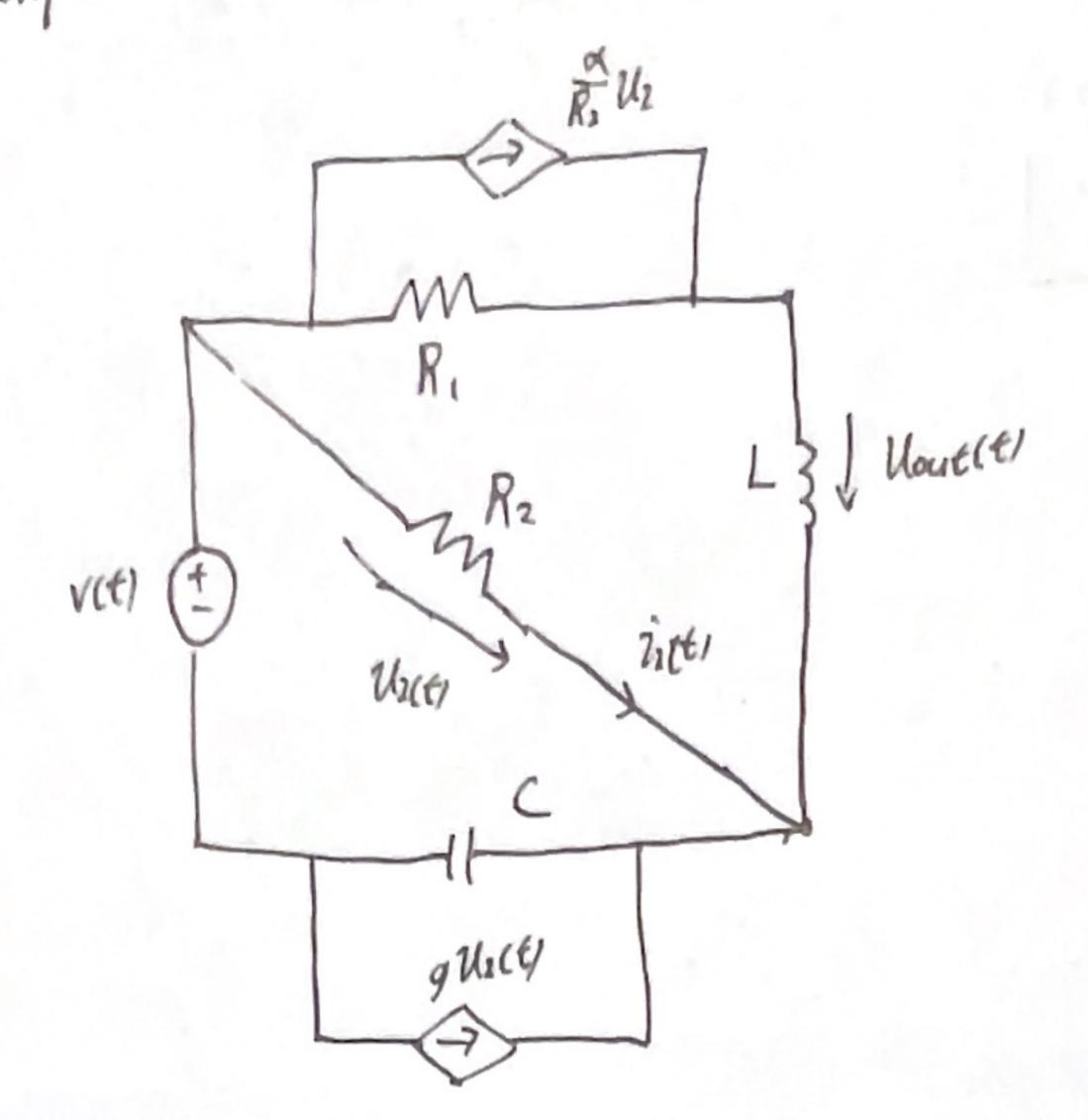
