# FAHRER BEGLEITER A REPORT ON THE PROJECT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING

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# DECLARATION CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the work presented in the project entitled "Fahrer-Begleiter" in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the award of degree of **Bachelor of Computer Application** is an authentic work carried out under my supervision and guidance.

To the best of my knowledge the content of this project does not form a basis for the award of any previous Degree to anyone else.

Date: 13-07-19

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Sanket Sarkar

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The satisfaction that accompanies that successful completion of this project would be incomplete without mentioning the name whose ceaseless co-operation made it possible, whose constant guidance and encouragement crown all efforts with success.

Our sincere regards to **Sanket Sarkar** for the guidance, inspiration and constructive suggestions that helped us in the preparation of this project. We convey our sincere thanks to him for the commendable support towards completion of our project

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## CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL

The foregoing project entitled "**Fahrer- Begleiter**" is hereby approved as Minor Project and has been presented in satisfactory manner to warrant its acceptance as prerequisite to the degree for which it has been submitted

It is understood that by this approval, the undersigned do not necessarily endorse any conclusion drawn or opinion expressed therein, but approve the project for the purpose for which it is submitted

# CONTENTS

Chapter 1 1.1 Introduction
Chapter 2
2.1 Scope of the project6
Chapter 3           3.1 Algorithm
Chapter 4 4.1 Requirement Analysis
Chapter 5
5.1 Source Code
Chapter 6
6.1 Result       12         6.2 Conclusion       13

## CHAPTER 1:

#### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

**Fahrer Begleiter** is a Driver Alertness System, which helps to prevent accidents caused by the driver getting drowsy and fatigue. Whenever it detects that the driver is drowsy or fatigue it alerts the driver. Various studies have suggested that around 20% of all road accidents are fatigue-related, up to 50% on certain roads. Therefore, keeping this in mind, the system is developed.

The alertness system is completely written in Python and various libraries of it namely PyQt5, openCv and playsound. It implements the abilities of Artificial Intelligence to detect the drowsiness in a person .Artificial Intelligence, sometimes called machine intelligence, is intelligence demonstrated by machines, in contrast to the natural intelligence displayed by humans and other animals. These abilities are achieved using Computer Vision, which is a field of multiple disciplines that care about how computers can gain a high-level understanding from digital images/videos.

#### • What is PyQt5?

Qt is set of cross-platform C++ libraries that implement high-level APIs for accessing many aspects of modern desktop and mobile systems. These include location and positioning services, multimedia, NFC and Bluetooth connectivity, a Chromium based web browser, as well as traditional UI development.PyQt5 is a comprehensive set of Python bindings for Qt v5. It is implemented as more than 35 extension modules and enables Python to be used as an alternative application development language to C++ on all supported platforms including iOS and Android.PyQt5 may also be embedded in C++ based applications to allow users of those applications to configure or enhance the functionality of those applications.

### • What is openCv?

**OpenCV** (*Open source computer vision*) is a library of programming functions mainly aimed at real-time computer vision. Originally developed by Intel, it was later supported by Willow Garage then Itseez (which was later acquired by Intel). The library is cross-platform and free for use under the open-source BSD license. OpenCV supports the deep learning frameworks TensorFlow, Torch/PyTorch and Caffe.

What is playsound?

'playsound' is a predefined library of Python which is use to play sound via Python program

# CHAPTER 2:

## 2.1 SCOPE OF THE PROJECT

This system has the capability to alert the driver when he feels fatigue and drowsy. The reaction time of the system is also very fast. This system is user friendly since it has a GUI system. The system, however, can't alert if the driver is wearing spectacles/glasses.

## CHAPTER 3

#### 3.1 & LGORITHM

#### 1. INPUT:

- a) User decision to start the system or not.
- b) User's image via camera.
- c) User decision to exit the system or not.

#### 2. OUTPUT:

- a) Alert the user if he feels fatigue or sleepy.
- b) The image of the user.

