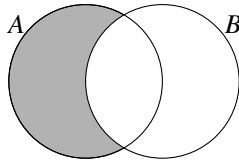
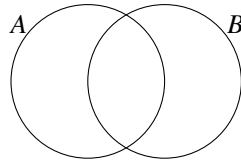


Practice Questions for Jan 17, 2019

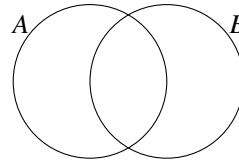
1. In part (i) below, we have shown two sets  $A$  and  $B$ , and the area for the set  $A - B$  is shaded. Shade the areas for the sets indicated in (ii)-(iv).



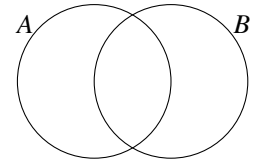
(i) The shaded area is for the set  $A - B$



(ii) Shade the area for the set  $B - A$

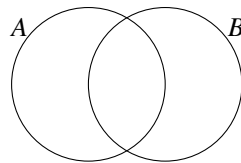


(iii) Shade the area for the set  $A \cup B$



(iv) Shade the area for the set  $A \cap B$

2. Shade the area below for elements (items) that belong to exactly one of the sets  $A$  and  $B$ . The set of such elements is denoted by  $A \Delta B$  and is called the *symmetric difference* of  $A$  and  $B$ .



3. If  $|A| = 10$ ,  $|B| = 8$ , and  $|A \cap B| = 3$ , then show the following:

- (a)  $|A - B| = \dots\dots\dots$
- (b)  $|B - A| = \dots\dots\dots$
- (c)  $|A \Delta B| = \dots\dots\dots$

4. Complete the equations below for arbitrary sets  $A$  and  $B$  in terms of  $|A|$  and  $|B|$  (similar to the ones we did in the class for  $|A \cup B|$ ).

- (a)  $\max |A \cap B| = \dots\dots\dots$
- (b)  $\min |A \cap B| = \dots\dots\dots$
- (c)  $|A \Delta B| = |A| + |B| - \dots\dots\dots$

5. Which of the following are true?

- (a)  $A \Delta B = (A - B) \cup (B - A)$
- (b)  $A = B$  if and only if  $A \Delta B = \emptyset$ .
- (c)  $A - B = A - (A \cap B)$ .
- (d) The sets  $A - B$  and  $B - A$  are disjoint.