# Graph

Inst. Nguyễn Minh Huy



- Graph concepts.
- Implementation.
- Graph visit.

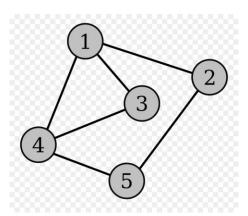


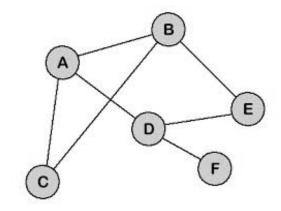
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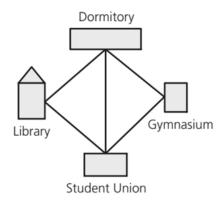
#### Definition:

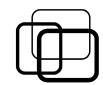
- Graph G = (V, E), consists of two sets:
  - > V: set of vertices, finite, non-empty.
  - > E: set of edges, finite.
- Vertex: node or point in graph.
- Edge: link or connection between two vertices.





$$V = \{ A, ?? \}$$
  
E = \{ (A, B), ?? \}





#### Basic concepts:

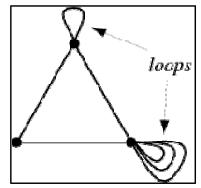
Adjacent vertices: two vertices joined by an edge.

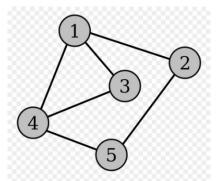
#### ■ Path:

- > Series of edges from vertex A to vertex B.
- > Simple path: does not pass a vertex twice.

#### ■ Cycle:

- > Path begins and ends at the same vertex.
- > Simple cycle: does not pass other vertices twice.
- > Loop: self edge, begins and ends at the same vertex.

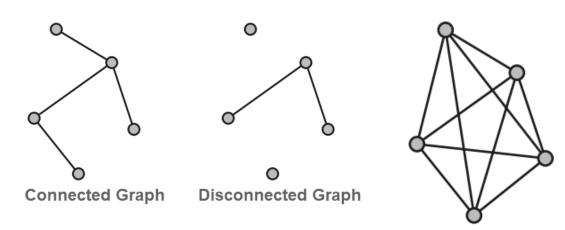






### Graph types:

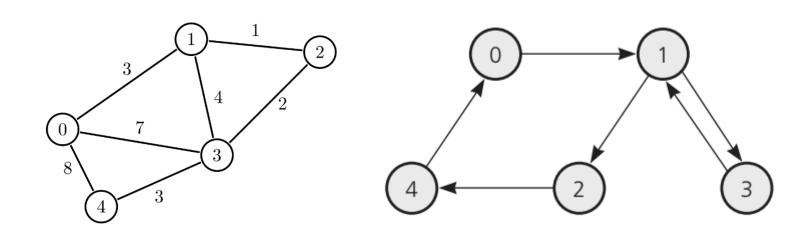
- Connected graph:
  - > Each pair of distinct vertices has path between them.
  - > No isolated vertex.
- Complete graph:
  - > Each pair of distinct vertices has edge between them.
  - > Also is a connected graph.





### Graph types:

- Weighted graph:
  - > Edges are labeled with numeric values.
  - > Give meanings to relationships.
- Directed graph:
  - > Edges have direction.
  - > Adjacent vertices is not symmetric.





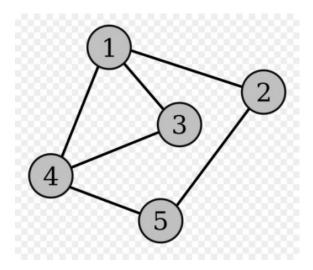
- Graph concepts.
- **■** Implementation.
- Graph visit.

## Implementation



### ADT Graph values:

- Adjacency matrix:
  - > N x N matrix for Graph of N vertices.
  - > Element (i, j): adjacency between i and j.
    - > True/False: has edge or not.
    - Integer/Infinity: has weighted edge or not.



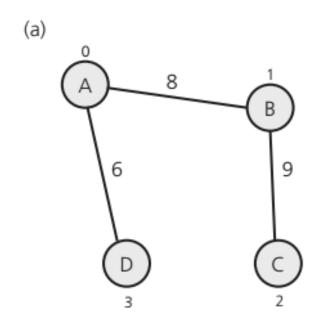
	1	2	3	4	5
1	1	1	1	1	0
2	1	1	0	0	1
3	1	0	1	1	0
4	1	0	1	1	1
5	0	1	0	1	1

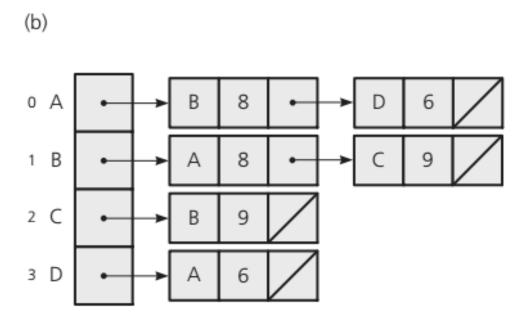
### Implementation



#### ADT Graph values:

- Adjacency list:
  - > Array of N singly linked list for Graph of N vertices.
  - > If vertex i is adjacent to vertex j:
    - → i<sup>th</sup> linked list contains node j.





## Implementation



#### ADT Graph operations:

- Initialize.
- Check empty.
- Count vertices.
- Count edges.
- Add/remove vertex.
- Add/remove edge.
- Tell if two vertices is adjacent.
- Find all vertices adjacent to a vertex.



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## Graph visit



#### Graphic visit problem:

- Start from vertex x.
- Visit all vertex y if there is path.
- Analysis:
  - Cycle can cause infinite loop!!
    - → Mark visited vertices.
  - > Connected component: graph subset of connected vertices.

#### ■ Methods:

- > Depth first search.
- > Breadth first search.

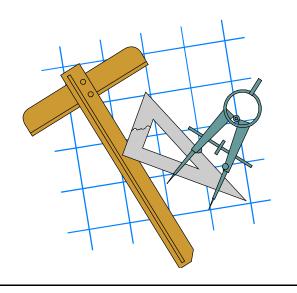
### Practice



#### ■ Practice 10.1:

Construct class **Graph** that has the following methods:

- Initialize.
- Check empty.
- Count vertices.
- Count edges.
- Add/remove vertex.
- Add/remove edge.
- Tell if two vertices is adjacent.
- Find all vertices adjacent to a vertex.



### Practice



#### ■ Practice 10.2:

Provide class **Graph** with the following methods:

- Print vertices in depth first visit.
- Print vertices in breadth first visit.
- Print all connected components.

