# Addressable Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter CMOS

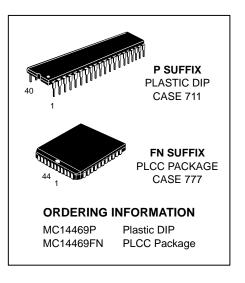
The MC14469 receives one or two 11-bit words in a serial data stream. One of the incoming words contains the address and when the address matches, the MC14469 then transmits information in two 11-bit word data streams. Each of the transmitted words contains eight data bits, an even parity bit, and start and stop bits.

The received word contains seven address bits with the address of the MC14469 set on seven pins. Therefore, 2<sup>7</sup> or 128 units can be interconnected in simplex or full–duplex data transmission. In addition to the address received, seven command bits may be received for general–purpose data or control use.

The MC14469 finds application in transmitting data from remote analog–to–digital converters, remote MPUs, or remote digital transducers to the master computer or MPU.

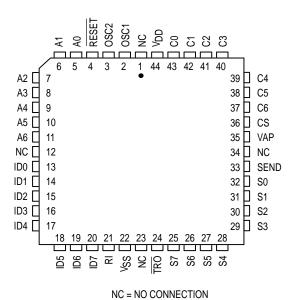
- Supply Voltage Range: 4.5 V to 18 V
- Low Quiescent Current: 75 μA Maximum @ 5 V, 25°C
- Guaranteed Data Rates to 4800 Baud @ 5 V, to 9600 Baud @ 12 V
- Receive Serial to Parallel Transmit — Parallel to Parallel
- Transmit and Receive Simultaneously in Full Duplex
- Crystal or Resonator Operation for On–Chip Oscillator
- See Application Note AN806A
- Chip Complexity: 1200 FETs or 300 Equivalent Gates

# MC14469



# **PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

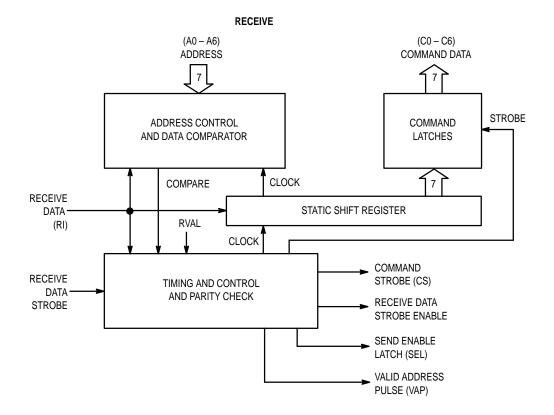
P SUFFIX							
OSC1	þ	1•	40	]	$V_{DD}$		
OSC2		2	39	]	C0		
RESET		3	38	]	C1		
A0		4	37	]	C2		
A1		5	36	]	C3		
A2		6	35	]	C4		
A3		7	34	]	C5		
A4		8	33	]	C6		
A5	q	9	32		CS		
A6	q	10	31		VAP		
ID0	q	11	30		SEND		
ID1	q	12	29		S0		
ID2	þ	13	28		S1		
ID3	þ	14	27		S2		
ID4	q	15	26		S3		
ID5	þ	16	25		S4		
ID6	þ	17	24		S5		
ID7	d	18	23		S6		
RI	D	19	22		S7		
$V_{SS}$		20	21		TRO		



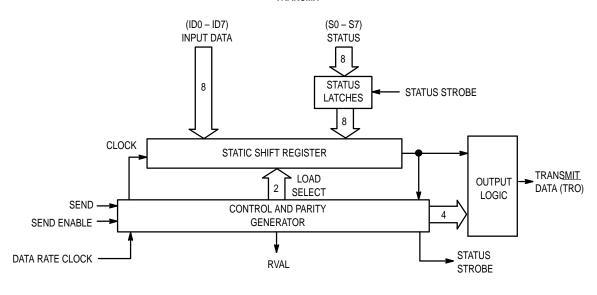
**FN SUFFIX** 

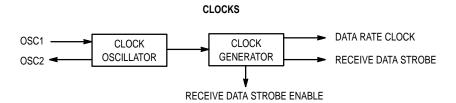


# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **TRANSMIT**





# MAXIMUM RATINGS (Voltages referenced to VSS)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	- 0.5 to + 18	V
Input Voltage, All Inputs	V <sub>in</sub>	- 0.5 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
DC Current Drain per Pin	I	10	mA
Operating Temperature Range	TA	- 40 to + 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	- 65 to + 150	°C

