



Technische
Universität
Braunschweig



Programmieren 1 – Vorlesung #3

Arne Schmidt

Wiederholung

Rückblick

Was haben wir bisher gelernt?

Datentypen und
Datenstrukturen

Integer
Float
Boolean
Strings
Arrays

Grundlagen der
imperativen
Programmierung am
Beispiel Python

Kontrollstrukturen

- Anweisung
- Verzweigung
- Schleifen
- Methoden

Sonstiges

Unäre / binäre Operatoren
Binärzahlen
Scope
Pass by Value

Einführung in Java

- Lexik
- Syntax
- Datentypen



Kapitel 3 – Einführung in Java



Java

Im Gegensatz zu Python muss Java kompiliert und dann interpretiert werden.

Dies geschieht mit den Befehlen
Kompilieren: javac MyClass.java
Interpretieren: java MyClass



Der Dateiname ist identisch mit dem *Klassenbezeichner* in der Datei , welche **public** ist.

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello Audimax!");  
    }  
}
```

Java – Was?

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        System.out.println("Hello Audimax!");  
    }  
}
```

class?

Static?

Public?

void?!

System?

args[]?

Keine Sorge, wir gehen dort Schrittweise durch.
Nehmt zunächst einfach an: die ersten und letzten
zwei Zeilen werden benötigt, damit es kompiliert



Kapitel 3.1 – Lexik

Java Lexik

Kommentare:

Einzeilig: `// Text`

Mehrzeilig: `/* Text */`

Dokumentkommentar: `/** Text */`

Operatoren:

`+, -, *, /, %, ==, +, -, >=, <=, !, >>, <<, |, &, ^, ...`

Trennzeichen:

Leerzeichen, Zeilenendzeichen (ENTER-Taste), Tabulatorzeichen (TAB-Taste)

Interpunktion:

`., (), { }, [,]`



`**` als Exponentiation gibt es nicht.
`^` ist immer noch bitweises xor.

Java Lexik - Datentypen

| Typ | Größe | Wertebereich | Beispiel |
|---------|--------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| byte | 1 Byte | -128 bis 127 | byte b = 42 |
| short | 2 Byte | -32 768 bis 32 767 | short s = 4414 |
| int | 4 Byte | -2^{31} bis $2^{31} - 1$ | int i = 12345 |
| long | 8 Byte | -2^{63} bis $2^{63} - 1$ | long l = 18_293_194_530L |
| float | 4 Byte | nach IEEE 754 | float f = 3.14f |
| double | 8 Byte | nach IEEE 754 | double d = 9.3 |
| boolean | ?? | true / false | boolean b = false |
| char | 4 Byte | '\u0000' bis '\uffff' | char c = 'p' |

Zeichenkodierung

Eben gesehen, ein Char kann den Wert '\u0000' annehmen. Das wirft Fragen auf!

- Was bedeutet das?
- Wie wird überhaupt der Quellcode codiert?
Letztlich stehen dort nur 0en und 1en!
- Wie muss eine Datei interpretiert werden?

Beispiel ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) mit 7 Bits pro Zeichen:

Binärzahl: 101 0111 Zeichen: W

Unicode benutzt 16 Bit pro Zeichen und umfasst knapp 150 000 Zeichen.

Java liest Dateien per Unicode aus (default).

