

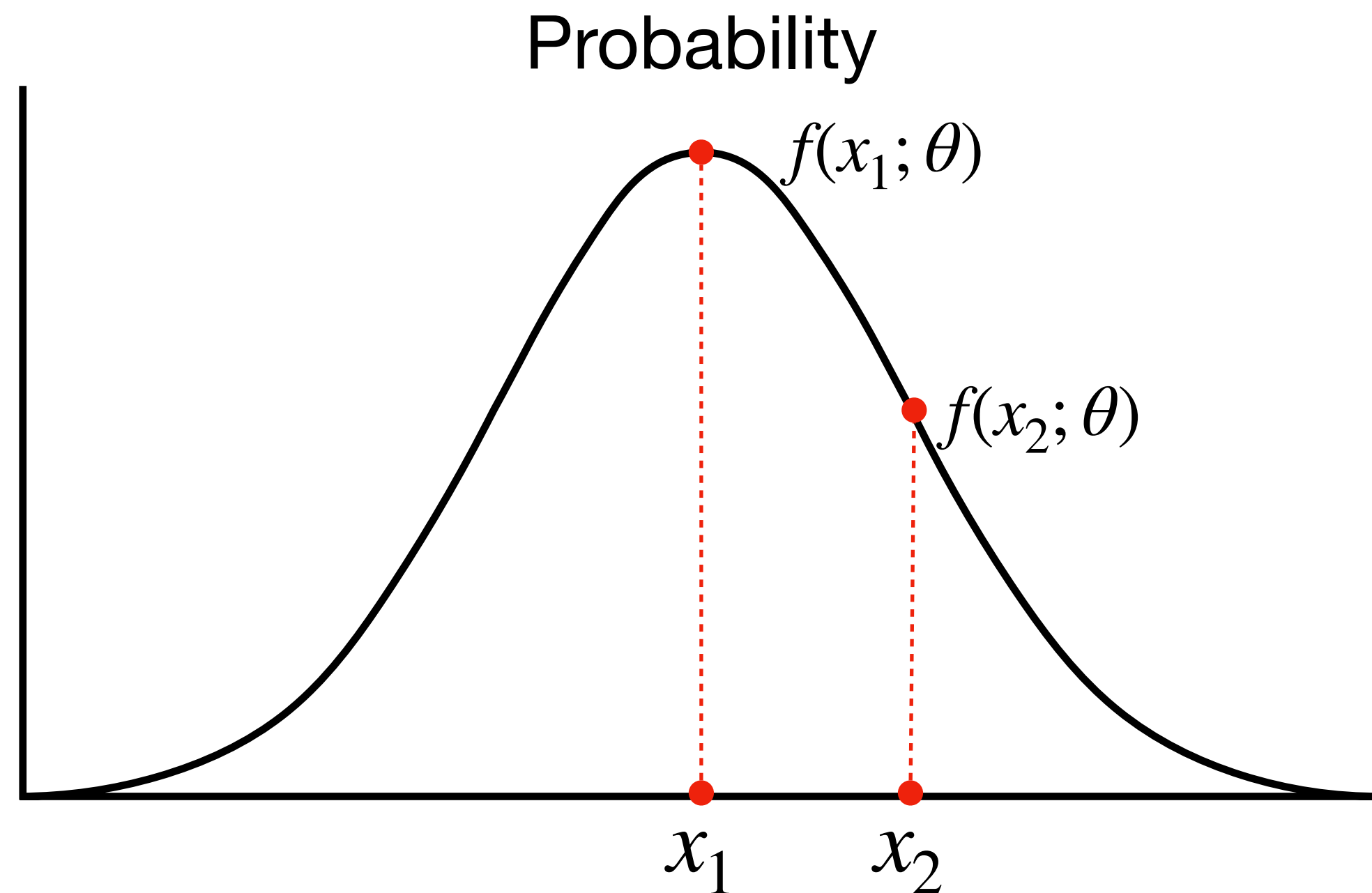
ICT이노베이션스퀘어 AI복합교육 고급 언어과정

자연어처리를 위한 Cross Entropy

현청천

2021.04.19

Entropy (연속확률분포)



