5.2 Challenge: Simulating the normal distribution

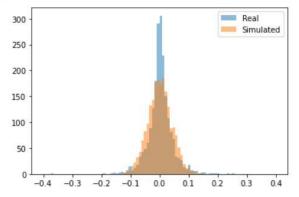
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We know that the column "r" of BTC cotains the historical cc returns of Bitcoin. We use the function random.normal to simulate random returns given the mean, standard deviation and size.

```
1 gen_values = np.random.normal(BTC["r"].mean(), BTC["r"].std(), BTC["r"].count())
2 print(gen_values)
[-0.03228258 -0.04825458  0.02707137 ... -0.00301276  0.02008491
-0.02381526]
```

```
#Showing the real distribution of historical cc returns and simulated normal distribution
sim_bitcoin = pd.DataFrame(gen_values)
matplotlib.pyplot.hist(x= r_bitcoin, bins=90,alpha=0.5,range=(-0.4, 0.4),label="Real")
matplotlib.pyplot.hist(x=sim_bitcoin,bins=90,alpha=0.5,range=(-0.4, 0.4),label="Simulated")
matplotlib.pyplot.legend(loc='upper right')
matplotlib.pyplot.show()
```



THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN FREQUENCY WHEN $X\approx 0$. THE FREQUENCY USING THE REAL DATA WHEN THE RETURNING ≈ 0 IS GREATER THAN IN THE SIMULATED ONE, BUT WE CAN STILL CLEARLY OBSERVE THAT BOTH DISTRIBUTIONS EXPOSE A SIMILAR NORMAL BEHAVIOUR.