

# Convolution

# Outline

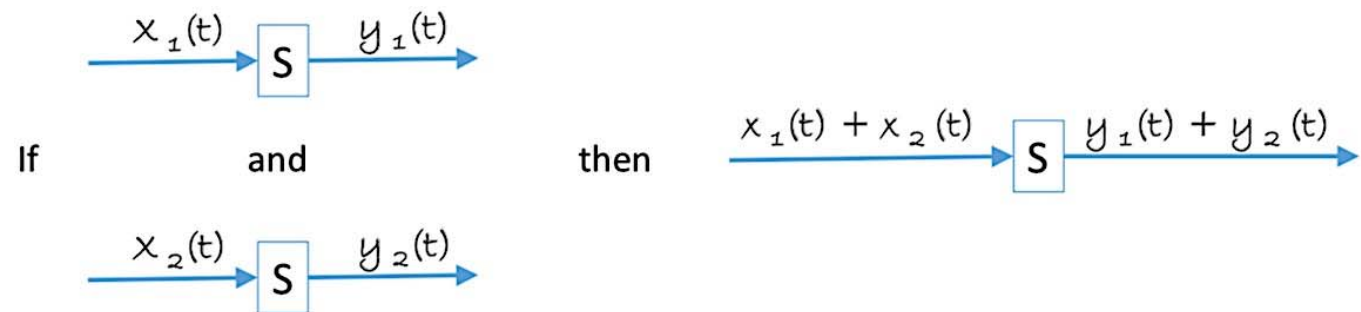
- Linear Systems
  - Properties
- Response of Linear System
- Convolution
  - Properties