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation it is recommended that  $V_{in}$  and  $V_{out}$  be constrained to the range  $V_{\mbox{SS}} \leq (V_{in}$  or  $V_{\mbox{out}}) \leq V_{\mbox{DD}}$ .

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either V<sub>SS</sub> or V<sub>DD</sub>).

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Voltages referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>)

				− 40°C		25°C		85°C		
Characteristic		Symbol	$V_{DD}$	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Output Voltage V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> or 0	"0" Level	VOL	5.0 10 15	_ _ _	0.05 0.05 0.05	_ _ _	0.05 0.05 0.05	_ _ _	0.05 0.05 0.05	V
$V_{in} = 0$ or $V_{DD}$	"1" Level	VOH	5.0 10 15	4.95 9.95 14.95		4.95 9.95 14.95	_ _ _	4.95 9.95 14.95	_ _ _	V
Input Voltage (Except OSC1)  VO = 4.5 or 0.5 V  VO = 9.0 or 1.0 V  VO = 13.5 or 1.5 V	"0" Level	V <sub>I</sub> L	5.0 10 15		1.5 3.0 4.0		1.5 3.0 4.0		1.5 3.0 4.0	V
V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 or 4.5 V V <sub>O</sub> = 1.0 or 9.0 V V <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 or 13.5 V	"1" Level	VIH	5.0 10 15	3.5 7.0 11	_ _ _	3.5 7.0 11	_ _ _	3.5 7.0 11	_ _ _	V
Output Drive Current (Except OSC2)  VOH = 2.5 V  VOH = 4.6 V  VOH = 9.5 V  VOH = 13.5 V	Source	lон	5.0 5.0 10 15	- 1.0 - 0.2 - 0.5 - 1.4	_ _ _ _	- 0.8 - 0.16 - 0.4 - 1.2	_ _ _ _	- 0.6 - 0.12 - 0.3 - 1.0	_ _ _ _	mA
V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 V V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5 V	Sink	lOL	5.0 10 15	0.52 1.3 3.6	_ _ _	0.44 1.1 3.0	_ _ _	0.36 0.9 2.4	_ _ _	mA
Output Drive Current (OSC2 Only)  VOH = 2.5 V  VOH = 4.6 V  VOH = 9.5 V  VOH = 13.5 V	Source	ЮН	5.0 5.0 10 15	- 0.19 - 0.04 - 0.09 - 0.29	  -  -	- 0.16 - 0.035 - 0.08 - 0.27		- 0.13 - 0.03 - 0.06 - 0.2	1111	mA
V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.4 V V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5 V V <sub>OL</sub> = 1.5 V	Sink	lOL	5.0 10 15	0.1 0.17 0.5	_ _ _	0.085 0.14 0.42	_ _ _	0.07 0.1 0.3	_ _ _	mA
OSC Frequency*		fosc	4.5 12	0 0	400 800	0 0	365 730	0 0	310 620	kHz
Input Current		l <sub>in</sub>	15	_	± 0.3	_	± 0.3	_	± 1.0	μА
Pull-Up Current (A0 - A6, ID0 - ID7)		l <sub>UP</sub>	15	12	120	10	100	8.0	85	μΑ
Input Capacitance (V <sub>in</sub> = 0)		C <sub>in</sub>	_	_	_	_	7.5	_	_	pF
Quiescent Current (Per Package)		I <sub>DD</sub>	5.0 10 15	_ _ _	75 150 300	_ _ _	75 150 300	_ _ _	565 1125 2250	μА
Supply Voltage		$V_{DD}$	_	+ 4.5	+ 18	+ 4.5	+ 18	+ 4.5	+ 18	V

<sup>\* 310</sup> kHz at 85°C guarantees 4800 baud; 620 kHz at 85°C guarantees 9600 baud.

