

# Assignment12

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## 1 Assignment12

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## 4 <https://github.com/myosoo/Assignment12>

## 5 Import packages

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from numpy.linalg import inv
from numpy import linalg as LA
```

## 6 A set of data $((x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_n, y_n))$ is generated

```
In [2]: num = 1001
std = 5

# x : x-coordinate data
# y1 : (clean) y-coordinate data
# y2 : (noisy) y-coordinate data

def fun(x):
    f = np.abs(x) * np.sin(x)
    return f

n = np.random.rand(num)
nn = n - np.mean(n)
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, num)
y1 = fun(x)
y2 = y1 + nn * std
```

## 7 Define vandemonde matrix :

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_0^0 & x_0^1 & x_0^2 & \cdots & x_0^p \\ x_1^0 & x_1^1 & x_1^2 & \cdots & x_1^p \\ x_2^0 & x_2^1 & x_2^2 & \cdots & x_2^p \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_n^0 & x_n^1 & x_n^2 & \cdots & x_n^p \end{bmatrix}$$

```
In [3]: def Vandermonde_Matrix(x, p):  
        return np.column_stack(x ** (i) for i in range(p + 1))
```

### 7.0.1 Find an optimal set of model parameters that provide the least square approximate solution :

$$\varepsilon(\theta, \lambda) = \|\mathbf{A} \cdot \theta - y\|^2 + \lambda \|\theta\|^2 = \left\| \frac{\mathbf{A}}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \theta - \begin{bmatrix} y \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\|^2 \Rightarrow \|Ax + b\|^2 \text{ form, } \theta = (\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A})^{-1} \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{y}_2$$

```
In [4]: def Training_theta(A, lamb, y2):  
        block_matrix = np.concatenate((A, np.sqrt(lamb) * np.identity(A.shape[1])), axis = 0)  
