CS 301 High-Performance Computing

<u>Lab 4: Problem A2</u>

Vivek Godhasara (202001451) Harsh Makwana (202001264)

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1 Introduction

1.1 Brief description of the problem.

Problem A-2 -> Calculation of pi using series (take large value of "N" for summation).

In this problem, our task is to write pi series code for calculating the value of pi. Our accuracy will depend on the total iteration N. As given above we are going to take the large value of 'N' so that we can get the value of pi as accurately as possible.

Now our goal is to write an optimal algorithm for calculating the upper problem so that we can get optimal use of our processor using pragma omp parallel and threads.

1.2 The complexity of the algorithm (serial).

As you can see in the uploaded code, In this algorithm we are using a simple for loop which is running from 0 to N. where N is the total iteration for finding the value of pi.

So The time complexity of the algorithm is: O(N) and The space complexity of the algorithm is: O(1)

2 Hardware Details

2.1 Hardware Details of LAB207 Computer

- CPU 4
- Socket 1
- Cores per Socket 4
- Size of L1 cache 64KB
- Size of L2 cache 256KB
- Size of L3 cache 6MB

2.2 Hardware Details of Cluster

- CPU 16
- Socket 2
- Cores per Socket 8
- Size of L1 cache 64KB
- Size of L2 cache 256KB
- Size of L3 cache 20MB

3 PART 1: LAB207 Computer

3.1 Graph

Below we have depicted the Mean execution time vs problem size for Lab207 Computer.

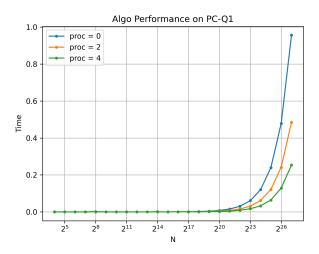


Figure 1: Algorithm time vs problem size - PC

4 PART 2: Cluster

4.1 Graph

Below we have depicted the Mean execution time vs problem size for Cluster.

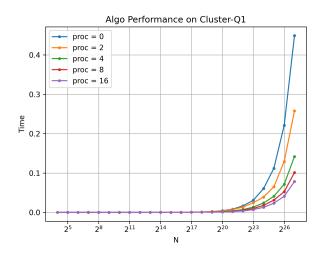


Figure 2: Algorithm time vs problem size - Cluster