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# IMPORTANT: RUN THIS CELL IN ORDER TO IMPORT YOUR KAGGLE DATA SOURCES,
# THEN FEEL FREE TO DELETE THIS CELL.
# NOTE: THIS NOTEBOOK ENVIRONMENT DIFFERS FROM KAGGLE'S PYTHON
# ENVIRONMENT SO THERE MAY BE MISSING LIBRARIES USED BY YOUR
# NOTEBOOK.
import kagglehub
sugataghosh google word2vec path = kagglehub.dataset download('sugataghosh/google-word2vec')
sanyatargrenkin_cc_en_300_bin_path = kagglehub.dataset_download('sanyatargrenkin/cc-en-300-bin')
print('Data source import complete.')
# This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics libraries installed
# It is defined by the kaggle/python Docker image: https://github.com/kaggle/docker-python
# For example, here's several helpful packages to load
import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
# Input data files are available in the read-only "../input/" directory
# For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Enter) will list all files under the input directory
import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
# You can write up to 20GB to the current directory (/kaggle/working/) that gets preserved as output when you create a version using "Save & Run All"
# You can also write temporary files to /kaggle/temp/, but they won't be saved outside of the current session
#pgm1
!pip install --upgrade gensim scipy
#pgm2
#PCA or TSNE
!pip install --upgrade gensim scipy
from gensim.models.fasttext import load facebook model
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
model_path="/kaggle/input/cc-en-300-bin/cc.en.300.bin"
fasttext model=load facebook model(model path)
print("fasttext model loaded successfully!")
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king=fasttext model.wv["king"]
queen=fasttext model.wv["queen"]
print("king vector: ",king[:5])
print("queen vector: ",queen[:5])
tech_words=['Lawyer','Judge','Court','Fruit','Quantum','Encryption','database','computernetworks','Cybersecurity','Artificialintelligence']
for i in tech words:
    print(i)
word vectors=np.array([fasttext model.wv[word] for word in tech words])
word_vectors[0],word_vectors[1]
pca=PCA(n_components=2)
embeddings_2d=pca.fit_transform(word_vectors)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
plt.scatter(embeddings_2d[:,0],embeddings_2d[:,1],marker='o',color='blue')
for i,word in enumerate(tech_words):
    plt.annotate(word,(embeddings_2d[i,0],embeddings_2d[i,1]),fontsize=12)
plt.title("2D PCA projection of technology word embeddings")
plt.xlabel("PCA Component 1")
plt.ylabel("PCA Component 2")
plt.grid()
plt.show
import gensim
word_vectors = gensim.models.KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format("/kaggle/input/google-word2vec/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin",binary=True)
def find_similar_words(word, top_n=5):
    try:
        similar words = word vectors.most similar(word, topn=top n)
        return similar words
    except KeyError:
        return f"The word '{word}' is not in the vocabulary."
word = "king"
similar words = find similar words(word)
print(f"Top 5 similar words to '{word}':")
for sim word, similarity in similar words:
    print(f"{sim word}: {similarity}")
#pgm3
!pip install gensim nltk
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import sent tokenize, word tokenize
nltk.download('punkt')
medical corpus=[
    "The patient was diagnosed with hypertension after several visits to the clinic.",
    "In clinical trials, new medications are often tested for their efficacy and side effects.",
    "The physician recommended a follow-up appointment to monitor the patient's recovery.",
    "A balanced diet and regular exercise are essential for maintaining cardiovascular health.",
    "The nurse administered the vaccine to the patient as part of the immunization program.",
    "MRI scans are frequently used to assess the condition of the brain and spinal cord.",
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"Chronic conditions, such as diabetes, require ongoing management to prevent complications."
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tokenized corpus=[word tokenize(sentence.lower()) for sentence in medical corpus]
print(tokenized corpus)
print("Training Word2Vec model...")
model=Word2Vec(sentences=tokenized_corpus,vector_size=100,window=5,min_count=1,workers=4,epochs=50)
print("Model Training Complete!")
