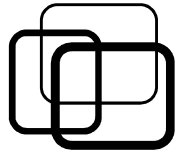
Stack and Queue

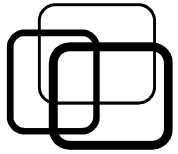
Inst. Nguyễn Minh Huy

Contents



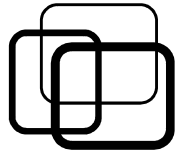
- Stack.
- Queue.

Contents

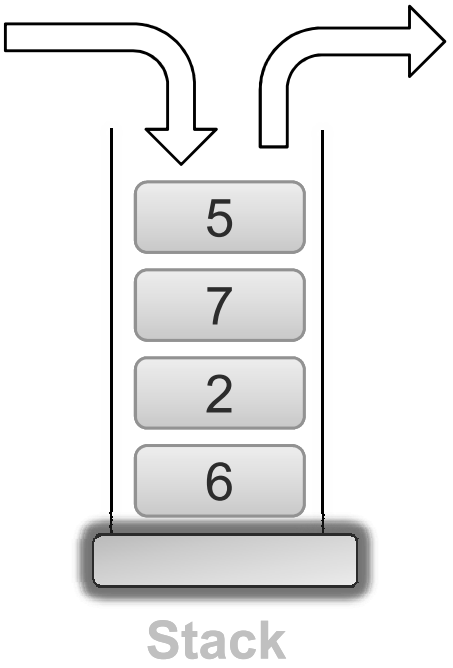


- **Stack.**
- Queue.

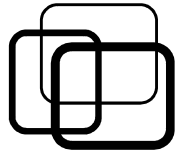
Stack



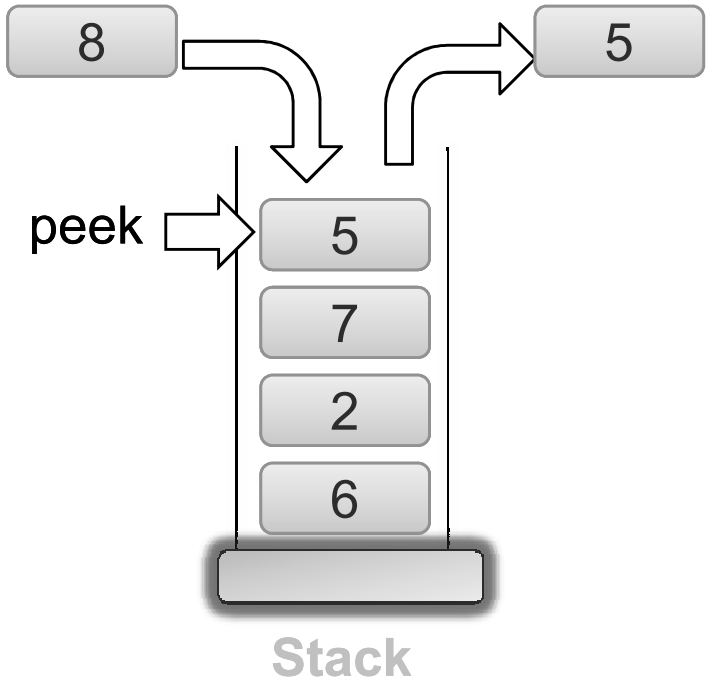
- Stack concept:
  - Collection of elements accessed by LIFO method.
  - LIFO (**L**ast **I**n **F**irst **O**ut):
    - Last insert, first removed.



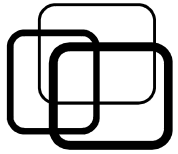
Stack



- Operations on stack:
  - init: initialize stack.
  - isEmpty: check empty.
  - isFull: check full.
  - push: insert element.
  - pop: remove element.
  - peek: read element.