ASCII Tabelle

| <div><div><div>b₇b₆b₅b₄b₃b₂b₁</div><div>Bits</div></div><div><div>Column</div><div>Row</div></div></div> <tr><th>b₄</th><th>b₃</th><th>b₂</th><th>b₁</th><th></th><th>0 0 0</th><th>0 0 1</th><th>0 1 0</th><th>0 1 1</th><th>1 0 0</th><th>1 0 1</th><th>1 1 0</th><th>1 1 1</th></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>NUL</td><td>DLE</td><td>SP</td><td>0</td><td>@</td><td>P</td><td>`</td><td>p</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>SOH</td><td>DC1</td><td>!</td><td>1</td><td>A</td><td>Q</td><td>a</td><td>q</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>STX</td><td>DC2</td><td>"</td><td>2</td><td>B</td><td>R</td><td>b</td><td>r</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>3</td><td>ETX</td><td>DC3</td><td>#</td><td>3</td><td>C</td><td>S</td><td>c</td><td>s</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>4</td><td>4</td><td>EOT</td><td>DC4</td><td>\$</td><td>4</td><td>D</td><td>T</td><td>d</td><td>t</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>5</td><td>5</td><td>ENQ</td><td>NAK</td><td>%</td><td>5</td><td>E</td><td>U</td><td>e</td><td>u</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>6</td><td>6</td><td>ACK</td><td>SYN</td><td>&</td><td>6</td><td>F</td><td>V</td><td>f</td><td>v</td></tr> <tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>7</td><td>7</td><td>BEL</td><td>ETB</td><td>'</td><td>7</td><td>G</td><td>W</td><td>g</td><td>w</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>8</td><td>8</td><td>BS</td><td>CAN</td><td>(</td><td>8</td><td>H</td><td>X</td><td>h</td><td>x</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>9</td><td>9</td><td>HT</td><td>EM</td><td>)</td><td>9</td><td>I</td><td>Y</td><td>i</td><td>y</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>10</td><td>10</td><td>LF</td><td>SUB</td><td>*</td><td>:</td><td>J</td><td>Z</td><td>j</td><td>z</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>11</td><td>11</td><td>VT</td><td>ESC</td><td>+</td><td>;</td><td>K</td><td>[</td><td>k</td><td>{</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>12</td><td>12</td><td>FF</td><td>FS</td><td>,</td><td><</td><td>L</td><td>\</td><td>l</td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>13</td><td>13</td><td>CR</td><td>GS</td><td>—</td><td>=</td><td>M</td><td>]</td><td>m</td><td>}</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>14</td><td>14</td><td>SO</td><td>RS</td><td>.</td><td>></td><td>N</td><td>^</td><td>n</td><td>~</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>15</td><td>15</td><td>SI</td><td>US</td><td>/</td><td>?</td><td>O</td><td>_</td><td>o</td><td>DEL</td></tr> | | | | | | b ₄ | b ₃ | b ₂ | b ₁ | | 0 0 0 | 0 0 1 | 0 1 0 | 0 1 1 | 1 0 0 | 1 0 1 | 1 1 0 | 1 1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NUL | DLE | SP | 0 | @ | P | ` | p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | SOH | DC1 | ! | 1 | A | Q | a | q | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | STX | DC2 | " | 2 | B | R | b | r | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | ETX | DC3 | # | 3 | C | S | c | s | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | EOT | DC4 | \$ | 4 | D | T | d | t | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 5 | ENQ | NAK | % | 5 | E | U | e | u | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 6 | ACK | SYN | & | 6 | F | V | f | v | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 7 | BEL | ETB | ' | 7 | G | W | g | w | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | BS | CAN | (| 8 | H | X | h | x | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 9 | HT | EM |) | 9 | I | Y | i | y | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 10 | LF | SUB | * | : | J | Z | j | z | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 11 | VT | ESC | + | ; | K | [| k | { | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | FF | FS | , | < | L | \ | l | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 13 | CR | GS | — | = | M |] | m | } | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 14 | SO | RS | . | > | N | ^ | n | ~ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 15 | SI | US | / | ? | O | _ | o | DEL |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| b ₄ | b ₃ | b ₂ | b ₁ | | 0 0 0 | 0 0 1 | 0 1 0 | 0 1 1 | 1 0 0 | 1 0 1 | 1 1 0 | 1 1 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | NUL | DLE | SP | 0 | @ | P | ` | p | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | SOH | DC1 | ! | 1 | A | Q | a | q | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | STX | DC2 | " | 2 | B | R | b | r | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | ETX | DC3 | # | 3 | C | S | c | s | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | EOT | DC4 | \$ | 4 | D | T | d | t | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 5 | ENQ | NAK | % | 5 | E | U | e | u | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 6 | ACK | SYN | & | 6 | F | V | f | v | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 7 | BEL | ETB | ' | 7 | G | W | g | w | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | BS | CAN | (| 8 | H | X | h | x | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 9 | HT | EM |) | 9 | I | Y | i | y | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 10 | LF | SUB | * | : | J | Z | j | z | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 11 | VT | ESC | + | ; | K | [| k | { | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | FF | FS | , | < | L | \ | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 13 | CR | GS | — | = | M |] | m | } | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 14 | SO | RS | . | > | N | ^ | n | ~ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 15 | SI | US | / | ? | O | _ | o | DEL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Javas Lexik - Literale

| Typ | Größe | Wertebereich | Beispiel (typ bez. = literal) |
|---------|--------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| byte | 1 Byte | -128 bis 127 | byte b = 42 |
| short | 2 Byte | -32 768 bis 32 767 | short s = 4414 |
| int | 4 Byte | -2^{31} bis $2^{31} - 1$ | int i = 12345 |
| long | 8 Byte | -2^{63} bis $2^{63} - 1$ | long l = 18_293_194_530L |
| float | 4 Byte | nach IEEE 754 | float f = 3.14f |
| double | 8 Byte | nach IEEE 754 | double d = 9.3 |
| boolean | ?? | true / false | boolean b = false |
| char | 4 Byte | '\u0000' bis '\uffff' | char c = 'p' |