        b = np.concatenate((np.reshape(y2, (y2.size, 1)), np.zeros((A.shape[1], 1))), axis = 0)  
        return np.linalg.pinv(block_matrix).dot(b)
```

## 8 Define approximation model : $\hat{f}(x_n) = \mathbf{A} \cdot \theta$

```
In [5]: def Approximation_model(A, Theta):  
        return np.matmul(A, Theta)
```

## 9 Define least square error

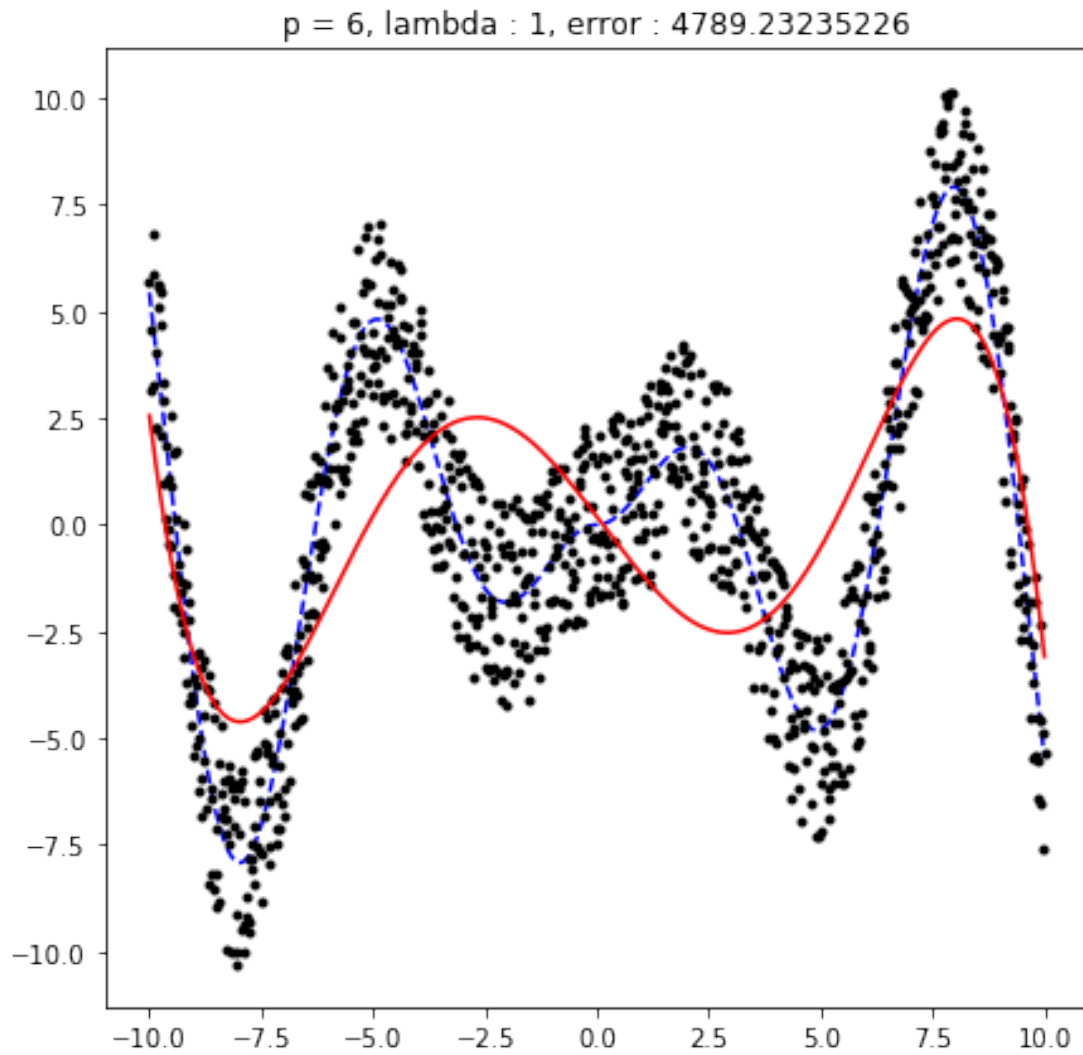
```
In [6]: def Least_square_error(app_model, y2, lamb, Theta):  
        return LA.norm(app_model - y2) + LA.norm(lamb * Theta)
```

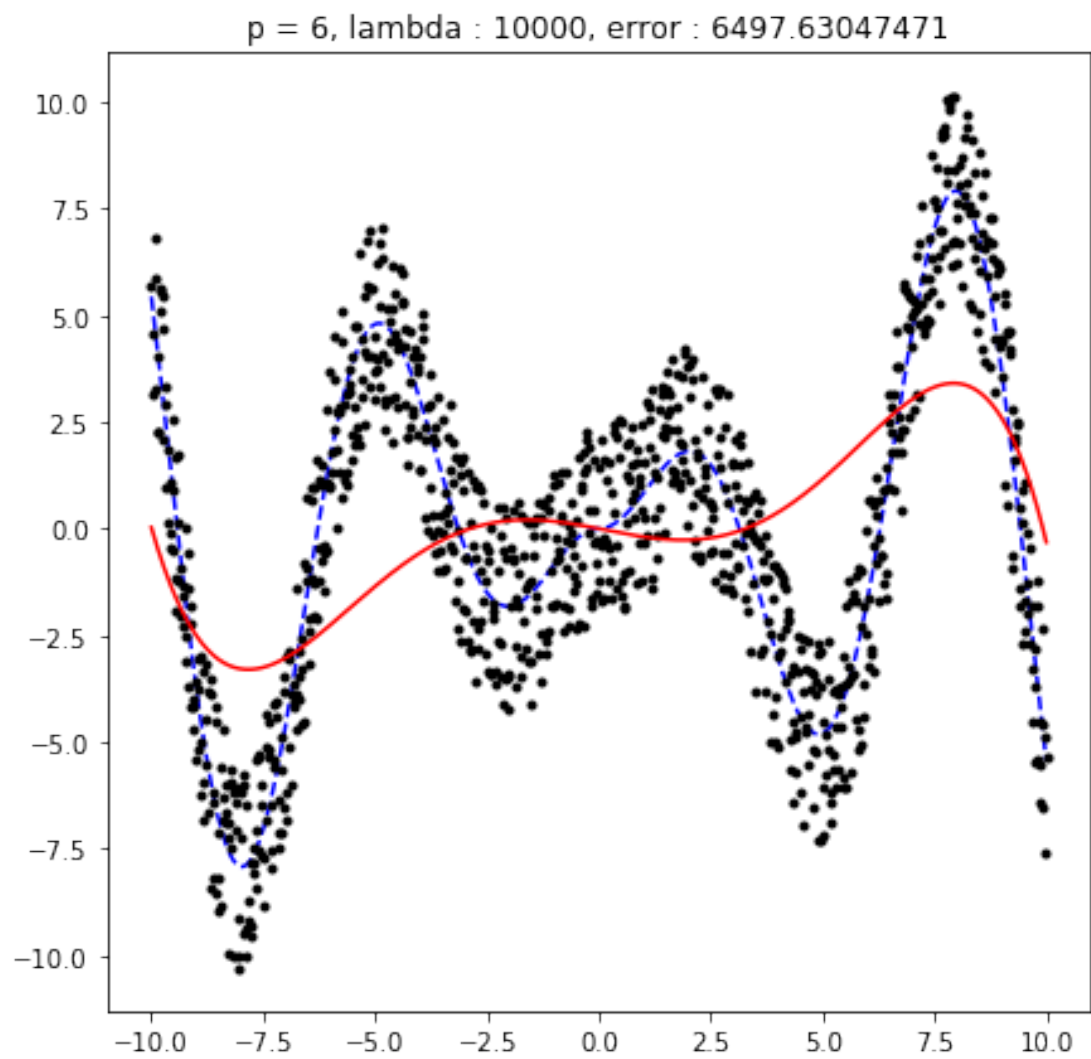