# Properties of Linear System

## 1. Homogeneity:



## 2. Additivity:



## 3. Shift Invariance:

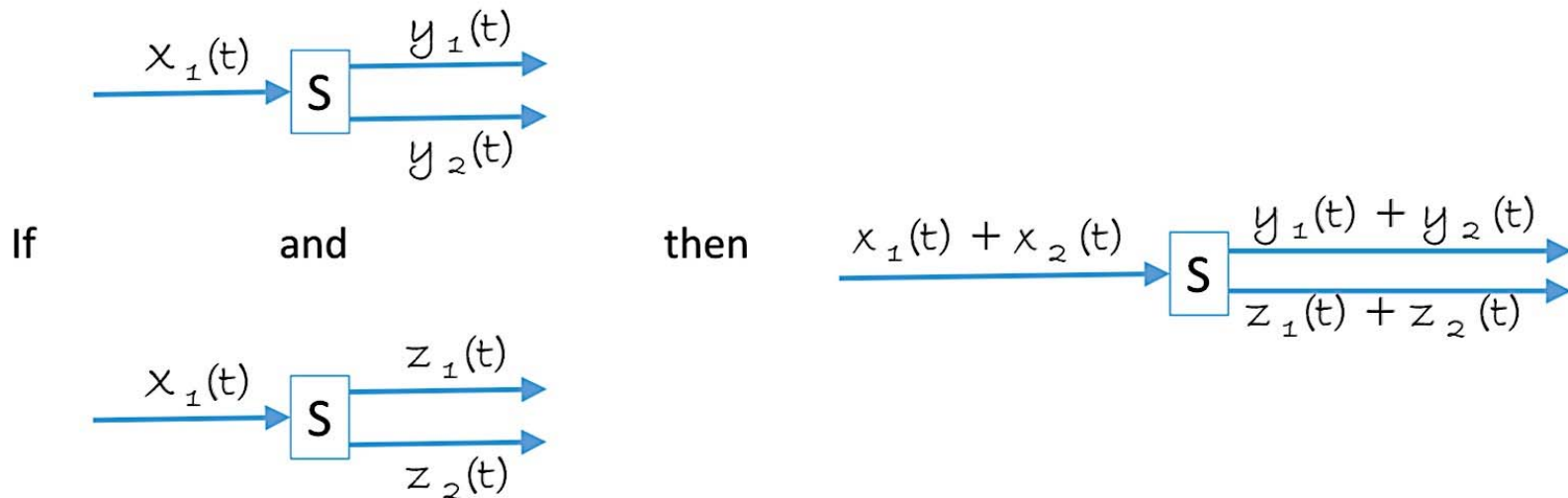


# Other Properties of Linear Systems

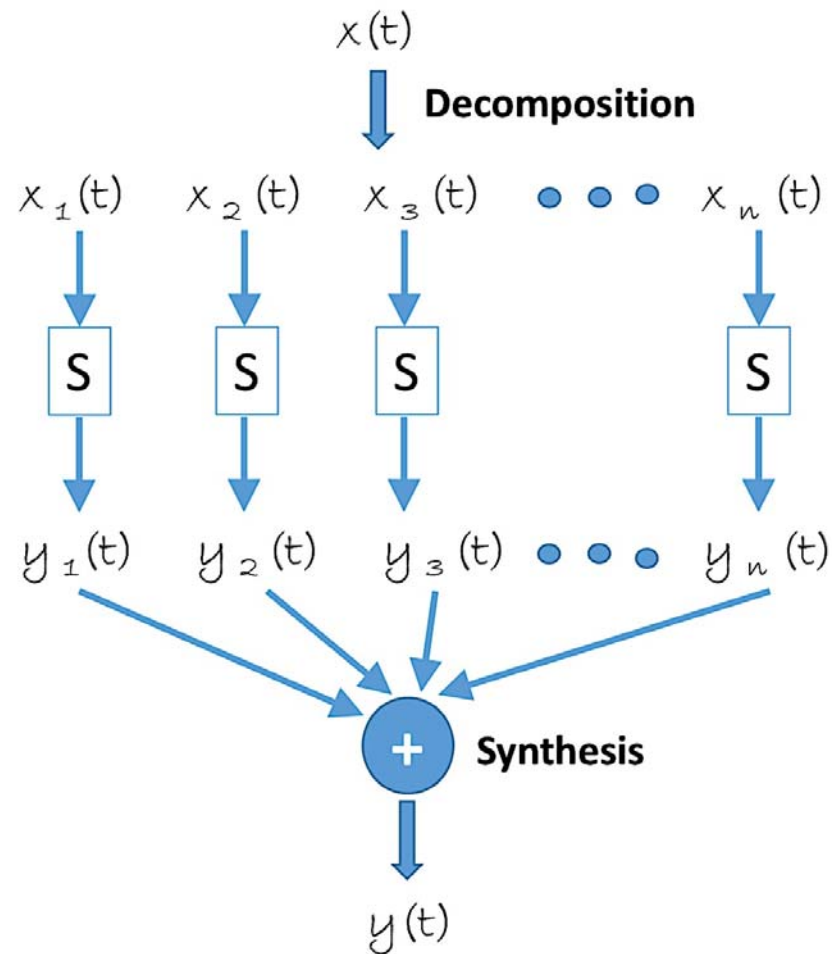
## 1. Commutative:



## 2. Superposition: If each generates multiple outputs, Then the addition of inputs generates an addition of outputs.

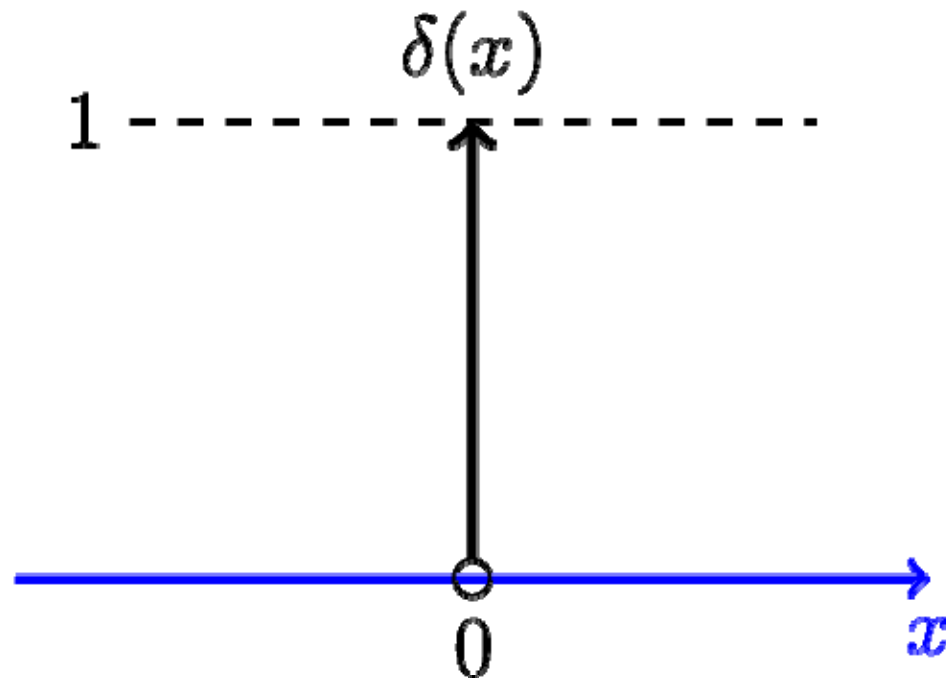


# Decomposition - Synthesis



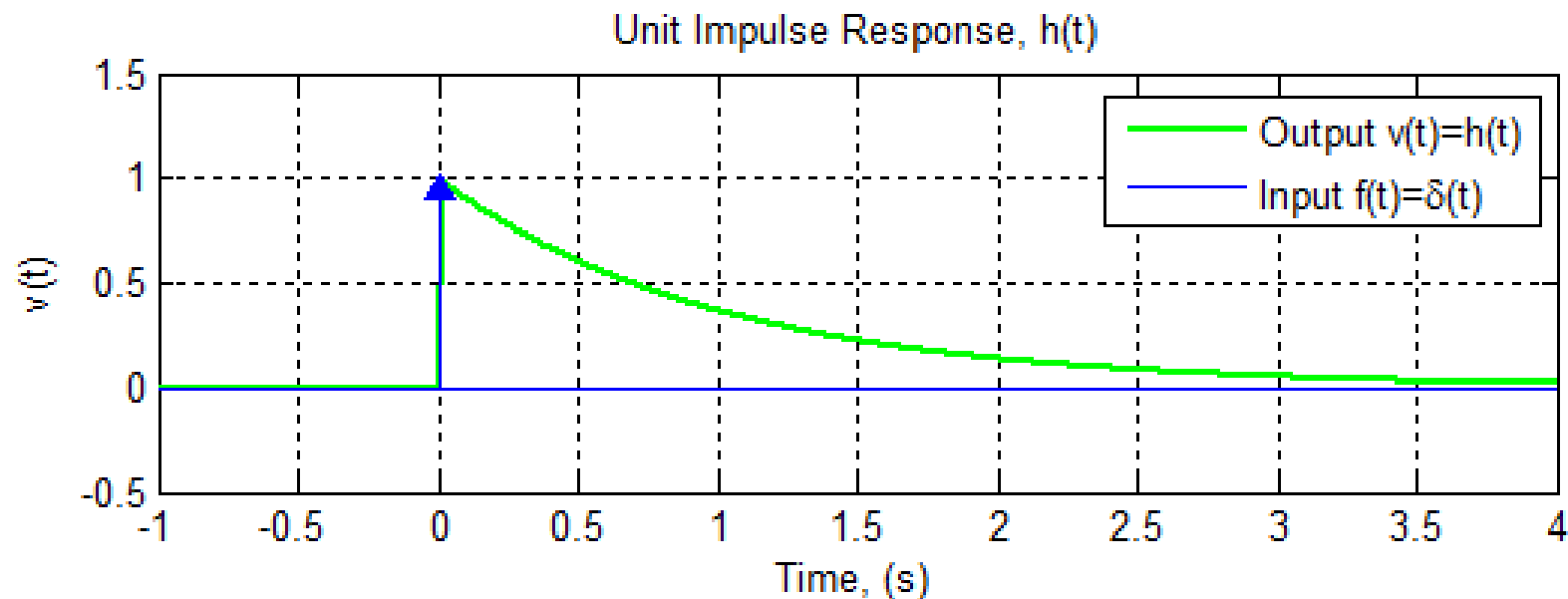
# Response of Linear System

- ***Impulse***: Signal with only one non-zero sample.
- **Delta** ( $\delta[t]$ ) is an impulse with non-zero sample at  $t = 0$



