

```
In [1]: # import required libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import os
os.listdir()
```

Out[1]: ['.ipynb_checkpoints',
'Comcast_telecom_complaints_data.csv',
'Comcast_telecom_complaints_data.ipynb']

```
In [2]: # read data set
df_comcast = pd.read_csv('Comcast_telecom_complaints_data.csv')
```

```
In [3]: df_comcast.head()
```

Out[3]:

	Ticket #	Customer Complaint	Date	Date_month_year	Time	Received Via	City	State	Zip code	Status	Filing on Behalf of Someone
0	250635	Comcast Cable Internet Speeds	22-04-15	22-Apr-15	3:53:50 PM	Customer Care Call	Abingdon	Maryland	21009	Closed	No
1	223441	Payment disappear - service got disconnected	04-08-15	04-Aug-15	10:22:56 AM	Internet	Acworth	Georgia	30102	Closed	No
2	242732	Speed and Service	18-04-15	18-Apr-15	9:55:47 AM	Internet	Acworth	Georgia	30101	Closed	Yes
3	277946	Comcast Imposed a New Usage Cap of 300GB that ...	05-07-15	05-Jul-15	11:59:35 AM	Internet	Acworth	Georgia	30101	Open	Yes
4	307175	Comcast not working and no service to boot	26-05-15	26-May-15	1:25:26 PM	Internet	Acworth	Georgia	30101	Solved	No

```
In [4]: df_comcast.shape
```

Out[4]: (2224, 11)

```
In [5]: df_comcast.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2224 entries, 0 to 2223
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---                                -
0   Ticket #                             2224 non-null   object
1   Customer Complaint                   2224 non-null   object
2   Date                                2224 non-null   object
3   Date_month_year                     2224 non-null   object
4   Time                                2224 non-null   object
5   Received Via                         2224 non-null   object
6   City                                2224 non-null   object
7   State                               2224 non-null   object
8   Zip code                            2224 non-null   int64
9   Status                              2224 non-null   object
10  Filing on Behalf of Someone          2224 non-null   object
dtypes: int64(1), object(10)
memory usage: 191.2+ KB
```

```
In [6]: df_comcast.describe()
```

Out[6]:

	Zip code
count	2224.000000
mean	47994.393435
std	28885.279427
min	1075.000000

25%	30056.500000
50%	37211.000000
75%	77058.750000
max	99223.000000

```
In [7]: #check missing value
df_comcast.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=True)
```

```
Out[7]: Ticket #                0
Customer Complaint            0
Date                          0
Date_month_year              0
Time                         0
Received Via                  0
City                         0
State                        0
Zip code                     0
Status                       0
Filing on Behalf of Someone  0
dtype: int64
```

2. Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at monthly and daily granularity levels.

```
In [8]: df_comcast.dtypes
```

```
Out[8]: Ticket #                object
Customer Complaint            object
Date                          object
Date_month_year              object
Time                         object
Received Via                  object
City                         object
State                        object
Zip code                     int64
Status                       object
Filing on Behalf of Someone  object
dtype: object
```

```
In [9]: # Add Date Month year with Time and save it into Date_Full
df_comcast['Date_full'] = df_comcast['Date_month_year'] + ' ' + df_comcast['Time']
```

```
In [10]: df_comcast['Date_full']
```

