



1. Consider the +ve and -ve terms below, numbered 1 to 7 terms.

$+ A $ (term #1)	$- A \cap B $ (term #4)	$+ A \cap B \cap C $ (term #7)
$+ B $ (term #2)	$- A \cap C $ (term #5)	
$+ C $ (term #3)	$- B \cap C $ (term #6)	

In the above Venn Diagram, we have marked all areas that are accounted by $|A \cap B|$ as $-(4)$, where $-$ emphasizes that it is a -ve term and (4) indicates that it corresponds to term #4.

- Fill the diagram by adding similar marks $+(i)$ and $-(j)$ etc. corresponding to the other 6 terms.
 - Show that the number of +ve marks for each part of $A \cup B \cup C$ (and only those parts) exceeds the number of -ve marks by exactly 1.
 - What does this prove?
2. Consider a program P , which given the inputs $b = \#(\text{big fruits in the basket } X)$, $s = \#(\text{sour fruits in } X)$, and $f = \#(\text{all fruits in } X)$. computes $M = \text{maximum number of fruits that could be both big and sour}$, and also computes $m = \text{minimum number of fruits that have to be both big and sour}$,
- How do you know that P is no good if it outputs $M = 8$ for input $(b, s, f) = (6, 7, 14)$?
 - Now suppose the program is modified and it outputs $M = 6$ for the above input but its other output $m = 2$. What can you say about the modified program and why?
 - Give the code for computing M (= at most ...) and m (= at least ...) from inputs b, s , and f .
 - If we just want to compute M , what should be the inputs? What if we just want to compute m ?
3. Let $B = \text{subset of big fruits in the basket } X$, $S = \text{subset of sour fruits in } X$, $b = |B|$, $s = |S|$, and $f = \#(\text{all fruits in } X)$. Then, there are at most $\min(b, s)$ big and sour fruits in X , and at least $\max(0, b + s - f)$ big and sour fruits.
- Let $R = \text{subset of ripe fruits in } X$ and $r = |R|$. Complete the sentence below; use a formula in terms of b, s , etc.
There are at most many fruits that are big, sour, and ripe in X .
 - Suppose $b = 6, s = 7, r = 4$, and $f = 10$. Give a Venn diagram to verify your answer in (a).
 - For the case in (ii), what can you say about at least how many fruits are big, sour, and ripe? Give a Venn Diagram to illustrate your answer.
 - How would that answer change if $f = 9$ and $f = 8$?
 - Find the condition(s) for the answer 0 for the minimum number of fruits that have to be big, sour, and ripe. (Hint: If any of $|B \cap S|$, $|B \cap R|$, and $|S \cap R|$ equal 0, then clearly $|B \cap S \cap R| = 0$; there are still other ways that $|B \cap S \cap R|$ may be 0.)

4. Let S = A set of things, H = subset of things in S that I have, and W = subset of things in S that I want.

The sentence "I have every thing I want (which has the same meaning as "I have what I want") can be expressed in set notation as $H \supseteq W$ (or, equivalently, $H^c \subseteq W^c$ or $W \subseteq H$).

Express each of the following sentences in set notation; avoid complement as much as possible.

I have something(s) that I want.

I have nothing that I want.

I have every thing that I don't want.

I have nothing that I don't want.

I have something(s) that I don't want.

I have something(s) that I want and I have something(s) don't want.

I don't have everything that I want.

I don't have something(s) that I want.

I don't have anything that I want.