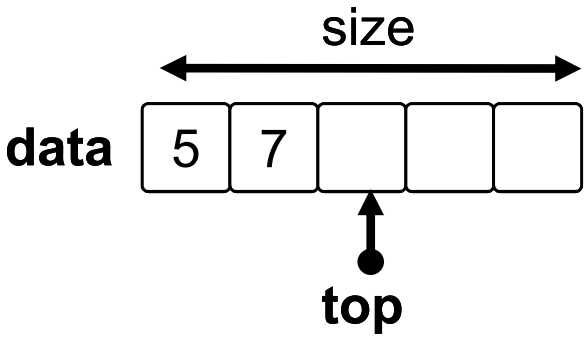
Stack

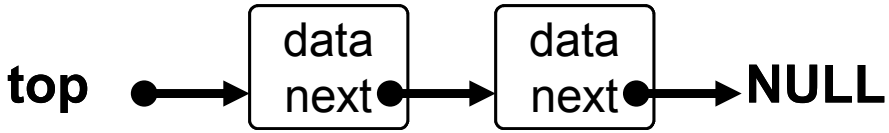


- Stack implementation:
  - Declaration:

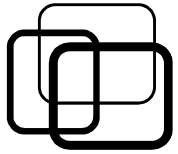
```
// Use dynamic array.
struct Stack
{
        int  *data;
        int   size;
        int   top;
};
```

```
// Use linked list.
struct Stack
{
        SNode  *top;
};
```



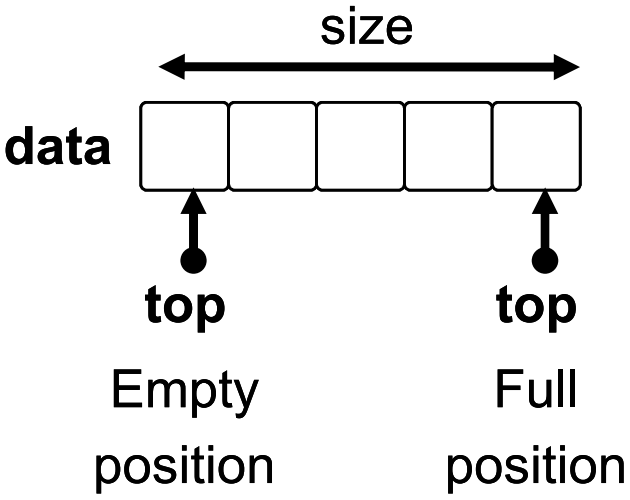


Stack

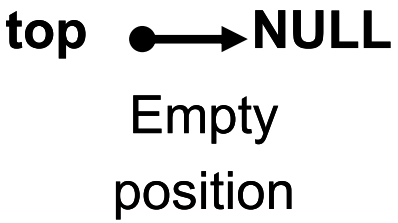


- Stack implementation:
  - init: initialize empty stack.
  - isEmpty: check top position.
  - isFull: check top position.

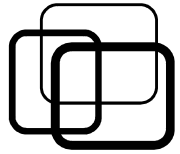
Use dynamic array



Use linked list

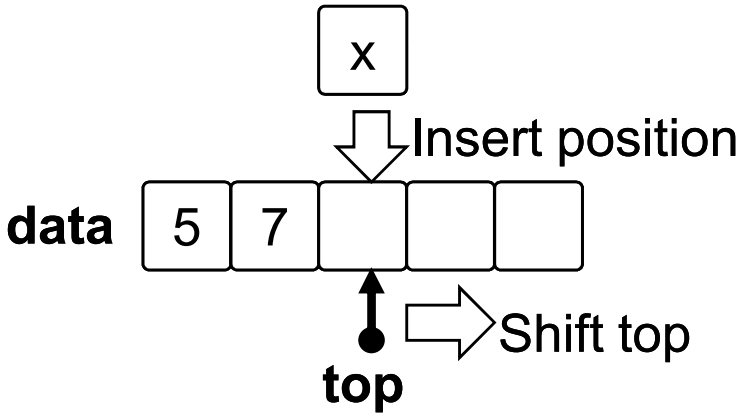


Stack

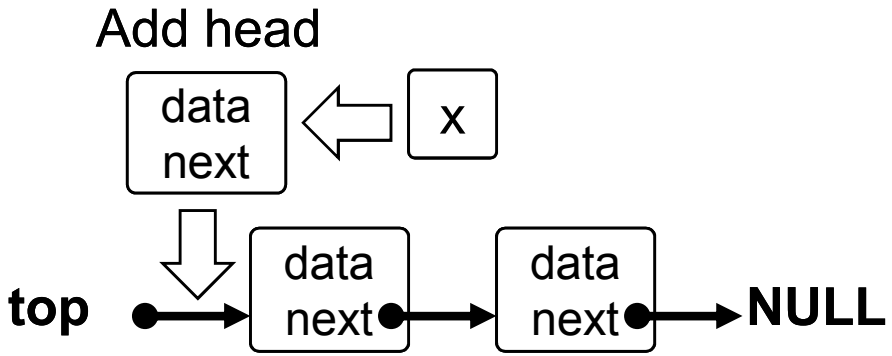


- Stack implementation:
  - Push: insert element into stack.