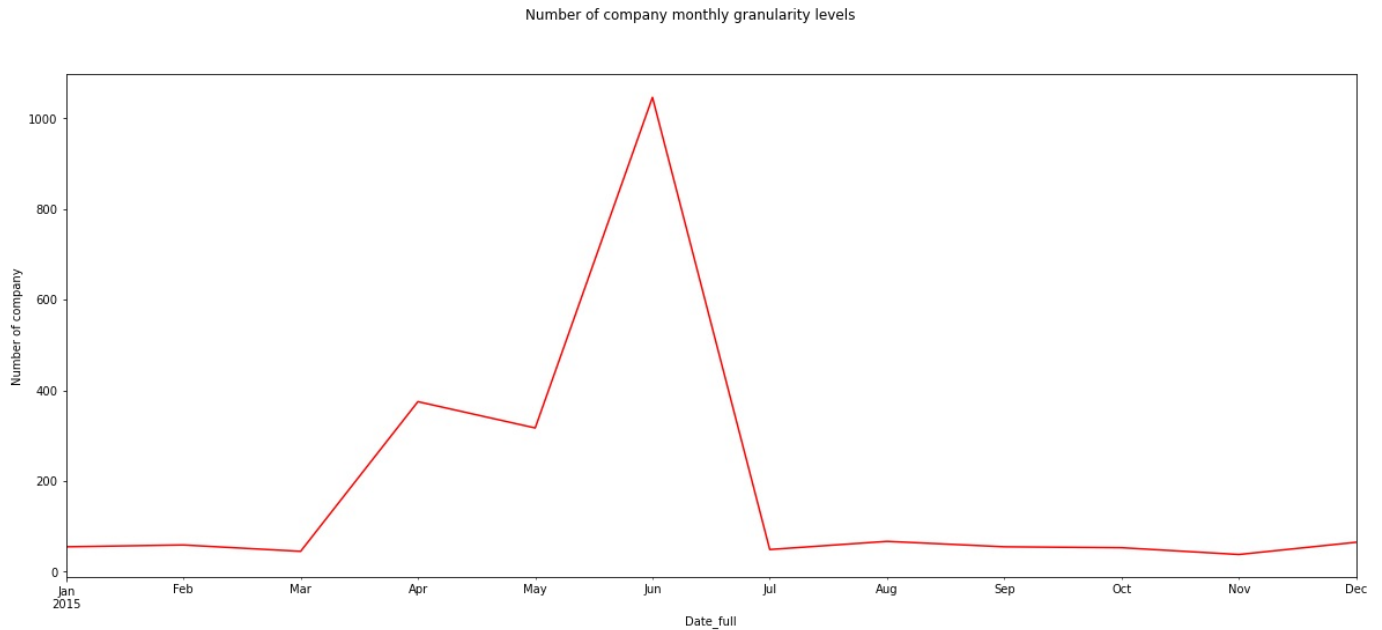
```
Out[10]: 0      22-Apr-15 3:53:50 PM
1      04-Aug-15 10:22:56 AM
2      18-Apr-15 9:55:47 AM
3      05-Jul-15 11:59:35 AM
4      26-May-15 1:25:26 PM
...
2219   04-Feb-15 9:13:18 AM
2220   06-Feb-15 1:24:39 PM
2221   06-Sep-15 5:28:41 PM
2222   23-Jun-15 11:13:30 PM
2223   24-Jun-15 10:28:33 PM
Name: Date_full, Length: 2224, dtype: object
```

```
In [11]: #convert datetime format
df_comcast['Date_full'] = pd.to_datetime(df_comcast['Date_full'])
df_comcast['Date_month_year'] = pd.to_datetime(df_comcast['Date_month_year'])
comcast_tele_consumer_monthly = df_comcast.set_index(df_comcast['Date_full'])
```

```
In [12]: # Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at monthly granularity levels.
#Increase Graph Size
plt.figure(figsize=(20,8))
plt.suptitle("Number of company monthly granularity levels")
plt.ylabel('Number of company')
```

```
comcast_tele_consumer_monthly.groupby(pd.Grouper(freq="M")).size().plot(color='red')
```

