SI 206 Final Project Report

- 1. For the final project, we planned on gathering income data using the American Community Survey (ACS) API (api.census.gov/data/2021/acs/acs1) as well as shelter data using the Adopt-A-Pet API (api.adoptapet.com). Our goal was to compare the average incomes of local areas with how many pets and of what kind were residing in the local shelter. We were trying to see if there was any meaningful correlation between income and the amount and types of pets people would adopt from a shelter.
- 2. THe APIs we actually worked with were the American Community Survey API mentioned above and the IQAir API (api.airvisual.com/v2) which measures air quality and air pollutants. Our goals were to compare the median income of cities with the average for the state and determine whether there was a correlation between this income disparity and the air quality of the city. The data we ended up gathering was the median incomes for 100 different cities and all 50 states and the District of Columbia as well as air quality data for those 100 cities. We achieved our goal through our data calculations and visualizations.
- 3. We ran into problems almost immediately by not being able to generate an API key for the Adopt-A-Pet API. We spent a good amount of time attempting to do so before we realized that the API was deprecated, so we decided to move on and focus on air quality instead of shelter animals. We also faced problems involving the documentation of the ACS API. It was quite challenging to find the specific codes needed to retrieve data related to specific places, but we managed to find the codes eventually.

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E-pollution_uncl_morms_calculations.td

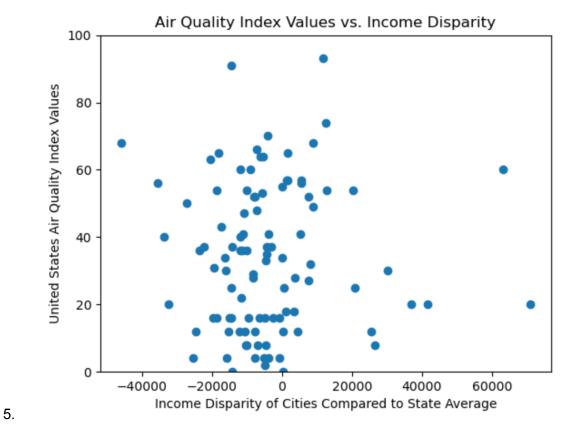
1. The Income disparity for the city of Burisingham is -17799 when compared to the state average of 53931
2. The Income disparity for the city of Robits is -1827 when compared to the state average of 53931
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6. The Income disparity for the city of Robits is -1827 when compared to the state average of 54939
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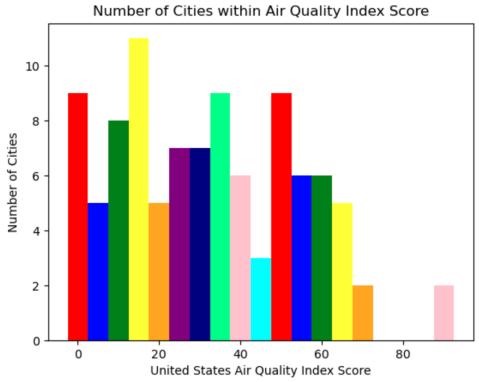
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E pollution_and_income_calculations.txt

### Pollution_and_income_calculation_calculations.txt

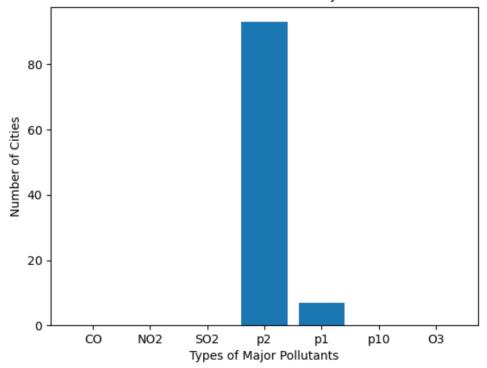
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4.





Number of Cities with Each Major Pollutant



6. To run our code properly, first the user needs to populate the database. This can be done by running main four times, which in turn calls the correct functions from populate_database.py and inserts 25 items into each table per execution, totaling 100 entries in the table after four executions. After populating the database, the user needs to run calculations_and_visualizations.py which retrieves the necessary data from the database, performs calculations on the data, and writes the results to a file named pollution_and_income_calculations.txt. Finally, calculations_and_visualizations uses the calculated data to create three visualizations which it saves with file names num_city_pollutants.png, avg_aqis_for_pollutants.png, and air_quality_vs_income.png.