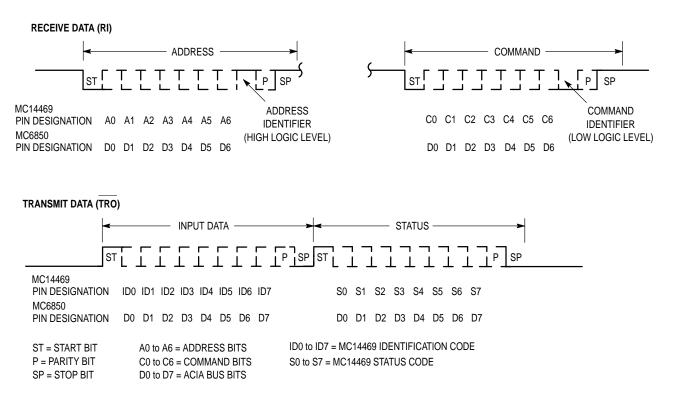


Figure 1. Data Format and Corresponding Data Position and Pins for MC14469 and MC6850

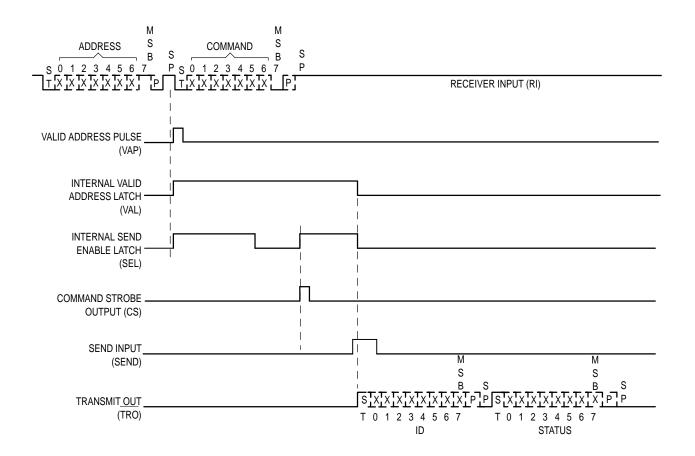


Figure 2. Typical Receive/Send Cycle

#### PIN DESCRIPTIONS

#### A0 - A6

#### **Address Inputs**

These inputs are the address setting pins which contain the address match for the received signal. Pins A0 – A6 have on–chip pull–up resistors.

#### C0 - C6

#### **Command Word**

These pins are the readout of the general-purpose command word which is the second word of the received signal.

#### CS

#### **Command Strobe**

This is the output for the command strobe signifying a valid set of command data (C0 - C6). The pulse width is one oscillator cycle. For example, when a 307.2 kHz ceramic resonator is used, the pulse width is approximately 3  $\mu$ s.

## **ID0 - ID7**

# **Input Data Pins**

These pins contain the input data for the first eight bits of data to be transmitted. Pins ID0 – ID7 have on–chip pull–up resistors.

#### OSC1, OSC2

# **Oscillator Input and Oscillator Output**

These pins are the oscillator input and output (see Figure 3).

## **RESET**

#### Reset

When this pin is pulled low for a minimum of 700 ns, the circuit is reset and ready for operation.

# RI

#### **Receive Input**

This is the receive input pin.

#### S0 - S7

# **Second or Status Input Data**

These pins contain the input data for the second eight bits of data to be transmitted.

#### **SEND**

# Send

This pin accepts the send command after receipt of an address.

#### **TRO**

## **Transmit Register Output Signal**

This pin transmits the outgoing signal. Note that it is inverted from the incoming signal. It must go through one stage of inversion if it is to drive another MC14469.

#### VAP

#### **Valid Address Pulse**

This is the output for the valid address pulse upon receipt of a matched incoming address.