# Response of Linear System

- **Impulse response**  $h[t]$ 
  - output of the system to the input  $\delta[t]$ .



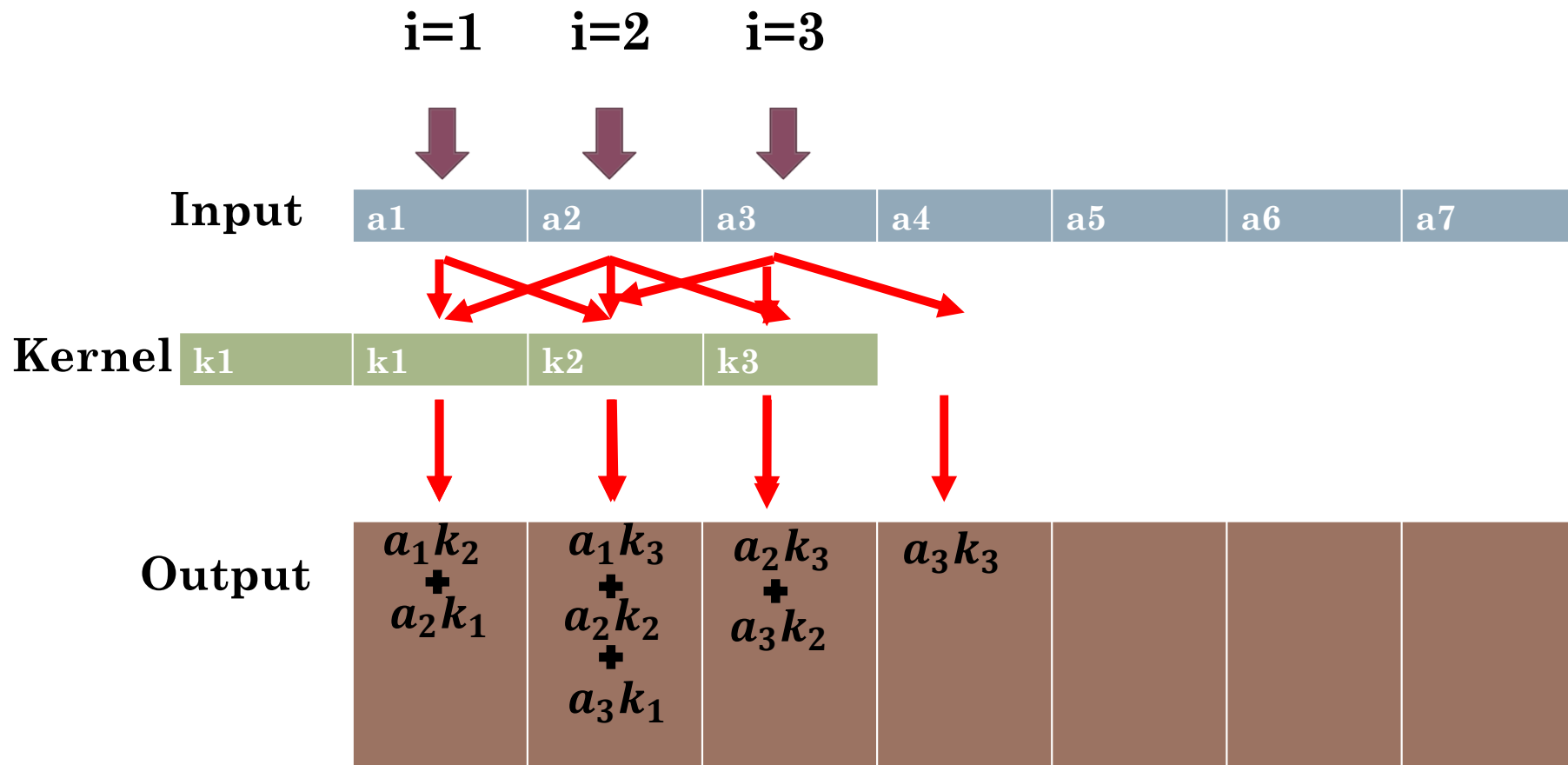
# Response of Linear System

- ***Impulse response***  $h[t]$ 
