

Last name:

First name:

1. Determine the general solution of differential equation  $y'' - 6y' + 9y = 0$ .

4 pt

The auxiliary polynomial  $P(r) = r^2 - 6r + 9$

$$r^2 - 6r + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow (r-3)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow r = 3$$

$$\therefore y_1(x) = C_1 e^{3x}, \quad y_2(x) = C_2 x e^{3x}$$

$\therefore$  The general solution is  $y(x) = C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 x e^{3x}$ .

2. Determine the general solution to the differential equation  $(D-2)(D+3)y = 15e^{-3x}$ .

6 pt

The auxiliary polynomial  $P(r) = (r-2)(r+3)$

$$\therefore y_1(x) = C_1 e^{2x}, \quad y_2(x) = C_2 e^{-3x}$$

$$\therefore y_c(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-3x}$$

$$F(x) = 15e^{-3x}, \quad \text{now, } \Delta(D) = D+3 \text{ annihilate } 15e^{-3x}$$

$$\therefore (D+3)(D-2)(D+3)y = 0$$

$$(r+3)(r-2)(r+3) = 0 \Rightarrow r = 2, r = -3, -3$$

$$\therefore y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-3x} + \Delta_0 x e^{-3x}$$

now, we find  $\Delta_0$ .  $\square$

$$\text{let } y_p(x) = \Delta_0 x e^{-3x} \Rightarrow y_p'(x) = \Delta_0 e^{-3x}(-3x+1)$$

$$y_p''(x) = \Delta_0 e^{-3x}(9x-6)$$

$$\Delta_0 e^{-3x}((9x-6) + (-3x+1) - 6x) = 15e^{-3x}$$

$$-5\Delta_0 e^{-3x} = 15e^{-3x} \Rightarrow \Delta_0 = -3$$

$\therefore$  The general solution  $y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{-3x} - 3x e^{-3x}$ .