# $V_{DD}$

# **Positive Power Supply**

This pin is the package positive power supply connection. This pin may range from + 4.5 V to + 18 V with respect to  $V_{SS}$ .

# VSS

# **Negative Power Supply**

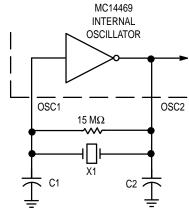
This pin is the negative power supply connection. Normally this pin is system ground.

# **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

The receipt of a start bit on the receive input (RI) line causes the receive clock to start at a frequency equal to that of the oscillator divided by 64. All received data is strobed in at the center of a receive clock period. The start bit is followed by eight data bits. Seven of the bits are compared against states of the address of the particular circuit (A0 -A6). Address is latched 31 clock cycles after the end of the start bit of the incoming address. The eighth bit signifies an address word "1" or a command word "0". Next, a parity bit is received and checked by the internal logic for even parity. Finally a stop bit is received. At the completion of the cycle if the address matches, a valid address pulse (VAP) occurs. Immediately following the address word, a command word is received. It also contains a start bit, eight data bits, even parity bit, and a stop bit. The eight data bits are composed of a seven-bit command, and a "0" which indicates a command word. At the end of the command word a command strobe pulse (CS) occurs.

A positive transition on the send input initiates the transmit sequence. Send must occur within seven bit times of CS. Again the transmitted data is made up of two eleven—bit words, i.e., address and command words. The data portion of the first word is made up from input data inputs (ID0 – ID7), and the data for the second word from second input data (S0 – S7) inputs. The data on inputs ID0 – ID7 is latched one clock before the falling edge of the start bit. The data on inputs S0 – S7 is latched on the rising edge of the start bit. The transmitted signal is the inversion of the received signal, which allows the use of an inverting amplifier to drive the lines. TRO begins either 1/2 or 1–1/2 bit times after send, depending where send occurs.

The oscillator can be crystal controlled or ceramic resonator controlled for required accuracy. OSC1 can be driven from an external oscillator (see Figure 3).



NOTE: For externally generated clock, drive OSC1, float OSC2.

X1 = Ceramic Resonator: 307.2 kHz  $\pm$  1 kHz for 4800 baud rate. C1 and C2 are sized per the ceramic resonator supplier's recommendation.

Ceramic Resonator Suppliers:\*

- 1. Morgan Matroc, Inc., Bedford, OH, 216/232–8600
- 2. Radio Materials Co., Attica, IN, 317/762-2491
- \* Motorola cannot recommend one supplier over another and in no way suggests that this is a complete listing of ceramic resonator suppliers.