## 10 Plot the polynomial curves that t the noisy data by the least square error with varying $\lambda = 1, 10^4, 10^6$ with fixed each $p = 6, 7, 8, 9, \dots, 15$

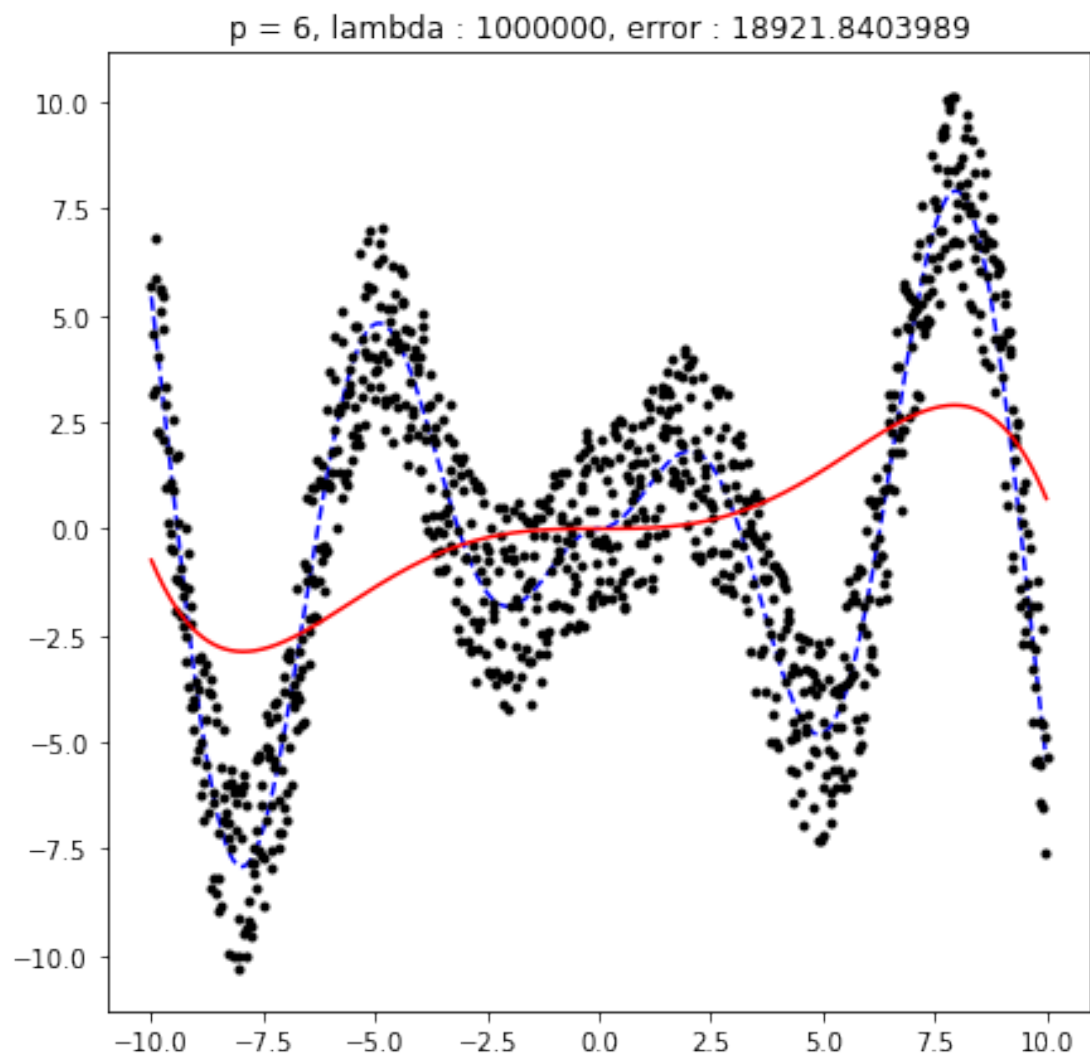
```
In [7]: lamb_list = [1, 10 ** 4, 10 ** 6]  
        error_log = []  
  
        for i in range(6, 16):  
            for lamb in lamb_list:  
                A = Vandermonde_Matrix(x, i)  
                Theta = Training_theta(A, lamb, y2)  
                app_model = Approximation_model(A, Theta)  
                error = Least_square_error(app_model, y2, lamb, Theta)  
                error_log.append(error)
```

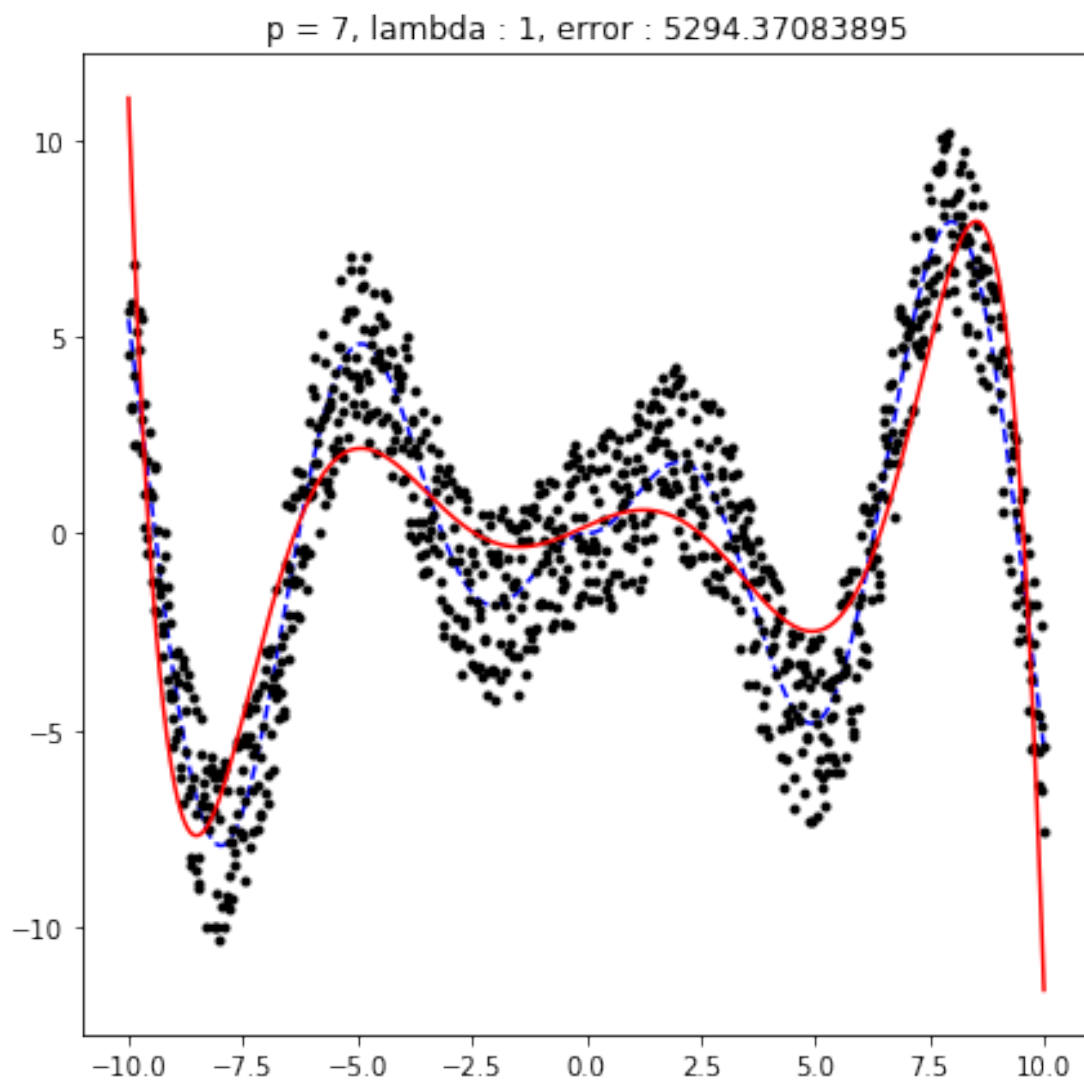
```
plt.figure(figsize = (7, 7))
