Usage:

• javac -d ./bytecode *.java && (cd ./bytecode && java P1)

Prerequisites:

• OpenJDK 11

Tests documentation:

public class P1

P1 class: tests the SymTable & related classes - Sym

Note: test methods tend to preserve names of corresponding methods being verified & are prefixed with "test_".

Note: "print" method is used althroughout the unit tests, which excludes it from being tested.

• Author: Safi

public static void main(String[] args)

test driver: calls unit test methods & annotates each test with pass/fail status

• Parameters: args — input arguments if any

public static boolean test_Sym()

checks the correctness of the constructor & related getter/setter methods implemented in the Sym class

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_exception()

checks the correctness of custom checked exception classes

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_SymTable()

checks the correctness of the constructor implemented in the SymTable class

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_addDecl()

checks the correctness of the addDecl method in the SymTable class depends on removeScope method

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_addScope()

checks the correctness of the addScope implemented in the SymTable class

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_lookupLocal()

checks the correctness of the lookupLocal implemented in the SymTable class

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_lookupGlobal()

checks the correctness of the lookupGlobal implemented in the SymTable class

• Returns: true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

public static boolean test_removeScope()

checks the correctness of the removeScope implemented in the SymTable class

• **Returns:** true: verifies a correct functionality, otherwise false.

Compiler for a C-language

• C- is a simple programming language that uses Pascal identifiers.

Terminology:

- identifier: lexical token naming language entities (e.g. variable or function names).
- symbol: memory instance storing information about a corresponding identifier token.

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To-do list:

Assignment submission:

- Create pdf from markdown: pandoc README.md -o <lastname.firstname.Pn.pdf>
 - generate markdown from javadoc or
 - generate javadoc to extract method headers: find . -type f -name
 "*.java" | xargs javadoc -d ../javadoc
- Add headers for each file
- Verify code format
- Verify code execution on CSL machines