#### 3. PROCESS (PSEUDOCODE):

- **STEP 1: START**
- STEP 2: Initialize the value of the GUI variables namely title, left, top, width, height to "Fahrer-
- Beigleiter: An alertness system for drivers",10,10,320,200 respectively.
- **STEP 3:** Set the GUI window
- STEP 4: Ask the user whether he want to start the system or not
- **STEP 5:** IF (user wants to start the system) THEN,
- STEP 5.1: Display "Yes Clicked"
- STEP 5.2 Play sound to notify the user that the system has started
- **STEP 5.3**: face\_cascade ← the contents of the file 'face.xml'
- **STEP 5.**4: left\_eye\_cascde ← the contents of the file 'leftEye.xml'
- **STEP 5.5**: right\_eye\_cascade ← the contents of the file 'rightEye.xml'
- STEP 5.6: IF (Either of the above mentioned 3 files is not found) THEN
- STEP 5.6.1: Raise an IOError stating 'Unable to load the haarcascade file/s'

#### **ENDIF**

- STEP 5.7: cap ← Capturing of the image from the selected camera
- **STEP 5.8**: ds factor  $\leftarrow 0.5$
- **STEP 5.9: REPEAT**
- **STEP 5.**9.1: r,frame ← Frame captured by the selected camera
- **STEP 5.**9.2: frame ← Resize the frame captured
- **STEP 5.9.3:** gray ← Convert the frame captured to grayscale
- **STEP 5.**9.4: faces ← Detect whether there is face in the captured image with help of the variable face cascade
- **STEP 5.9.5**: IF (no. of faces detected =0) THEN
- **STEP 5.9.5.1:** Alert the driver that he is sleeping

#### **ENDIF**

- **STEP 5.9.6**: DOWHILE  $(x, y, w, h \le length of faces)$
- **STEP 5**.9.6.1 Draw Rectangle around the faces

**ENDDO** 

**STEP 5.9.7:** leftEye ← detect whether there is the left eye in the captured face

**STEP 5.9.8:** rightEye ← detect whether there is the right eye in the captured face

**STEP 5.**9.9: IF (length of leftEye and rightEye =0) THEN

**STEP 5.**9.9.1: Alert the driver that his eyes are closed for a long time

**ENDIF** 

**STEP 5.9.10:** DOWHILE (x\_eye,y\_eye,w\_eye,h\_eye <= length of leftEye)

**STEP 5.9.10.1:** Draw Circle around the leftEye

**ENDDO** 

**STEP 5.9.11:** DOWHILE (x\_eye,y\_eye,w\_eye,h\_eye <= length of rightEYE)

**STEP 5.9.11.1:** Draw circle around the right Eye

**ENDDO** 

STEP 5.9.12: Show the modified captured frame to the user in a separate window on the monitor

**STEP 5.9.13:**  $c \leftarrow Value entered by the user$ 

UNTIL (FALSE)