Java – Schlüsselwörter (bereits bekannt)

assert
boolean
break
byte
case
catch
char
class
const
continue
default
do
double
else

enum
extends
final
finally
float
for
goto
if
implements
import
instanceof
int
interface
long

native
new
package
private
protected
public
return
short
static
strictfp
super
switch
synchronized
this

throw
throws
transient
try
void
volatile
while

Java – Schlüsselwörter (Kapitel 4 – Objekte)

assert
boolean
break
byte
case
catch
char
class
const
continue
default
do
double
else

enum
extends
final
finally
float
for
goto
if
implements
import
instanceof
int
interface
long

native
new
package
private
protected
public
return
short
static
strictfp
super
switch
synchronized
this

throw
throws
transient
try
void
volatile
while

Java – Schlüsselwörter (Kapitel 6 – Testen)

assert

boolean

break

byte

case

catch

char

class

const

continue

default

do

double

else

enum

extends

final

finally

float

for

goto

if

implements

import

instanceof

int

interface

long

native

new

package

private

protected

public

return

short

static

strictfp

super

switch

synchronized

this

throw

throws

transient

try

void

volatile

while

Kapitel 3.2 – Datentypen und Operatoren

Datentypen - Typecast

Da die Typisierung in Java nicht automatisch stattfindet, muss man immer darauf achten, kompatible Datentypen für Operatoren zu nutzen.

Das geschieht per **Typecast**:

Explizit:

```
int i = (int) 3.0; //Aus dem double-Wert 3.0 wird ein Integer-Wert 3
```

```
int i = Integer.parseInt("483"); //Die Zahl 483 wird aus dem String gelesen
```

```
String s = String.valueOf(48.03); //Zahlenwert wird zu String konvertiert
```

Implizit:

```
double d = i / 3; //Das Ergebnis wird implizit zu double gecastet
```

```
String s2 = i + "";
```

Operatoren und Reihenfolgen

Operatoren für Zahlentypen sind sehr ähnlich wie in Python.

Aber: `int / int` ergibt `int` (Ergebnis wird abgerundet)

Sollte man sich nicht sicher sein, welche Priorität Operatoren besitzen: Ausdrücke klammern!

Beispiele:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <code>double x = 3.0 / 2.0;</code> | <code>x = 1.5</code> |
| <code>double y = 3 / 2;</code> | <code>y = 1.0</code> |
| <code>double z = x+y ;</code> | <code>z = 2.5</code> |
| <code>String s = "x+y = " + z;</code> | <code>s = "x+y = 2.5"</code> |

Welchen Wert besitzt `s`?

Operator Precedence

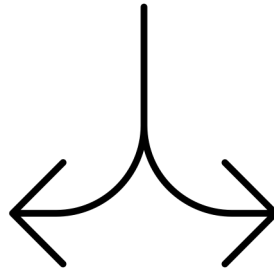
| Operators | Precedence |
|----------------------|---|
| postfix | <i>expr</i> ++ <i>expr</i> -- |
| unary | ++ <i>expr</i> -- <i>expr</i> + <i>expr</i> - <i>expr</i> ~ ! |
| multiplicative | * / % |
| additive | + - |
| shift | << >> >>> |
| relational | < > <= >= instanceof |
| equality | == != |
| bitwise AND | & |
| bitwise exclusive OR | ^ |
| bitwise inclusive OR | |
| logical AND | && |
| logical OR | |
| ternary | ? : |
| assignment | = += -= *= /= %= &= ^= = <<= >>= >>>= |

Kapitel 3.3 – Kontrollstrukturen

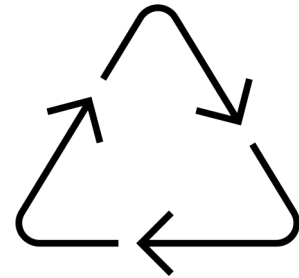
Kapitel 3.3.1 – Anweisungen, Verzweigungen und Schleifen



