

IS GKV 16/17 (2,3,5)

A(-4,2) B(-7,7) "Algoritma Bresenham"

a.  $x_1 = -4, x_2 = -7$   
 $y_1 = -2, y_2 = 7$

b.  ~~$dx = |x_2 - x_1|$~~   $dx = |x_2 - x_1|$ ;  $dy = |y_2 - y_1|$   
 $dx = 3$ ;  $dy = 9$

c.  $\{dx < dy\}$

$P_k = 2dx - dy$   
 $= 2(3) - 9$   
 $= -3$

Step = dy  
 $= 9$

d.  $\{(x_1 > x_2) \& (y_1 < y_2)\}$

lakukan  $x = -1$   
 lakukan  $y = 1$

e.  $x_k = x_1, y_k = y_1$

Gambar  $(x_k, y_k) \Rightarrow$  Gambar(-4,2)

Penulangan until  $i = 1$  /d  $i = \text{step}$

$\bullet i = 1 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = -3 + 2(3)$   
 $= 3$

$\{P_k > 0\}$

lakukan  $x = -1(-1)$   
 $= 1$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

lakukan  $x = -4 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -4$

$y_k = -2 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow -1$

Gambar(-4,-1)

$\bullet i = 2 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = 3 + 2(3-9)$   
 $= 3 + (-12)$   
 $= -9$

$\{P_k > 0\}$

lakukan  $x = 0$

$x_k = -4 + (-1) + 0 \Rightarrow -5$

$y_k = -1 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 0$

Gambar(-5,0)

$\bullet i = 3 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = -9 + 2(3)$   
 $= -3$

$\{P_k > 0\}$

lakukan  $x = -1(-1)$   
 $= 1$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

lakukan  $x = -5 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -5$

$y_k = 0 + (1) + 0 \Rightarrow 1$

Gambar(-5,1)

$\bullet i = 4 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = 3$

lakukan  $x = 1$

$x_k = -5 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -5$

$y_k = 1 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 2$

Gambar(-5,2)

$\bullet i = 5 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k > 0\}$

$P_k = -9$

lakukan  $x = 0$

$x_k = -5 + (-1) + 0 \Rightarrow -6$

$y_k = 2 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 3$

Gambar(-6,3)

$\bullet i = 6 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = -3$

lakukan  $x = 1$

$x_k = -5 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -6$

$y_k = 3 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 4$

Gambar(-6,4)

$\bullet i = 7 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = 3$

lakukan  $x = 1$

$x_k = -6 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -6$

$y_k = 4 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 5$

Gambar(-6,5)

$\bullet i = 8 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k > 0\}$

$P_k = -9$

lakukan  $x = 0$

$x_k = -6 + (-1) + 0 \Rightarrow -7$

$y_k = 5 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 6$

Gambar(-7,6)

$\bullet i = 9 \{dx < dy\}$

$\{P_k < 0\}$

$P_k = -3$

lakukan  $x = 1$

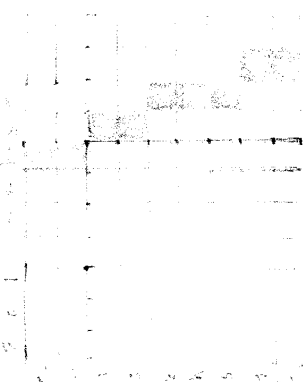
$x_k = -7 + (-1) + 1 \Rightarrow -7$

$y_k = 6 + 1 + 0 \Rightarrow 7$

Gambar(-7,7)

Penulangan selesai

(step=9)



3. Lingkaran  $P(6,3) \leftarrow$  pusat, diges melalui titik  $A(9,7)$   
 \* sebutkan minimal 12 buah titik lainnya.

a. cari r

$$r = \sqrt{(x-x_c)^2 + (y-y_c)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(9-6)^2 + (7-3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$$

$$= 5$$

b. cari titik lingkaran "MIDPOINT"

1) titik awal  $(x,y) = (0,5)$   
 $= (0,5)$

$$R_0 = 1-r$$

$$= -4$$

putrikel  $P(0,0) = (0,5) (0,-5) (5,0) (-5,0)$   
 putrikel  $P(6,3) = (6,8) (6,-2) (11,3) (1,3)$