plt.title('p = ' + str(i) + ', lambda : ' + str(lamb) + ', error : ' + str(error))
plt.plot(x, y1, 'b--', x, y2, 'k.', x, app_model, 'r-')
```

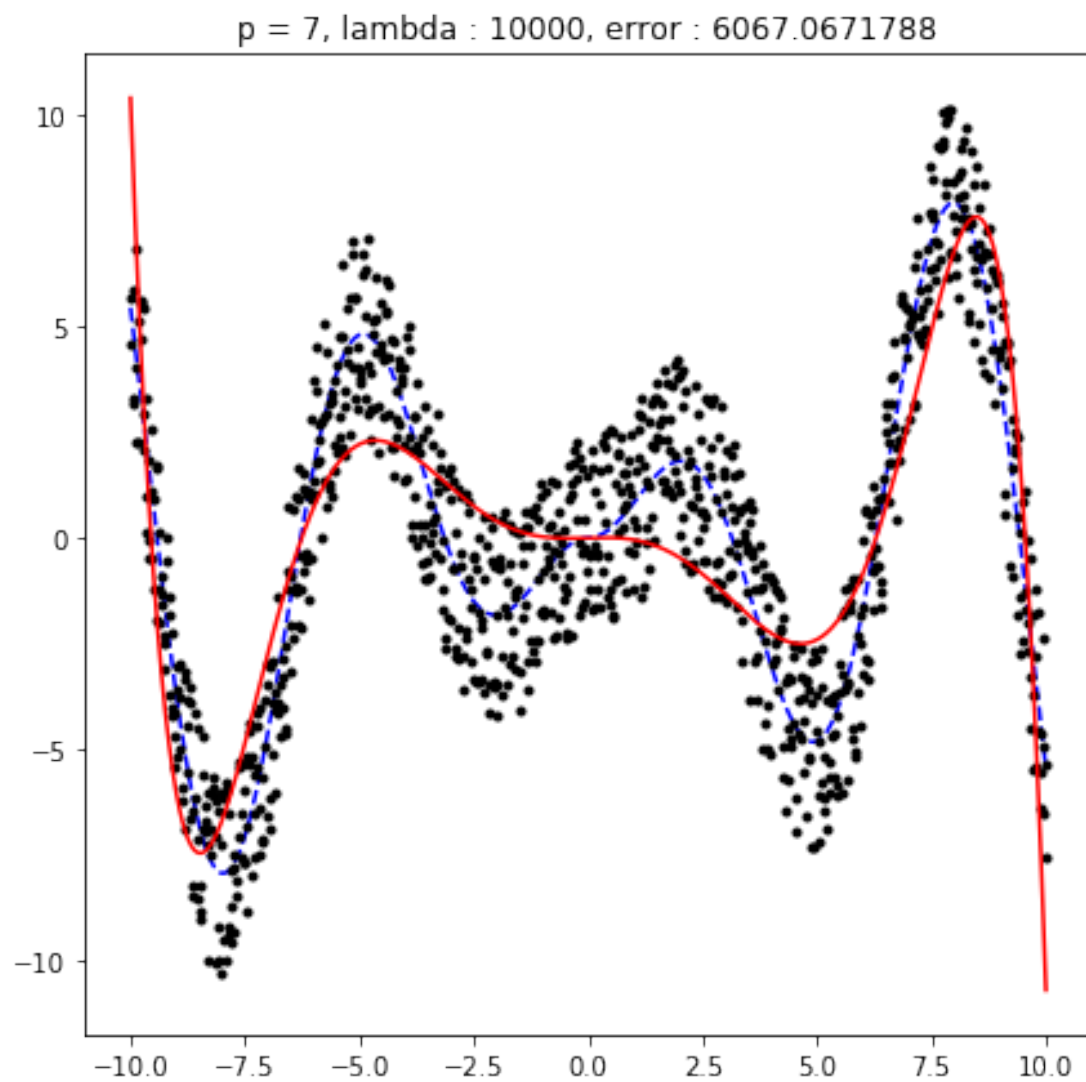
/usr/local/lib/python3.5/dist-packages/matplotlib/pyplot.py:524: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 fi  
max\_open\_warning, RuntimeWarning)

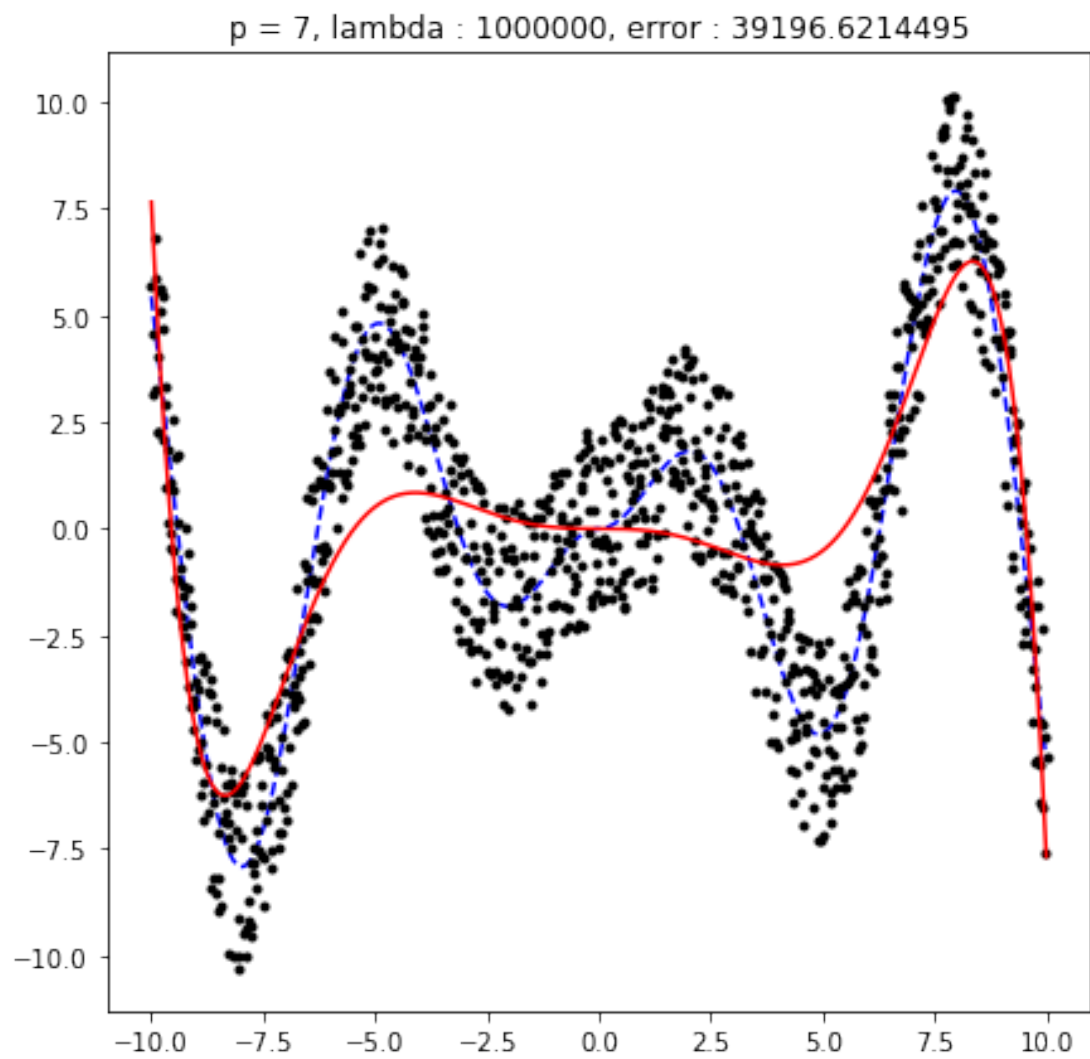




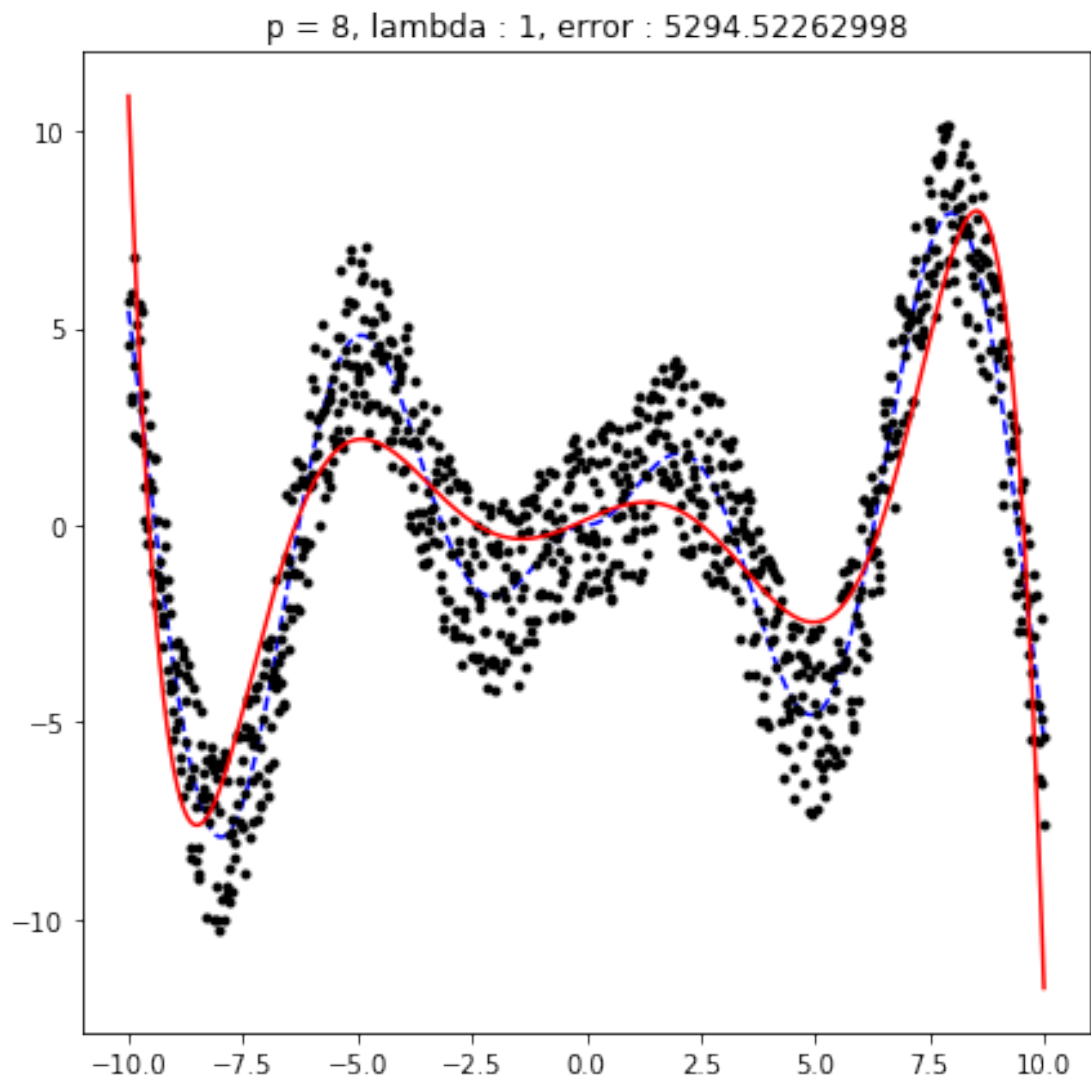


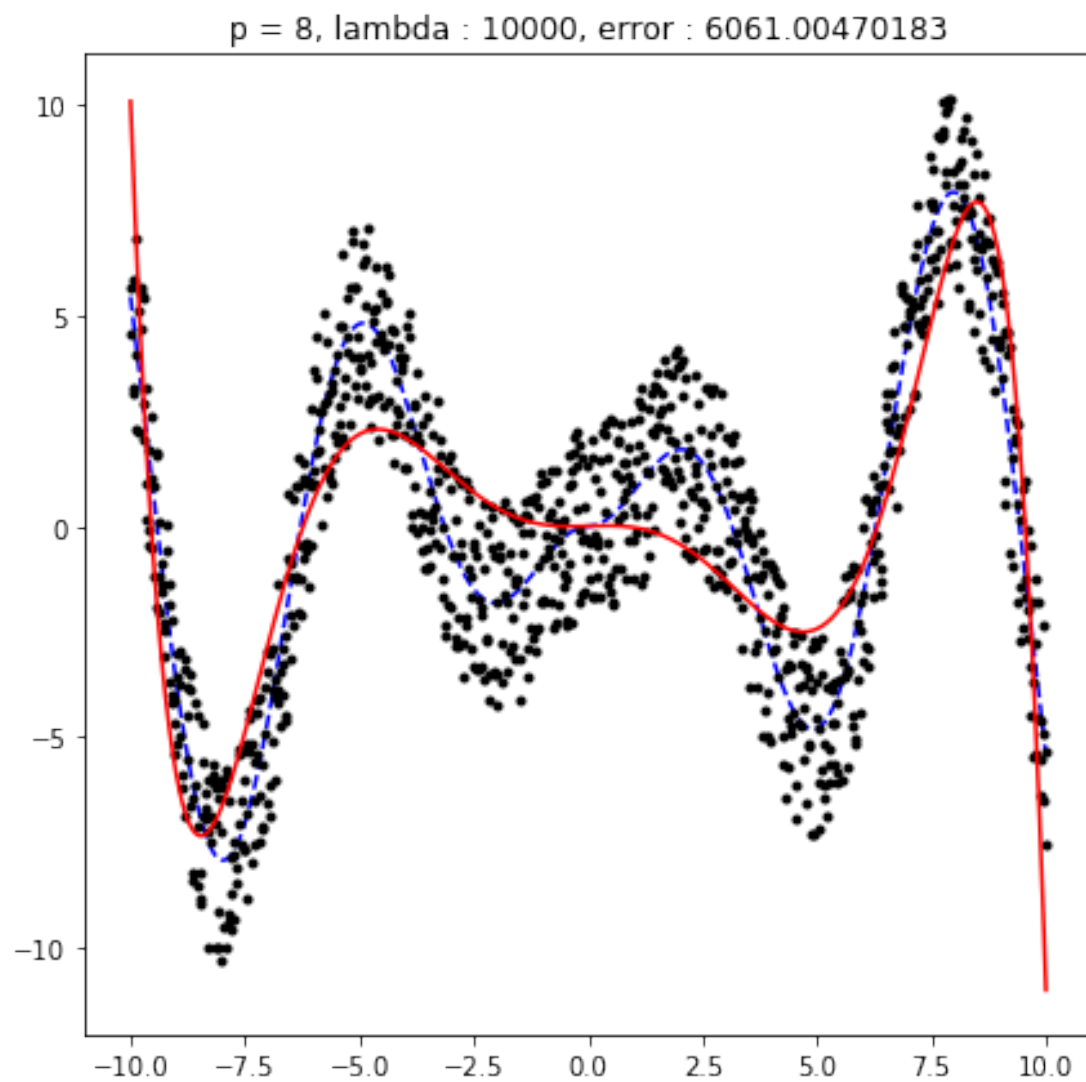


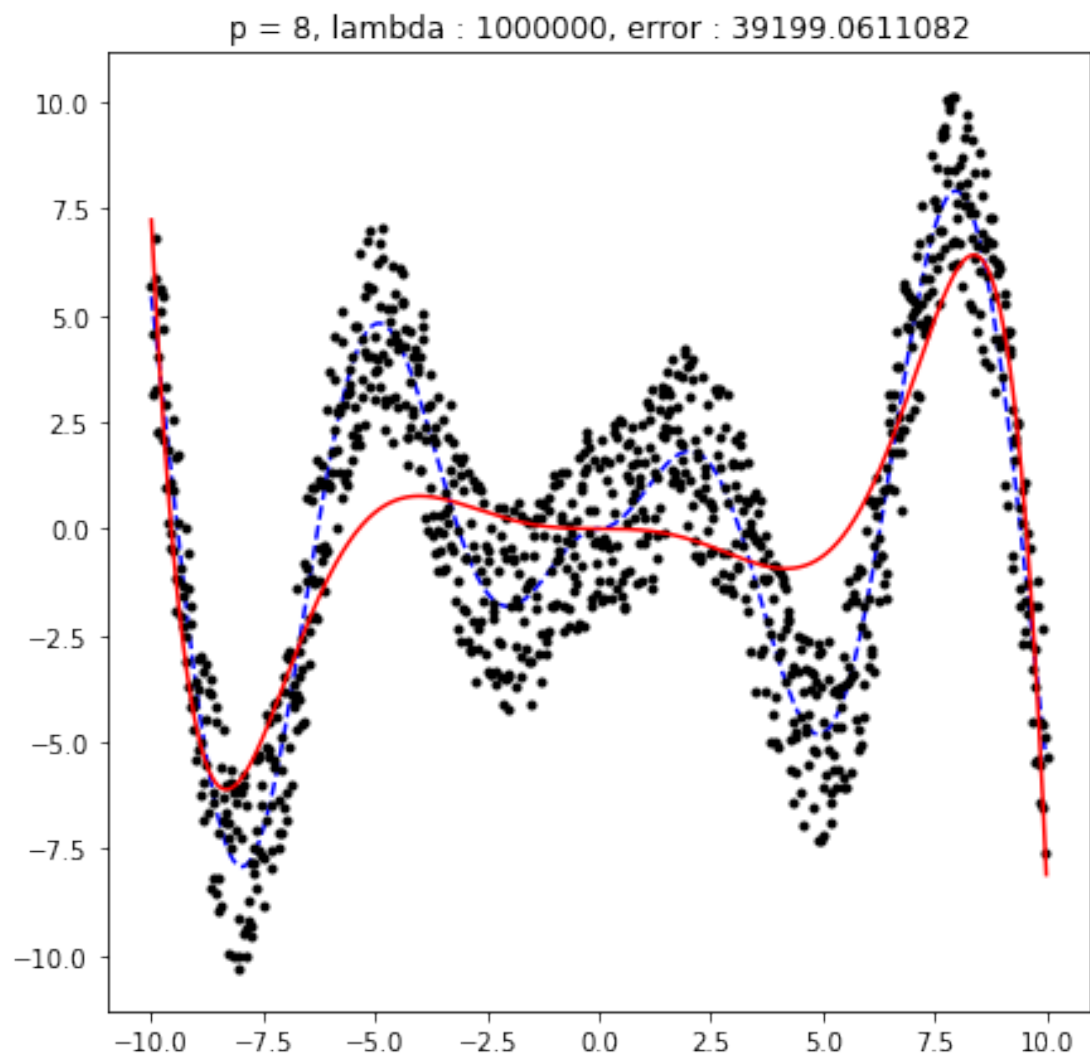


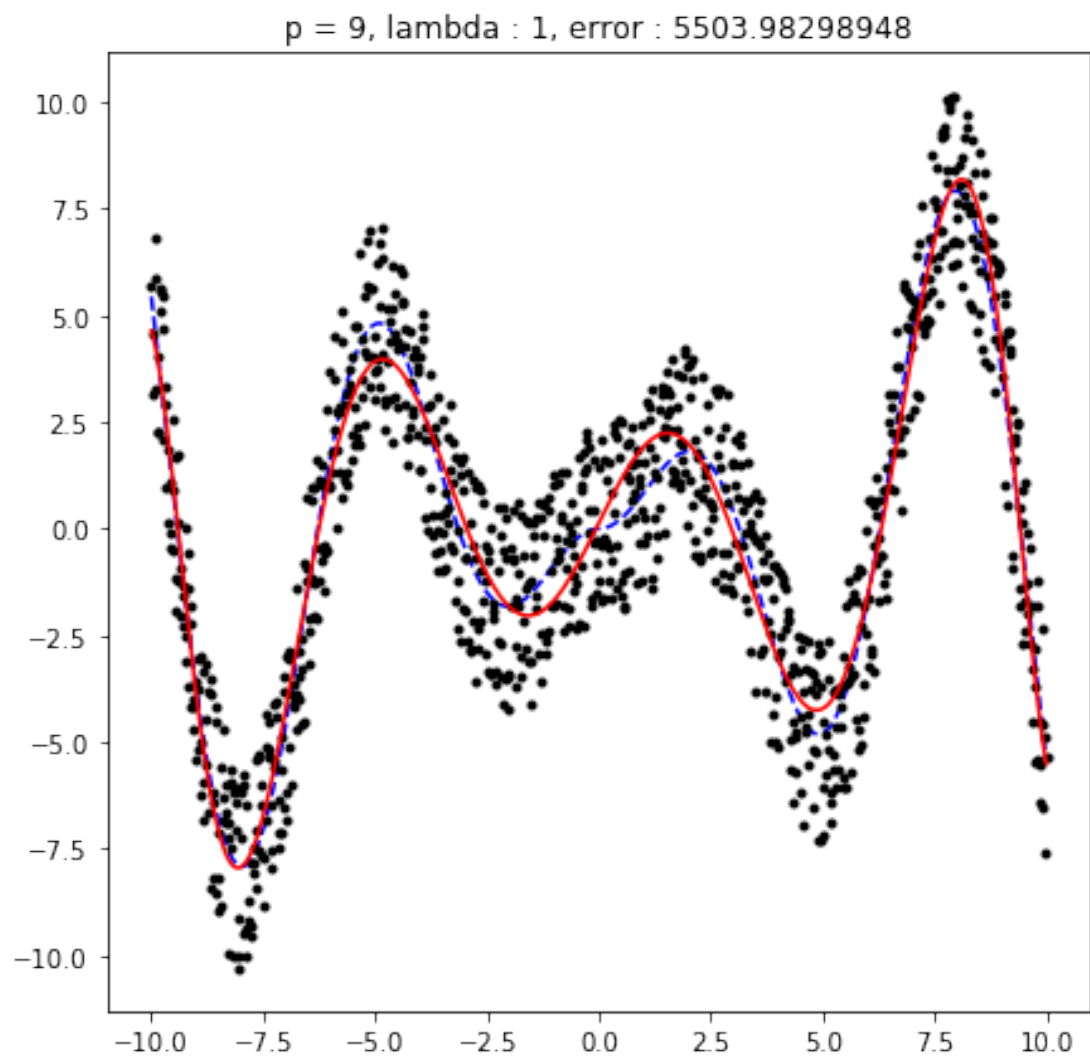


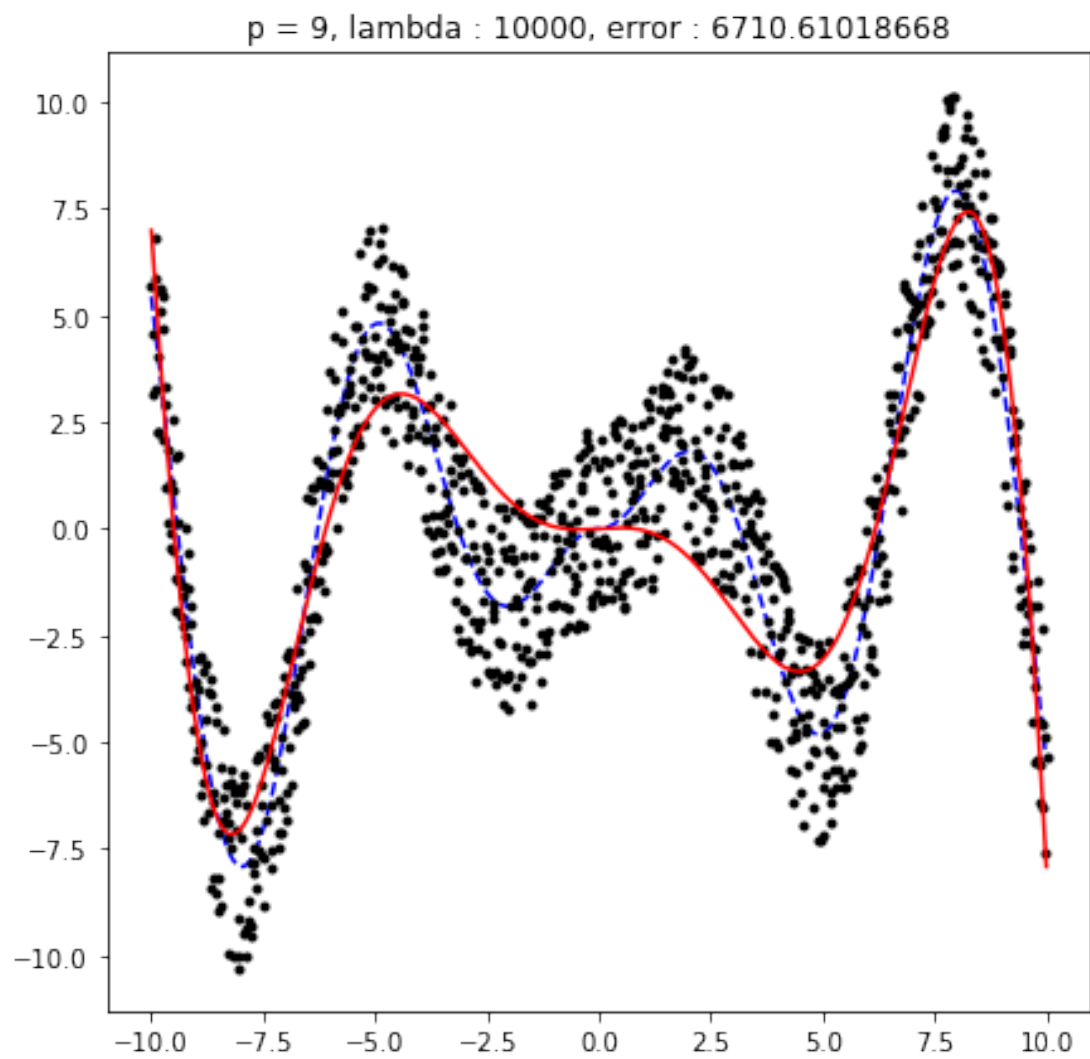


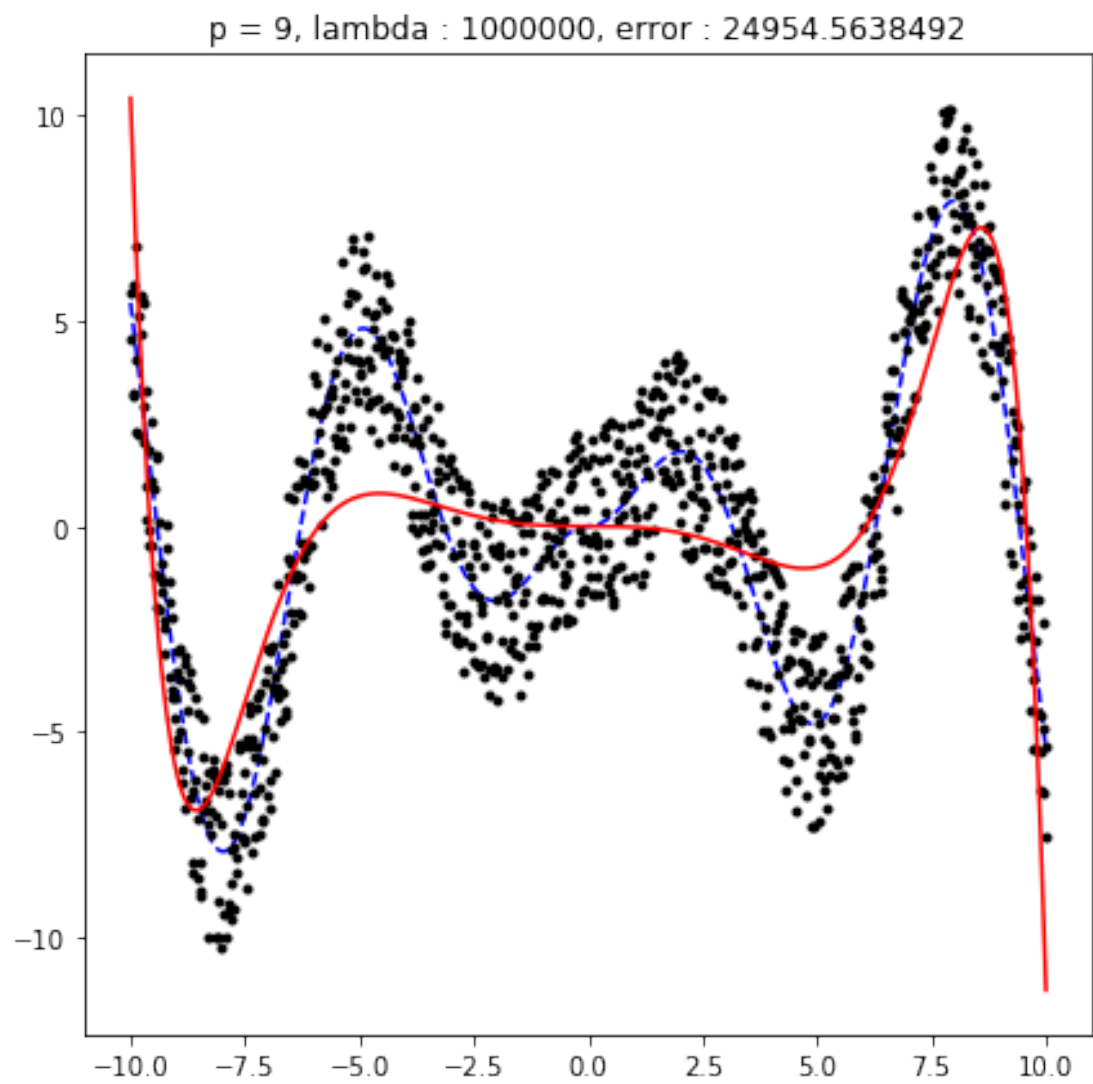


