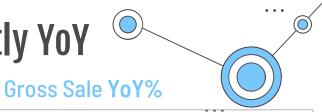


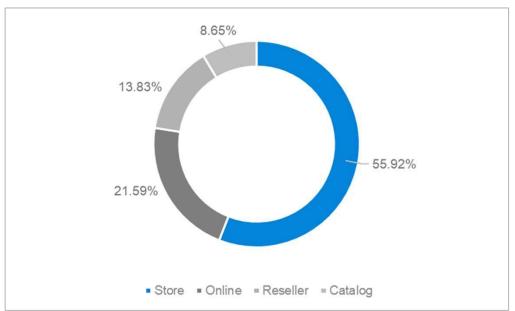
Data Storytelling

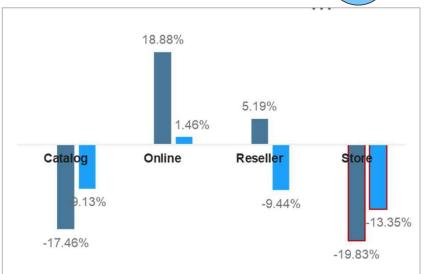
Significant room for improvement Revenue at Store Channel

Key Channel dropped significantly YoY

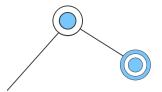


Contribution of Store in Gross Sale 3 Years



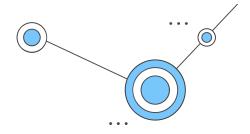


■2008 ■2009



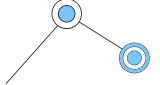
Store is still main Channel of Contoso, contributed $\sim 56\%$ total Gross Sale in last 3 years. Store **dropped significant** -19.83% & -13.35% for 2008 & 2009.





Sale @ Store by SaleKey & AVG Sale Amount

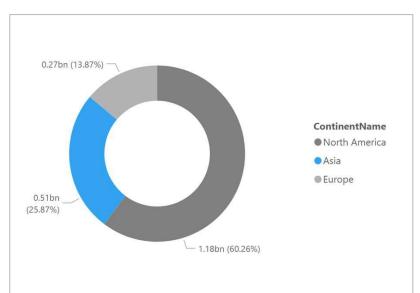




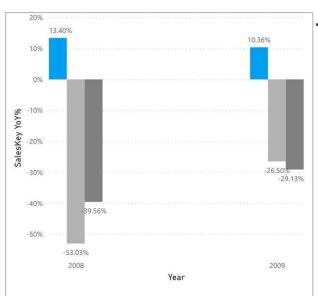
Gross Sale Amount YoY at Store Channel decreased because **SalesKey decreased YoY**, however **AVG Sale Amount by Transaction increased increased YoY**.

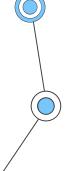
#1: Increase Transactions at Asia, Laptop (NA, Europe)

Sale contribution of Asia in 2009



Transactions YoY% at Asia







Asia Market

Asian market still keeps growing **10% in increasing Transaction** in 2010 that will contribute **an additional \$52 mio.**



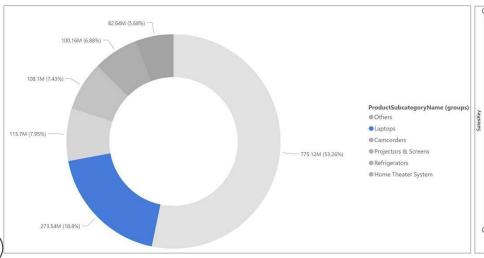
2010

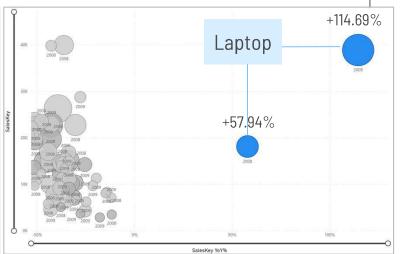
#1: Increase # Transactions at Asia, Laptop (NA, Europe)

Sale Contribution of Laptop in 2009 at NA & Europe

Transactions YoY% at Store by Product Sub (Exclude Asia)









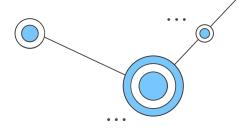
Laptop Product

Laptop contributed ~ 19% of total Revenue in 2009. 2010 Laptop expected growth # Transactions around **200% vs 2009 (NA & Europe)** that will contribute **an additional \$548. mio.**