$$H(X) = \int_x f(x; \theta) \log \frac{1}{f(x; \theta)} dx$$

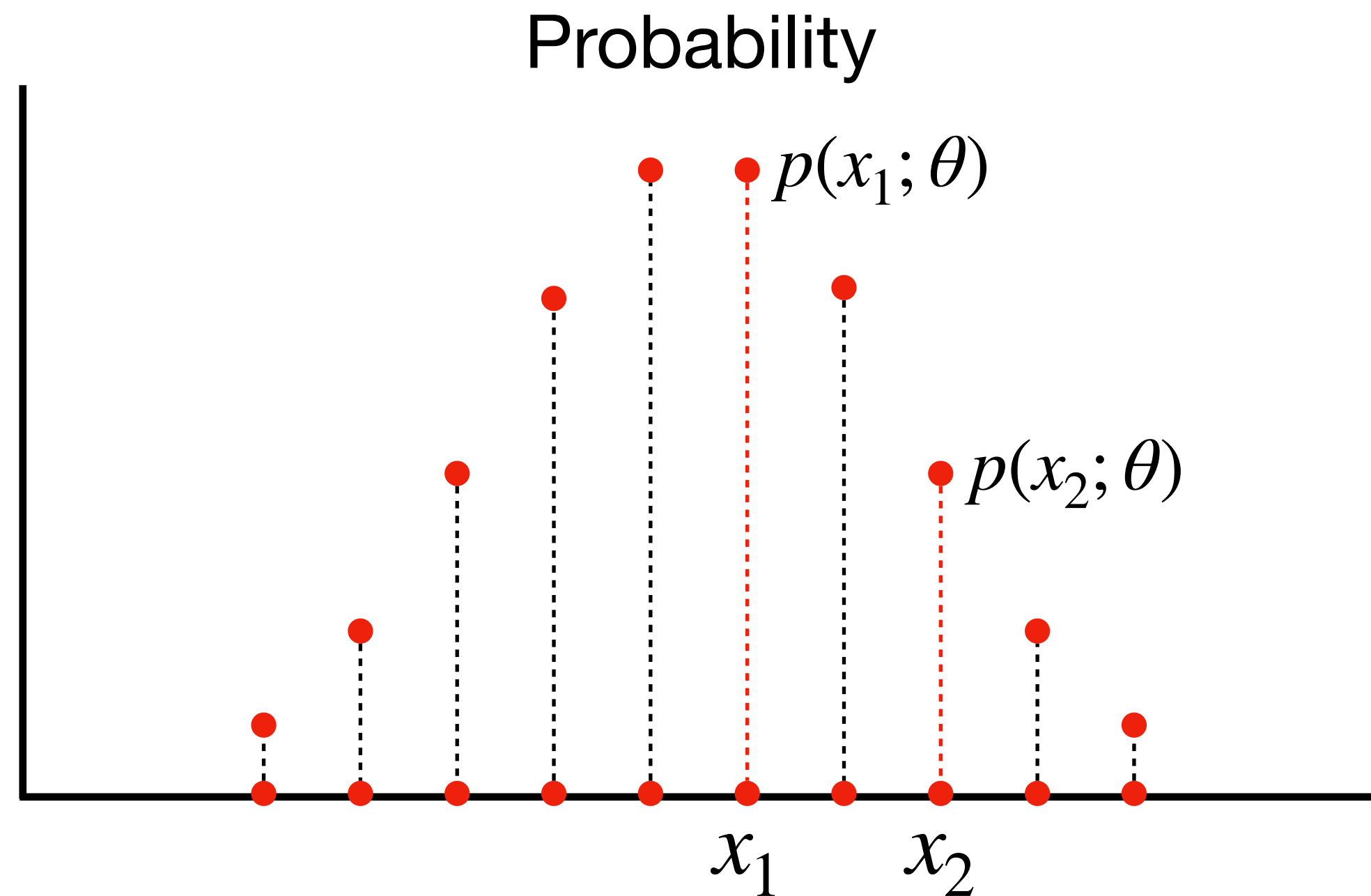
정보량의 기댓값

확률분포에 대한 정보량의 기댓값

Entropy (이산확률분포)

즉시성

ex) $1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \dots$ $6 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 3$ 즉시성의 기댓값
 $\rightarrow 4$ 을 평균



정확성의 기댓값

$$H(X) = \sum_x p(x; \theta) \log \frac{1}{p(x; \theta)}$$

확률분포에 대한 정보량의 기댓값

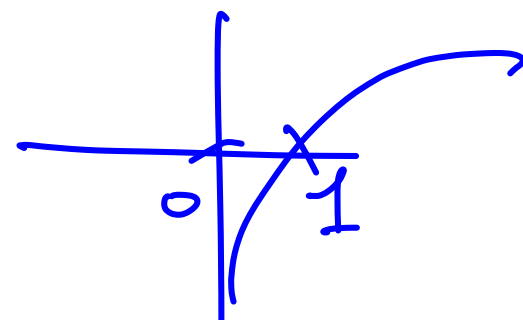
Entropy (정보량)

내일은 해가 동쪽에서 뜬다

$$p = 0.999999999$$

$$I(p) = \log \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.999999999} \simeq 0$$

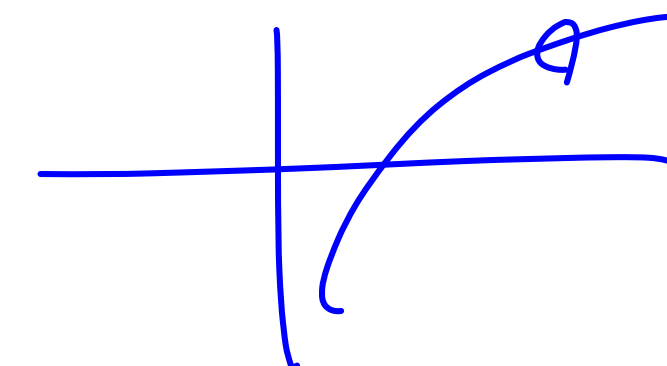
~
뉴스가 안 뜰



내일은 해가 서쪽에서 뜬다

$$q = 0.000000001$$

$$I(q) = \log \frac{1}{q} = \frac{1}{0.000000001} \simeq 18.42068074$$



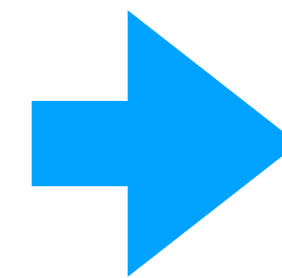
Entropy

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.5} = 1$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.25} = 2$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.125} = 3$$