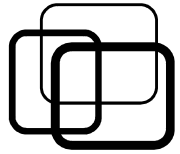
Use dynamic array



Use linked list

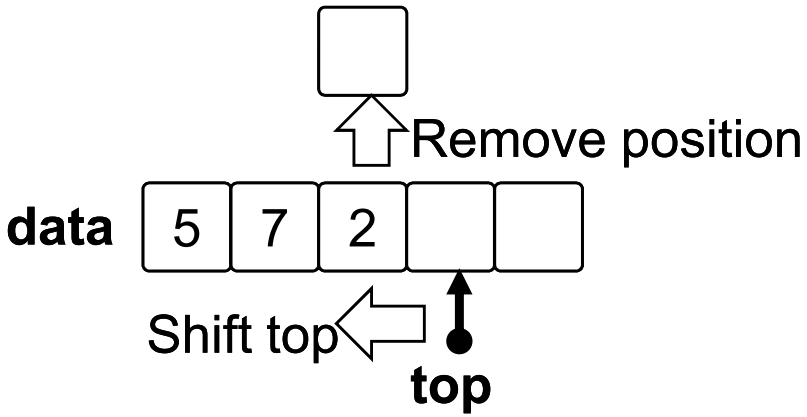


Stack

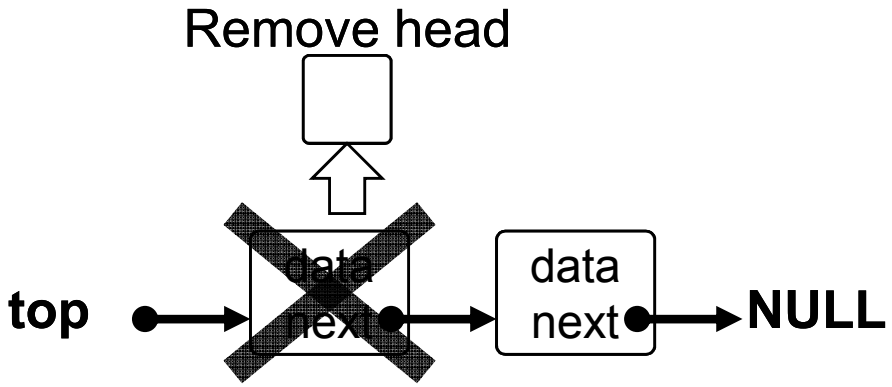


- Stack implementation:
  - Pop: remove element from stack.

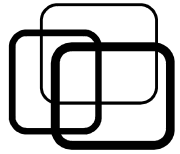
Use dynamic array



Use linked list

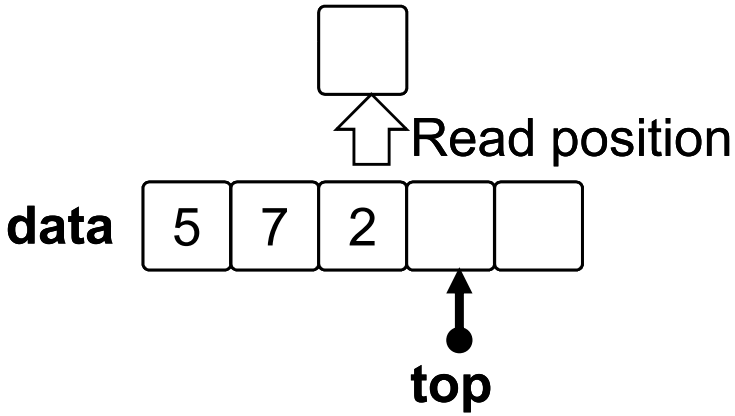


Stack

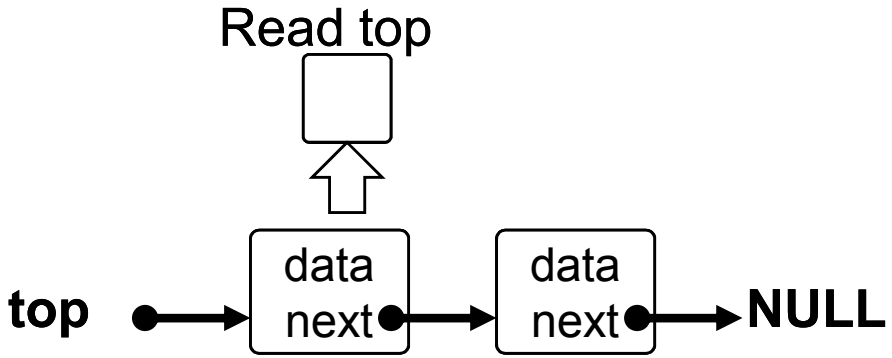


- Stack implementation:
  - Peek: read element from stack, do not remove.