Anweisungen

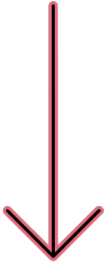


Verzweigungen

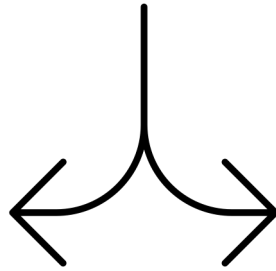


Schleifen

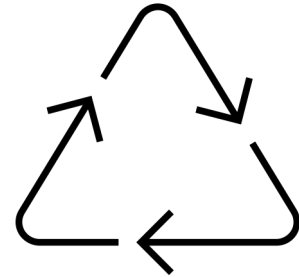
Kontrollstrukturen



Anweisungen



Verzweigungen



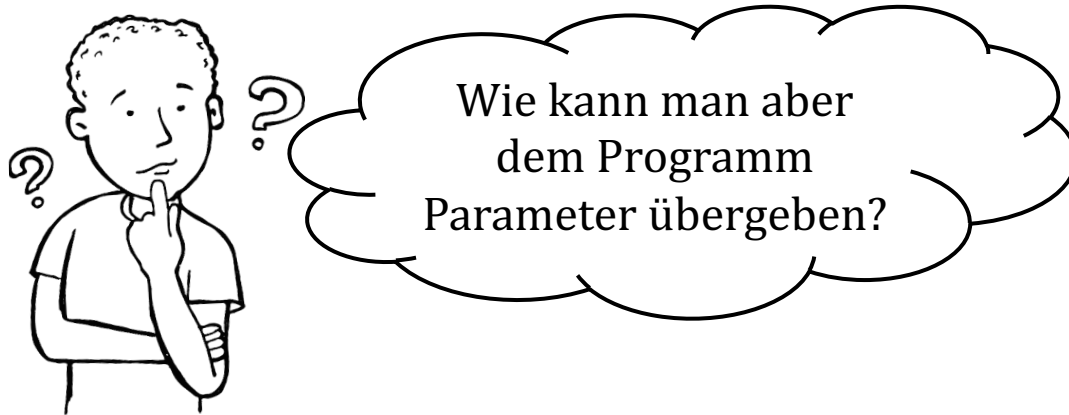
Schleifen

Anweisungen

In Java enden Anweisungen immer mit einem Semikolon (;).

Zur Deklaration einer Variablen **muss** der Datentyp mit angegeben werden.

Zur Ausgabe auf die Konsole kann die Methode `System.out.println(String)` genutzt werden.
Anweisungen zur Eingabe während der Laufzeit lassen wir zunächst aus.



Eingabe von Parametern

Um dem Programm Input zu geben, können über die Kommandozeile Parameter übergeben werden, welche über **args[i]** in der **main-Methode** abgerufen werden können

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println(args[0]);  
    }  
}
```

```
[(base) Arnes-MacBook-Pro:Prog1 schmidt$ javac MyClass.java  
[(base) Arnes-MacBook-Pro:Prog1 schmidt$ java MyClass 333  
333
```

Eingabe von Parametern – Zahlen

Um die Eingabe, welche immer ein String ist, in eine Zahl umzuwandeln, stehen bspw. folgende Methoden zur Verfügung:

`Integer.parseInt(String s)`: Konvertiert den String `s` in einen `int`.

`Double.parseDouble(String s)`: Konvertiert den String `s` in einen `double`.

Beispiel mit Aufruf `java MyClass 12 3.141`:

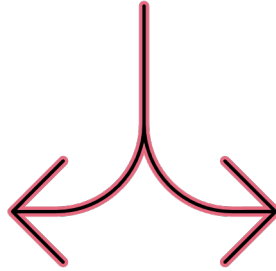
```
int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
```

```
double d = Double.parseDouble(args[1]);
```

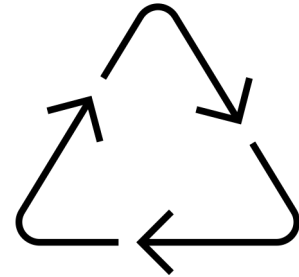

Kontrollstrukturen



Anweisungen



Verzweigungen



Schleifen

If-Else und Switch-Case

Der Test bzw. die Variable, über welche verzweigt wird, steht stets in Klammern.

Die Anweisungen danach werden mit geschweiften Klammern umschlossen.

Damit ist Einrückung nicht nötig, aber trotzdem empfohlen für bessere Lesbarkeit!

Die Anweisungen für einen **case** folgenden nach einem Doppelpunkt und enden immer mit **break**;

default wird ausgeführt, wenn kein anderer Fall eintrat.