2) penulisan utk  $k=1$  s/d  $x \geq y$

•  $k=1 \{P < 0\}$

$$+x = x+1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$+y = y \rightarrow 5$$

$$+P = -4 + 2(1) + 1$$

$$= -1$$

putrikel  $P(0,0) = (1,5) (1,-5) (-1,5) (-1,-5) (5,1) (5,-1) (-5,1) (-5,-1)$   
 putrikel  $P(6,3) = (7,8) (7,-2) (5,8) (5,-2) (11,4) (11,2) (1,4) (1,2)$

•  $k=2 \{P < 0\}$

$$+x = 2$$

$$+y = 5$$

$$+P = (-1) + 2(2) + 1$$

$$= 4$$

putrikel  $P(0,0) = (2,5) (2,-5) (-2,5) (-2,-5) (5,2) (5,-2) (-5,2) (-5,-2)$   
 putrikel  $P(6,3) = (8,8) (8,-2) (4,8) (4,-2) (11,5) (11,1) (1,5) (1,1)$

•  $k=3 \{P > 0\}$

$$+x = x+1 \rightarrow 3$$

$$+y = y-1 \rightarrow 4$$

$$+P = 4 + 2(3-4) + 1$$

$$= 3$$

putrikel  $P(0,0) = (3,4) (3,-4) (-3,4) (-3,-4)$   
 $(4,3) (4,-3) (-4,3) (-4,-3)$

putrikel  $P(6,3) = (9,7) (9,-1) (3,7) (3,-1)$   
 $(10,6) (10,0) (2,6) (2,0)$

•  $k=4 \{P > 0\}$   
 $+x = 4$   
 $+y = 3$   
 $x > y$  --- penulisan  
 benar.

5. Viewport dg kartesius titik sudut (2,5) dan (19,16)  
garis PQ dg titik ujung P (1,3) dan Q (16,18)

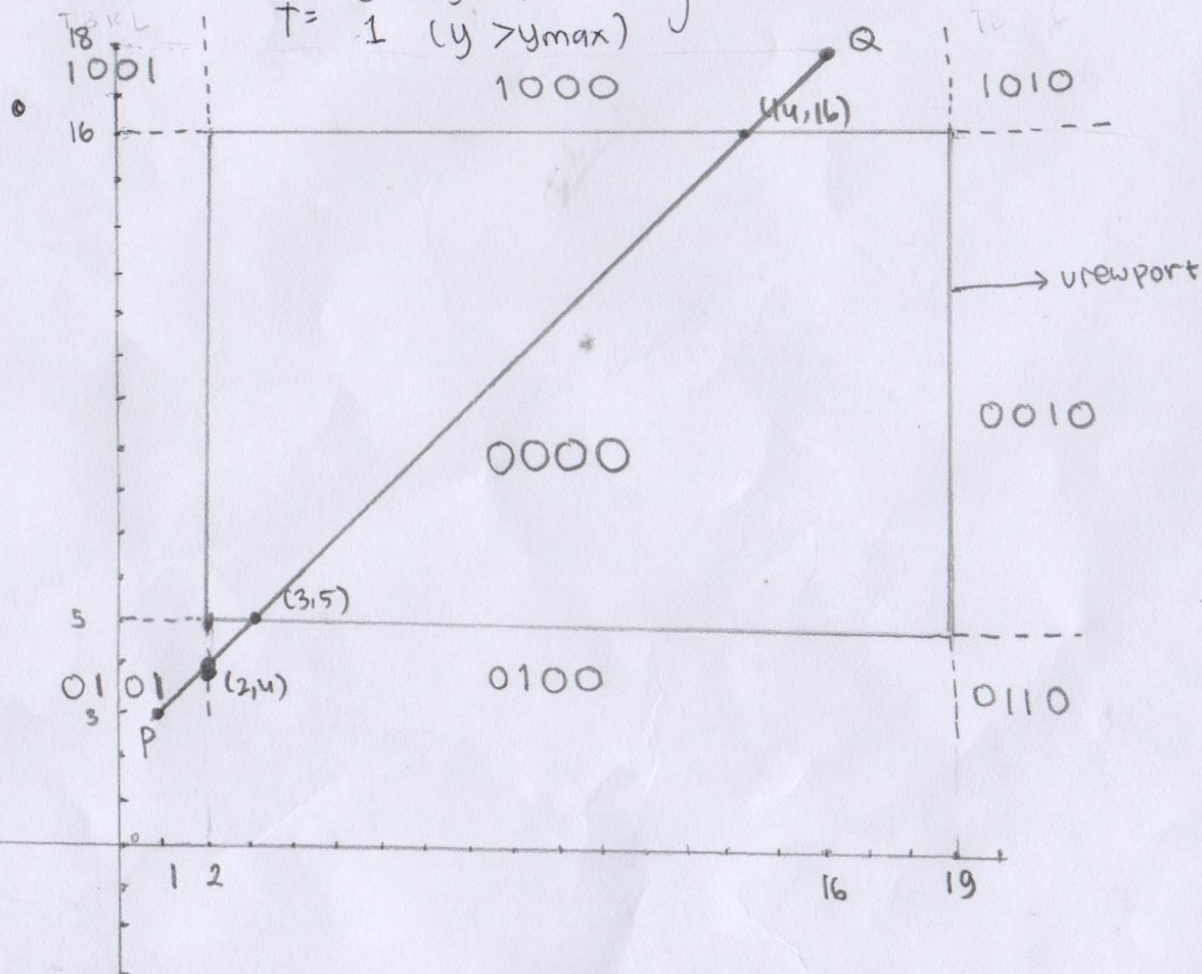
Penyelesaian:

• viewport:  $X_{min} = 2$  ;  $X_{max} = 19$   
 $Y_{min} = 5$  ;  $Y_{max} = 16$

• menentukan region code ujung P & Q

P (1,3):  $L = 1$  ( $x < x_{min}$ )  
 $R = 0$  ( $x < x_{max}$ )  
 $B = 1$  ( $y < y_{min}$ )  
 $T = 0$  ( $y < y_{max}$ ) } reg. code  
0101

Q (16,18):  $L = 0$  ( $x > x_{min}$ )  
 $R = 0$  ( $x < x_{max}$ )  
 $B = 0$  ( $y > y_{min}$ )  
 $T = 1$  ( $y > y_{max}$ ) } reg. code  
1000



Karena ujung P dan ujung Q berada diluar viewport maka garis PQ perlu dipotong.

• menentukan titik potong

$P(1,3) : L=1 \rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(x_{\min}, y_{p1})$

$$\bullet m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{18 - 3}{16 - 1} = \frac{15}{15} = 1$$

$$\bullet y_{p1} = y_1 + m * (x_{\min} - x_1) \\ = 3 + 1(2 - 1) \\ = 4$$

$\rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(2, 4)$

region code : 0100

$$L = 0 \quad (x = x_{\min})$$

$$R = 0 \quad (x < x_{\max})$$

$$B = 1 \quad (y < y_{\min})$$

$$T = 0 \quad (y < y_{\max})$$

$B=1 \rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(x_{p1}, y_{\min})$

$$\bullet x_{p1} = x_1 + \frac{y_{\min} - y_1}{m} \\ = 1 + (5 - 3) \\ = 3$$

$\rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(3, 5)$

reg. code : 0000

$$L = 0 \quad (x > x_{\min})$$

$$R = 0 \quad (x < x_{\max})$$

$$B = 0 \quad (y = y_{\min})$$

$$T = 0 \quad (y < y_{\max})$$

$Q(16, 18) : T=1 \rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(x_{p2}, y_{\max})$

$$\bullet x_{p2} = x_1 + \frac{y_{\max} - y_1}{m} \\ = 16 + (16 - 18) \\ = 16 - 2 \\ = 14$$

$\rightarrow \text{ttPotong}(14, 16)$

reg. code : 0000

$$L = 0 \quad (x > x_{\min})$$

$$R = 0 \quad (x < x_{\max})$$

$$B = 0 \quad (y > y_{\min})$$

$$T = 0 \quad (y = y_{\max})$$

titik potong yang digunakan adalah yang berada dalam viewport / yang memiliki region code = 0000, sehingga titik potong garis PQ adalah = (3, 5) dan (14, 16)