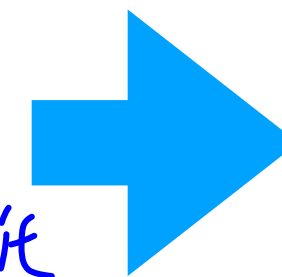
A	25%	0	0
B	25%	0	1
C	25%	1	0
D	25%	1	1



$$0.25 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 = 2$$

$$H(x) = \sum_x p_{\theta}(x) \log_2 \frac{1}{p_{\theta}(x)}$$

A	50%	0		
B	25%	1	0	1 bit
C	12.5%	1	1	0 2 bit
D	12.5%	1	1	1 3 bit

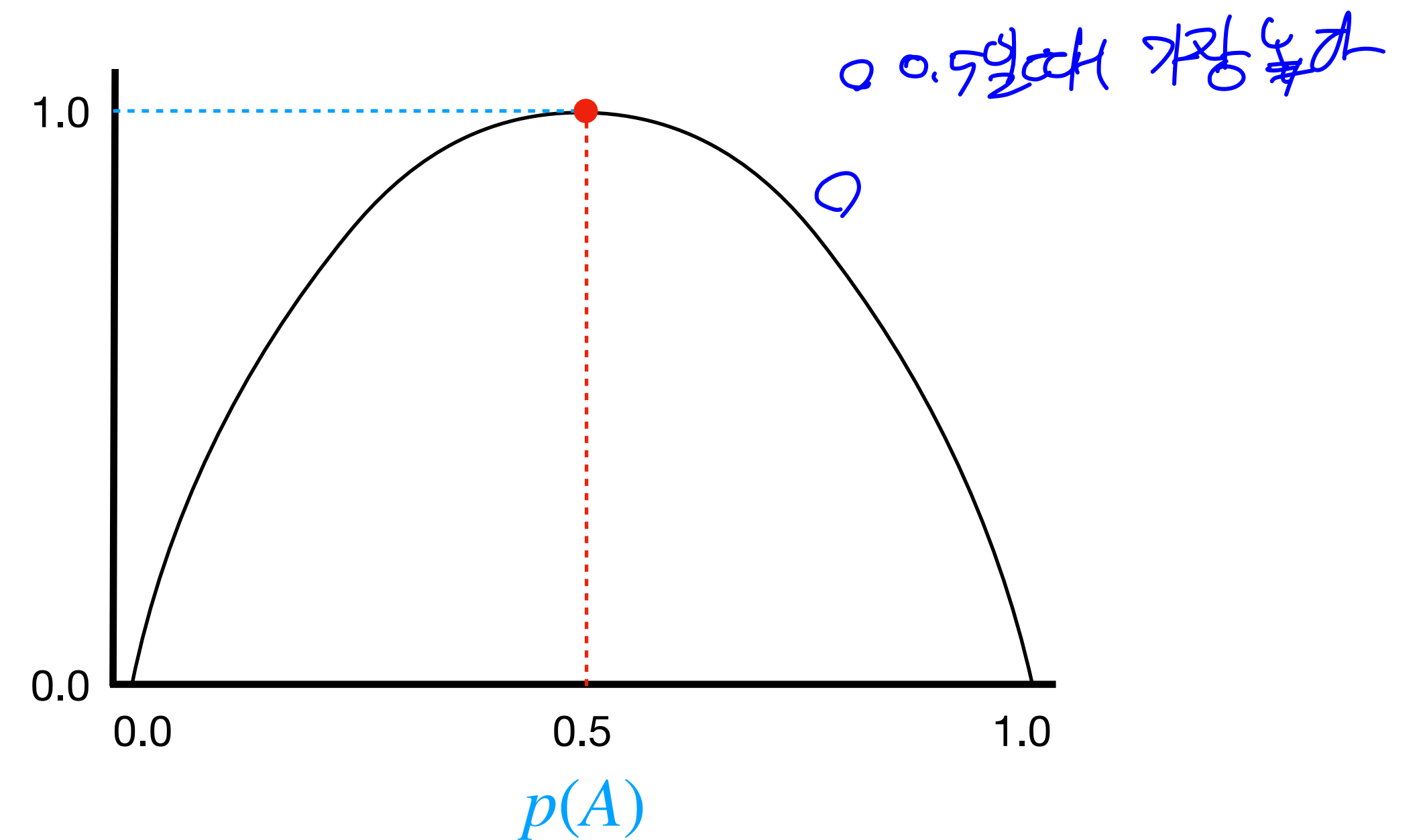


$$0.5 \times 1 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 3 + 0.125 \times 3 = 1.75$$

9 정보-한쪽의 차를 항상 작아진다.