```
if (Test) {  
    Anweisungen;  
} else {  
    Anweisungen;  
}
```

```
if (Test) {  
    Anweisungen;  
} else if (Test 2) {  
    Anweisungen;  
} else {  
    Anweisungen;  
}
```

```
switch (variable){  
    case Wert_1:  
        Anweisungen;  
        break;  
    case Wert_2:  
        Anweisungen;  
        break;  
    case Wert_3:  
        Anweisungen;  
        break;  
    default:  
        Anweisungen;  
        break;  
}
```

If-Else-Alternative: Ternärer Operator

Java bietet einen ternären Operator (? :), welcher einen bedingten Wert zurück gibt.

Syntax ternärer Operator:

(Test) ? (Wert bei true) : (Wert bei False)

Beispiel:

```
int a = -5
```

```
String s = "Ist a negativ?" + ( a < 0 ? "Ja" : "Nein" );
```

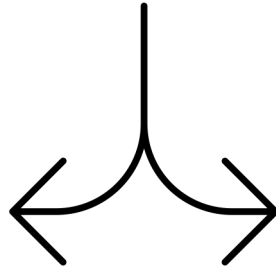
Dieser Operator ist nur mit Bedacht zu nutzen!

Nur für sehr einfache und unkomplizierte Anweisungen, ansonsten wird es schnell unübersichtlich.

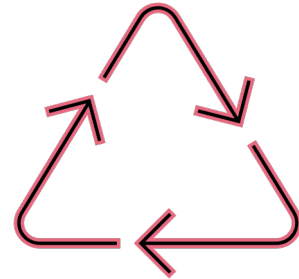
Kontrollstrukturen



Anweisungen



Verzweigungen



Schleifen

For-Schleife

Java bietet zwei Möglichkeiten für for-Schleifen an.

For-Schleife:

```
for (Init; Test; Inkrement){  
    Anweisungen;  
}
```

ForEach-Schleife:

```
for (type var : arrayname){  
    Anweisungen;  
}
```

Beispiele:

```
int n = 10;  
int sum = 0;  
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; ++i){  
    sum += i;  
}
```

```
String[] obst = {"Apfel", "Birne", "Banane"};  
for (String s : obst){  
    System.out.println{s};  
}
```

(Arrays schauen wir uns nächste Woche genauer an)

While- und Do-While-Schleifen

While-Schleife

```
while (Bedingung){  
    Anweisung;  
}
```

```
int x = 8;  
int f = 1;  
while (x > 0){  
    f *= x;  
    x -= 1;  
}  
System.out.println("8! = " + f);
```

do-while-Schleife

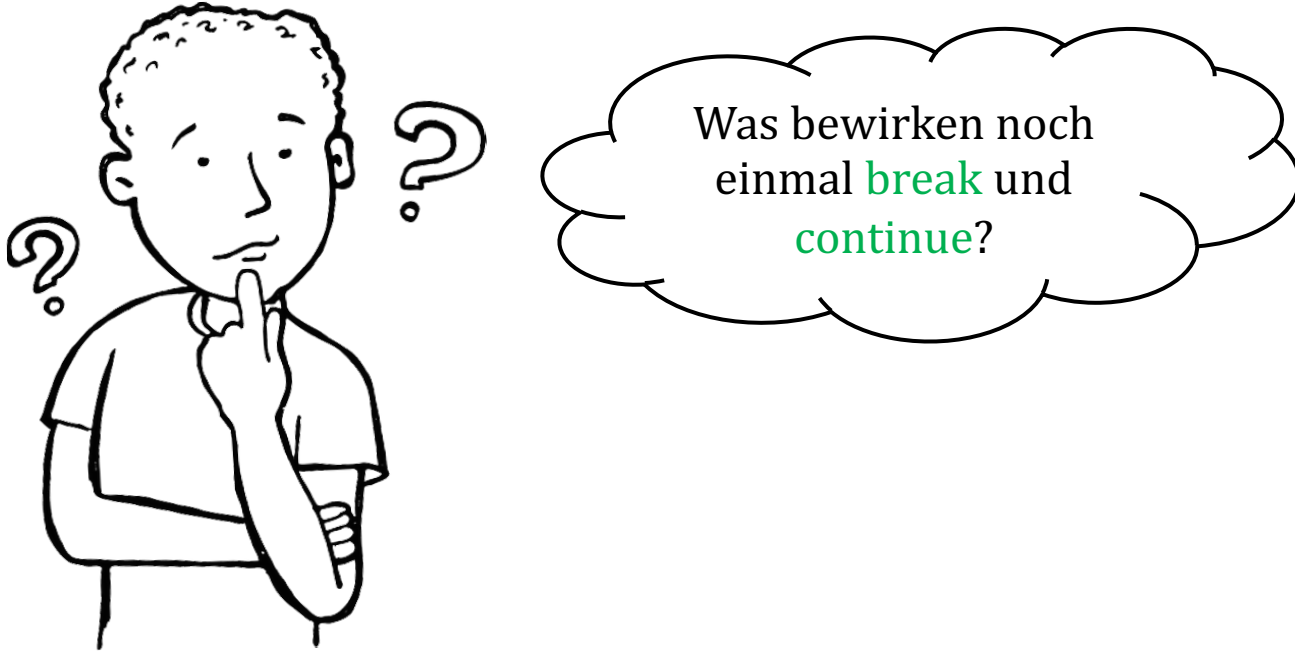
```
do{  
    Anweisung;  
} while (Bedingung)
```