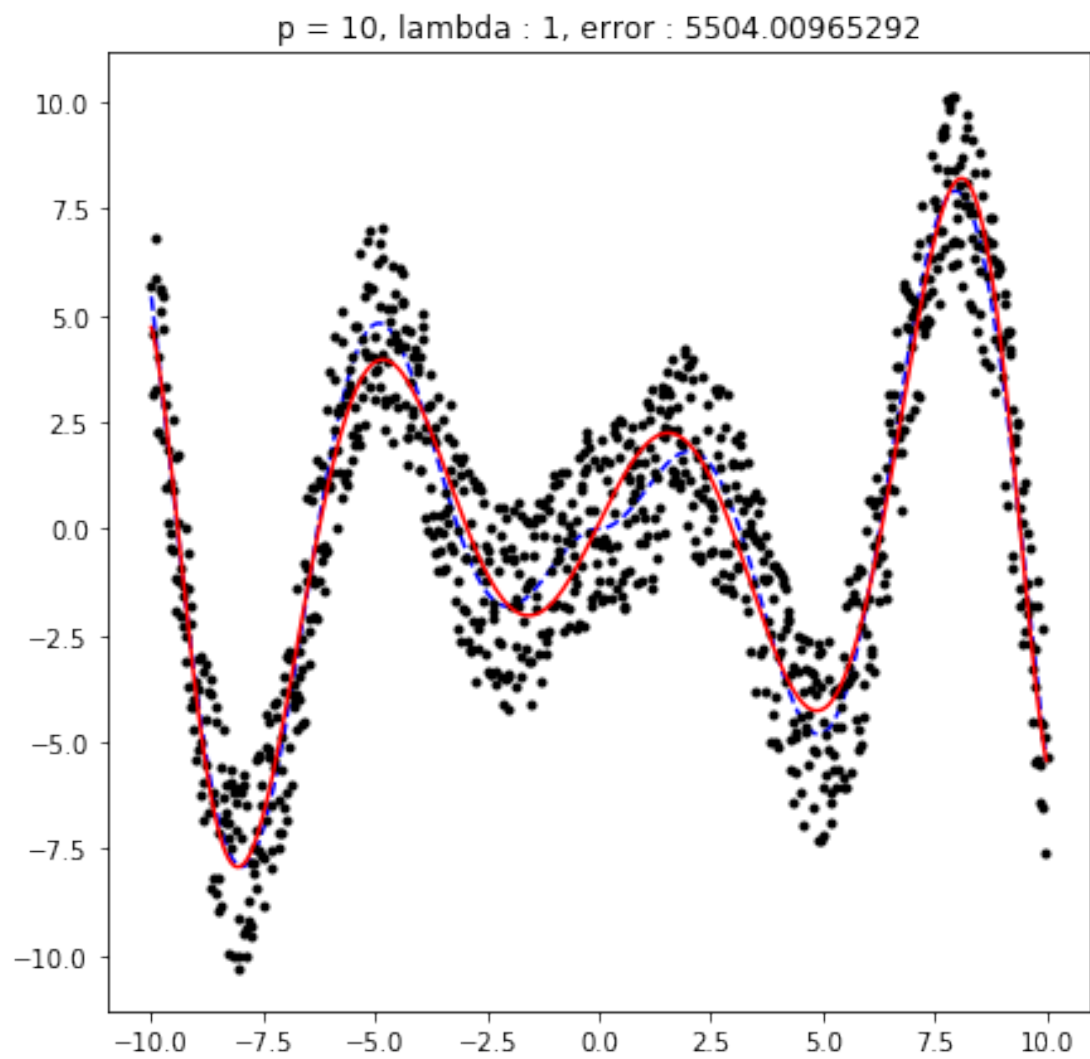


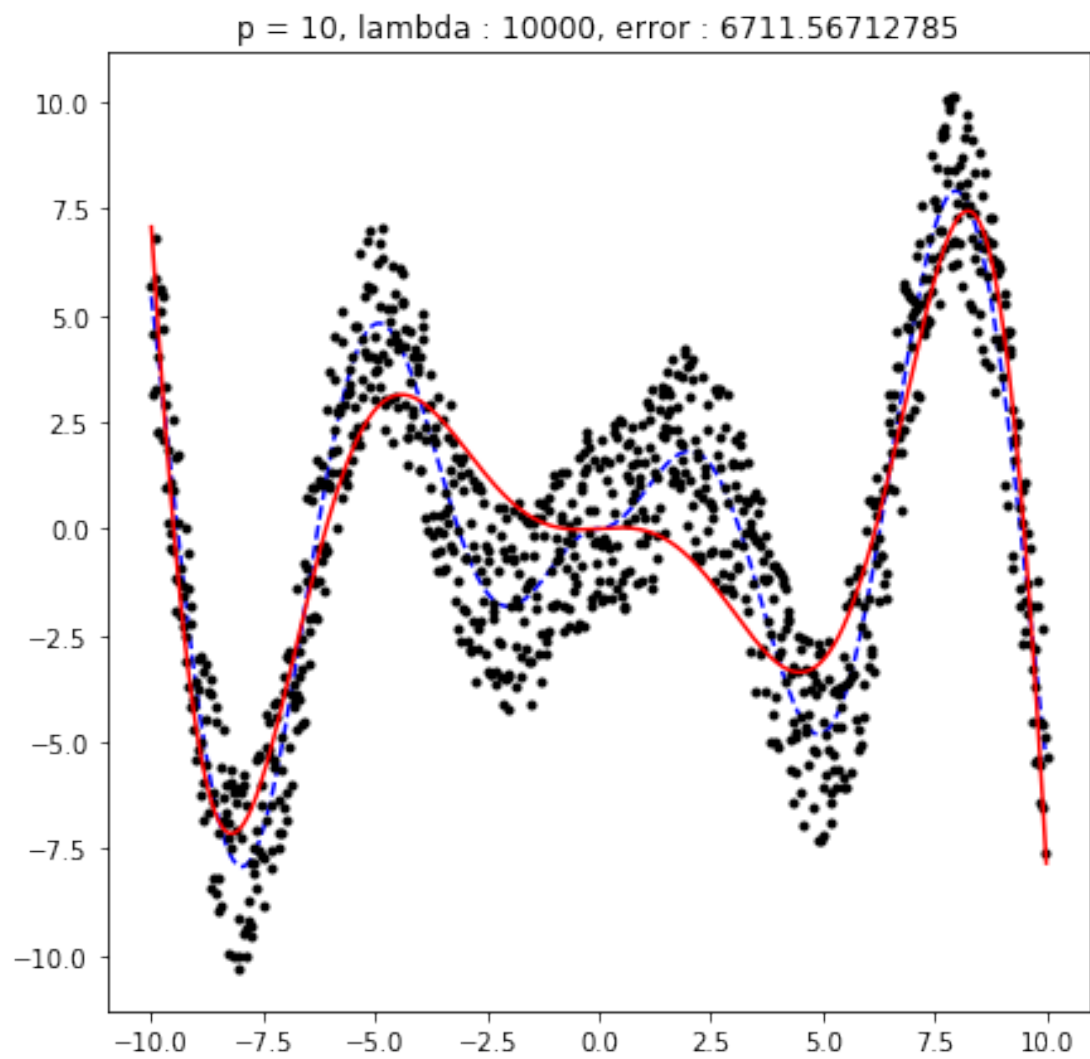




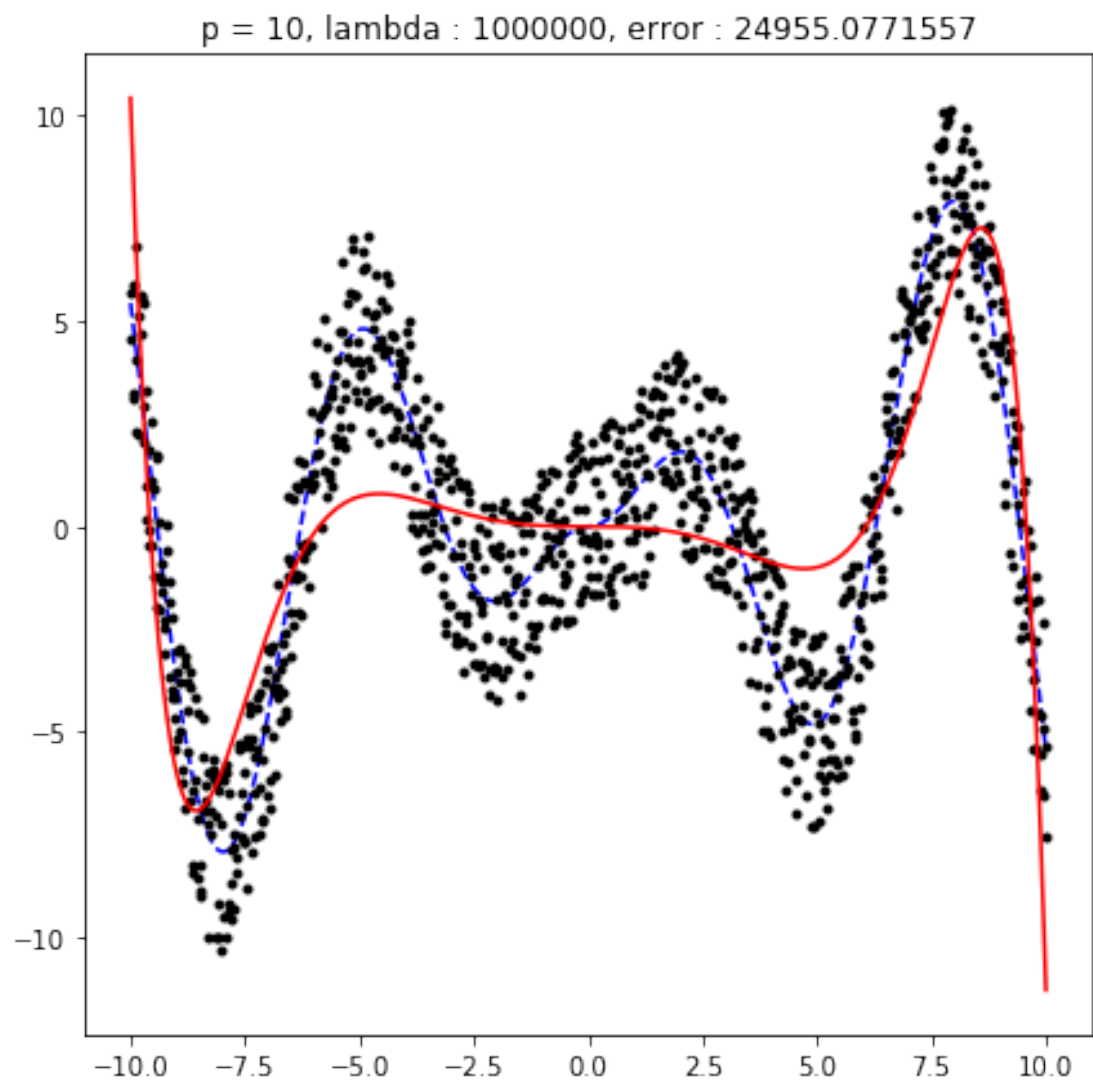


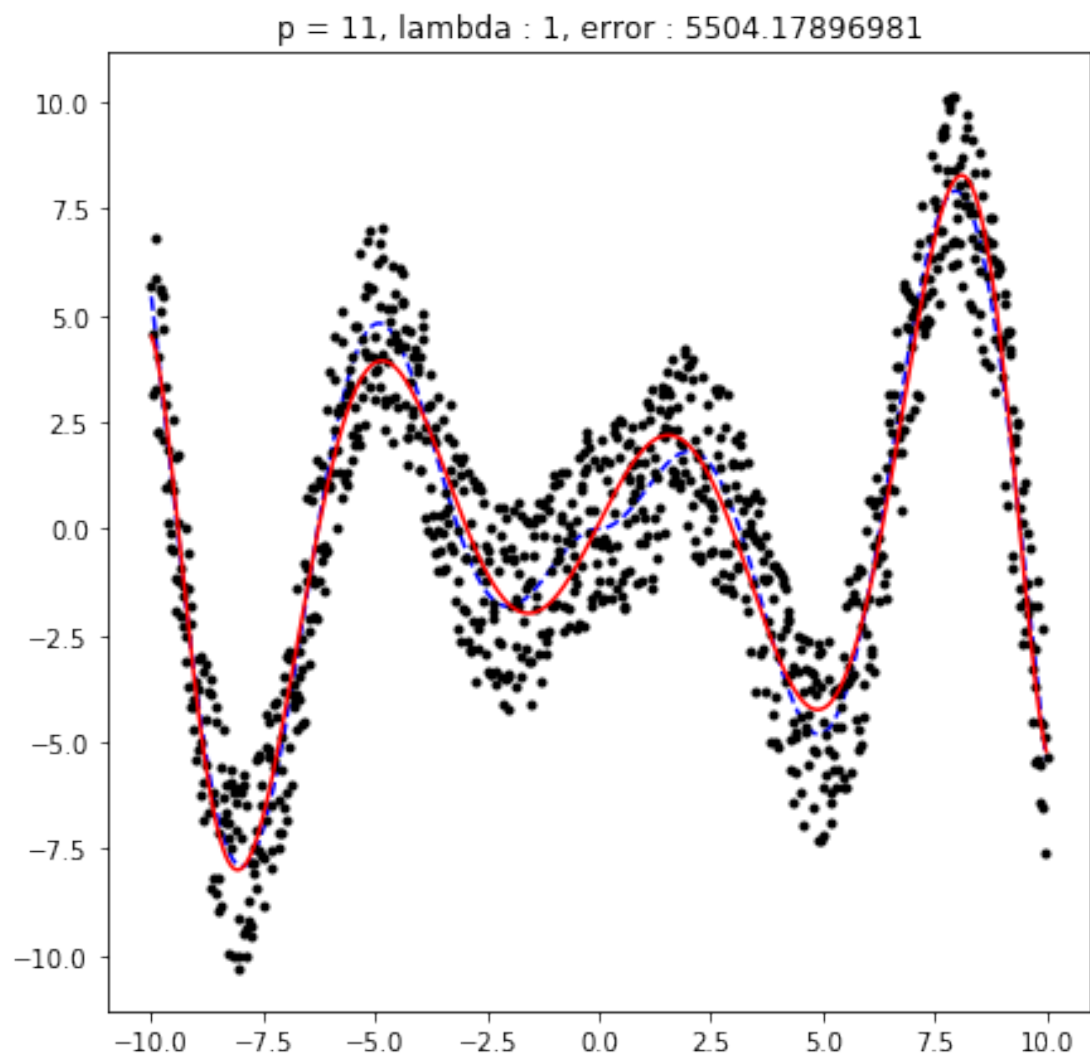


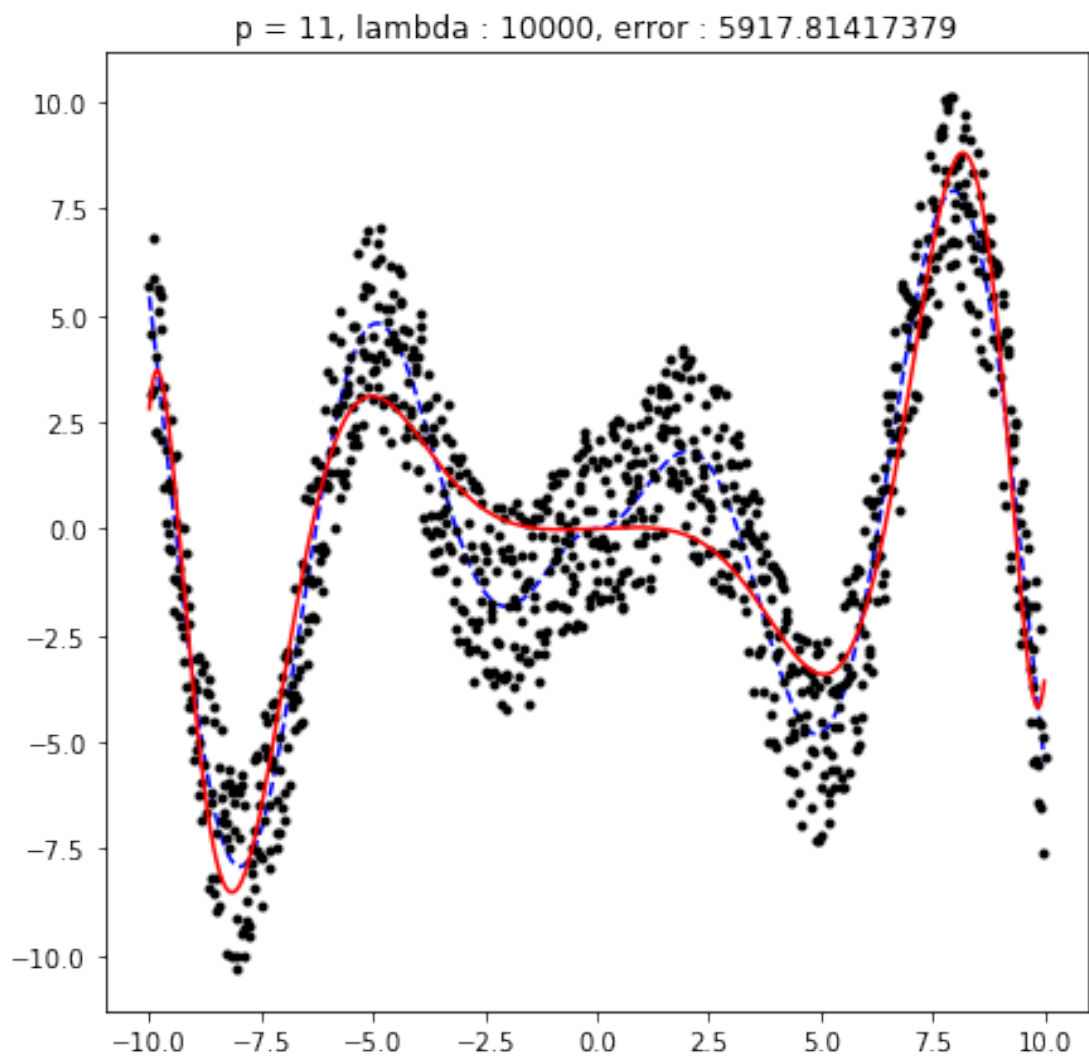


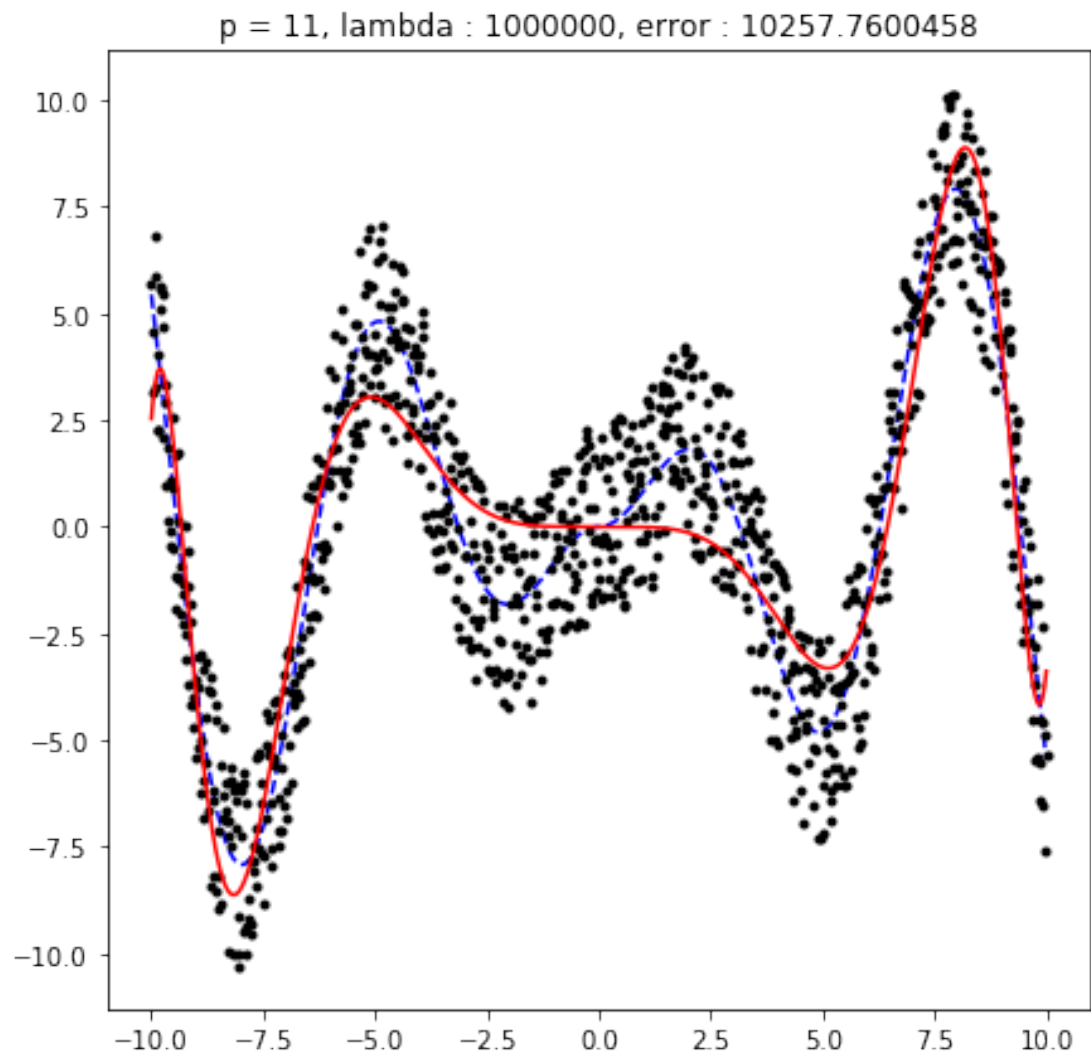


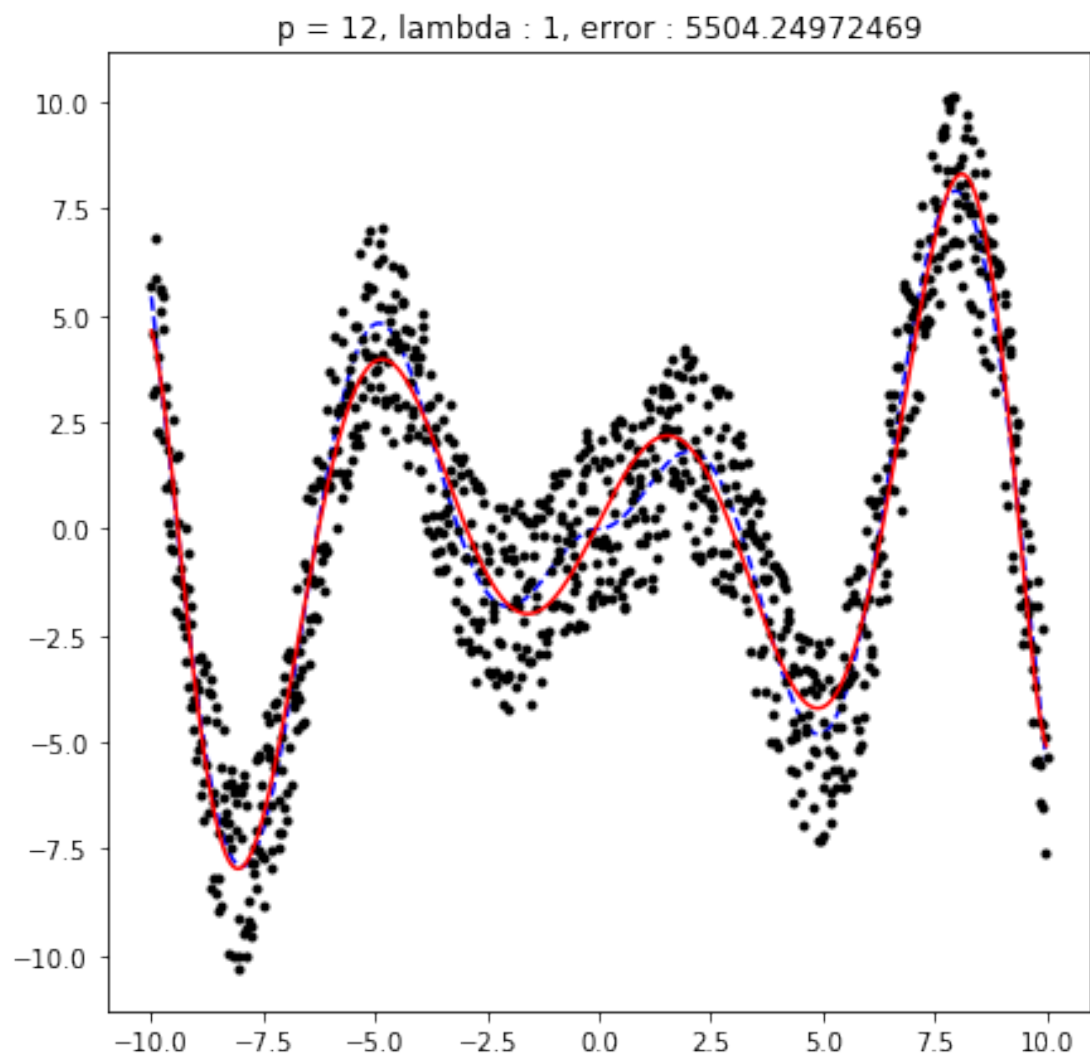


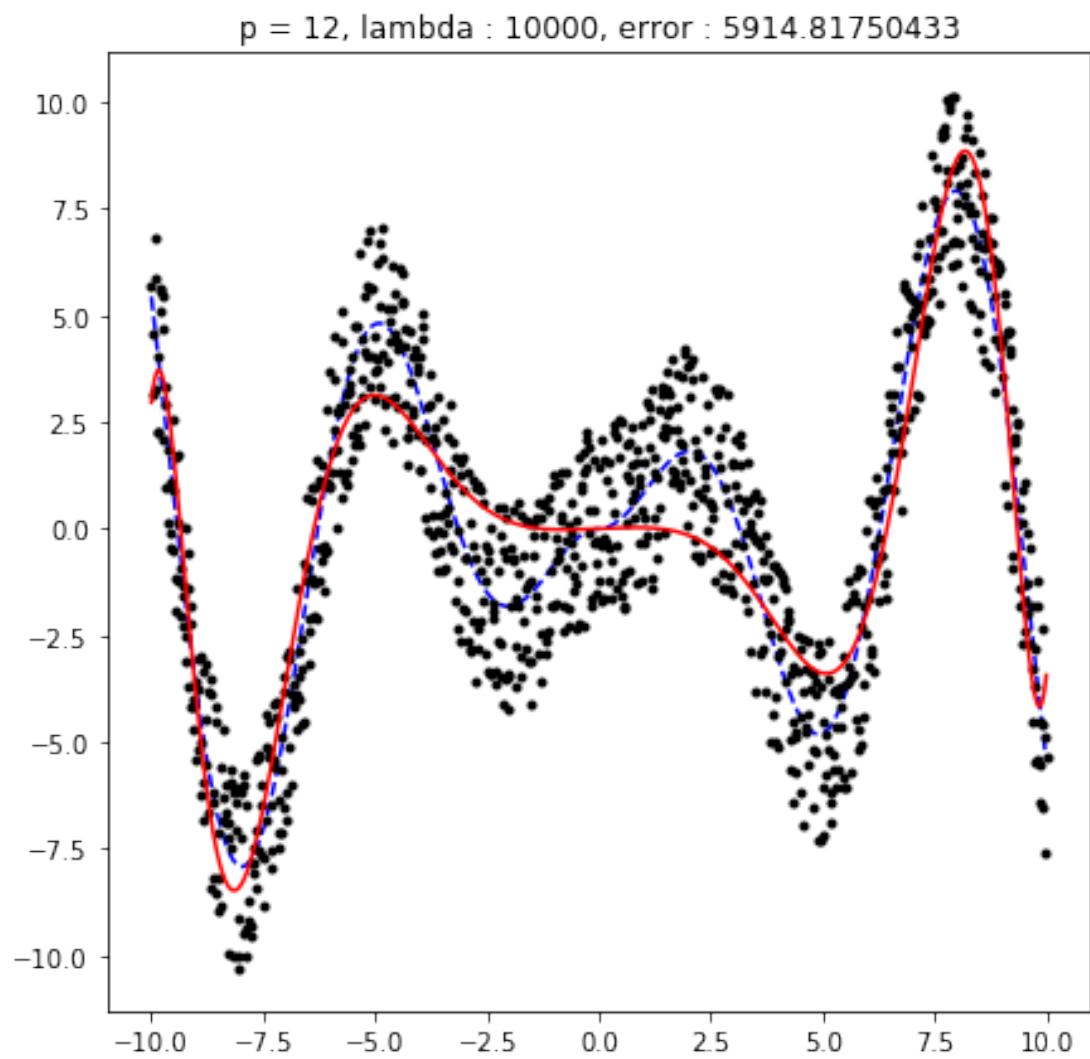


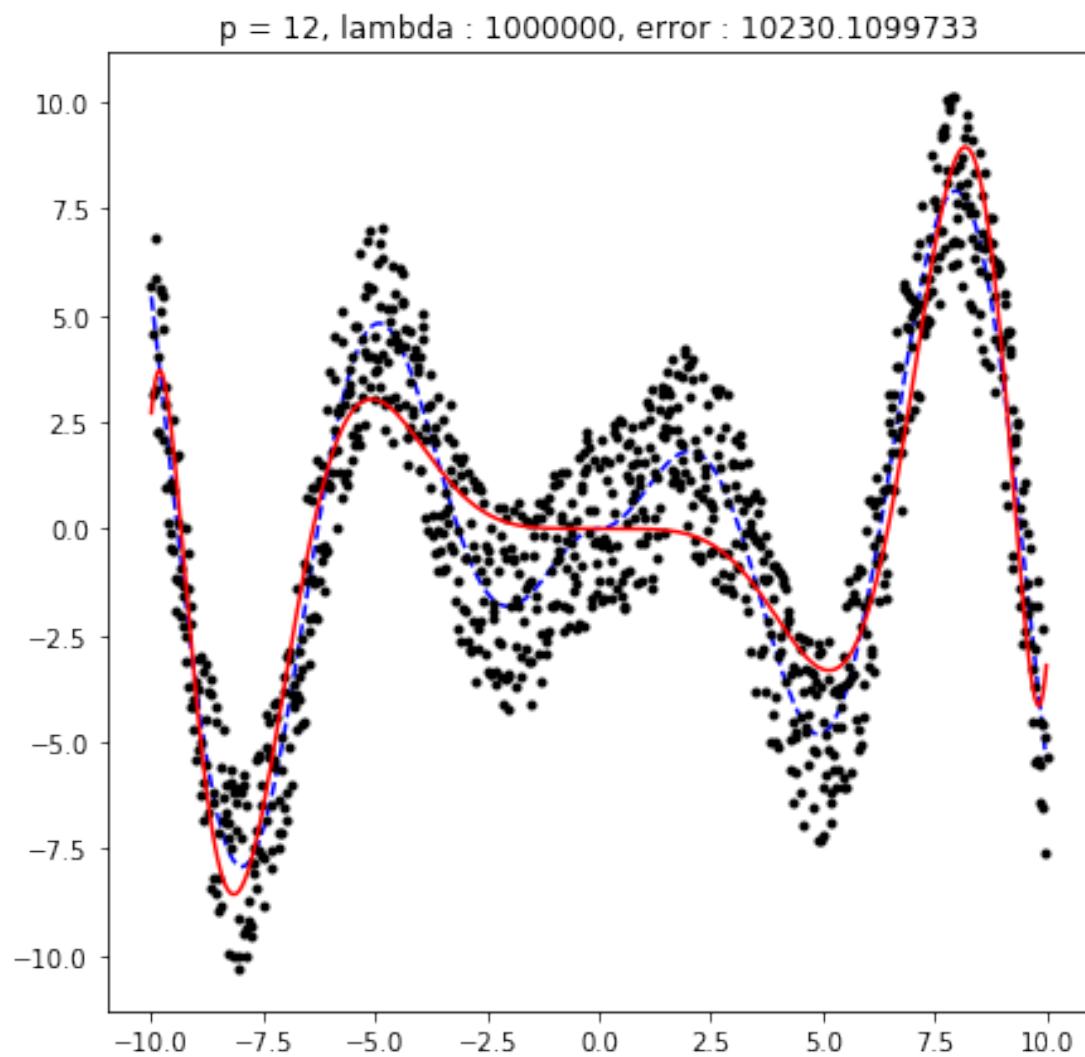


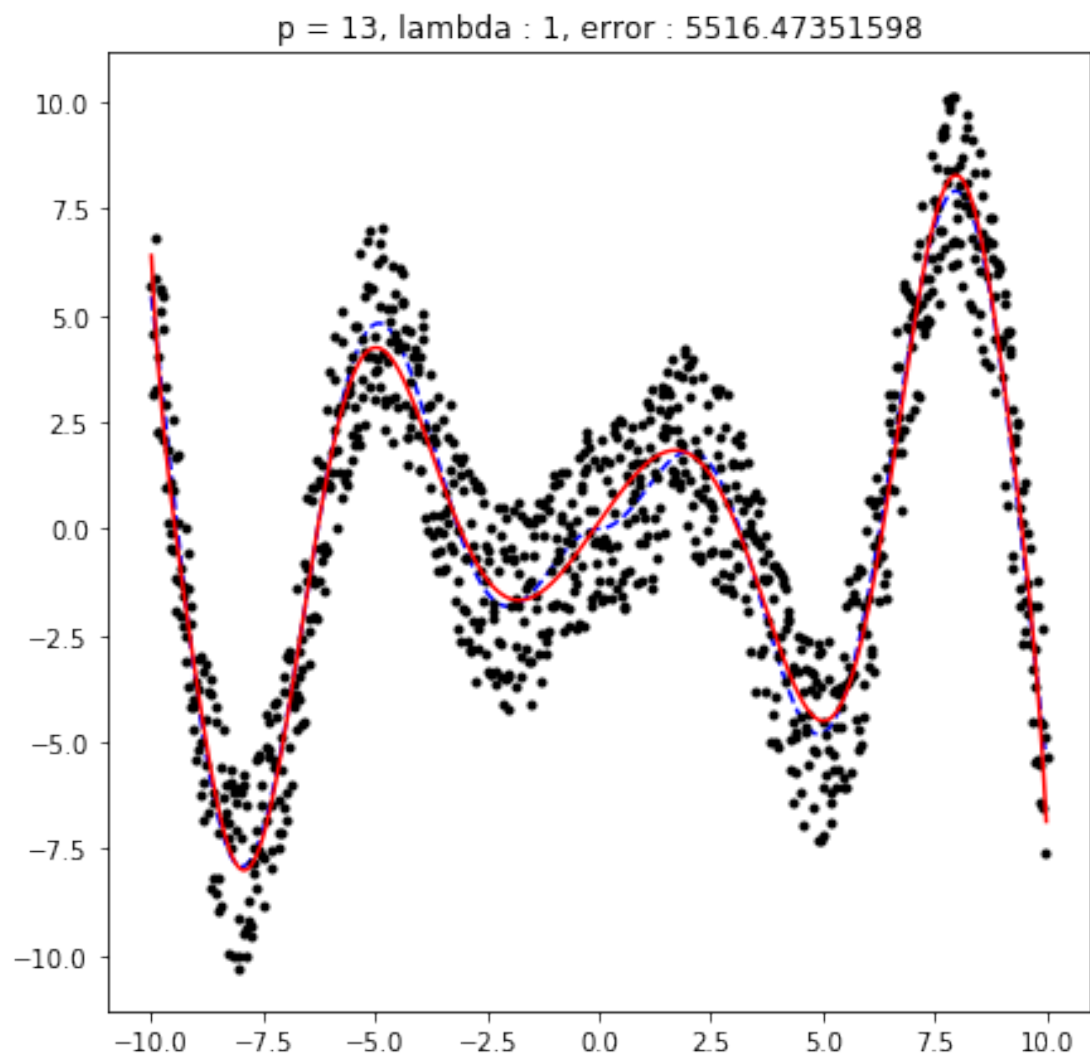




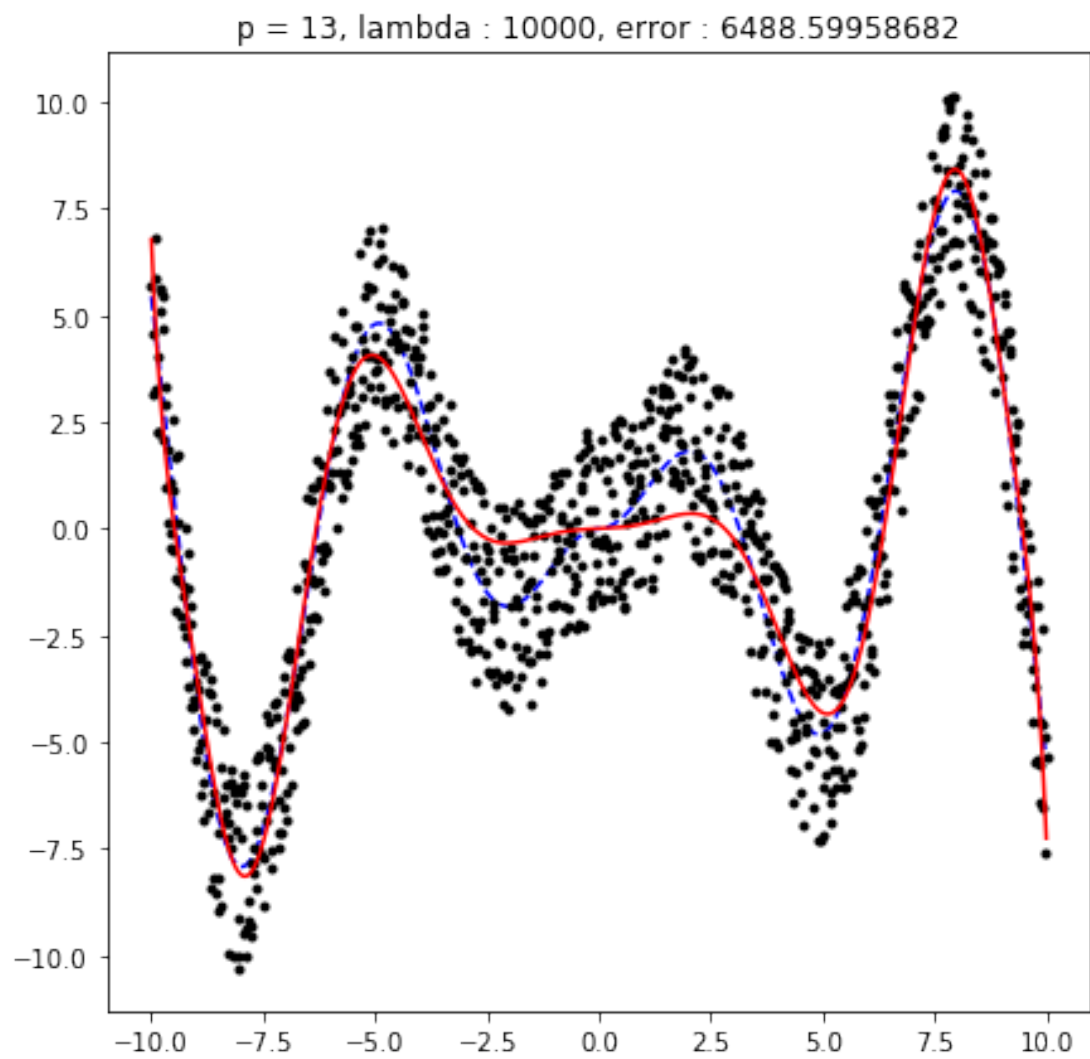


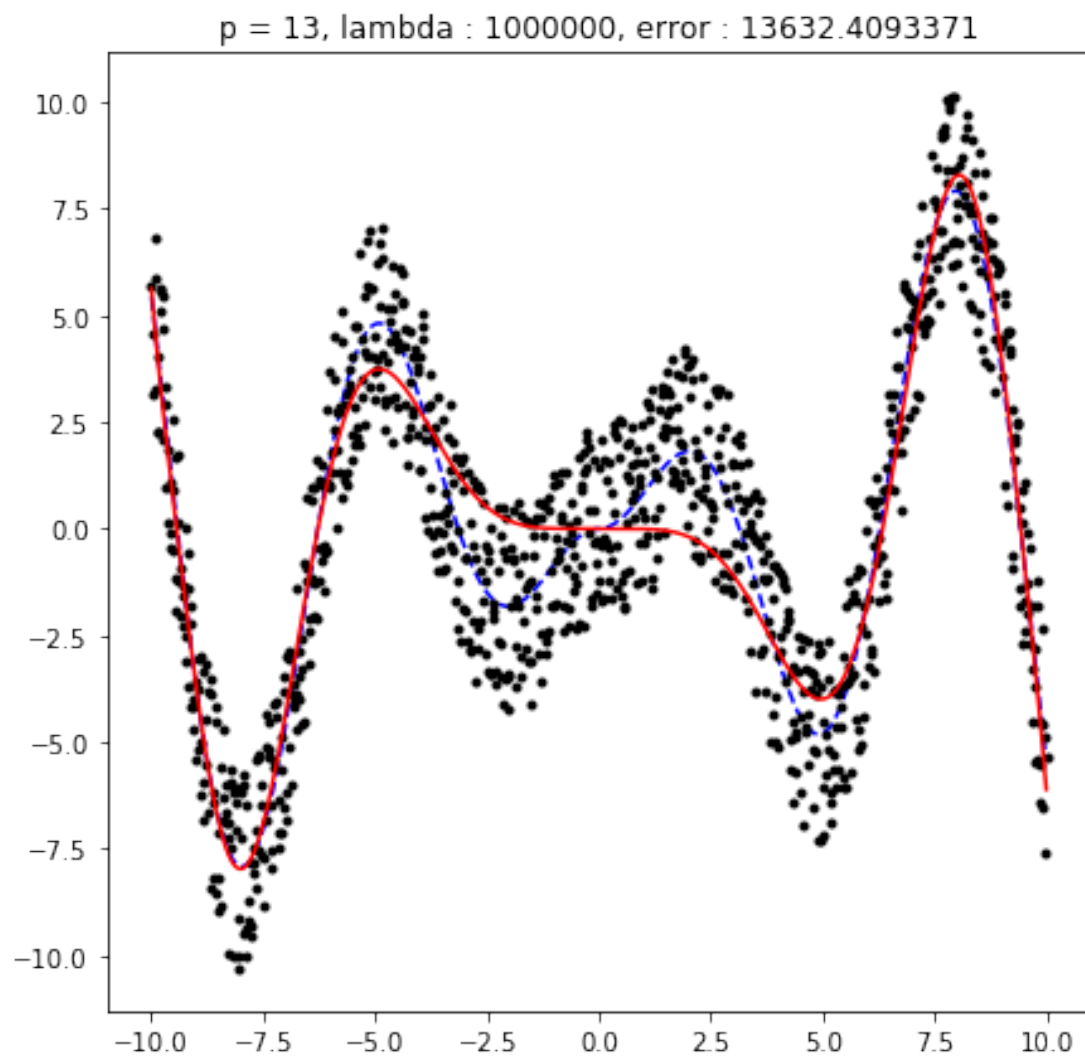


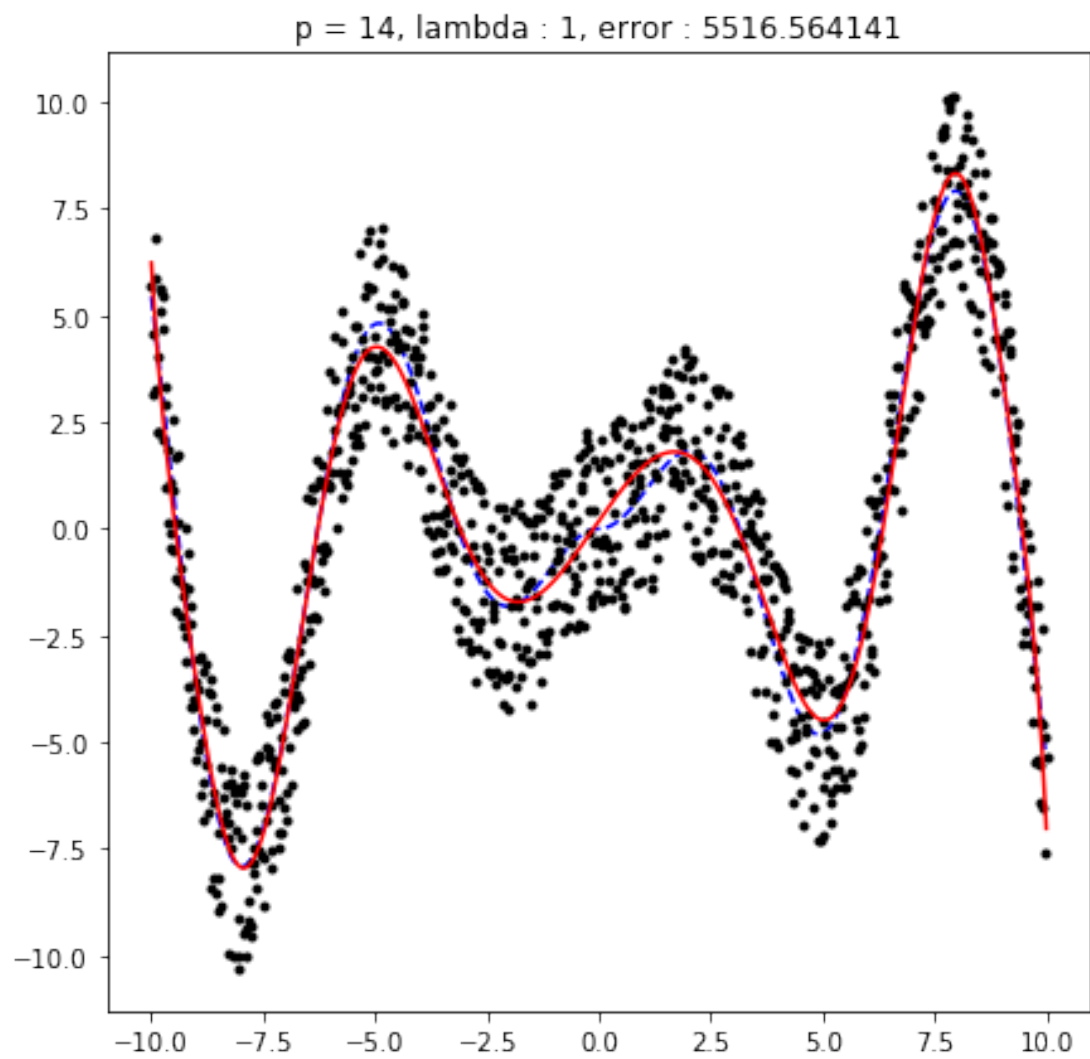


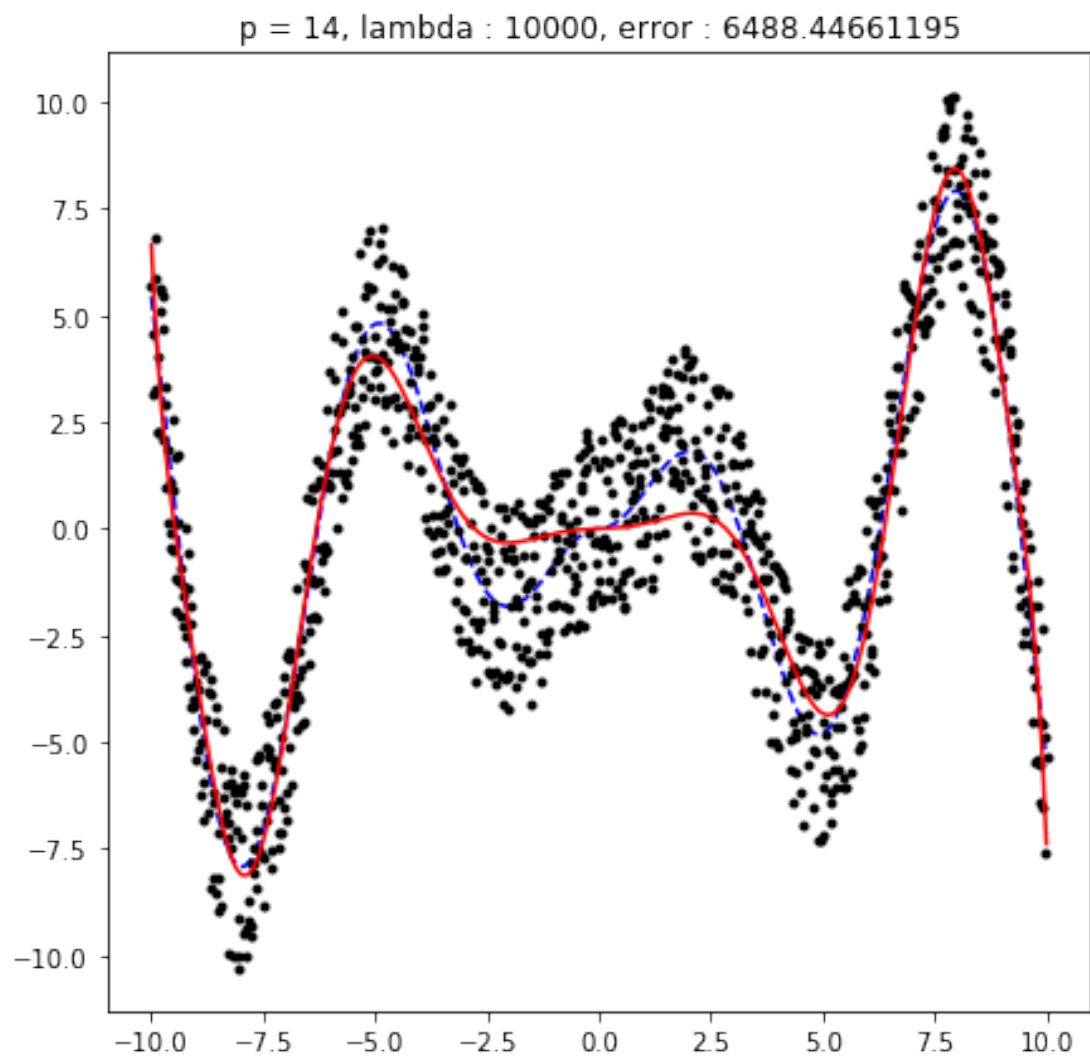