Figure 3. Oscillator Circuit

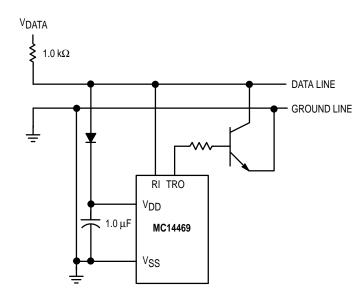


Figure 4. Rectified Power from Data Lines Circuit

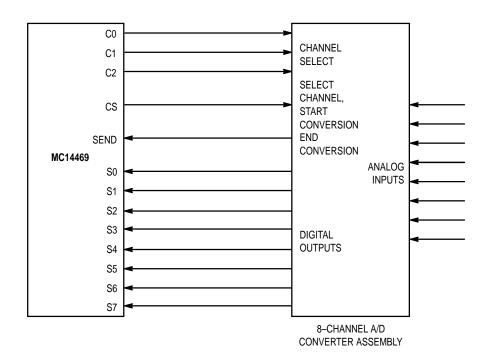


Figure 5. A-D Converter Interface

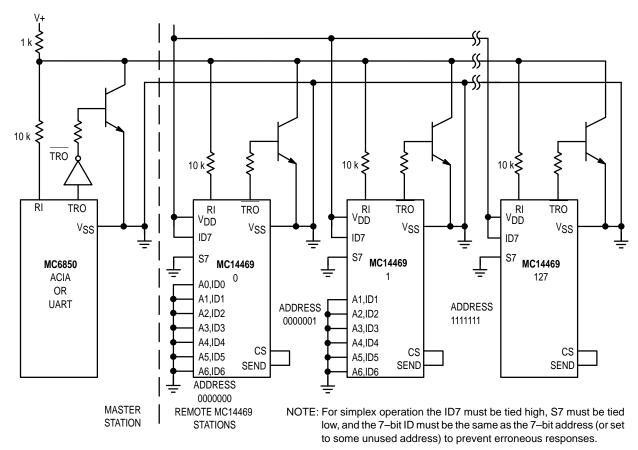


Figure 6. Single Line, Simplex Data Transmission

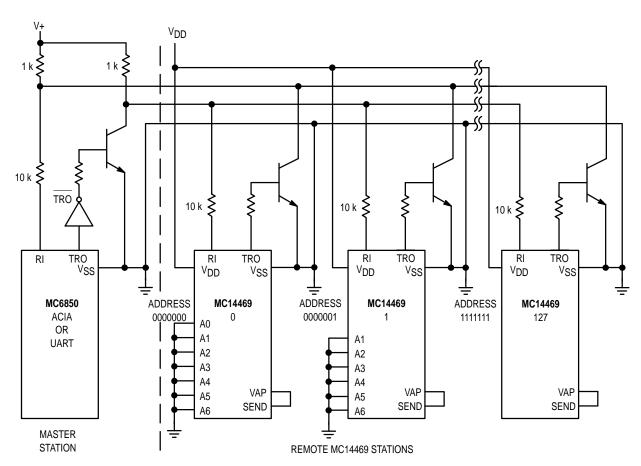


Figure 7. Double Line, Full Duplex Data Transmission

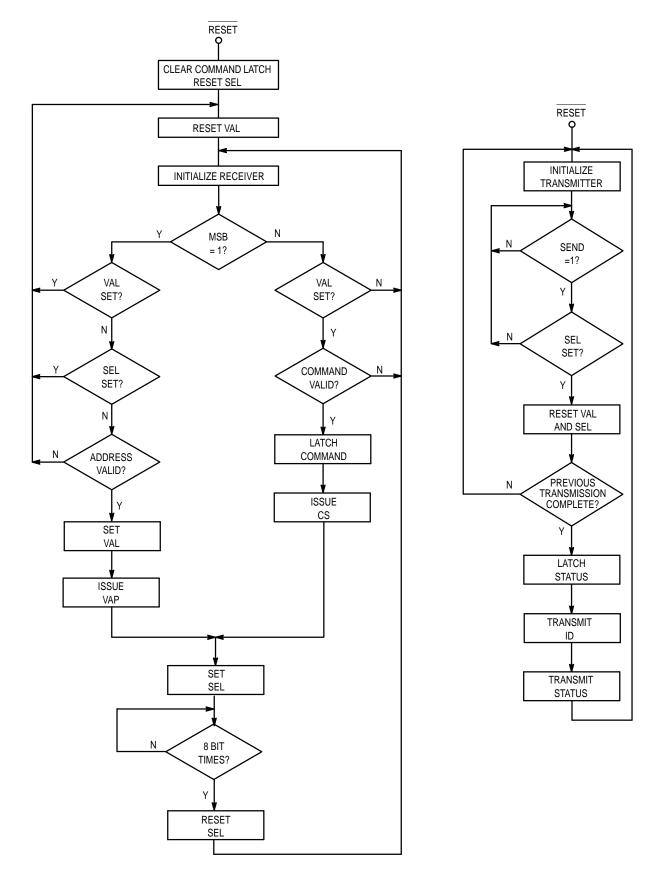
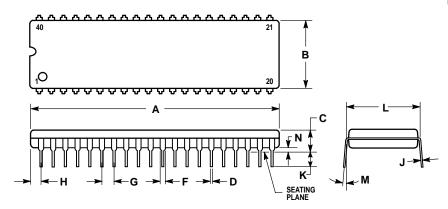


Figure 8. Flow Chart of MC14469 Operation

# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

P SUFFIX **PLASTIC DIP** CASE 711-03



- NOTES:

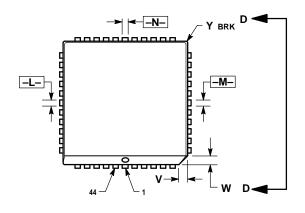
  1. POSITIONAL TOLERANCE OF LEADS (D), SHALL BE WITHIN 0.25 (0.010) AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION, IN RELATION TO SEATING PLANE AND EACH OTHER.