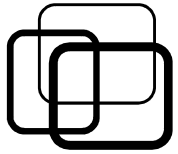
Use dynamic array



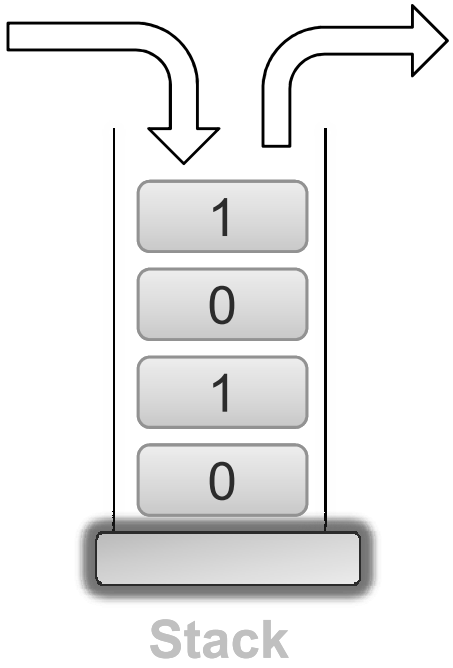
Use linked list



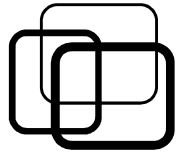
Stack



- Stack applications:
  - Perform reversed operations:
    - Convert decimal to binary.
  - Process expression:
    - Reversed Polish Notation.
  - Simulate recursion.