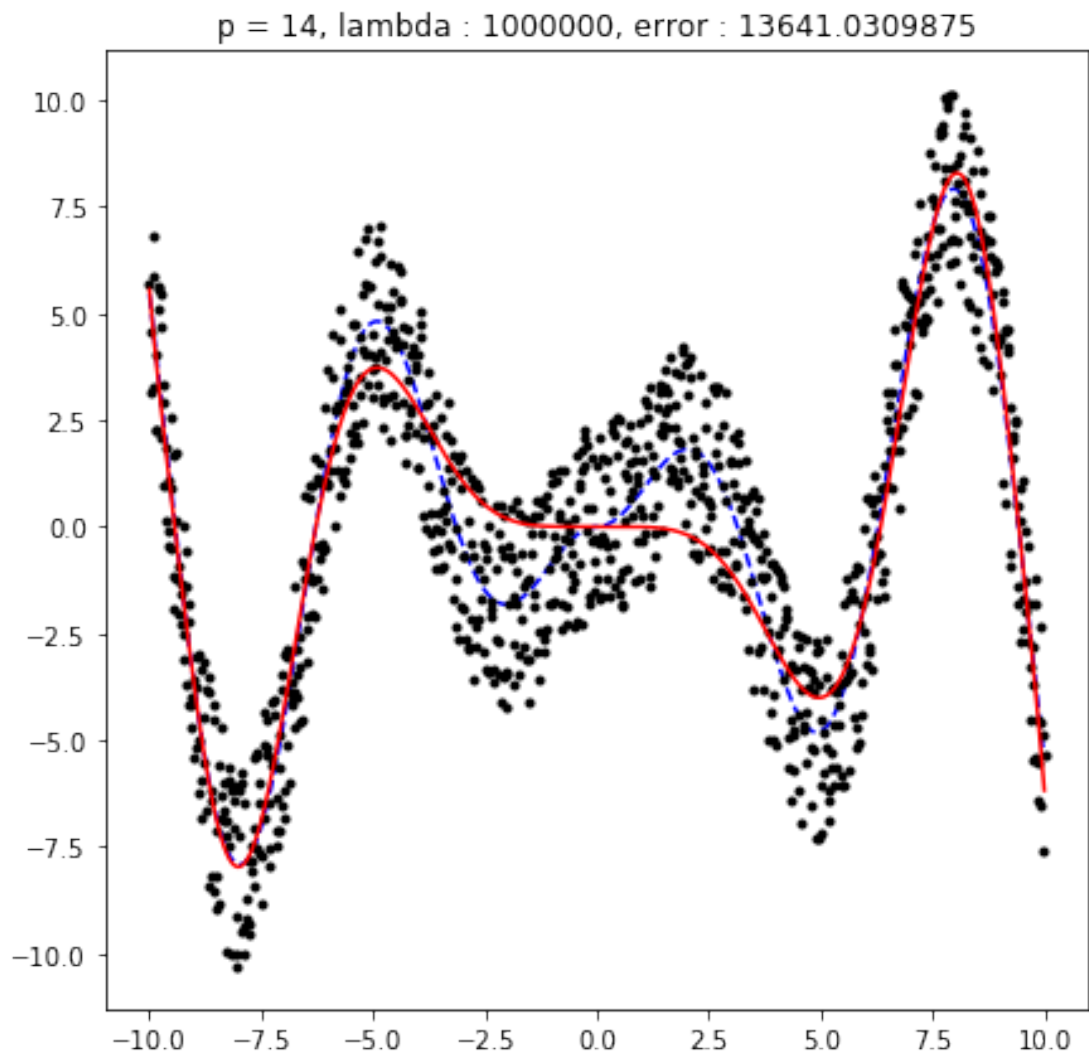


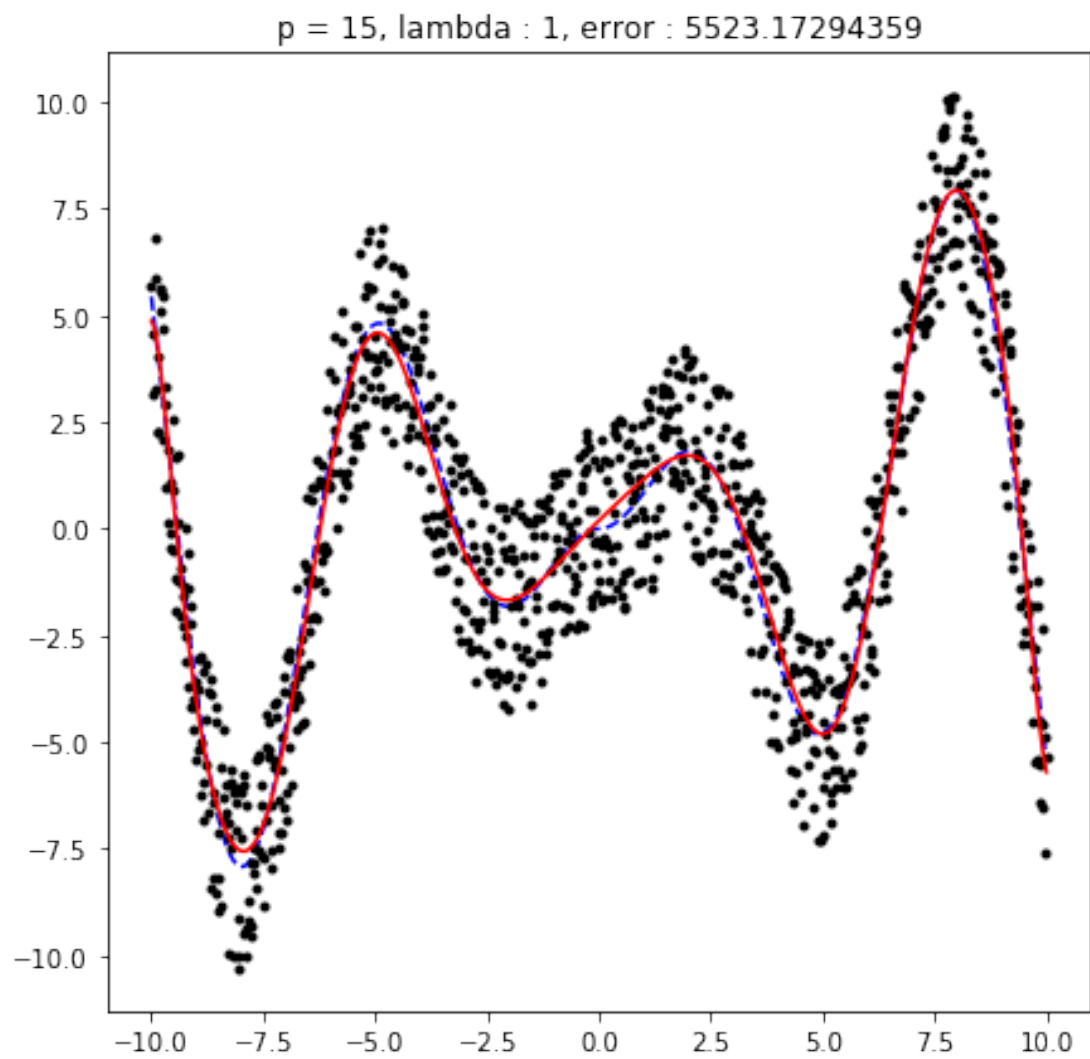


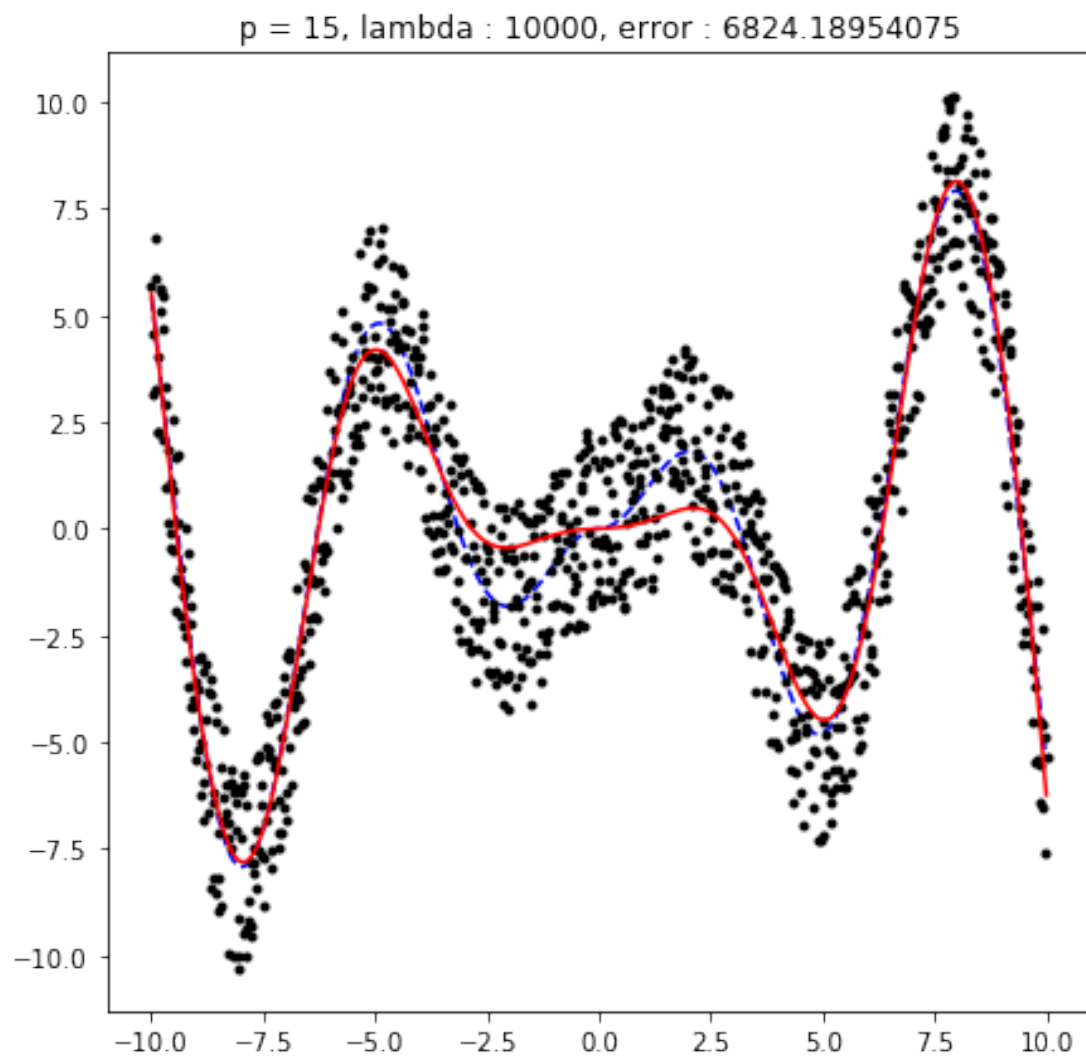


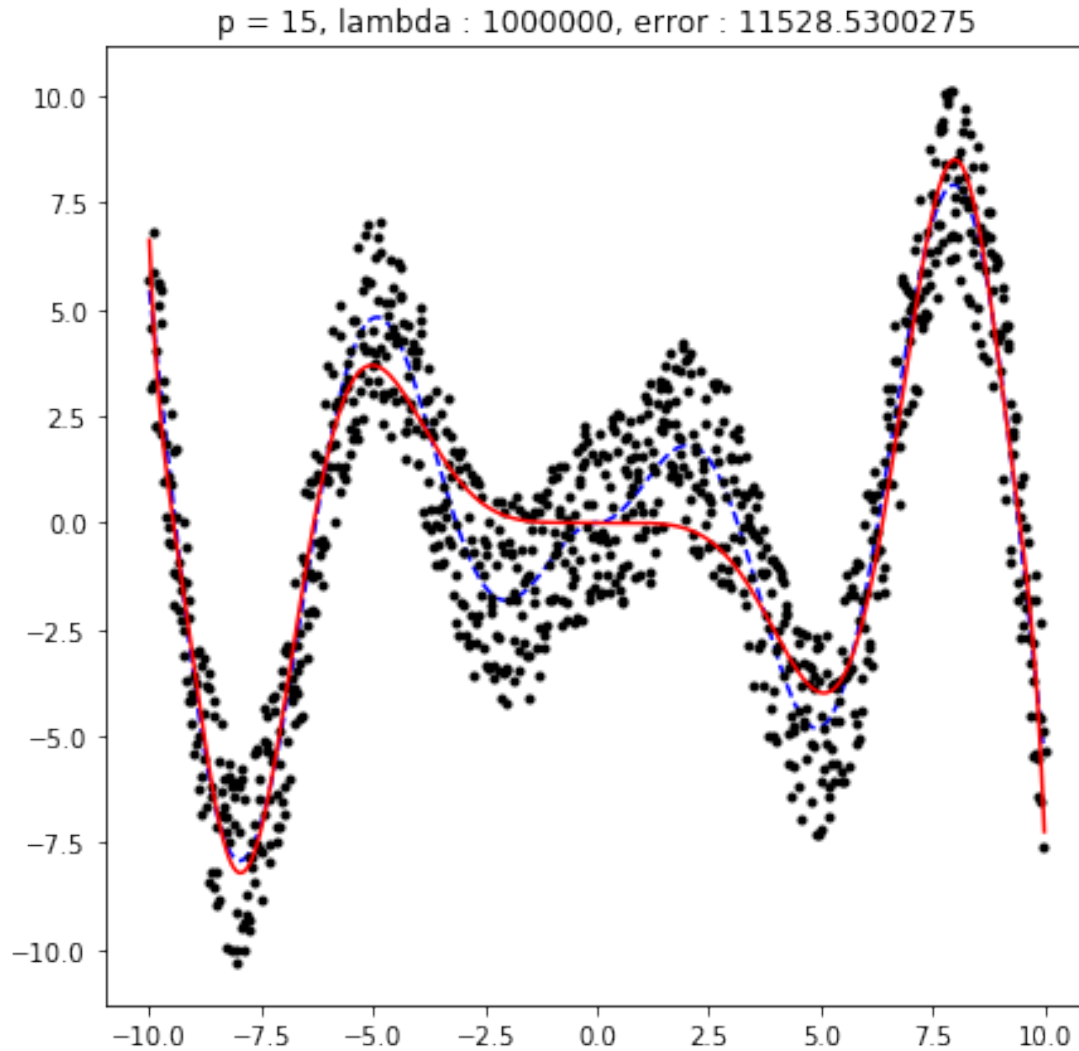












## 11 Plot the energy $\varepsilon(\theta, \lambda) = \|\mathbf{A} \cdot \theta - y\|^2 + \lambda \|\theta\|^2$ with varying $\lambda$

```
In [8]: for i in range(1, 10):
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
plt.plot(lamb_list, error_log[3*(i-1):3*i], color = 'b', marker = 'o', linestyle = 'solid')
plt.title('Least Square Error')
plt.xlabel('lambda')
plt.ylabel('error')
plt.title('Least Square Error', p = i + 5)
plt.show()
```