words=list(model.wv.index to key)
embeddings=np.array([model.wv[word] for word in words])
tsne=TSNE(n_components=2,random_state=42,perplexity=5,n_iter=300)
tsne_result=tsne.fit_transform(embeddings)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
plt.scatter(tsne_result[:,0],tsne_result[:,1],color="blue")
for i,word in enumerate(words):
    plt.text(tsne_result[i,0]+0.02,tsne_result[i,1]+0.02,word,fontsize=12)
plt.title("Word Embeddings Visualization")
plt.xlabel("Dimension 1")
plt.ylabel("Dimension 2")
plt.grid()
plt.show
def find_similar_words(input_word,top_n=5):
    try:
        similar_words=model.wv.most_similar(input_word,topn=top_n)
        print(f"Words similar to '{input word}':")
        for word, similarity in similar_words:
           print(f"{word}({similarity:.2f})")
    except KeyError:
        print(f"'{input_word}'not found in vocabulary.")
find_similar_words("vaccine")
#pgm4
!pip install groq
!pip install gensim
import groq
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
import numpy as np
import os
def load_word_vectors():
    model path="/kaggle/input/google-word2vec/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin"
    model=KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format(model_path,binary=True)
    return model
model=load word vectors()
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# Get the vector for the word "king"
king vector = model['king']
# Display the vector
print(king vector)
from kaggle secrets import UserSecretsClient
def generate response(prompt, model name="llama-3.3-70b-versatile"):
    user_secrets=UserSecretsClient()
    groq_api_key=user_secrets.get_secret("GROQ API KEY")
    if not groq api key:
        raise ValueError("GROQ_API_KEY environment variable is not set.")
    client=groq.Client(api_key=groq_api_key)
    response=client.chat.completions.create(
        model=model_name,
        messages=[{"role":"system","content":"You are a helpul AI assistant."},
                 {"role":"user","content":prompt}]
    )
    return response.choices[0].message.content
original prompt="What is the scope of computer science at present."
response=generate_response(original_prompt)
print(response)
def enrich_prompt(prompt,model,max_enrichments=2):
    words=prompt.split()
    enriched_words=[]
    for word in words:
        similar_words=get_similar_words(word,model,top_n=max_enrichments)
        filtered_similar_words=[w for w in similar_words if w.isalpha()]
        if filtered similar words:
            enriched_words.append(word + "("+",".join(filtered_similar_words)+")")
        else:
            enriched words.append(word)
    return " ".join(enriched words)
enriched prompt=enrich prompt(original prompt, model)
print("original prompt:",original_prompt)
print("enriched prompt:",enriched prompt)
original response=generate response(original prompt)
enriched response=generate response(enriched prompt)
print("\nOriginal Response:\n",original_response)
print("\nEnriched Response:\n",enriched_response)
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine similarity
def analyze_responses(original_response,enriched_response):
    vectorizer=TfidfVectorizer()
    tfidf_matrix=vectorizer.fit_transform([original_response,
                                           enriched_response])
    similarity_score=cosine_similarity(tfidf_matrix[0:1],
                                      tfidf_matrix[1:2])[0][0]
    original_length=len(original_response.split())
    enriched_length=len(enriched_response.split())
    print("\n Response Analysis:")
    print("Similarity score:",round(similarity score,4))
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print("original response word count:",original_length)
    print("enriched response word count:",enriched length)
analyze_responses(original_response,enriched_response)
#pgm5
!pip install gensim scipy nltk
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
import numpy as np
import os
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import wordnet
from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('punkt')
def load_word_vectors():
    model_path='/kaggle/input/google-word2vec/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin'
    model=KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format(model_path,binary=True)
    return model
model=load_word_vectors()
def get_similar_words(word,model,top_n=5):
    try:
        similar_words=model.most_similar(word,topn=top_n)
        return [w[0] for w in similar_words]
    except KeyError:
        return []
def get_synonyms(word):
    try:
        synonyms=set()
        for syn in wordnet.synsets(word):
            for lemma in syn.lemmas():
                synonyms.add(lemma.name())
        return list(synonyms)[:5]
    except LookupError:
        return []
def generate_story(seed_word, model):
    similar_words=get_similar_words(seed_word,model,top_n=3)
    synonyms=get synonyms(seed word)
    word_choices=list(set(similar_words + synonyms))
    while len(word_choices)<5:</pre>
        word choices.append(seed word)
    story_template=(
        f"Once upon a time, in a mystical land, there was an ancient {seed_word}."
        f"Legends spoke of its power hidden within the {word choices[0]}."
        f"One evening, under a {word_choices[1]} sky, a young explorer named Alex set out on a journey."
        f"Guided by an old {word_choices[2]}, they discovered a secret passage leading to a hidden realm."