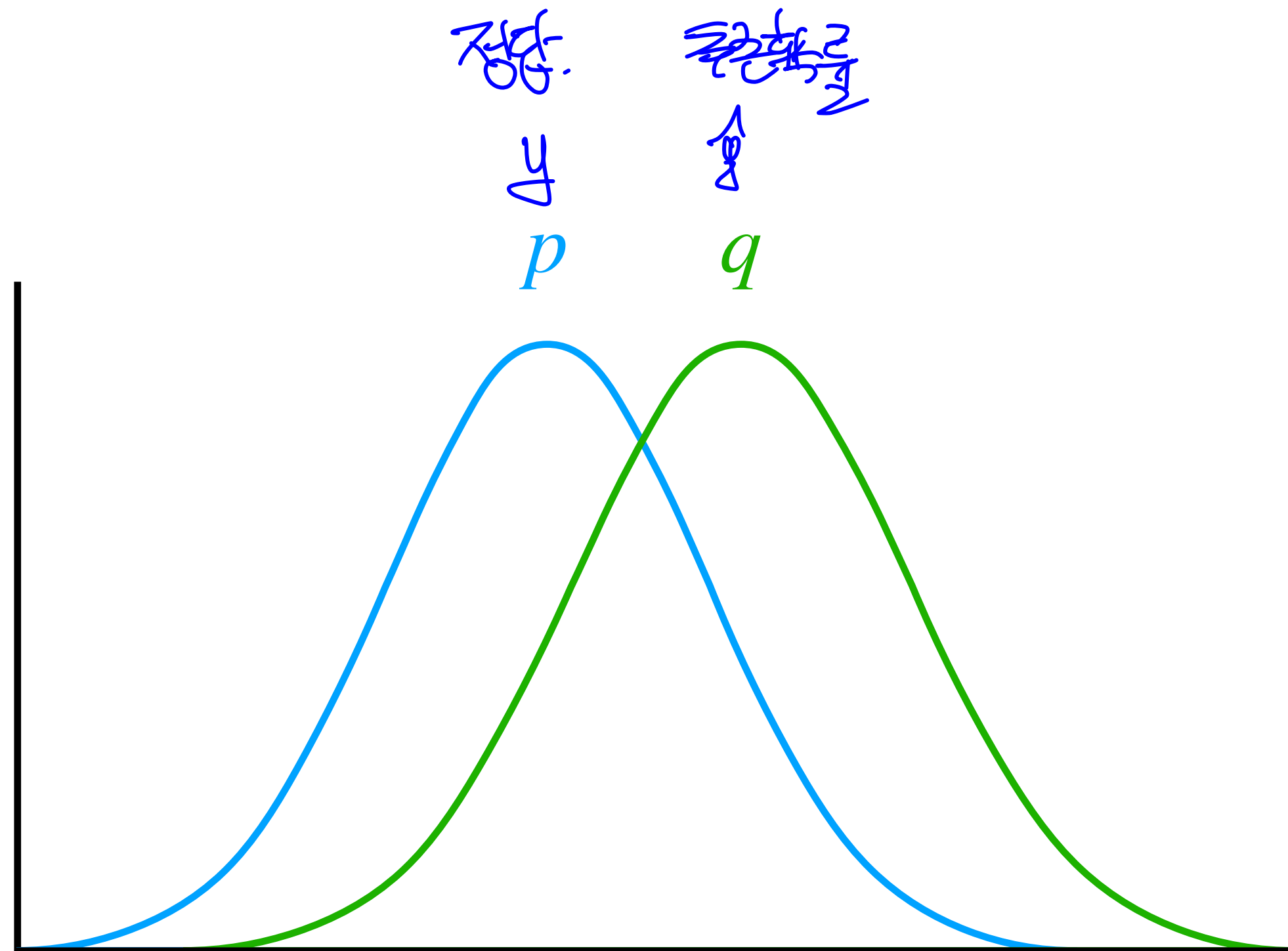
Entropy

A, B 두 글자가 발생하는 경우
A 발생 확률에 따른 Entropy



확률분포의 불확실성이 증가하면 Entropy가 증가

Cross Entropy (연속확률분포)