  - output of the system to the input  $\delta[t]$ .
- ***Convolution:*** Response of a linear system with impulse response,  $h$ , to a general signal

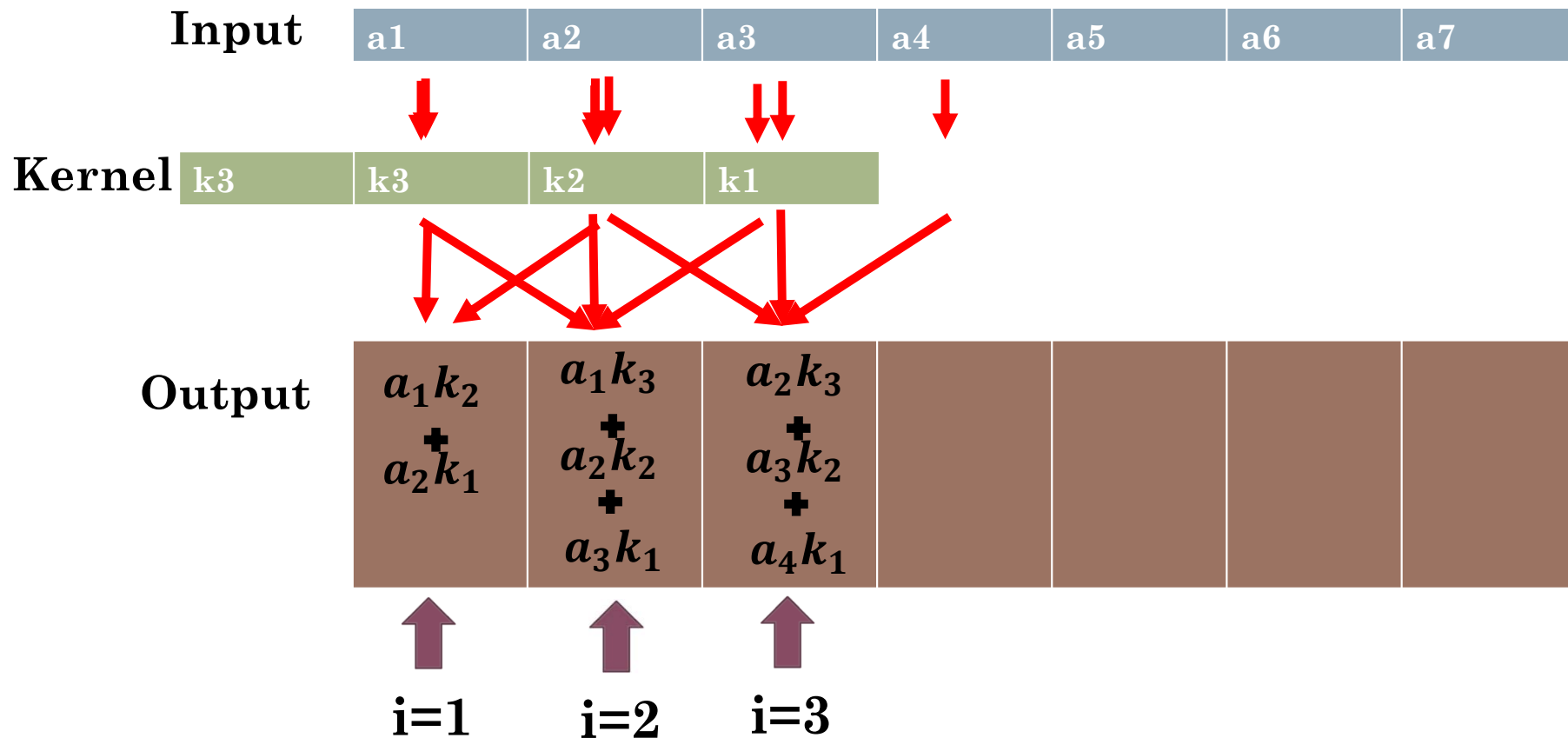
$$R = \sum_{l=1}^n x[l]h[t - l] = x[t] \star h[t]$$