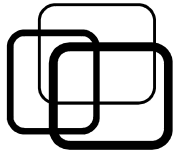


Contents

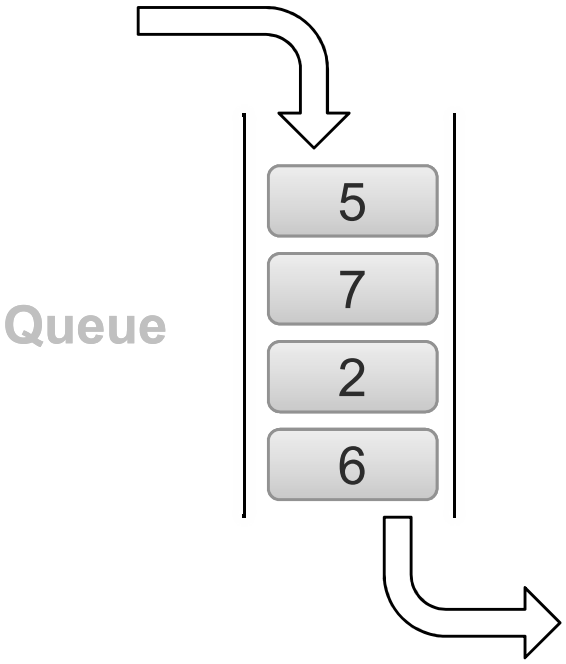


- Stack.
- **Queue.**

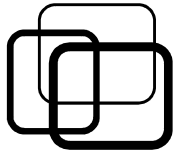
Queue



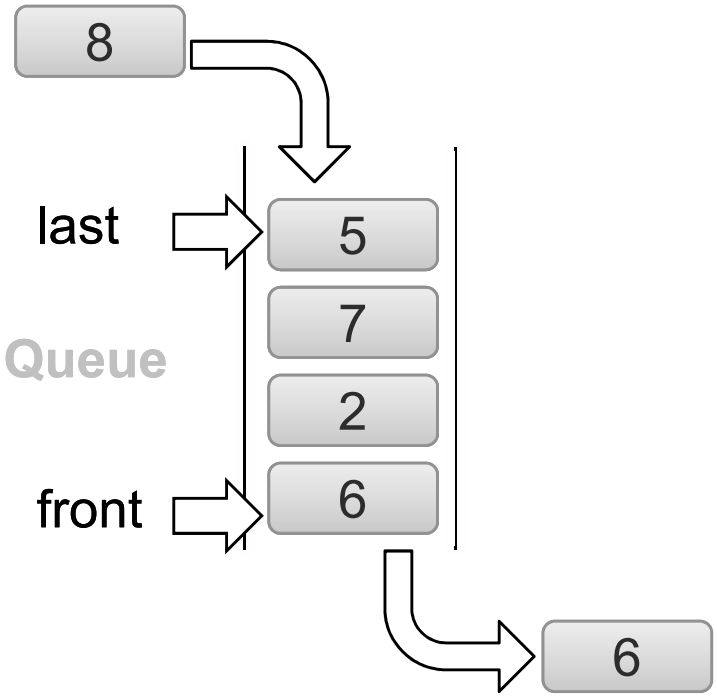
- Queue concept:
  - Collection of elements accessed by FIFO method.
  - FIFO (**F**irst **I**n **F**irst **O**ut):
    - First come first serve.
    - First insert first Remove.



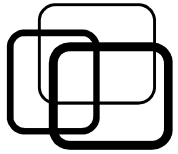
Queue



- Operations on queue:
  - init: initialize queue.
  - isEmpty: check empty.
  - isFull: check full.
  - enqueue: insert element.
  - dequeue: remove element.
  - front: read front element.
  - last: read last element.



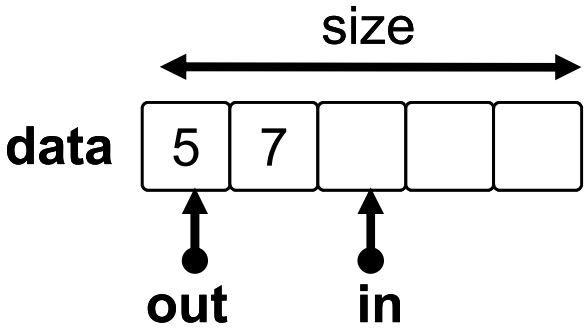
Queue

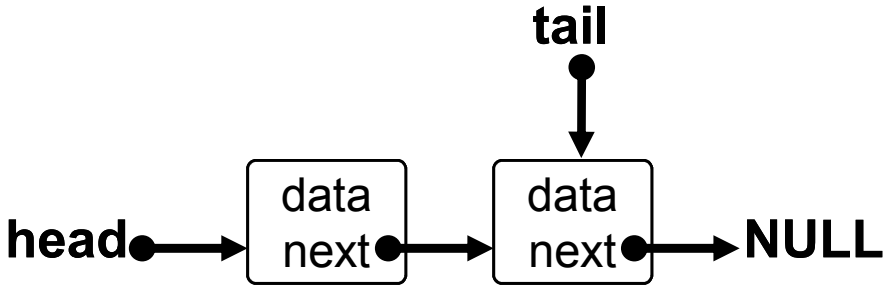


- Queue implementation:
  - Declaration:

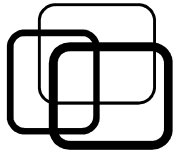
```
// Use dynamic array
struct Queue
{
        int  *data;
        int   size;
        int   in;
        int   out;
};
```

```
// Use linked list
struct Queue
{
        SNode  *head;
        SNode  *tail;
};
```



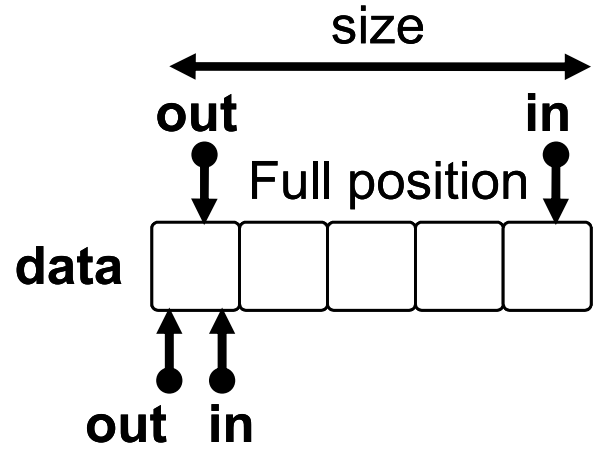


Queue



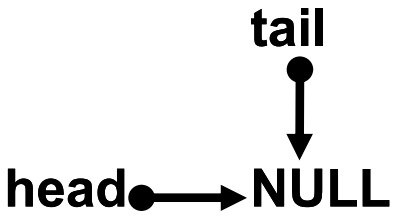
- Queue implementation:
  - init: initialize empty queue.
  - isEmpty: check in and out position.
  - isFull: check in and out position.

