## CS2100 Computer Organisation Lab #8: Using Logisim I

Remember to bring this along to your lab!

(Week 11: 28 October - 1 November 2024)

[ This document is available on Canvas and course website https://www.comp.nus.edu.sg/~cs2100 ]

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Lab Group: B27

**Important:** You should complete the report before you come for your lab or you may not have enough time to complete it. For Thursday lab groups, please see point 11.

## **Objective:**

You will learn to use logisim to analyse a simple circuit and create a 4-bit parallel adder.

## Preparation (before the lab):

1. Download **logisim** from the website: <a href="http://www.cburch.com/logisim/download.html">http://www.cburch.com/logisim/download.html</a> (Logisim has been installed in the computers in the labs.)

## Logisim a graphical tool for designing and simulating logic circuits

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## **Getting Logisim**

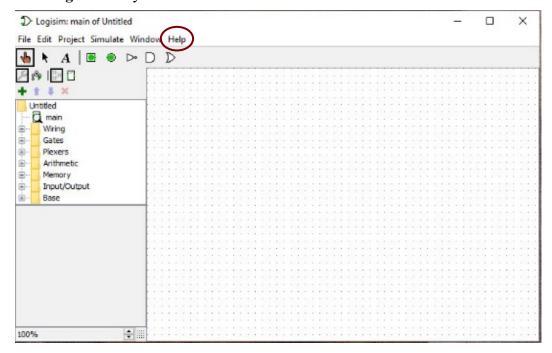
Logisim should run on any platform supporting Java, version 5 or later.

- Logisim requires Java 5 or later. If you do not already have it on your computer, Java is available from java.sun.com.
- Download Logisim from Logisim's SourceForge.net page. You will three choices of which release to download.
  - · A . jar file runs on any platform, though not necessarily conveniently.
  - A MacOS .tar.gz file
  - · A Windows .exe file

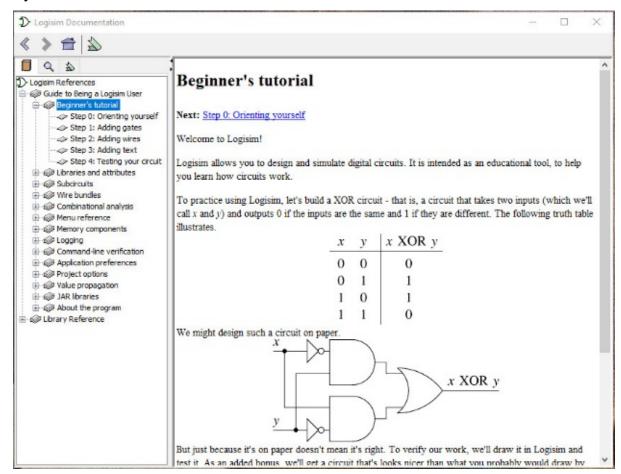
If you use MacOS or Windows, I would recommend using the release specific to your platform.

- 3. To execute the program:
  - With the generic .jar file: On Windows and MacOS systems, you will likely
    be able to start Logisim by double-clicking the JAR file. If that doesn't work,
    or if you use Linux or Solaris, you can type "java -jar logisim-XX.jar" at
    the command line.
  - With the MacOS X version: Once the downloaded .tar.gz version is uncompressed (this will likely happen automatically), just double-click the Logisim icon to start. You may want to place the icon into the Applications folder.
  - With the Windows version: Just double-click the Logisim icon. You may want to create a shortcut on the desktop and/or in the Start menu to make starting Logisim easier.

2. Run logisim and you will see this screen:



3. Click on "Help" → "Tutorial" and read "Beginner's tutorial". Familiarise yourself with the basic working of the software. Go through the 5 steps in the tutorial and create some simple circuits yourself.



#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Download the file **lab8.circ** from Canvas or the CS2100 website.
- 2. Open **lab8.circ** in Logisim. Select the "Poke" tool  $\stackrel{\bullet}{\blacktriangleright}$  and then click on the inputs X, Y and Z to toggle their values, and observe the changes in the outputs.

3. What is the name of the circuit?

[1 mark]

Answer: Full Adder

4. The circuit has two outputs S and C, but they are not labelled. Add the labels correctly. Show your labTA. [2 marks]

For Thursday lab groups, as you have no physical lab that day, you do not need to do this. 2 marks will be awarded to you if you submit your report. See point 11 below.

5. Click "Project" → "Analyze Circuit". Click on "Table", and fill in the table below with what you have observed. (If you find that the outputs do not appear in the same column-order as in the table below, you can change the order by clicking on "Outputs".) [2 marks]

X	Y	Z	C	S
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1

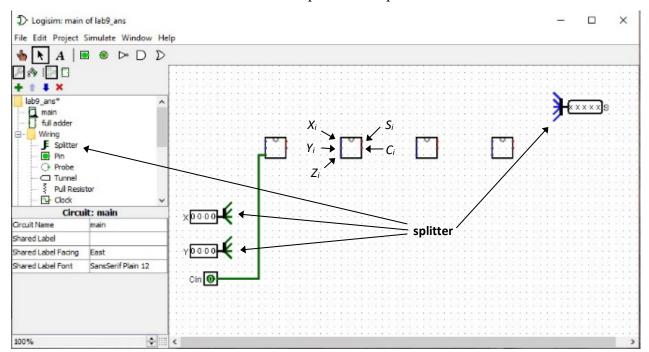
6. Still at "Project"  $\rightarrow$  "Analyze Circuit". Click on "Minimized". Below the K-map of an output you should see the simplified SOP expressions for that output. Write down the simplified SOP expressions for the two outputs S and C. [2 marks]

$$S = X'Y'Z + X'YZ' + XY'Z' + XYZ$$

$$C = XY + XZ + YZ$$

7. Currently, the circuit you have is in the "main" circuit. Now, click on "Project" → "Add circuit...". A pop-up menu will appear asking for the circuit name. Enter the name with the answer you have for part 3 above. This will create a new entry with that name just below "main". Let's refer to this name as xxxx here for the subsequent parts.

- 8. Transfer the circuit you have in "main" (using the select button and click and hold the left mouse button to select the whole circuit, then press **ctrl-x** to cut) and paste it into the newly created "xxxx" circuit (click on "xxxx" making sure the magnifying glass is over it and press **ctrl-v** to paste).
- 9. Go back to the "main" circuit (which should be empty now). Create a **4-bit parallel adder** here by using 4 copies of the xxxx circuit you have created earlier. A partial diagram is shown below.
  - Each xxxx is represented by a block diagram. The labels are indicated in one of the block diagrams below for your reference.
  - The 4-bit inputs X and Y are created by clicking on the input pin button and specifying 4 data bits in the attribute table. Likewise, the 5-bit output S is created by clicking on the output pin button and specifying 5 data bits in the attribute table.
  - Splitters (refer to the Logisim tutorial, "Wire bundles" → "Splitters" for more details) are used to route the different bits in the inputs and outputs.



10. Show the completed 4-bit parallel adder circuit to your labTA.

[8 marks]

11. For Thursday lab groups (B19 – B27), you are to email your (a) lab report and (b) your logisim file (.circ) to your labTA, by 31 October 2024, Wednesday, 3pm.

Report: 5 marks

Demonstration: Part 4 (2 marks), Part 10 (8 marks)

Total: 15 marks