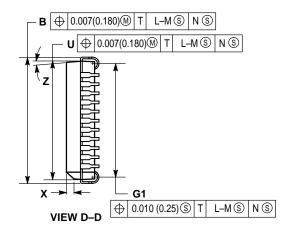
  2. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

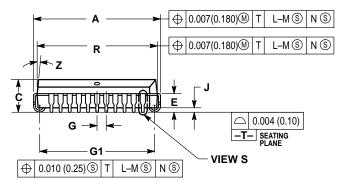
  3. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.

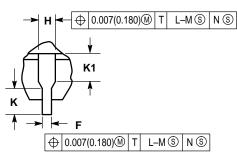
	MILLIN	METERS	INCHES			
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	51.69	52.45	2.035	2.065		
В	13.72	14.22	0.540	0.560		
С	3.94	5.08	0.155	0.200		
D	0.36	0.56	0.014	0.022		
F	1.02	1.52	0.040	0.060		
G	2.54	BSC	0.100 BSC			
Н	1.65	2.16	0.065	0.085		
J	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015		
K	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135		
L	15.24	BSC	0.600 BSC			
M	0 °	15°	0 °	15°		
N	0.51	1.02	0.020	0.040		

# **FN SUFFIX PLCC PACKAGE** CASE 777-02









VIEW S

- NOTES:
  1. DATUMS -L-. -M-. AND -N- ARE DETERMINED
- 1. DATUMS -L-, -M-, ANU -R- ARE DE I ERMINED WHERE TOP OF LEAD SHOULDER EXITS PLASTIC BODY AT MOLD PARTING LINE.
  2. DIMENSION GI, TRUE POSITION TO BE MEASURED AT DATUM -T., SEATING PLANE.
  3. DIMENSIONS R AND U DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, ALLOWABLE MOLD FLASH IS 0.010

- FLASH. ALLOWABLE MOLD FLASH IS 0.010 (0.25) PER SIDE.

  4. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

  5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

  6. THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM BY UP TO 0.012 (0.300). DIMENSIONS R AND U ARE DETER MALES ATTAINED ATTAINED AND THE PACKAGE. (0.300). DIMENSIONS R AND U ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH, TIE BAR BURRS, GATE BURRS AND INTERLEAD FLASH, BUT INCLUDING ANY MISMATCH BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE PLASTIC BODY.

  7. DIMENSION H DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR DEPORTED ISON OF MISSION.
- PROTRUSION OR INTRUSION. THE DAMBAR PROTRUSION(S) SHALL NOT CAUSE THE H DIMENSION TO BE GREATER THAN 0.037 (0.940). THE DAMBAR INTRUSION(S) SHALL NOT CAUSE THE H DIMENSION TO BE SMALLER THAN 0.025 (0.635).

	INC	HES	MILLIMETERS			
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	0.685	0.695	17.40	17.65		
В	0.685	0.695	17.40	17.65		
С	0.165	0.180	4.20	4.57		
Е	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79		
F	0.013	0.019	0.33	0.48		
G	0.050	BSC	1.27 BSC			
Н	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81		
J	0.020		0.51			
K	0.025		0.64			
R	0.650	0.656	16.51	16.66		
U	0.650	0.656	16.51	16.66		
٧	0.042	0.048	1.07	1.21		
W	0.042	0.048	1.07	1.21		
Х	0.042	0.056	1.07	1.42		
Υ		0.020		0.50		
Z	2°	10°	2°	10°		
G1	0.610	0.630	15.50	16.00		
K1	0.040		1.02			

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