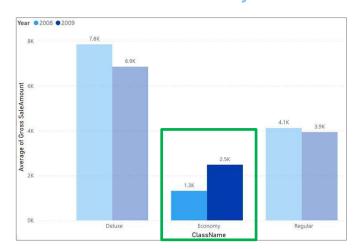


#2: Increase Quantity Economy Product

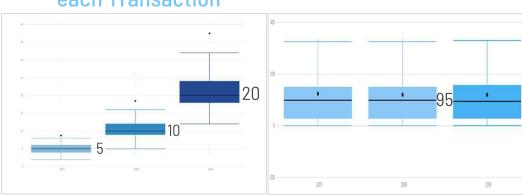
AVG Sale Amount per Transaction = $\frac{\sum (Sale\ Quantity\ *Unit\ Price)}{\sum Sale\ Quantity}$



AVG Sale Amount at Store by Class Name



Sale Quantity for each Transaction Unit Price



Economy Class Name: both <u>total Sale Quantity and Median Sale Quantity per Transaction increasing</u>. During an economic downturn, customers tend to **buy large quantities of low-cost products (Economy)**. Unit Price per Product in Economy almost did not change.



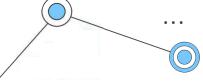
#2: Increase Quantity Economy Product



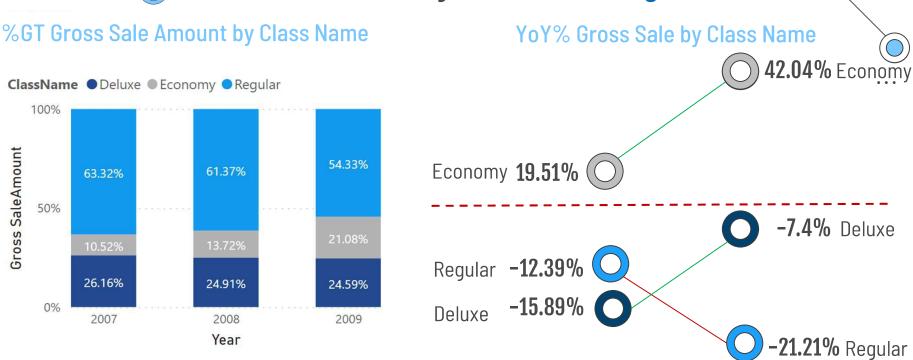


Total Sale Quantity in 2010 of Economy Product expected growth 100% compare to 2009 that will contribute \$200 mio.



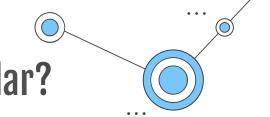


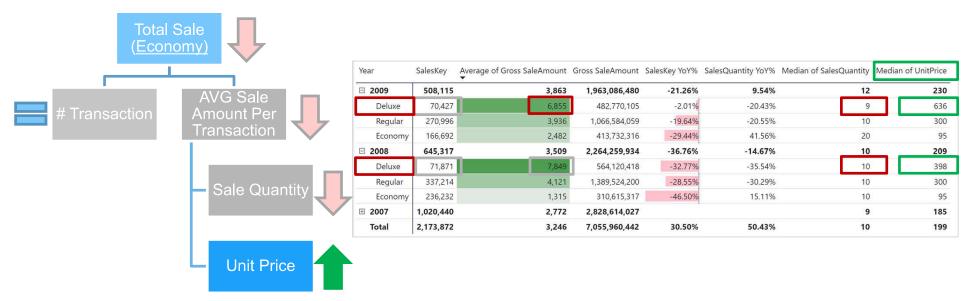
Beside of Economy, Deluxe & Regular?

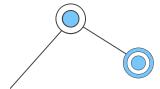


Beside Economy Class, Regular & Deluxe contributed 85% of total Sale Amount. Have any opportunities to improve Revenue in these Class Name?

Beside of Economy, Deluxe & Regular?



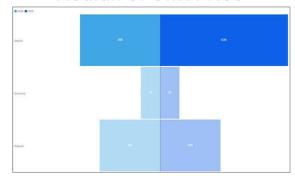




- Revenue in Regular Product dropped because of decreasing of number of Transaction. (Appendix 2)
- Revenue in **Deluxe** dropped however <u>customers tend to buy higher-price for sub-products in Deluxe Class Name</u>.