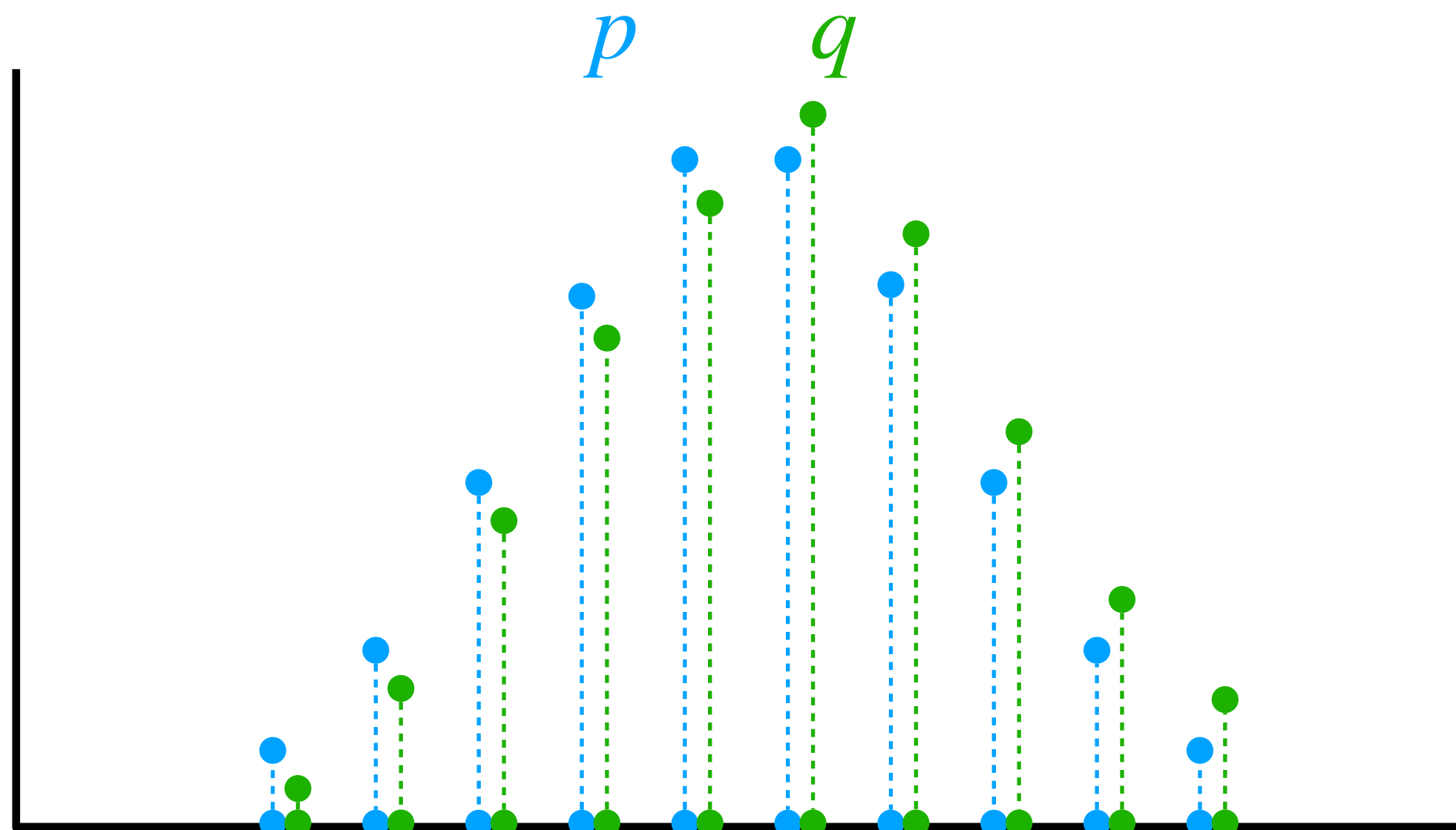


$$= - \int p(x) \cdot \log q(x) dx$$

$$H(p, q) = \int_x \underbrace{p(x)}_{\text{확률}} \log \frac{1}{q(x)} dx$$

확률분포 p 에 대한 확률분포 q 의 정보량의 기댓값

Cross Entropy (이산확률분포)



$$H(p, q) = \sum_x p(x) \log \frac{1}{q(x)}$$

확률분포 p 에 대한 확률분포 q 의 정보량의 기댓값

Cross Entropy

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.5} = 1$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.25} = 2$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.125} = 3$$

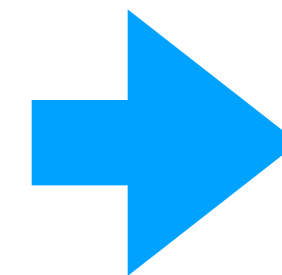
p

A	50%	0
B	25%	1 0
C	12.5%	1 1 0
D	12.5%	1 1 1

q

A	25%	0 0
B	25%	0 1
C	25%	1 0
D	25%	1 1

$$H(p, q) = \sum_x p(x) \log_2 \frac{1}{q(x)}$$



$$0.5 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 2 = 2$$

cross entropy

Cross Entropy

p

A	50%	0
B	25%	1 0
C	12.5%	1 1 0
D	12.5%	1 1 1

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.5} = 1$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.25} = 2$$

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{0.125} = 3$$

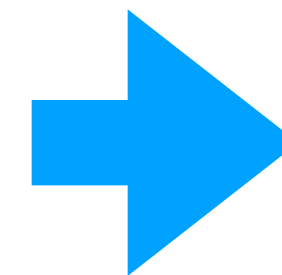
q

A	50%	0
B	25%	1 0
C	12.5%	1 1 0
D	12.5%	1 1 1

$$H(p, q) = \sum_x p(x) \log_2 \frac{1}{q(x)}$$

$$\parallel$$

$$H(p)$$



$$0.5 \times 1 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 3 + 0.125 \times 3 = 1.75$$