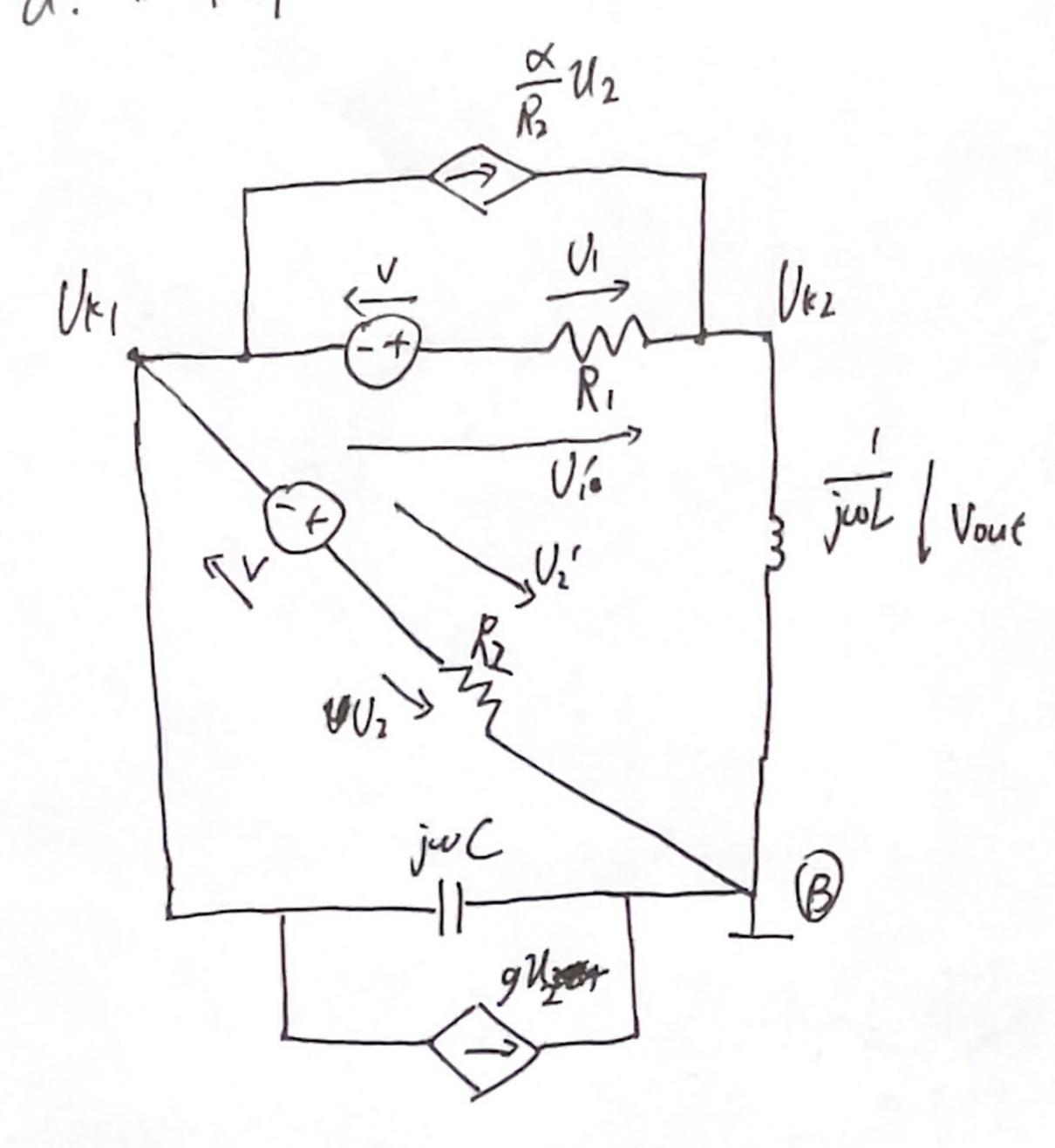
Knoten potential ver fahren



