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Jawaban Matematika diskrit

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$$R = \{(0,1), (0,2), (1,1), (1,3), (2,2), (3,0)\}$$

$$A = \{0,1,2,3\}$$

$$M_R = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_R^{(2)} = M_R \cdot M_R$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_R^{(3)} = M_R^{(2)} \cdot M_R$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_R^{(4)} = M_R^{(3)} \cdot M_R$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = \{(0,1), (0,2), (0,3), (0,4), (1,1), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4), (2,2), (3,0), (3,1), (3,2), (3,3)\}$$

3) Misalkan,  $P(n)$  adalah proposisi yang menyatakan bahwa untuk semua  $n \geq 1$ ,  

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} = \frac{n}{3n+1}$$

(1) Basis Induksi :  $P(1)$  benar karena :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{(3-2)(3+1)} &= \frac{1}{3+1} \\ \frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} &= \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{4} \text{ terbukti.} \end{aligned}$$

(2) Langkah Induksi : Misalkan  $P(n)$  benar yaitu untuk preposisi :

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} = \frac{n}{3n+1}$$

diasumsikan benar, maka  $P(n+1)$  juga benar yaitu :

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} + \frac{1}{(3(n+1)-2)(3(n+1)+1)} = \frac{n+1}{3n+4}$$

Hal ini ditunjukkan sbb :

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} + \frac{1}{(3(n+1)-2)(3(n+1)+1)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{(3(n+1)-2)(3(n+1)+1)} + \frac{n}{3n+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(3n+1)(3n+4)} + \frac{n}{3n+1}$$

$$= \frac{1 + n(3n+4)}{(3n+1)(3n+4)}$$

$$= \frac{1 + 3n^2 + 4n}{(3n+1)(3n+4)}$$

$$= \frac{(3n+1)(n+1)}{(3n+1)(3n+4)}$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{3n+4} \text{ (terbukti)}$$

karena langkah (1) dan (2) telah diperlihatkan benar maka untuk  $n \geq 1$  memenuhi :

$$\frac{1}{1 \cdot 4} + \frac{1}{4 \cdot 7} + \frac{1}{7 \cdot 10} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-2)(3n+1)} = \frac{n}{3n+1}$$

4. a. Inverse 19 modulo 141  
 PBB(141, 19)

$$\begin{aligned} 141 &= 7 \cdot 19 + 8 \\ 19 &= 2 \cdot 8 + 3 \\ 8 &= 2 \cdot 3 + 2 \\ 3 &= 1 \cdot 2 + 1 \\ 2 &= 2 \cdot 1 + 0 \end{aligned}$$

Invers :

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= 3 - 1 \cdot 2 \\ 2 &= 8 - 2 \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 &= 19 - 2 \cdot 8 \\ 8 &= 141 - 7 \cdot 19 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ast 1 = 3 - 1 \cdot 2$$

$$1 = 3 - 1(8 - 2 \cdot 3)$$

$$1 = 3 - 8 + 2 \cdot 3$$

$$1 = 3 \cdot 3 - 8$$

$$\ast 1 = 3(19 - 2 \cdot 8) - 8$$

$$1 = 3 \cdot 19 - 6 \cdot 8 - 8$$

$$1 = 3 \cdot 19 - 7 \cdot 8$$

$$\ast 1 = 3 \cdot 19 - 7(141 - 7 \cdot 19)$$

$$1 = 3 \cdot 19 - 7 \cdot 141 + 49 \cdot 19$$

$$1 = 47 \cdot 19 - 7 \cdot 141$$

$$\text{Invers} = \underline{\underline{-7}}$$

4. b. Selesaikan kongruen  $4x \equiv 5 \pmod{9}$ .

$$x = \frac{5 + 9k}{4}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} v/k &= 3 \rightarrow x = 8 \\ v/k &= -1 \rightarrow x = -1 \\ v/k &= -5 \rightarrow x = -10 \\ v/k &= 7 \rightarrow x = 17 \end{aligned} \right\} 4 \quad 4$$

Jika nilai  $x$  yang memenuhi adalah.

(3, 7, ..., dan -1, -5, ...)