Use dynamic array



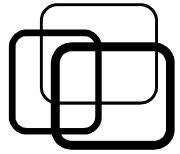
Empty position

Use linked list



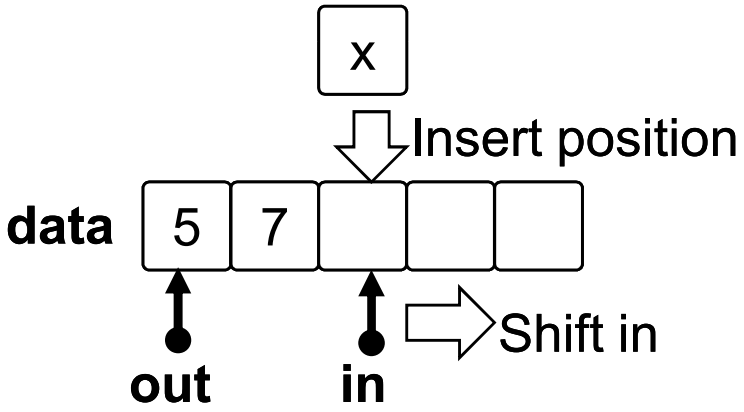
Empty position

Queue

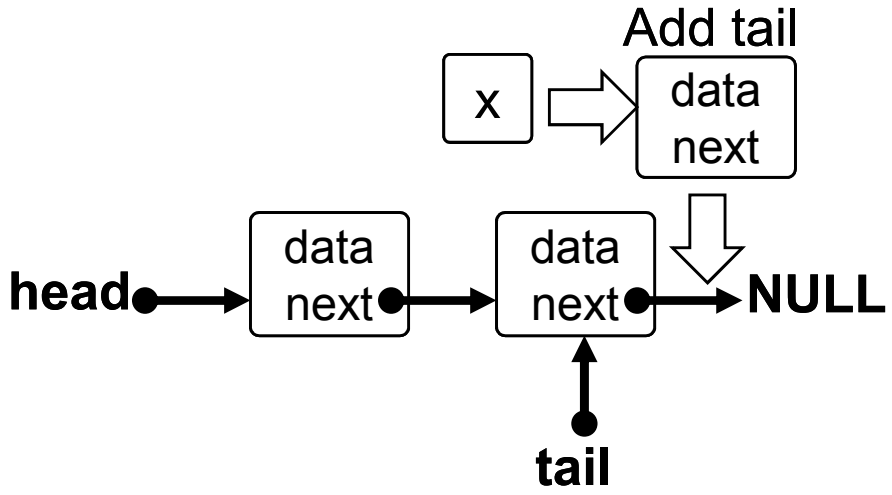


- Queue implementation:
  - enqueue: insert element into queue.