○ p와 q가 같을때

○ 정확히 예측할때

Cross Entropy

A, B 두 글자가 발생하는 경우
A 발생 확률에 따른 두 확률분포의
Cross Entropy

$q(A)$

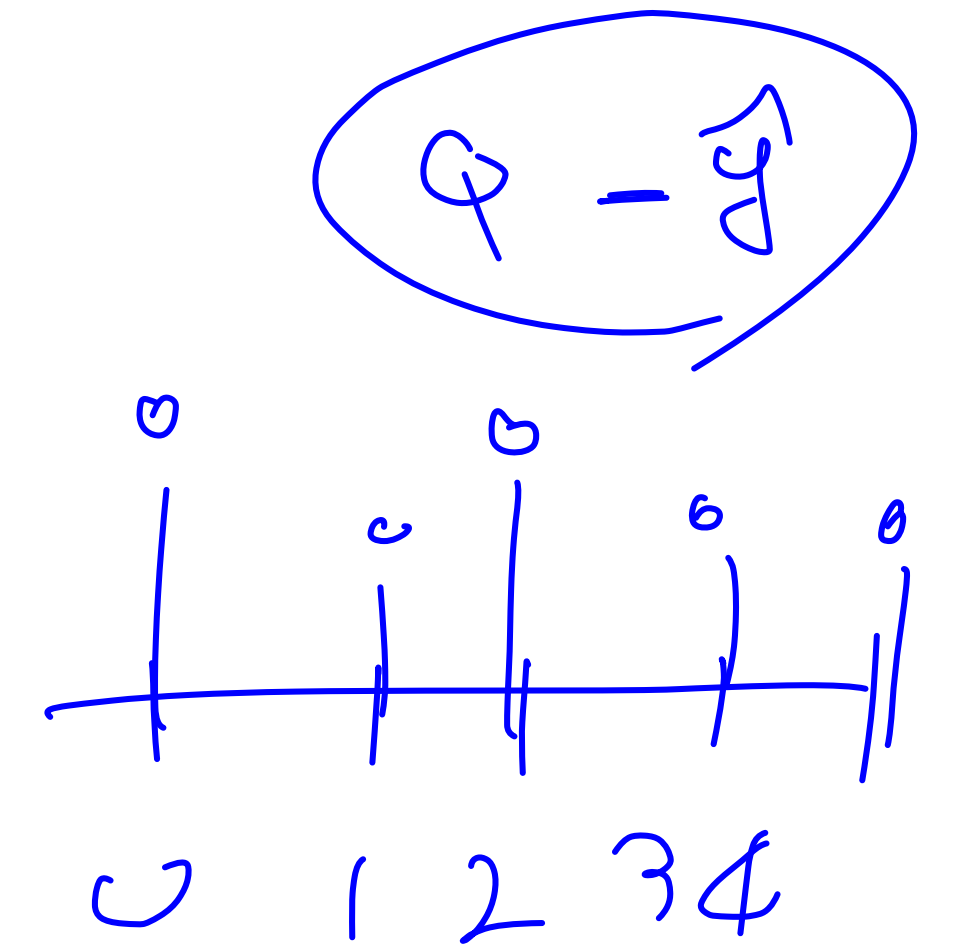
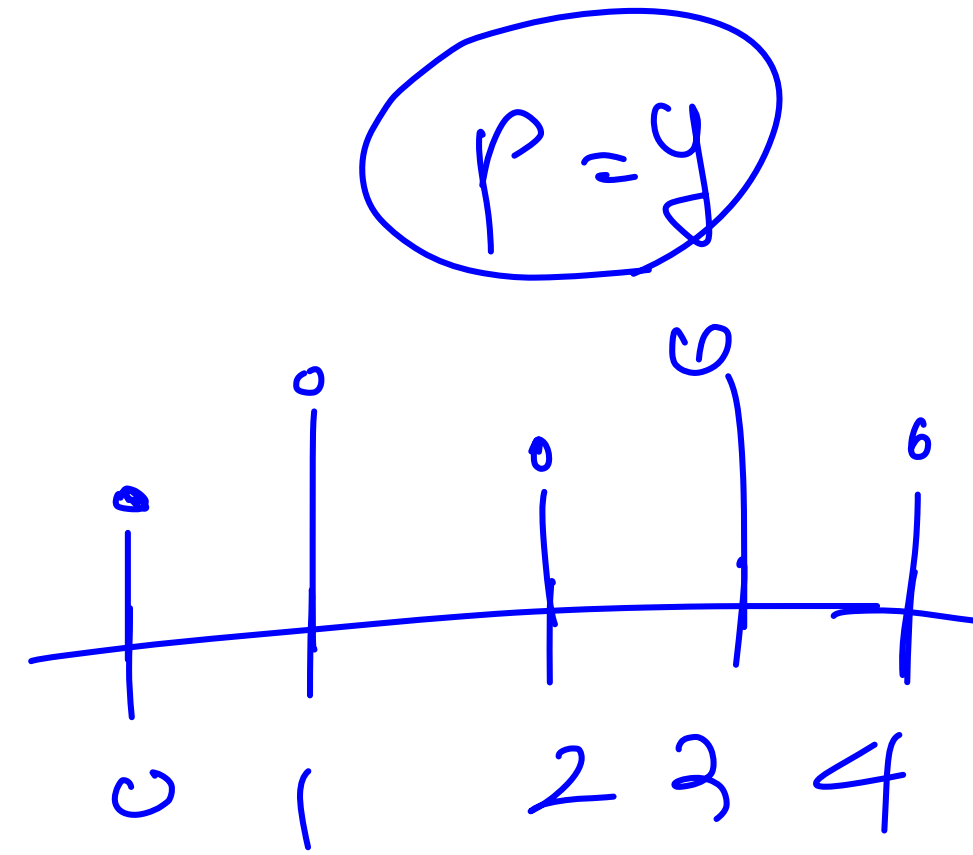
	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
$p(A)$ 0.1	0.33	0.36	0.44	0.55	0.69	0.88	1.12	1.47	2.08
0.2	0.54	0.5	0.53	0.59	0.69	0.84	1.03	1.33	1.86
0.3	0.76	0.64	0.61	0.63	0.69	0.79	0.95	1.19	1.64
0.4	0.98	0.78	0.70	0.67	0.69	0.75	0.87	1.05	1.42
0.5	1.20	0.92	0.78	0.71	0.69	0.71	0.78	0.92	1.20
0.6	1.42	1.05	0.87	0.75	0.69	0.67	0.7	0.78	0.98
0.7	1.64	1.19	0.95	0.79	0.69	0.63	0.61	0.64	0.76
0.8	1.86	1.33	1.03	0.84	0.69	0.59	0.53	0.5	0.54
0.9	2.08	1.47	1.12	0.88	0.69	0.55	0.44	0.36	0.33

