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Kelas : A

Nomor 1

```
1
  Function IsPolindrome (L: List) → boolean
  Emengirimkan nilai TRUE sika semba Elemen list membentuk palindrome?
   Elist kosong, dan list 1 elemen TRUE y
   {1: 2 TRUE, 1: 2→3→2 TRUE, 1:2→3→3→2 TRUE, 1:2→3→6→3→2 TRUE}
   El:2-3-1-3-1-2 FALSEY
   {Kamus lokal}
     P, Q: address
     lt : List Elist sementaray
     cek : integer Emengecek Jumlah elemen yang sama untuk mengetahui list palindrome
                    atau tidaky
  EAlgoritma y
     CreateList (lt)
     Copylist (L, Lt)
     Inversist (Lt)
      P + First(L)
      Q & First (Lt)
      CEK + 0
      while (P = Nil and Q = Nil) do
            If (info(P) = info(Q)) then
               cek + cek +1
            P = next (P)
            0 = next (0)
     if (cek = NbElmt (L)) then
        -> true
        → false
```

```
(2)
   Program Sumlarge Number
   Diketanui Li dan Li merupakan 2 buah bilangan integer large number 9
   Ebuatlah algoritma program utang untuk menjumlahkan Li dan Lz yang 3
   Ehasilnya disimpan pada list boru Ly
   lfaample L1:2 → 3 →1 →3→1 →2 →6 →8 →9 → 9, L2:7+3+1+3→9+2+6+8→9+93
   Imaka Litlz = L: 9767277707573777978
   JKamusy
       L, L1, L2 : List
        A, B
                : address
                : integer Emeryimpan hassi lebih dari penjumlahan, sernisal 8+2 : 10.
        carry
                          carry adolah 13
                : integer Sharil penjumlahan 3
        sum
    & Algoritma y
       CreateList (L1)
       Createlist (L2)
        Create List (L)
                       Edibalik karena pengerjaan dari belakang 1
        Inversust (L1)
        Inversits (12)
        A & First (LI)
        B & Frist (L2)
        carry + 0
        while (A INI and B INI) do
              sum + (info(A) + info(B) + carry) mod 10
              carry & (Info (A) + Info (B) + carry) div 10
              Insylast (L, Sum)
              A + next (A)
              BE next (B)
        If (carry $0) then
          InsVlast (L, carry)
        Inverslist (L) imengembalikan list ke bentuk semula b
    printf("\n---SUMLARGENUMBER---\n");
    /* Menjumlahkan L1 dan L2 yang hasilnya disimpan pada L*/
    /* Isi L1 */
    CreateList(&L1);
    InsVLast(&L1, 2);
    InsVLast(&L1, 3);
    InsVLast(&L1, 1);
    InsVLast(&L1, 3);
    InsVLast(&L1, 1);
    InsVLast(&L1, 2);
    InsVLast(&L1, 6);
```

```
InsVLast(&L1, 8);
  InsVLast(&L1, 9);
  InsVLast(&L1, 9);
  printf("Isi L1 = ");
  PrintInfo(L1);
  /* Isi L2 */
  CreateList(&L2);
  InsVLast(&L2, 7);
InsVLast(&L2, 3);
  InsVLast(&L2, 1);
  InsVLast(&L2, 3);
  InsVLast(&L2, 9);
  InsVLast(&L2, 2);
  InsVLast(&L2, 6);
  InsVLast(&L2, 8);
  InsVLast(&L2, 9);
  InsVLast(&L2, 9);
  printf("\nIsi L2 = ");
  PrintInfo(L2);
  /* Program SumLargeNumber */
  CreateList(&L);
  InversList(&L1);
  InversList(&L2);
  A = First(L1);
  B = First(L2);
  carry = 0;
  while (A!=Nil && B!=Nil) {
       sum = (info(A) + info(B) + carry) %10;
       carry = (info(A) + info(B) + carry) / 10;
       InsVLast(&L, sum);
       A = next(A);
      B = next(B);
  if(carry!=0){
       InsVLast(&L, carry);
  InversList(&L);
  printf("\nL = ");
  PrintInfo(L);
---SUMLARGENUMBER--
```

```
Isi L1 = 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 |

Isi L2 = 7 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 |

L = 9 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 8 |

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.412 s

Press any key to continue.
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```
(3)
  Program Mullarge Number
  i Diketahui Li dan Li merupakan 2 buah bilangan integer large number j
  EBuatian algoritma program utama untuk pervalian Li dan Lz yangg
  Ehassinya disimpan pada list baru Ly
  [Example L1:2-3-1-3-1-2-6-48-99-9, L1:7-3-11-3-9-2-6-8-99-99
  Emaka L1 + L2 = L: 176797178767471707477737976767670707070909
   & Kamusy
       L, L1, L2 : List
        A,B : address
        hum1, num2, mul: integer
  EAlgoritmay
       Create List (L1)
        Create List (L2)
        Create List (L)
        A G FIRST (LI)
        BE First (La)
        numic 0
        numae o
        While (A & NII and B & NII) do
              num1 = (num1 + 10) + info(A)
              A e next (A)
              num2 (num2 x 10) +70f0(B)
              B = next (B)
        mul < num1 + num2
        While (mul x0) do
              InsVLast (L, (mul mod 10))
              mul < mul div 10
         InversList (L)
   printf("\n\n---MULLARGENUMBER---\n");
   /* Perkalian L1 dan L2 yang hasilnya disimpan pada L */
   /* Isi L1 */
   CreateList(&L1);
   InsVLast(&L1, 2);
   InsVLast(&L1, 3);
   InsVLast(&L1, 1);
   InsVLast(&L1, 3);
   InsVLast(&L1, 1);
   InsVLast(&L1, 2);
   InsVLast(&L1, 6);
   InsVLast(&L1, 8);
   InsVLast(&L1, 9);
   InsVLast(&L1, 9);
   printf("Isi L1 = ");
```

```
PrintInfo(L1);
    /* Isi L2 */
    CreateList(&L2);
    InsVLast(&L2, 7);
    InsVLast(&L2, 3);
    InsVLast(&L2, 1);
    InsVLast(&L2, 3);
    InsVLast(&L2, 9);
    InsVLast(&L2, 2);
    InsVLast(&L2, 6);
    InsVLast(&L2, 8);
    InsVLast(&L2, 9);
    InsVLast(&L2, 9);
    printf("\nIsi L2 = ");
    PrintInfo(L2);
    CreateList(&L);
    A = First(L1);
    B = First(L2);
    num1=0;
    num2=0;
    while (A!=Nil && B!=Nil) {
         num1 = (num1*10) + info(A);
         A = next(A);
         num2 = (num2*10) + info(B);
         B = next(B);
    printf("\nIsi num1 = %llu\n", num1);
    printf("Isi num2 = %llu\n", num2);
    mul = num1*num2;
    printf("Hasil perkalian = %llu\n", mul);
    while (mul!=0) {
         InsVLast(&L, (mul%10));
         mul = mul/10;
    }
    InversList(&L);
    printf("L = ");
    PrintInfo(L);
---MULLARGENUMBER---
Isi L1 = 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 |
Isi L2 = 7 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 |
Isi num1 = 2313126899
Isi num2 = 7313926899
Hasil perkalian = 16918041047396556201
L = 1 | 6 | 9 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.090 s
```

Press any key to continue.