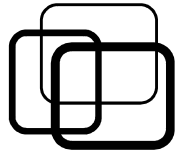
Use dynamic array



Use linked list

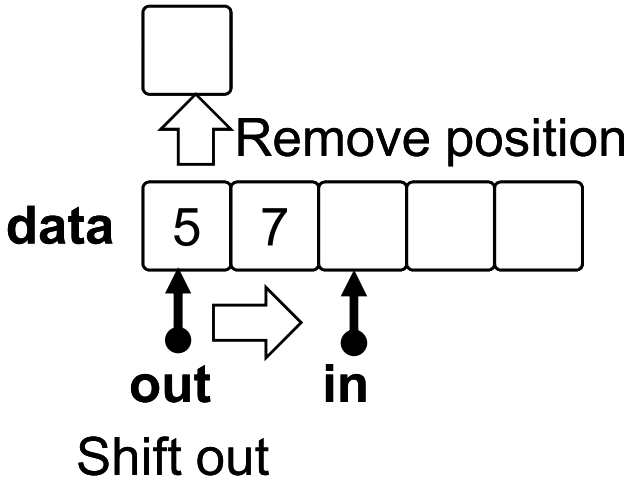


Queue

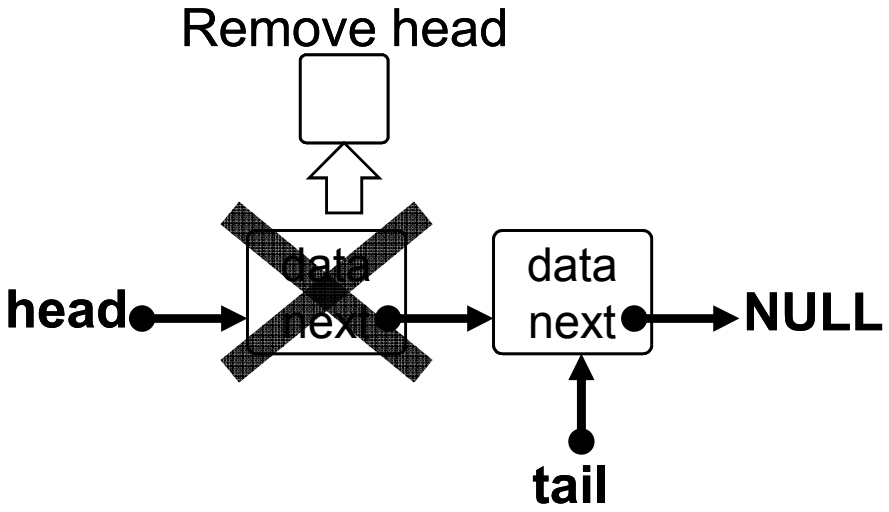


- Queue implementation:
  - dequeue: remove element from queue.

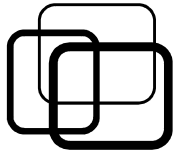
Use dynamic array



Use linked list

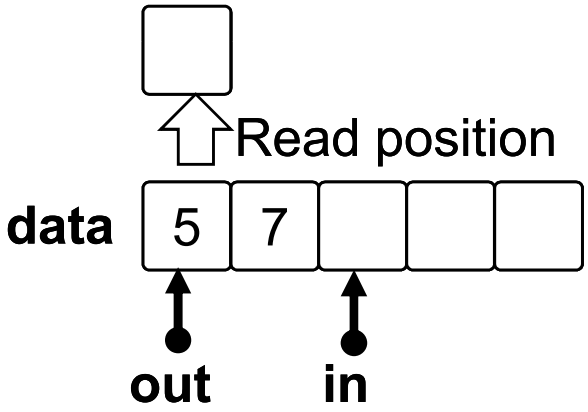


Queue

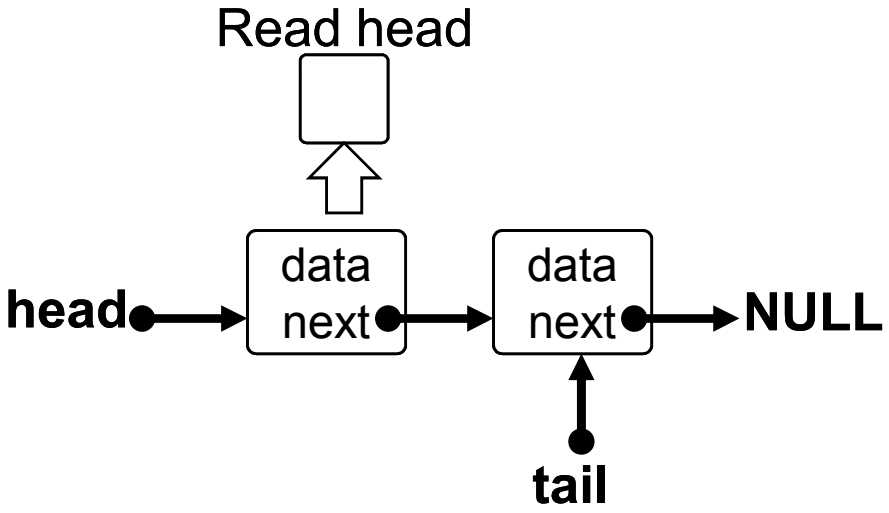


- Queue implementation:
  - front: read front element from queue.
  - last: read last element from queue.

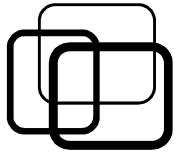
Use dynamic array



Use linked list



Queue



- Queue applications:
  - Breadth-first search in tree.
  - System queue.