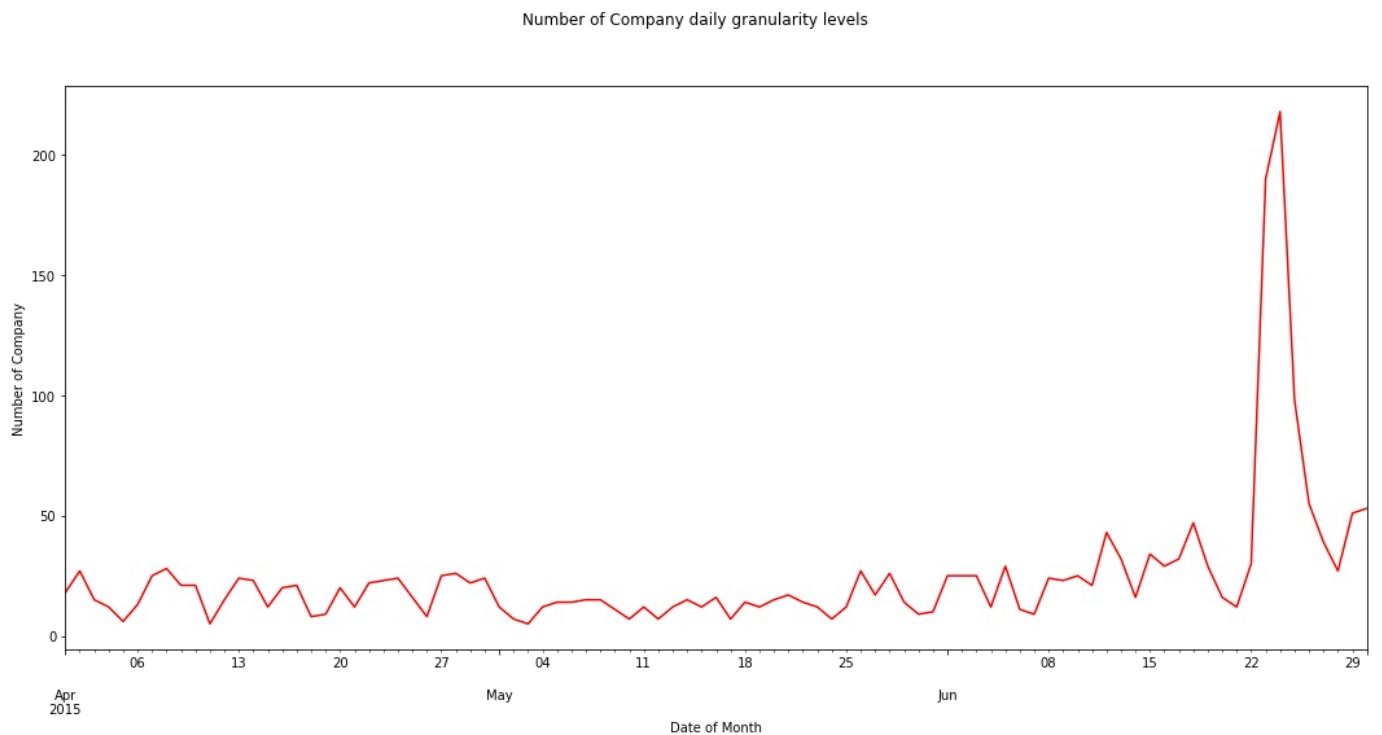
Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Date_full', ylabel='Number of company'>



In [13]:

```
# Provide the trend chart for the number of complaints at daily granularity levels.
df_comcast['Date of Month'] = pd.to_datetime(df_comcast['Date'])
comcast_tele_consumer_daily = df_comcast.set_index(df_comcast['Date of Month'])
# plot
plt.figure(figsize=(18,8))
plt.suptitle("Number of Company daily granularity levels")
plt.ylabel("Number of Company")
comcast_tele_consumer_daily.groupby(pd.Grouper(freq = "D")).size().plot(color='red')
```

Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Date of Month', ylabel='Number of Company'>