```
int x = 8;  
int f = 1;  
do {  
    f *= x;  
    x -= 1;  
} while (x > 0);  
System.out.println("8! = " + f);
```

Wichtig: Do-while führt mind. eine Iteration aus!

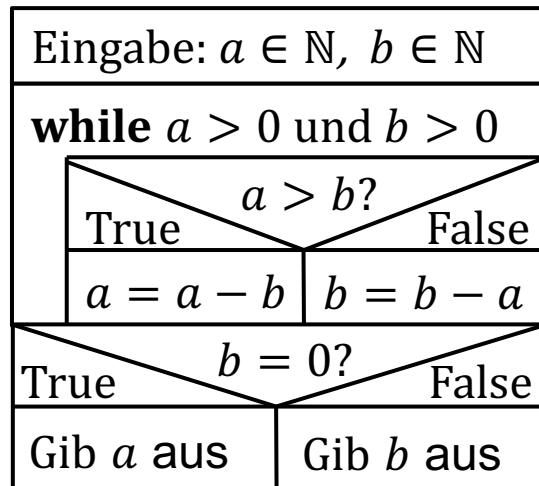
Break und Continue

Break und Continue besitzen die gleiche Bedeutung wie in Python!



Gesamtbeispiel

Als Struktogramm:



Als Java Programm:

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int a = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);  
        int b = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);  
  
        while (a > 0 && b > 0){  
            if (a > b){  
                a -= b;  
            } else {  
                b -= a;  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println(b == 0 ? a : b);  
    }  
}
```


Kapitel 3.3.2 –Methoden

Methoden

Eine Methode in Java wird allgemein definiert durch *Rückgabotyp Name(Inputparameter)*.

Dazu ist zu beachten:

- Parameter werden als Pass-by-Value übergeben (wie bei Python).
- Rückgabotyp ist **void**, wenn kein Rückgabewert vorgesehen ist.
- Methoden, die von einer Methode mit **static-Modifizierer** aufgerufen werden und kein Teil eines *instanziierten Objektes* sind, benötigen den Modifizierer **static**.

Methoden – Beispiel

```
public class MyClass {  
  
    static int pow(int x, int p){  
        int res = 1;  
        for (int i = 0; i < p; ++i){  
            res *= x;  
        }  
        return res;  
    }  
}  
  
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    int base = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);  
    int exponent = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);  
  
    System.out.println(pow(base, exponent));  
}
```

Methoden – Signatur

Die **Signatur** einer Methode ist die Kombination von Methodennamen und der Ordnung der Parametertypen.

Zwei Methoden sind unterscheidbar, wenn sich ihre Signaturen unterscheiden (d.h. der Methodenname von zwei Methoden darf identisch sein).

```
public class MyClass {  
  
    static int pow(int x, int p){  
        int res = 1;  
        for (int i = 0; i < p; ++i){  
            res *= x;  
        }  
        return res;  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int base = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);  
        int exponent = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);  
        System.out.println(pow(base, exponent));  
    }  
}
```

Signatur von pow: pow(int, int)

Ausblick