0.1일수록 커지는 경향

0.9일수록 Entropy가 작아진다.

0.1

Cross Entropy Loss



Cross Entropy loss

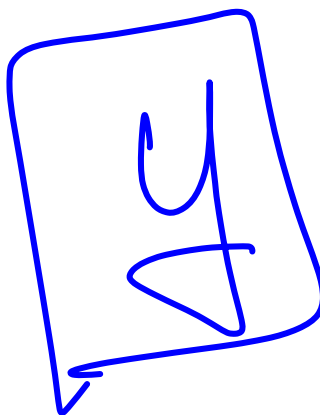
$$CE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=n}^N \sum_{j=1}^C y_{ij} \log \frac{1}{\hat{y}_{ij}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=n}^N \sum_{j=1}^C y_{ij} \log \hat{y}_{ij}$$

Cross Entropy

평균값

정답확률분포와 예측확률분포의 Cross Entropy의 평균

Cross Entropy

y 

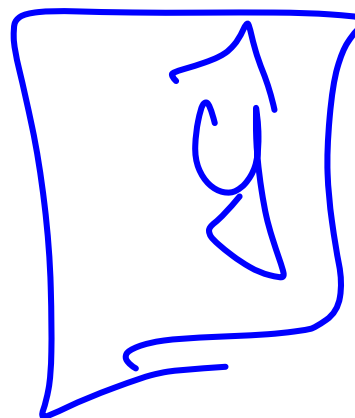
A	4개
B	3개
C	2개
D	1개

	A	B	C	D
1	1	0	0	0
2	1	0	0	0
3	1	0	0	0
4	1	0	0	0
5	0	1	0	0
6	0	1	0	0
7	0	1	0	0
8	0	0	1	0
9	0	0	1	0
10	0	0	0	1

Cross Entropy

\hat{y}

A	25%
B	25%
C	25%
D	25%



	A	B	C	D
1	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
2	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
3	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
4	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
5	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
6	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
7	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
8	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
9	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
10	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25

$$CE = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^C y_{ij} \log \hat{y}_{ij} = 1.3862943611198906$$

Cross Entropy

$$\hat{y}$$

A	40%
B	30%
C	20%
D	10%

	A	B	C	D
1	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
2	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
3	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
4	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
5	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
6	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
7	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
8	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
9	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
10	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10