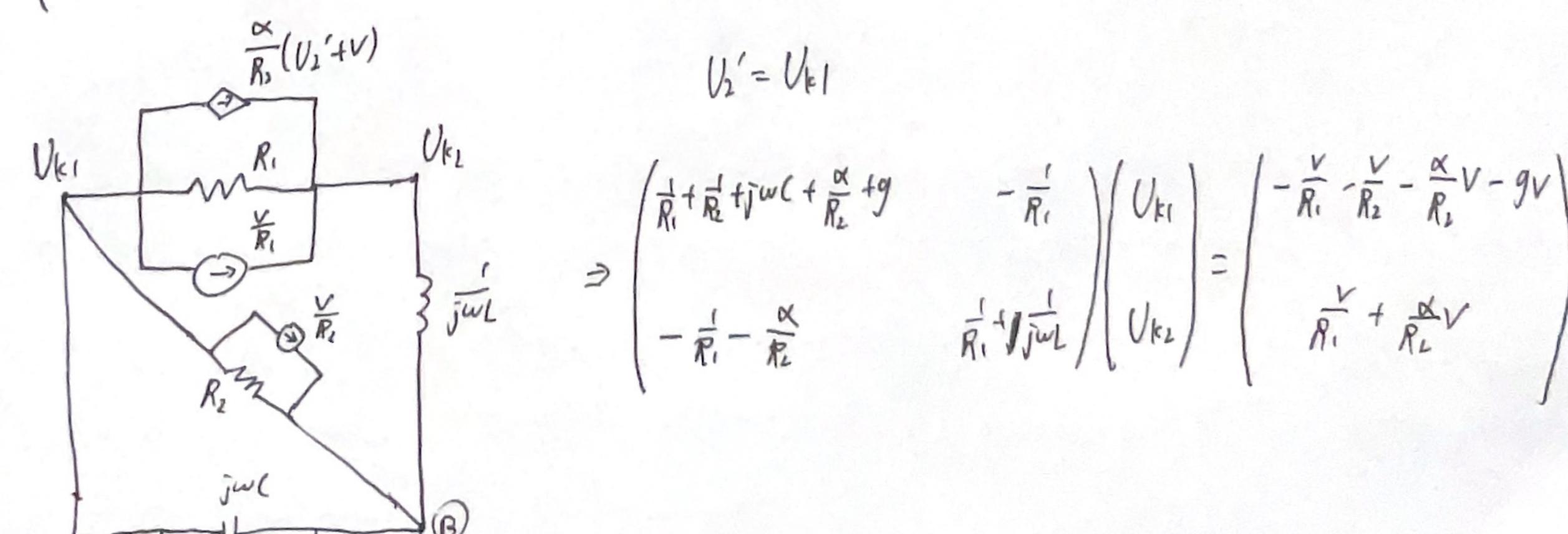
a. im Komplexberoich und Knotospotertialverfahren



$$U_1' = U_1 - V$$
 $U_1 = U_1' + V$
 $U_2' = U_2 - V$
 $U_2 = U_1' + V$

b. 3.15 Knoten admittonz motrix

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{1}{R_{1}} + \frac{1}{R_{2}} + \overline{j}\omega C & -\frac{1}{R_{1}} \\
-\frac{1}{R_{1}} & \overline{j}\omega L
\end{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix}
V_{k_{1}} \\
V_{k_{2}}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{V}{R_{1}} - \frac{V}{R_{2}} - \frac{\alpha}{R_{2}}(U_{2}'+V) - g(U_{2}'+V) \\
\frac{V}{R_{1}} + \frac{\alpha}{R_{2}}(V_{2}'+V)
\end{pmatrix}$$



$$V_{out} = V_{k1} = \frac{\left| \overrightarrow{R}_{i} + \overrightarrow{R}_{i} + jwc + \overrightarrow{R}_{i} + g - v(\overrightarrow{R}_{i} + \overrightarrow{R}_{i} + g) \right|}{\left| -\overrightarrow{R}_{i} - \overrightarrow{R}_{i} - \overrightarrow{R}_{$$