**STEP 5.10:** Release the window and the camera

**STEP 5.11:** Destroy all the windows

**STEP 5.12:** Display the message "\nThank You for using Fahrer Begleiter\nThis system is developed by Rahul Dhar"

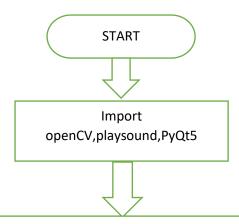
STEP 6: ELSE

**STEP 6.1** Exit from the system

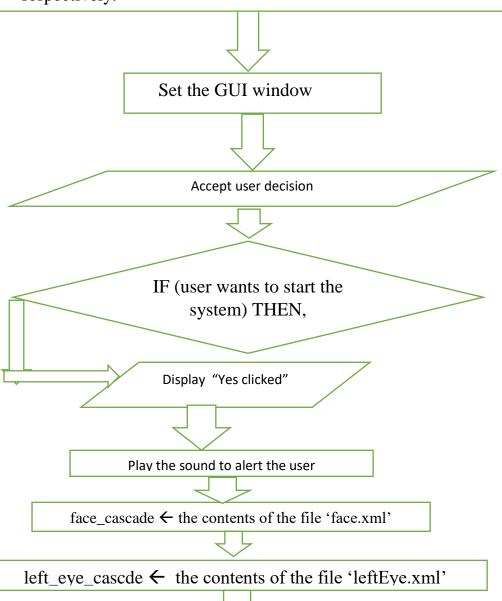
**ENDIF** 

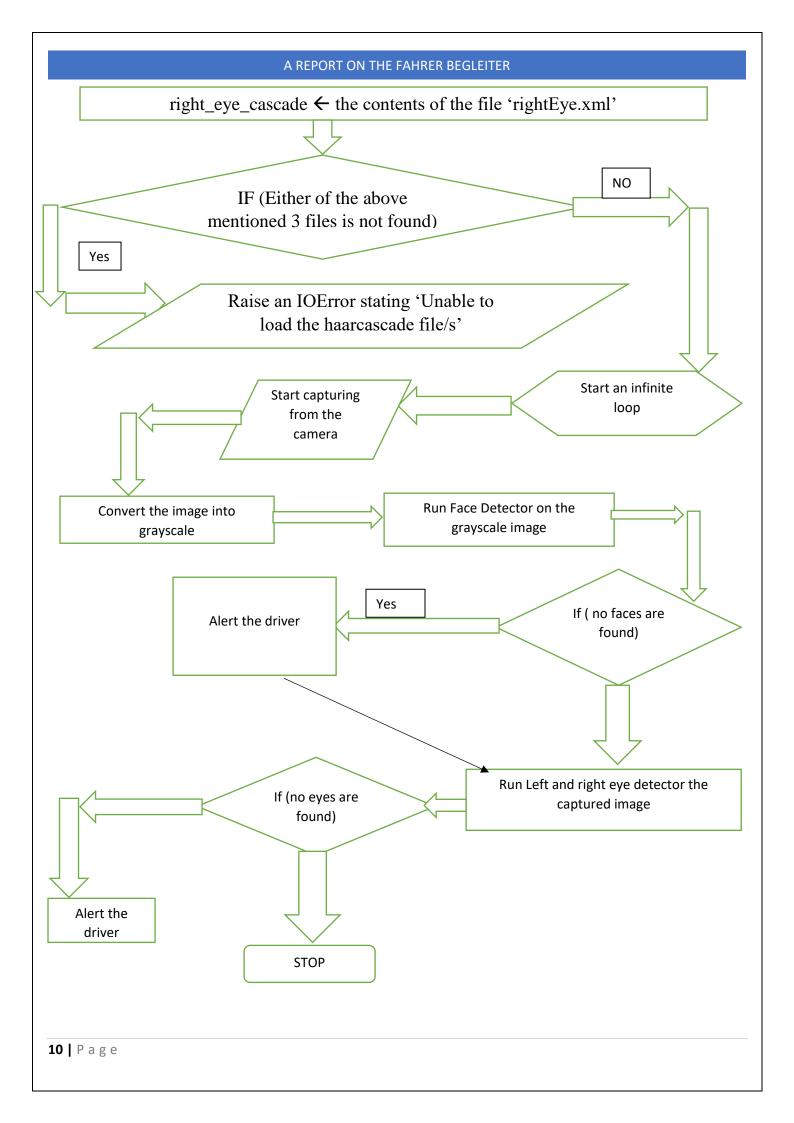
STEP 7: STOP

#### 3.2FLOWCHART



Initialize the value of the GUI variables namely title, left, top, width, height to "Fahrer-Beigleiter: An alertness system for drivers",10,10,320,200 respectively.





## CHAPTER 4

# 4.1 REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

The requirements for this system to run most effectively is:

- Python (version >= 3.6)
- Python Libraries:
  - 1. openCv
  - 2. playsound
  - 3. PyQt5
- Camera Support
- Sound Support
- Platform (OS) used: Windows 7 (Minimum Requirement)
- Hard Disk: 12KB
- Technology used: Artificial Intelligence using Python

