test data
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix,
classification report
def model evaluation(model):
    y pred = model.predict(X test)
    cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
    cm matrix = pd.DataFrame(data=cm, columns=['Actual Positive:1',
'Actual Negative:0'],
                                 index=['Predict Positive:1', 'Predict
Negative:0'])
    print(classification report(y test, y pred))
    sns.heatmap(cm_matrix, annot=True,fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
    TP = cm[0,0]
    TN = cm[1,1]
    FP = cm[0,1]
    FN = cm[1,0]
    print('Accuracy : ', (TP+TN)/(TP+TN+FP+FN))
    print('Classification Error : ',(FP + FN) / float(TP + TN + FP +
FN),"\n")
    plt.show()
    print("\n","\n")
model_evaluation(model)
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
           0
                             0.92
                                       0.93
                   0.94
                                                33142
           1
                   0.51
                             0.57
                                       0.54
                                                 4658
                                       0.88
                                                37800
    accuracy
                   0.73
                             0.75
                                       0.74
                                                37800
   macro avq
weighted avg
                   0.89
                             0.88
                                       0.88
                                                37800
Accuracy: 0.8806084656084656
Classification Error: 0.1193915343915344
```



Hyperparameter Tuning

```
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
from scipy.stats import randint

param_dist = {
    'criterion': ['gini', 'entropy'],
    'splitter': ['best', 'random'],
    'max_depth': [None, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50],
    'min_samples_split': randint(2, 11),
    'min_samples_leaf': randint(1, 5),
    'max_features': [None, 'auto', 'sqrt', 'log2']
}

dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier()

random_search = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator=dtc,
    param_distributions=param_dist, n_iter=100, cv=5, n_jobs=-1, verbose=-1, random_state=43)
random_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
best_params = random_search.best_params_
best_model = random_search.best_estimator_

y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)

accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

print("En iyi hiperparametreler:", best_params)
print("Test seti doğruluğu:", accuracy)

En iyi hiperparametreler: {'criterion': 'gini', 'max_depth': None, 'max_features': None, 'min_samples_leaf': 4, 'min_samples_split': 8, 'splitter': 'random'}
Test seti doğruluğu: 0.8919312169312169

model evaluation(random search)
```

0.89

0.89

37800

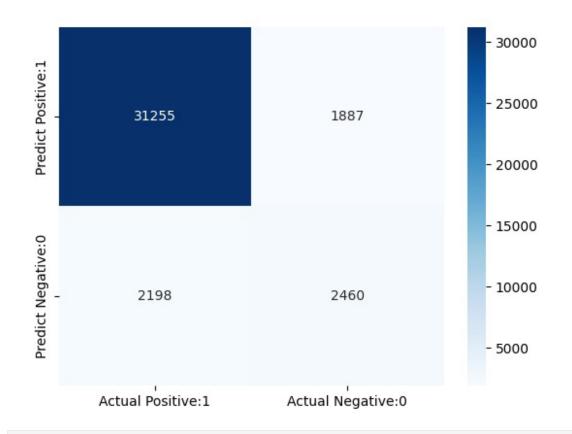
support	f1-score	recall	precision	
22142	0.04	0.04	0.02	0
33142 4658	0.94 0.55	0.94 0.53	0.93 0.57	0
1030	0.55	0.55	0137	-
37800	0.89			accuracy
37800	0.74	0.74	0.75	macro avg

Accuracy: 0.8919312169312169

weighted avg

Classification Error: 0.10806878306878306

0.89



```
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE
smote = SMOTE(random state=42)
X smote, y smote = smote.fit resample(X, y)
X_train_s,X_test_s,y_train_s,y_test_s =
train test split(X smote, y smote, test size=0.15, random state=43)
models s, predicton s = clf.fit(X train <math>s, X test s, Y train s, Y test s)
models s
'tuple' object has no attribute ' name '
Invalid Classifier(s)
 95%| | 21/22 [08:41<00:07, 7.20s/it]
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of positive: 187875, number of negative:
187831
[LightGBM] [Info] Auto-choosing row-wise multi-threading, the overhead
of testing was 0.009272 seconds.
You can set `force_row_wise=true` to remove the overhead.
And if memory is not enough, you can set `force col wise=true`.
[LightGBM] [Info] Total Bins 689
[LightGBM] [Info] Number of data points in the train set: 375706,
```

```
number of used features: 8
[LightGBM] [Info] [binary:BoostFromScore]: pavg=0.500059 ->
initscore=0.000234
[LightGBM] [Info] Start training from score 0.000234
100% | 22/22 [08:45<00:00, 23.87s/it]
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"models_s\",\n \"rows\": 20,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"Model\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"string\",\n
                         \"samples\": [\n
\"num unique values\": 20,\n
\"RandomForestClassifier\",\n
\"PassiveAggressiveClassifier\",\n\\"GaussianNB\"\
       ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
0.49241350185514765,\n\\"max\": 0.9274079213296733,\n
0.4923373484779275,\n\\"max\": 0.9274449534480356,\n
n },\n \"column\": \"F1 Score\",\n \"properties\":
    \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\":
{\n
0.19611182712193376,\n\\"min\": 0.33296471522826127,\n
\"max\": 0.9271834934545967,\n\\"num unique values\": 17,\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Time Taken\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \61.00020897221006,\n \"min\": 0.29375505447387695,\n
\"max\": 263.0761320590973,\n \"num_unique_values\": 20,\n
\"samples\": [\n 91.62440943717957,\n 0.7515401840209961,\n 0.29791831970214844\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\
n }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"models_s"}
```

from sklearn.ensemble import ExtraTreesClassifier

rf = ExtraTreesClassifier()
model_s = rf.fit(X_train_s,y_train_s)
y_pred_s = model_s.predict(X_test_s)

model_evaluation(model_s)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	1.00 0.60	0.91 0.99	0.95 0.75	33142 4658
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.80 0.95	0.95 0.92	0.92 0.85 0.93	37800 37800 37800

Accuracy: 0.9182275132275133

Classification Error : 0.08177248677248677