        f"Inside, they found an inscription written in {word_choices[3]} and uncovered the secret of {word_choices[4]}."
        f"This adventure would change their fate forever, unlocking mysteries long forgotten."
    return " ".join(sent_tokenize(story_template))
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seed word="adventure"
generated story=generate story(seed word,model)
print("Generated Story:")
print(generated_story)
#pgm6
!pip install -q transformers
# Use a pipeline as a high-level helper
from transformers import pipeline
sentiment_pipeline = pipeline("sentiment-analysis", model="distilbert/distilbert-base-uncased-finetuned-sst-2-english")
reviews=[
    "Great sound and super portable! Perfect for outdoor use.",
    "Decent quality, but bass could be better. Connectivity issues at times.",
    "Ideal for travel! Compact, great sound, and water-resistant.",
    "Disappointing. Muffled sound and frequent connection drops.",
    "Good sound and long battery life, but a bit bulky."
results=sentiment pipeline(reviews)
for review, result in zip(reviews, results):
    print(f"Review: {review}\nsentiment: {result['label']} (confidence: {result['score']:.2f})\n")
#pgm7
!pip install transformers
from transformers import pipeline
summarizer=pipeline("summarization", model="facebook/bart-large-cnn")
long text="""
Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think and learn like humans.
It involves technologies such as machine learning, natural language processing, and robotics, allowing computers to perform tasks that would typically require human cognition, such as processing.
AI is rapidly transforming industries, enhancing efficiency, and creating new opportunities, but it also raises important ethical and societal questions regarding privacy, employment, and
summary=summarizer(long_text,max_length=130,min_length=30,do_sample=False)
print(summary[0]['summary_text'])
#pgm8
!pip install langchain langchain-community langchain-cohere
!pip install google-auth google-auth-oauthlib google-auth-httplib2 google-api-python-client
!pip install cohere
import os
from kaggle_secrets import UserSecretsClient
user secrets=UserSecretsClient()
cohere api key=user secrets.get secret("COHERE API KEY")
os.environ["COHERE_API_KEY"]=cohere_api_key
```

import groq

client=groq.Client(api key=groq api key)

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1XIQ40bzxaUytoYeJofRp6KTT5vyp7bEt/view?usp=sharing !pip install gdown !gdown --id 1XIQ40bzxaUytoYeJofRp6KTT5vyp7bEt text content='' with open('/kaggle/working/data.txt','r',encoding='utf-8') as file: text_content=file.read() print(text_content) from langchain_cohere import ChatCohere from langchain cohere.llms import Cohere from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate from langchain_core.documents import Document from langchain.chains.combine documents import(create_stuff_documents_chain, 11m=ChatCohere(cohere_api_key=cohere_api_key, model="command-a-03-2025" print(text content) prompt=ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages([("human", "how is ai useful:\n\n {context}")] chain=create_stuff_documents_chain(llm,prompt) docs=[Document(page_content=text_content) chain.invoke({"context":docs}) #pgm9 !pip install langchain langchain-community langchain-groq !pip install wikipedia pydantic !pip install groq import os from kaggle_secrets import UserSecretsClient user_secrets=UserSecretsClient() groq_api_key=user_secrets.get_secret("GROQ_API_KEY") os.environ["GROQ_API_KEY"]=groq_api_key from pydantic import BaseModel, Field from langchain.chains import LLMChain from langchain.prompts import PromptTemplate from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate from langchain_groq import ChatGroq from typing import Optional import re

!pip install groq

```
class InstitutionInfo(BaseModel):
    name:str=Field(...,description="Name of the institution")
    founder:Optional[str]=Field(None,description="Founder of the institution")
    founded_year:Optional[str]=Field(None,description="Year the institution was founded")
    branches:Optional[str]=Field(None,description="Current branches in the institution")
    employees:Optional[str]=Field(None,description="Number of employees in the institution")
    summary:Optional[str]=Field(None,description="Breif 4-line summary of the institution")
def parse_wikipedia_content(content:str)->InstitutionInfo:
    founder_match=re.search(r'(?i)founder[s]+[:\-\s]+([^\n\r]*)',content)
    founded match=re.search(r'(?i)founded[:\-\s]+(\d{4})',content)
    branches_match=re.search(r'(?i)campus|branches[:\-\s]+([^\n\r]*)',content)
    employees_match=re.search(r'(?i)staff|employees[:\-\s]+([\d,]+)',content)
    summary=" ".join(content.split(".")[:4])+"."