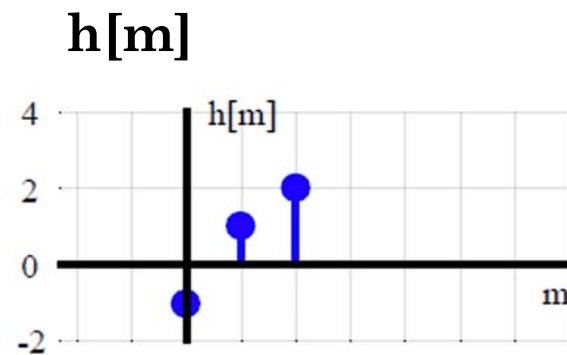
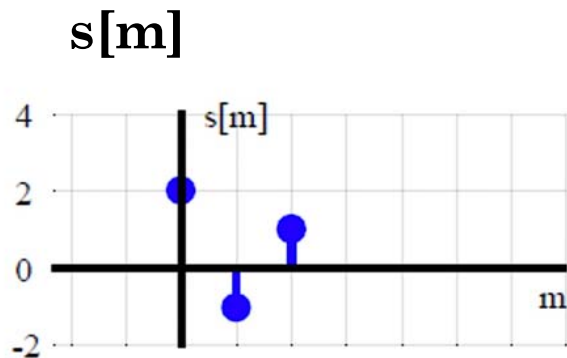
# Convolution – Input side



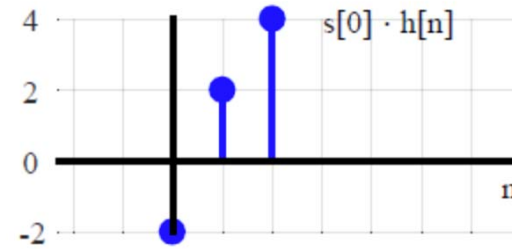
# Convolution – Output side



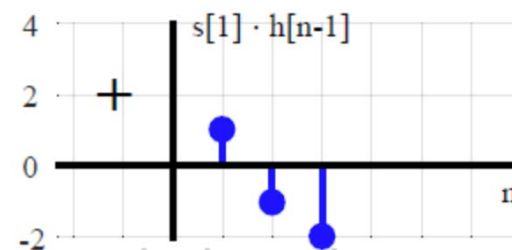
# Convolution



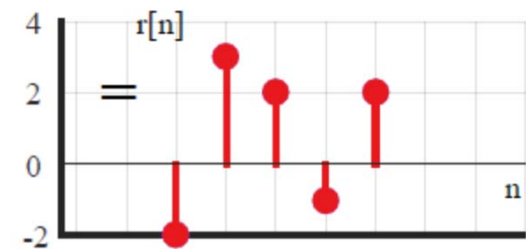
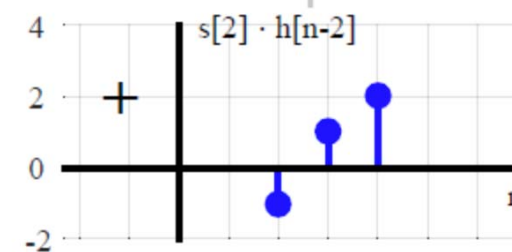
$s[0] \cdot h[n]$



