# Data Science Research Methods Assignment-3

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#### Introduction

The objective of the report was to analyze a movie dataset from imdb to make reccomendations on the type of movie the studio should consider making. Our budget for production was 1.5 million.

## Data Analyses

- First step was to control for budget and only consider movies with a budget of less than 1.5 million.
- Next, a new feature, 'profit\_percentage' was calculated from the data such that,

$$\mathsf{profit\_percentage} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{gross}}{\mathsf{budget}} - 1\right) \times 100$$

where 'gross' is just the total earning of the movie and 'budget' is the budget of the movie

• We try to analyze the gross and profit of different genres through a boxplot.



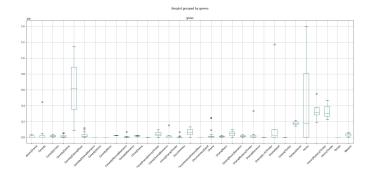


Figure: Boxplot of Gross grouped by Genres

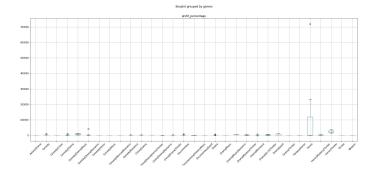


Figure: Boxplot of profit\_percentage grouped by Genres

• Tried to analyze most prevelant subplots in these movies.

plot_keywords	frequency of occurence
friend	16
love	9
independent film	8
drugs	7
friendship	7

# Hypothesis Generated from Data

- On analysing the subplots, one sees a clear pattern that certain movie genres, for instance, Comedy/Drama/Music have higher earnings.
- With respect to profit\_percentage however, one sees that genres like Horror and Horror/Thriller have higher return on investment.
- We try to test if the above mentioned genres have higher returns on average compared to other genres.

### Example of a Hypothesis

 $\mu_1 = \mathsf{Mean}$  of profit\_percentage of genre 'Horror'

 $\mu_2 = \text{Mean of profit\_percentage of all genres except Horror}$ 

 $H_0 = \mu_1 \le \mu_2$ , Null Hypothesis

 $H_1 = \mu_1 > \mu_2$ , Alternate Hypothesis

The above hypothesis is tested using a right-sided t-test as the sample size might be too small for a z-test.

If the p-value from the above test is less than 0.05(our confidence value), we conclude that Horror movies indeed earn higher than avergae compared to other genres.