Common command (cont)

1) Following command sequence:

- 1. Go to your home directory, and display full path of your current directory.
- 2. Redirect the output of the *ls -l /etc* command to a file called **file.list**.
- 3. Determine the file type of **file.list**, and display the contents of the file.
- 4. Display the contents of the file **file.list** one screen at a time using the **more** command. Exit after displaying two screens.
- 5. Display only the first five lines of the file **file.list** on the screen.
- 6. Display only the last eight lines of the file **file.list** on the screen.
- 7. What command would you most likely use to read the contents of the binary **file** /**bin/cp**?
- 8. Return to your home directory, and list the contents.
- 9. Create directories **dir1 dir2 dir3 dir4** by one command.
- 10. Create the **coffees** in **dir1** and move **file.list** into **coffees**.
- 11. Copy the dir1/coffees/file.list file into the dir4 directory, and call it filencal.list.
- 12. Display a calendar and, append the output to **filencal.list**.
- 13. Create a directory called **vegetables** in **dir3**.
- 14. Move the dir1/coffees/filencal.list file into the dir2/recipes directory.
- 15. In your home directory, create a directory called **practice1/play/addresses** directory by one command only.
- 16. Create an empty file called **chairs** in the **addresses** directory. (use *touch* command)
- 17. Recursively list the contents of the **practice1** directory.
- 18. Using one command, create three directories called **letters**, **memos**, and **misc** in your home directory.
- 19. Using one command, delete the directories called **memos** and **misc** in your home directory.
- 20. Try to delete the directory called **practice1** with the *rmdir*, *rm* (no options) command. What happens?
- 21. Identify the command to delete a directory that is not empty. Delete the directory **practice1** with option(s).

2) Enter these commands at the UNIX prompt, and try to interpret the output. See help if need (as a normal user you cannot do much harm):

- o echo hello world
- o passwd
- o date
- o hostname
- o arch
- o uname -a

- o dmesg | more (you may need to press q to quit)
- o uptime
- o who am i
- o who
- \circ id
- o last
- \circ w
- o top (you may need to press q to quit)
- o echo \$SHELL
- o man ls (you may need to press q to quit)
- o man who (you may need to press q to quit)
- o lost
- o clear
- o cal 2000
- o cal 9 1752 (do you notice anything unusual?)
- history

3) Try the following command sequence:

- o o cd
- o o pwd
- o ols-al
- o ocd.
- o o pwd (where did that get you?)
- o ocd..
- o o pwd
- o ols-al
- o ocd..
- o o pwd
- o ols-al
- o ocd..
- o o pwd (what happens now)
- o o cd /etc
- o o ls -al | more
- o o cat passwd
- o ocd-
- o o pwd