3. Provide a table with the frequency of complaint types.

In [14]:

```
# To get the frequency of complaint types first we have to see all complaint types and check for duplicate, case
# Incomplete data so that we can make analytics better
df_comcast_complain_type = df_comcast['Customer Complaint'].value_counts()
df_comcast_complain_type.head(10)
```

```
Out[14]: Comcast      83
Comcast Internet    18
Comcast Data Cap    17
comcast             13
Comcast Billing      11
Data Caps           11
Comcast Data Caps   11
Unfair Billing Practices  9
Comcast data cap     8
Comcast internet     8
Name: Customer Complaint, dtype: int64
```

```
In [15]: # Better to convert all data into upper case or sentence case so duplicate value will be shorted
df_comcast_complain_type_upper = df_comcast['Customer Complaint'].str.upper().value_counts()
df_comcast_complain_type_upper.head(25)
```

```
Out[15]: COMCAST      102
COMCAST DATA CAP     30
COMCAST INTERNET      29
COMCAST DATA CAPS    21
COMCAST BILLING       18
COMCAST SERVICE       15
INTERNET SPEED        15
UNFAIR BILLING PRACTICES 13
DATA CAPS            13
DATA CAP             12
COMCAST COMPLAINT     11
COMCAST/XFINITY       11
COMCAST INTERNET SERVICE 10
BILLING               9
BILLING ISSUES        8
COMCAST CABLE         5
INTERNET              5
COMCAST BILLING COMPLAINT 5
COMCAST ISSUES        5
COMCAST BILLING PRACTICES 5
SERVICE ISSUES       5
SLOW INTERNET         5
INTERNET SERVICE      5
COMPLAINT AGAINST COMCAST 5
COMCAST UNFAIR BILLING PRACTICES 4
Name: Customer Complaint, dtype: int64
```

4. Create a new categorical variable with value as Open and Closed.

Open & Pending is to be categorized as Open and Closed & Solved is to be categorized as Closed.

```
In [16]: df_comcast['Status'].unique()
```

```
Out[16]: array(['Closed', 'Open', 'Solved', 'Pending'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [17]: # Convert as per Instruction (Task 4) into New Column without changing the main data so that we can use the main
# in Future
df_comcast['New Status'] = ["Open" if Status == 'Open' or Status == 'Pending' else "Closed" for Status in df_comcast['Status']]
```

```
In [18]: df_comcast['New Status'].unique()
```

```
Out[18]: array(['Closed', 'Open'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [19]: df_comcast_state_by_status = pd.crosstab(df_comcast.State, df_comcast['New Status'])
```

```
In [20]: df_comcast_state_by_status
```