## CHAPTER 5

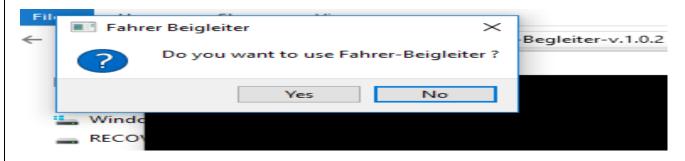
#### 5.1 SOURCE CODE

```
# AIM: - TO ALERT THE DRIVER WHEN HE IS FEELING FATIGUE OR TIRED
#PROGRAM DEVELOPED BY: RAHUL DHAR
#VERSION: - 1.0.2.10.07.2019
# To import the required packages
import cv2
import playsound
import sys
import os
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QWidget, QPushButton, QMessageBox
from PyQt5.QtGui import QIcon
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
#To declare the class
class App(QWidget):
                 def __init__(self):
                                  super().__init__()
                                  self.title = 'Fahrer-Beigleiter : An alertness system for drivers'#To set the title
                                  self.left = 10#To set the left border
                                  self.top = 10#To set the top border
                                  self.width = 320#To set the width
                                  self.height = 200#To set the height
                                  self.initUI()#To call the initUI() method
                 def initUI(self):
                                  self.setWindowTitle(self.title)
                                  self.setGeometry(self.left, self.top, self.width, self.height)
button Reply = QMessage Box. question (self , 'Fahrer Beigleiter' , 'Do you want to use Fahrer-Beigleiter ?'', QMessage Box. Yes | QMessage Box. No, QMessage Box. No) \#To ask whether he wants to use the system and the system of the system
                                  if buttonReply==QMessageBox.Yes: #If the user clicks 'Yes'
                                                   print('Yes clicked')
                                                   playsound.playsound('service-bell.wav')
                                                    face_cascade=cv2.CascadeClassifier('face.xml')#To load the face haarcascade file
                                                   right_eye_cascade=cv2.CascadeClassifier('rightEye.xml')#To load the right-eye
haarcascade file
                                                   left_eye_cascade=cv2.CascadeClassifier('leftEye.xml')#To load the left-eye haarcascde
file
                                                   if face_cascade.empty() or right_eye_cascade.empty() or left_eye_cascade.empty():
                                                                     raise IOError('Unable to load the required haarcascade file/s')#To raise an
error if the required haarcascade file isn't available
```

```
cap=cv2.VideoCapture(0)#To set the camera for capture
                      ds_factor=0.5#To set the scaling factor
                      while True: #To start an infinite loop
                              r, frame=cap.read()#To start the capture from the camera
                              frame=cv2.resize(frame, None, fx=ds_factor, fy=ds_factor,
interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)#To resize the frame
                              gray = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)#To convert the image into grey
scale
                              faces = face_cascade.detectMultiScale(gray, 1.3, 5)#To run the face detector
on the grayscale image
                              if len(faces) == 0:#To check if no faces are found
                                     playsound.playsound('airhorn.wav')#To alert the driver when no faces
are found
                              for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
                                     cv2.rectangle(frame, (x,y), (x+w,y+h), (210,255,210), 3)#To draw the
rectangle around the face
                              roi_gray = gray[y:y+h, x:x+w]# Extract the gray face ROI
                              roi_color = frame[y:y+h, x:x+w]# Extract the color face ROI
                              leftEye = left_eye_cascade.detectMultiScale(roi_gray)#To detect the left eye
from the grayscale face
                              rightEye=right_eye_cascade.detectMultiScale(roi_gray)#To detect the right eye
from the grayscale face
                              if len(leftEye)==0 and len(rightEye)==0:#To check if both the eyes are closed
or not
                                     playsound.playsound('Smoke Alarm.wav')#To alert the driver if both of
the eyes are closed for a long time
                              for (x_eye,y_eye,w_eye,h_eye) in leftEye:
                                     center = (int(x_eye + 0.5*w_eye), int(y_eye + 0.5*h_eye))
                                     radius = int(0.3 * (w_eye + h_eye))
                                     color = (0,255,0)
                                     thickness = 3
                                     cv2.circle(roi_color, center, radius, color, thickness)#To draw the
circles around the left eye
                              for (x_eye,y_eye,w_eye,h_eye) in rightEye:
                                     center = (int(x_eye + 0.5*w_eye), int(y_eye + 0.5*h_eye))
                                     radius = int(0.3 * (w_eye + h_eye))
                                     color = (0,0,255)
                                     thickness = 3
                                     cv2.circle(roi_color, center, radius, color, thickness)#To draw the
circle around the right eye
                              cv2.imshow(' Fahrer Begleiter--An alertness system for Drivers ',frame)#To
show the captured frame to the user
                              c = cv2.waitKey(1)#To accept user's input to continue or not
                              if c == 27:#To check if the 'esc' key is pressed
                      cap.release()#To release the allocated memory space
                      cv2.destroyAllWindows()#To destroy all the windows
```

## CHAPTER 6

#### 6.1 RESULT



The GUI Interface

The Captured Frame



#### 6.2 CONCLUSION

I, hereby would like to conclude the report, by stating that the system is very efficient. The loading time of the system is one second which is very first. Also, the system is very efficient since it can detect that slight moment of the driver and alert the driver very fast if he feels fatigue and doze off. It can be extremely great if it can be implemented in a real vehicle model.

Robul Shar

RAHUL DHAR

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