CS 199 BD Homework 3

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1 Linear Regression

Upon building a linear regression, we noticed that there are a lot of data points which were missing values. In order to build our linear regression, we removed these values.

1.1 R Code - Linear Regression

```
#read the CSV file
crime<-read.csv('communities.data', header=FALSE)
#remove nonpredictive variables
crime < -crime [c(-1, -2, -3, -4, -5)]
crime = crime [sample (nrow (crime)),]
#replace all '?' with NA
crime [crime == '?'] <- NA
#only take the variables w/ all the values
drop_cols <- crime[complete.cases(crime), ]</pre>
#load Data Analysis and Graphics library
library (DAAG)
\#perform\ multivariate\ linear\ regression
\label{eq:condition}  \text{fit} < -\text{lm} (\, \text{V128} \quad \tilde{} \quad \text{V6+} \quad \text{V7+} \quad \text{V8+} \quad \text{V9+} \quad \text{V10+} \quad \text{V11+} \quad \text{V12+} \quad \text{V13+} \quad \text{V14+} 
    V15+ V16+ V17+ V18+ V19+ V20+ V21+ V22+ V23+ V24+ V25+
     V26+ V27+ V28+ V29+ V30+ V32+ V33+ V34+ V35+ V36+ V37
    + V38+ V39+ V40+ V41+ V42+ V43+ V44+ V45+ V46+ V47+
    V48+ V49+ V50+ V51+ V52+ V53+ V54+ V55+ V56+ V57+ V58+
     V59+ V60+ V61+ V62+ V63+ V64+ V65+ V66+ V67+ V68+ V69
    + V70+ V71+ V72+ V73+ V74+ V75+ V76+ V77+ V78+ V79+
    V80+ V81+ V82+ V83+ V84+ V85+ V86+ V87+ V88+ V89+ V90+
```

```
V91+ V92+ V93+ V94+ V95+ V96+ V97+ V98+ V99+ V100+ V101+ V119+ V120+ V121+ V126, data=drop_cols)

#perform k-fold cross validation
cv.lm(df=drop_cols, fit, m=4)
```

1.2 Linear Regression plot

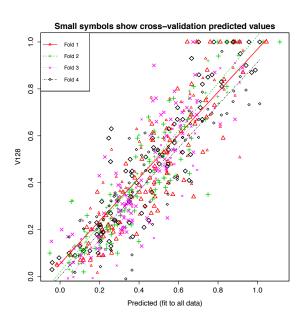


Figure 1: Plot one

1.3 BoxCox Transformation - R code

```
#load in MASS library
library('MASS')
#pick a lambda value based on BoxCox
boxcox(fit, lambda = seq(0, 1, 1/10), plotit=TRUE)
```

1.4 Boxcox plot

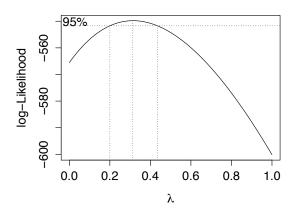


Figure 2: We picked a value of l = 0.3 based on this boxcox graph.

1.5 Applying the BoxCox Transformation

```
crime_lambda1 = drop_cols
#apply the boxcox transformation to the data
for (i in 1:nrow(crime_lambda1)){
  crime_lambda1[i, ncol(crime_lambda1)] = (crime_lambda1[
     i, ncol(crime\_lambda1)]^0.3-1)/0.3
}
#perform multivariate linear regression based on new data
fit2<-lm(V128 ~ V6+ V7+ V8+ V9+ V10+ V11+ V12+ V13+ V14+
   V15+ V16+ V17+ V18+ V19+ V20+ V21+ V22+ V23+ V24+ V25+
    V26+ V27+ V28+ V29+ V30+ V32+ V33+ V34+ V35+ V36+ V37
   + V38+ V39+ V40+ V41+ V42+ V43+ V44+ V45+ V46+ V47+
   V48+ V49+ V50+ V51+ V52+ V53+ V54+ V55+ V56+ V57+ V58+
    V59+ V60+ V61+ V62+ V63+ V64+ V65+ V66+ V67+ V68+ V69
   + V70+ V71+ V72+ V73+ V74+ V75+ V76+ V77+ V78+ V79+
   V80+ V81+ V82+ V83+ V84+ V85+ V86+ V87+ V88+ V89+ V90+
    V91+ V92+ V93+ V94+ V95+ V96+ V97+ V98+ V99+ V100+
   V101+ V119+ V120+ V121+ V126, data=crime_lambda1)
\#perform k-fold cross validation on the new model
cv.lm(df=crime\_lambda1, fit2, m=4)
```

1.6 BoxCox Graph

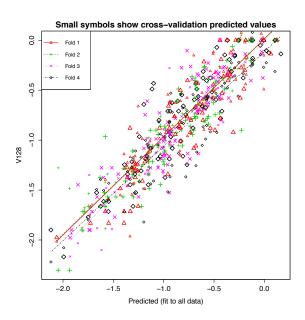


Figure 3: Plot two

2 KNN

```
comm<-read.csv('communities.data', header=FALSE);

#delete the first 5 vars which are not predictive
comm<-comm[c(-1,-2,-3,-4,-5)]

#load FNN library
library('FNN')

#replace all '?' with NA
comm[comm == '?'] <- NA

#then only take the ones w/ all the values
full <- comm[complete.cases(comm),]
lapply(full, as.numeric)

full = subset(full, select=-c(V31, V102, V103, V104, V105
, V106, V107, V108, V109, V111, V110, V112, V113, V114
, V115, V116, V117, V118, V122, V123, V124, V125, V127
))
```

2.1 KNN Graph

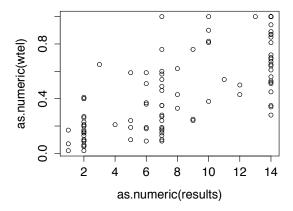


Figure 4: Plot two

3 Impute

```
#load impute library
library(impute)
#impute the data
imputed=impute.knn(as.matrix(comm_full), k=10)

#perform multivariate linear regression
```

#perform k-fold cross validation cv.lm(df=as.data.frame(imputed\$data), fit, m=4)

3.1 Impute plot

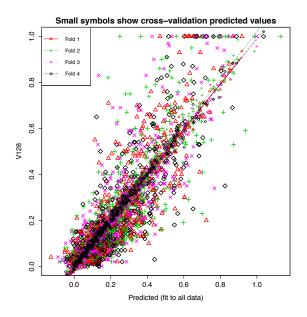


Figure 5: Plot two