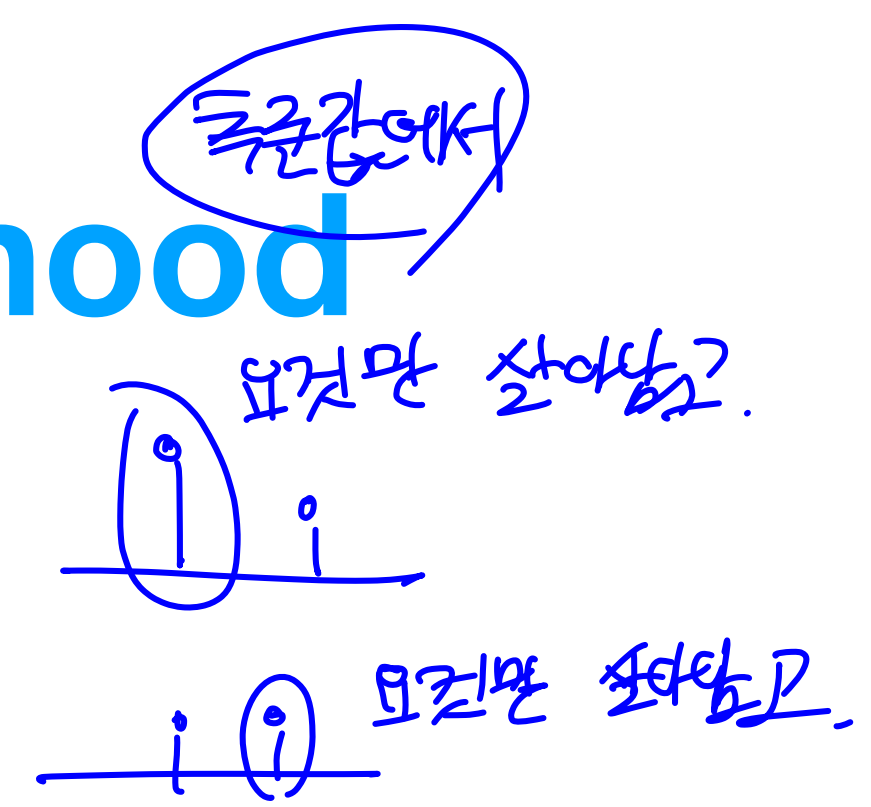
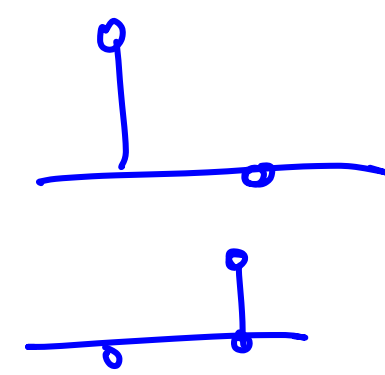
$$CE = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^C y_{ij} \log \hat{y}_{ij} = 1.2798542258336674$$

Cross Entropy Loss vs Negative Log Likelihood

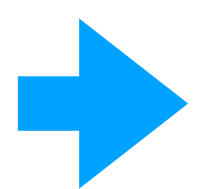
$$CE = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^C y_{ij} \log \hat{y}_{ij}$$

one-hot

0: [1, 0]
1: [0, 1]



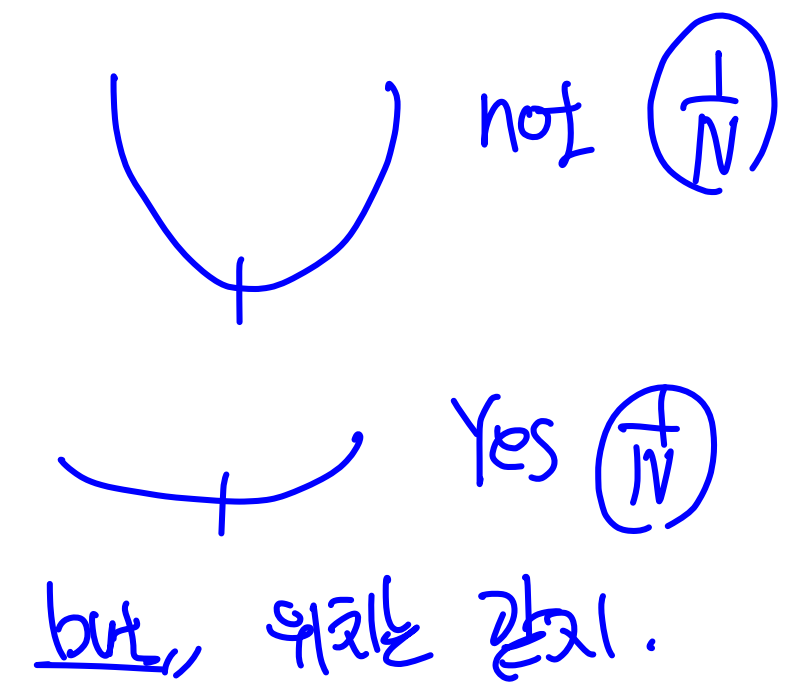
$$CE = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \log \hat{y}_i$$



$$NLL = -\sum_{i=1}^n \log \hat{y}_i$$

Minimize cross entropy loss

Minimize negative log likelihood



Maximize likelihood

Cross Entropy Loss (NMIST)



$$p(y|x; \theta)$$

$$-\sum p(y) \log q(y)$$

\hat{y} 이것만 찾아놓으면

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0.04	0.03	0.02	0.1	0.01	0.7	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04
0.6	0.01	0.2	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.03
0.01	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.75	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.01
0.03	0.65	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.15	0.04

2 labels을 one-hot으로 설정하여
 이 경우에서 log Like; hood 값을 구하면 이것으로 비교하면 됨.

감사합니다.