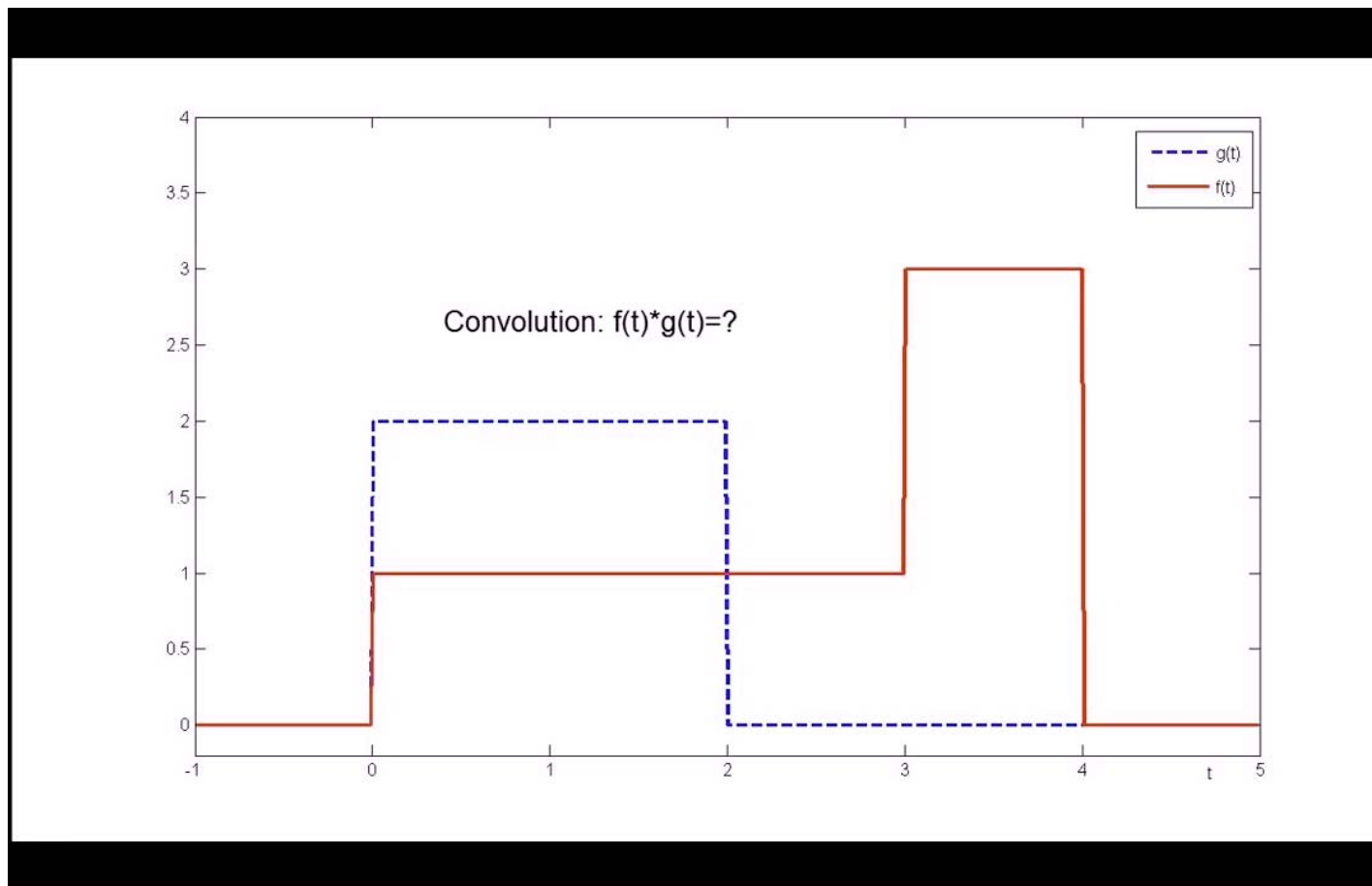
$s[1] \cdot h[n-1]$



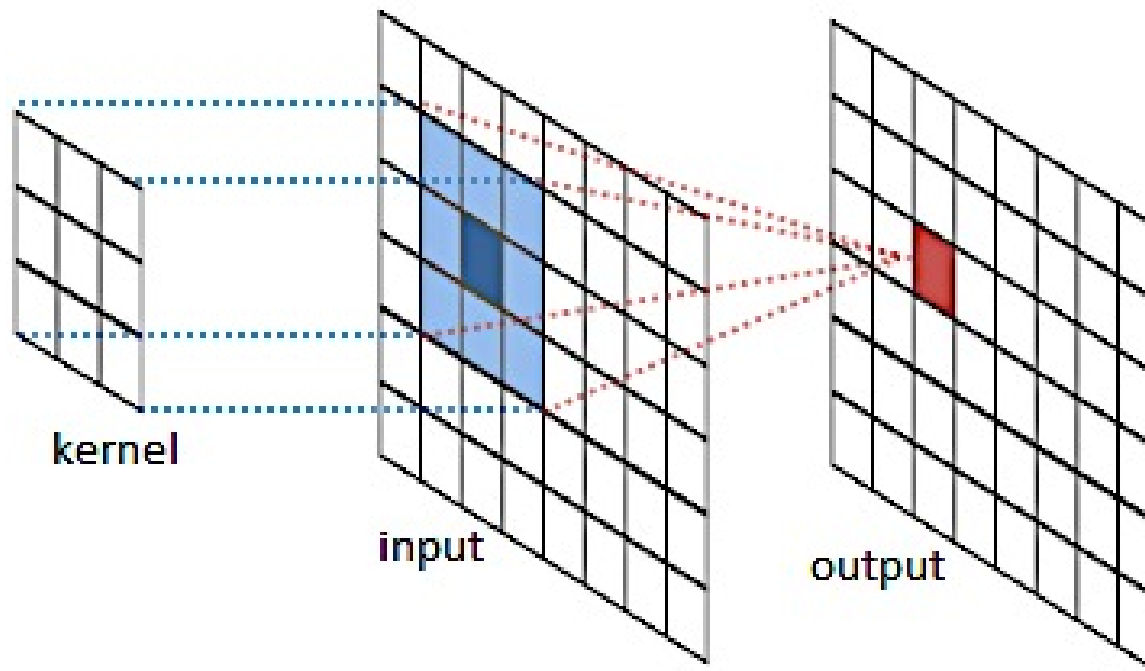
$s[2] \cdot h[n-2]$



# Visualization of Convolution



# 2D Convolution



# Properties of Convolution

- *All pass system*

$$x[t] \star \delta[t] = x[t]$$

- *Amplifier ( $k > 0$ ) / attenuator ( $k < 0$ )*

$$x[t] \star k\delta[t] = kx[t]$$

- *Delay*

$$x[t] \star \delta[t + s] = x[t + s]$$

# Properties of Convolution

- *Commutative*

$$a[t] \star b[t] = b[t] \star a[t].$$

- *Associative*

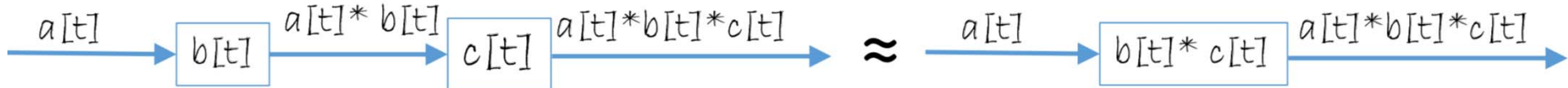
$$(a[t] \star b[t]) \star c[t] = a[t] \star (b[t] \star c[t]).$$

- *Distributive*

$$a[t] \star b[t] + a[t] \star c[t] = a[t] \star (b[t] + c[t])$$

# Properties of Convolution

- Cascading convolutions



- Combination of parallel convolutions