#3: Focus on High-Price of Deluxe

Median of Unit Price

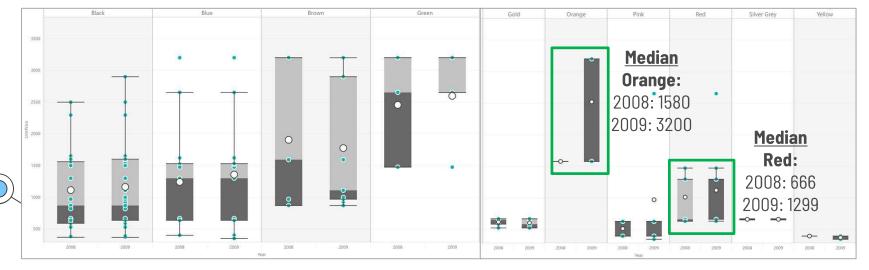




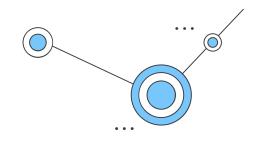
Deluxe Class Name: During an economic downturn, customers tend to increase buy large quantities of high-cost products (Color: Orange & Red).

+100. mio.

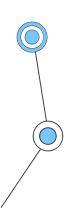
Unit Price breakdown by top Colors

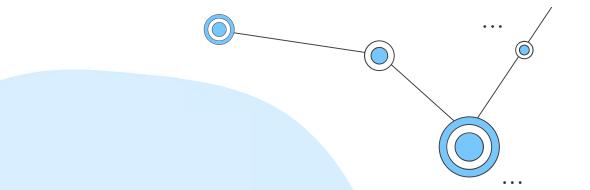


Solutions & Next Steps

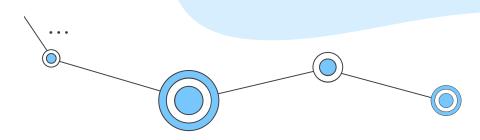


- Increase Number of Transactions: Push marketing at Asia (Asia region is less affected by economic recession so we could strengthen the Asian market) and NA & Europe: Laptop Product still has high transactions due to high demand.
- Increase <u>Quantity</u> Economy: Push Upsell Strategy for Economy at all continents.
- 3. Focus on <u>High-Price</u> of **Deluxe: Research** trending colors in **2010** to push higher-price products.



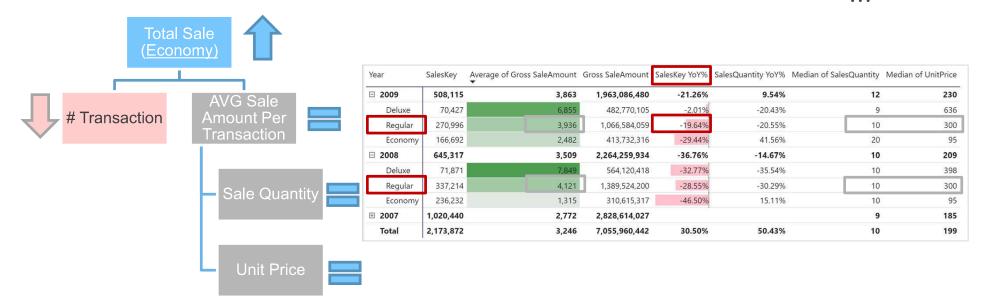


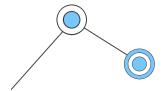
Thank you





Appendix 2: Beside of Economy, Deluxe & Regular?

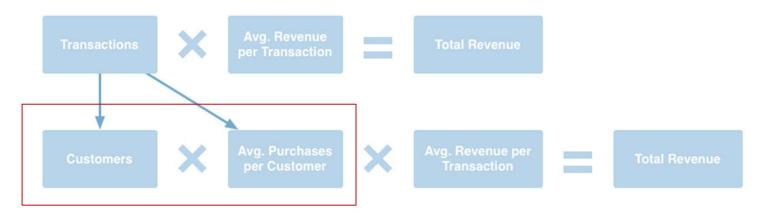




Revenue in Regular Product dropped because of decreasing of number of Transaction.

Appendix 3: Develop Sale Analytics by Customer

Simple Revenue Model



We can **get more customers** by increasing **marketing spend** or by **introducing a feature** where customers can invite their friends for **cash credits**.