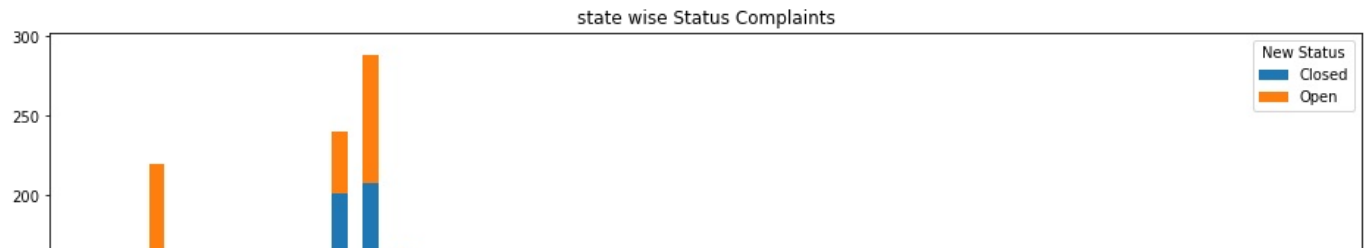
```
Out[20]:
```

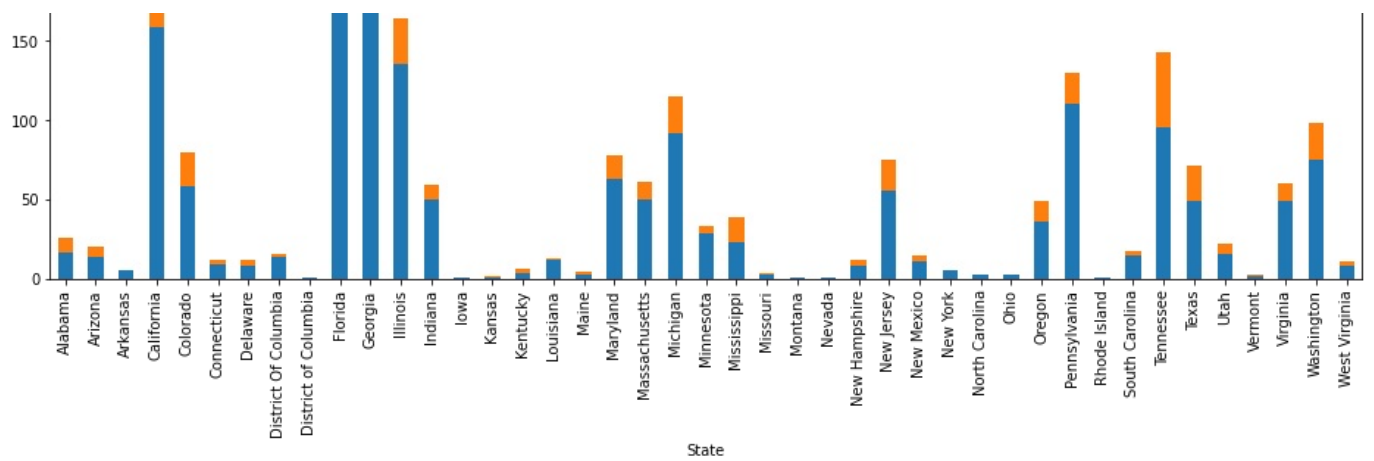
	New Status	Closed	Open
State			

Alabama	17	9
Arizona	14	6
Arkansas	6	0
California	159	61
Colorado	58	22
Connecticut	9	3
Delaware	8	4
District Of Columbia	14	2
District of Columbia	1	0
Florida	201	39
Georgia	208	80
Illinois	135	29
Indiana	50	9
Iowa	1	0
Kansas	1	1
Kentucky	4	3
Louisiana	12	1
Maine	3	2
Maryland	63	15
Massachusetts	50	11
Michigan	92	23
Minnesota	29	4
Mississippi	23	16
Missouri	3	1
Montana	1	0
Nevada	1	0
New Hampshire	8	4
New Jersey	56	19
New Mexico	11	4
New York	6	0
North Carolina	3	0
Ohio	3	0
Oregon	36	13
Pennsylvania	110	20
Rhode Island	1	0
South Carolina	15	3
Tennessee	96	47
Texas	49	22
Utah	16	6
Vermont	2	1
Virginia	49	11
Washington	75	23
West Virginia	8	3

```
In [21]: df_comcast_state_by_status.plot(kind = 'bar',figsize=(16,6),stacked=True,title="state wise Status Complaints")

Out[21]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'state wise Status Complaints'}, xlabel='State'>
```





In []:

5. Which state has the highest percentage of unresolved complaints

In [22]:

```
df_comcast_unsolved_complaint = df_comcast[df_comcast['New Status']=='Open']
```

In [23]:

```
df_comcast_unsolved_complaint_value_count=df_comcast_unsolved_complaint['State'].value_counts()
df_comcast_unsolved_complaint_value_count
```

Out[23]:

```
Georgia                80
California             61
Tennessee              47
Florida                39
Illinois               29
Michigan               23
Washington             23
Texas                  22
Colorado               22
Pennsylvania           20
New Jersey             19
Mississippi            16
Maryland               15
Oregon                 13
Massachusetts          11
Virginia               11
Indiana                 9
Alabama                9
Arizona                6
Utah                   6
New Hampshire          4
Delaware               4
Minnesota              4
New Mexico             4
Connecticut            3
West Virginia          3
South Carolina         3
Kentucky               3
Maine                  2
District Of Columbia   2
Missouri               1
Vermont                1
Kansas                 1
Louisiana              1
Name: State, dtype: int64
```

In [39]:

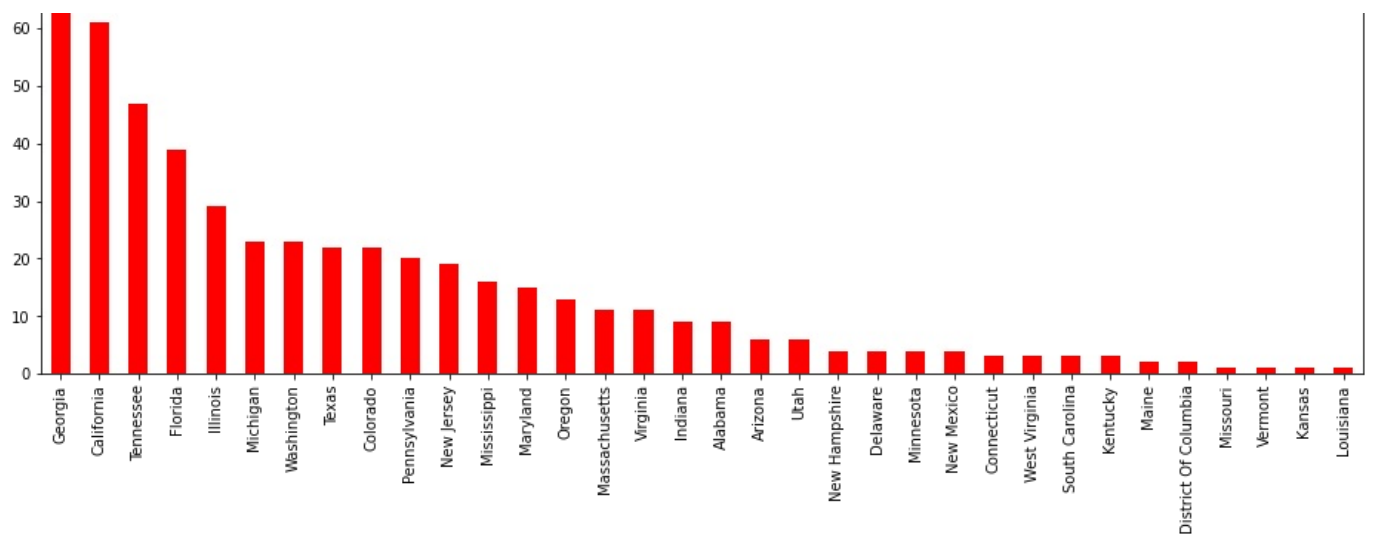
```
df_comcast_unsolved_complaint_value_count.plot(kind='bar',figsize=(16,6),color='red')
plt.title("Highest percentage of unresolved complaints \n")
```

Out[39]:

```
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Highest percentage of unresolved complaints \n')
```

Highest percentage of unresolved complaints





9. Provide the percentage of complaints resolved till date,
which were received through the Internet and customer care calls.

```
In [25]: df_comcast['Received Via'].unique()
```

```
Out[25]: array(['Customer Care Call', 'Internet'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [26]: df_comcast['Received Via'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[26]: Customer Care Call    1119
Internet          1105
Name: Received Via, dtype: int64
```

```
In [27]: df_comcast['Received Via'].value_counts()/df_comcast['Received Via'].count()
```

```
Out[27]: Customer Care Call    0.503147
Internet          0.496853
Name: Received Via, dtype: float64
```

```
In [33]: value = df_comcast['New Status'][df_comcast['Received Via']=='Internet'].value_counts()
```

```
In [34]: value
```

```
Out[34]: Closed    843
Open      262
Name: New Status, dtype: int64
```

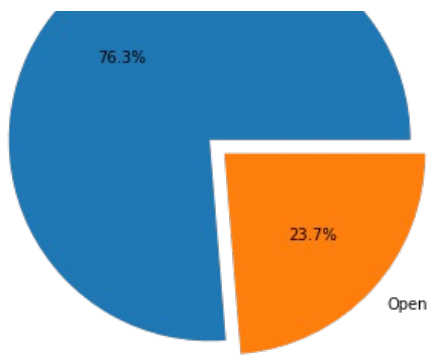
```
In [37]: myexplode = [0.1, 0]
plt.title('Complaints Status through the Internet & Customer Care Calls\n')
df_comcast['New Status'][df_comcast['Received Via']=='Internet'].value_counts().plot(kind='pie',explode = myexplode,
figsize = (14,6))
```

```
Out[37]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Complaints Status through the Internet & Customer Care Calls\n'}, ylabel='New Status'>
```

Complaints Status through the Internet & Customer Care Calls



New Status



Open

In []:

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/CommonHTML/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js