    return InstitutionInfo(
        name="Unknown",
        founder=founder match.group(1)if founder match else "Not Available",
        founded_year=founded_match.group(1)if founded_match else "Not Available",
        branches=branches_match.group(1)if branches_match else "Not Available",
        employees=employees match.group(1)if employees match else "Not Available",
        summary=summary
    )
def fetch institution info(institution name:str)->InstitutionInfo:
    try:
        page_content=wikipedia.page(institution_name).content
        institution_info=parse_wikipedia_content(page_content)
        institution info.name=institution name
        return institution_info
    except wikipedia.exceptions.PageError:
        return InstitutionInfo(name=institution name,summary="No wikipedia page found.")
    except wikipedia.exceptions.DisambigationError as e:
        return InstitutionInfo(name=institution name,summary=f"Multiple results found:{e.options[:5]}")
llm=ChatGroq(model_name="llama-3.3-70b-versatile")
prompt=PromptTemplate(
    input variable=["institution name"],
    template="""
    Extract the following details about {institution name} from wikipedia:
    -Founder
    -Founded Year
    -Current Branches
    -Number of employees
    A brief 4-line summary
chain=LLMChain(llm=llm,prompt=prompt)
institution name="T John Institute of Technology"
response=chain.run(institution_name=institution_name)
print(response)
#pgm10
!pip install langchain langchain-community langchain-groq
```

```
!pip install PyMuPDF faiss-cpu langchain requests
import os
from kaggle secrets import UserSecretsClient
user secrets=UserSecretsClient()
groq_api_key=user_secrets.get_secret("GROQ_API_KEY")
os.environ["GROQ_API_KEY"]=groq_api_key
from langchain.chains import LLMChain
from langchain.prompts import PromptTemplate
from langchain_core.prompts import ChatPromptTemplate
from langchain_groq import ChatGroq
11m=ChatGroq(model name="llama-3.3-70b-versatile",api key=groq api key)
import fitz
def extract_text_from_pdf(pdf_path):
    """Extracts text from a PDF file and returns it as a string."""
    doc=fitz.open(pdf_path)
    text=""
    for page in doc:
        text+=page.get_text("text")+"\n"
    return text
pdf_text=extract_text_from_pdf("/kaggle/input/ipc-document/ipc.pdf")
print("Extracted text from IPC PDF:",len(pdf_text),"characters")
import faiss
import numpy as np
from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter
from sentence transformers import SentenceTransformer
hf_model=SentenceTransformer("sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2")
def create faiss index(text):
    """Chunks IPC text and stores embeddings in FAISS."""
    text_splitter=RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(chunk_size=500,chunk_overlap=50)
    texts=text_splitter.split_text(text)
    embeddings=hf_model.encode(texts)
    d=embeddings.shape[1]
    index=faiss.IndexFlatL2(d)
    index.add(np.array(embeddings))
    return index, texts
ipc_faiss_index,ipc_chunks=create_faiss_index(pdf_text)
print("FAISS Index created with",len(ipc chunks),"chunks.")
def retrieve_ipc_section(query):
    """Find the most relevant IPC section based on user query."""
    query_embedding=hf_model.encode([query])
    distances,indices=ipc_faiss_index.search(np.array(query_embedding),k=1)
    return ipc_chunks[indices[0][0]] if indices[0][0] < len(ipc_chunks)else "No relavant section"
query="What is the punishment for theft under IPC?"
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retrieved_section=retrieve_ipc_section(query)
print("\nRelevant IPC Section:\n",retrieved section)
prompt=PromptTemplate(
    input_variables=["ipc_section","query"],
    template="""
    You are an expert in Indian law, A user asked: "{query}"
    Based on the Indian Penal Code(IPC), the relevant section is:
    (ipc_section)
    Please provide:
    -A simple explanation
    -The Key legal points
    -Possible punishments
    -A real-world example
def query_groq(prompt):
    response=chain.run()
    print(response)
    return response
def ipc_chatbot(query):
    related_section=retrieve_ipc_section(query)
    chain=LLMChain(llm=llm,prompt=prompt)
    response=chain.run(ipc_section=related_section,query=query)
    return response
user_query=input("Enter your legal question:")
chatbot_response=ipc_chatbot(user_query)
print(chatbot_response)
```