* git init creates a new Git repository
* git status inspects the contents of the working directory and staging area
* git add adds files from the working directory to the staging area
* git diff shows the difference between the working directory and the staging area
* git commit permanently stores file changes from the staging area in the repository
* git log shows a list of all previous commits
* git checkout HEAD filename: Discards changes in the working directory.
* git reset HEAD filename: Unstages file changes in the staging area.
* git reset SHA: Can be used to reset to a previous commit in your commit history.
* git branch: Lists all a Git project's branches.
* git branch branch\_name: Creates a new branch.
* git checkout branch\_name: Used to switch from one branch to another.
* git merge branch\_name: Used to join file changes from one branch to another.
* git branch -d branch\_name: Deletes the branch specified.
* git clone: Creates a local copy of a remote.
* git remote -v: Lists a Git project's remotes.
* git fetch: Fetches work from the remote into the local copy.
* git merge origin/master: Merges origin/master into your local branch.
* git push origin <branch\_name>: Pushes a local branch to the origin remote.