7.

Function Name	Inputs	Outputs	Description
Main in main.py	None	None	stores Census and IQAIR api keys. Sets up a database and populates tables by calling populate functions
set_up_dat abase	db_name: The name of the database	conn: The database connection cur: the connection cursor	Creates a database based on the database name and defines three tables, cities, states, and iqair

populate_iq air_and_citi es_databas e	conn: The database connection cur: The connection cursor iqair_api_key: The IQAir API key census_api_key: The ACS api key	None	Store a list of dictionaries with the name, state, place FIPS, and state FIPS of 100 popular and diverse US cities. The dictionary values will be used to handle requests to the IQAIR and US Census APIs. A range for loop in conjunction with getting the number of data already in the iqair table will be used to input only 25 elements into each table.
populate_st ates_datab ase	conn: The database connection cur: The connection cursor census_api_key: The ACS api key	None	Store a list of dictionaries with the name and state FIPS code of 50 US states. The dictionary values will be used to handle requests to the US Census API. A range for loop in conjunction with getting the number of data already in the states table will be used to input only 25 elements into the states table.
get_reques t_iqair	url: the url from which to request api_key: the specific api key to use for the request	The API response in JSON format	handles request to IQAIR API and provides error message if unsuccessful
get_reques t_MHI_city _census	place: a valid city FIPS code state: A valid state FIPS code api_key: the specific api key to use for the request	The API response in JSON format or None	Handle request to US Census ACS API with provided place (city FIPS code) and state (state FIPS code). The function will provide error message if unsuccessful.
get_reques t_MHI_stat e_census	state: A valid state FIPS code api_key: the specific api key to use for the request	The API response in JSON format or None	Handle request to US Census ACS API with provided state (state FIPS code). The function will provide error message if unsuccessful.

main in calculation s_and_visu alizations.p	None	None	Connects to the database and opens a file for writing before calling helper functions that make calculations and visualizations using the database data and write to the file.
calculate_d isparity	cur: The connection cursor f: The file handle	Income_disparity: A list of dictionaries with each dictionary having a key for city_name, state_name, city_median_inco me, state_median_inc ome, and income_disparity	Retrieves data from the cities and states table joined on statefp then uses the data to construct the income_disparity list of dictionaries while printing out each cities data
calculate_p ollution_fac tors	cur: The connection cursor f: The file handle	pollution_factors: A dictionary of the total main pollutants in the cities aqi_scores:The sum of all aqi scores for cities with each major pollutant city_aqi_scores: A dictionary of aqi scores for each city	Reads data from the iqair table and parses through the data to construct the output dictionaries. While it constructs the dictionaries it outputs the calculated data to the inputted file handle
visualize_d ata	Income_disparity: A list of dictionaries with each dictionary having a key for city_name, state_name, city_median_inco me, state_median_inc ome, and income_disparity	None	Uses the passed in data to create three visualizations. One being a barchart of which pollutants are the main polluters of cities. The second being a barchart of AQI scores for the citiest. And the third being a scatterplot of AQI scores and income disparity.

pollution_factors: A dictionary of the total main pollutants in the cities aqi_scores:The sum of all aqi scores for cities with each major pollutant city_aqi_scores: A dictionary of aqi scores for each city		
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8.

Date	Issue Description	Location of Resource	Result (did it solve the issue)
4/17	Unable to obtain an API key from the Adopt-A-Pet API and needed to look for a working API	https://github.com/publi c-apis/public-apis	Yes found the IQAIR API
4/18	Issue finding the correct census API url format to get median household income from cities and states	Get code for median household income: https://api.census.gov/data/2021/acs/acs1/variables.html Get format for cities and states: https://api.census.gov/data/2021/acs/acs1/examples.html	Yes was able to find the correct code and format
4/19	The census API url format required the FIPS code to make a valid request, so we need a way to get the FIPS place and state code for our 100 cities	https://www.census.gov/ library/reference/code-li sts/ansi.html	Was able to look for cities' FIPS code by state
4/18	We needed to generate 100 unique and diverse cities from around the US	https://openai.com/blog/ chatgpt	Yes
4/20	We needed to double check if our cities were supported by the IQAIR API	https://api-docs.iqair.co m/	Yes it was able to provide us with the url format to request supported

				cities based on the state we give it
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