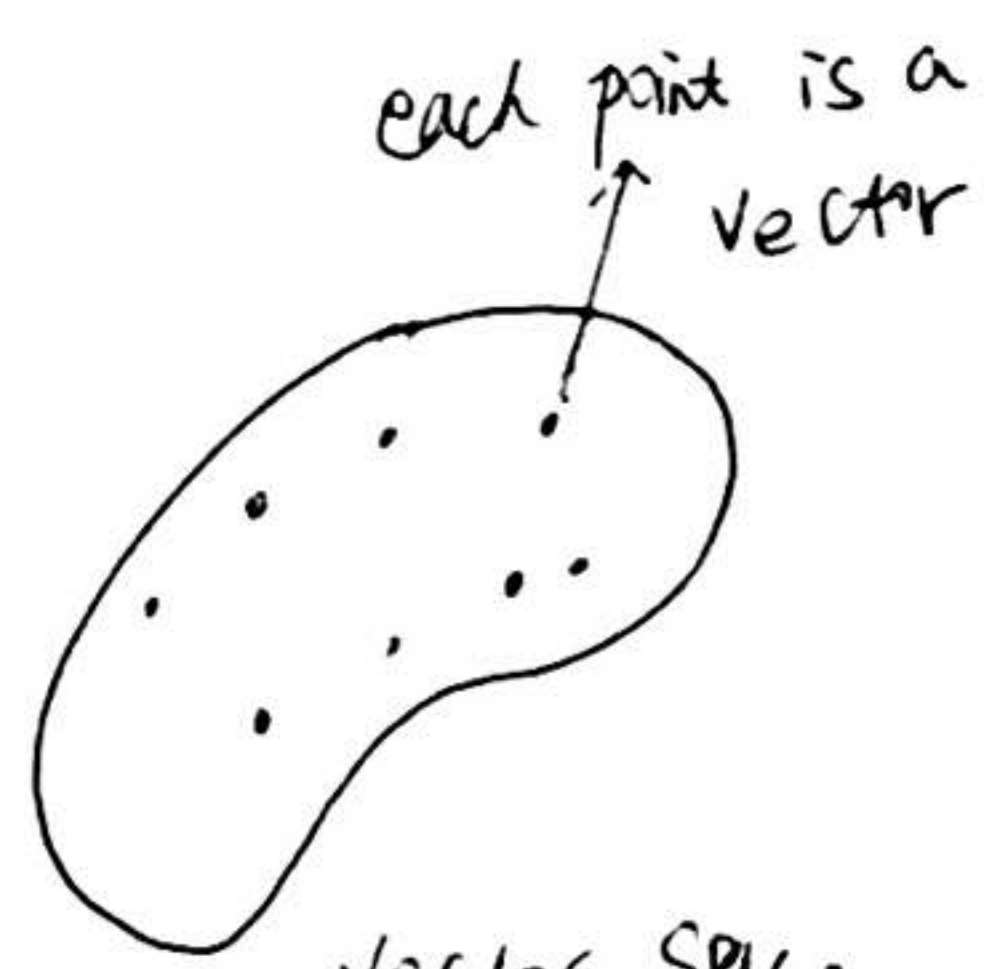


Vector Space Review

$V \in \mathbb{R}^n$, vector norm $\|V\|$, length size of vector V (e.g., feature representation)

↳ n -tuple of values (usually real numbers)

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \\ \vdots \\ V_n \end{pmatrix}, \quad V^T = (V_1, V_2, \dots, V_n)$$



l^2 norm $\Rightarrow \|V\|_2 = (|V_1|^2 + |V_2|^2 + \dots + |V_n|^2)^{1/2}$ (Compute length of a vector)

vector operations:

• Addition $Z = X + Y = (x_1 + y_1, \dots, x_n + y_n)$

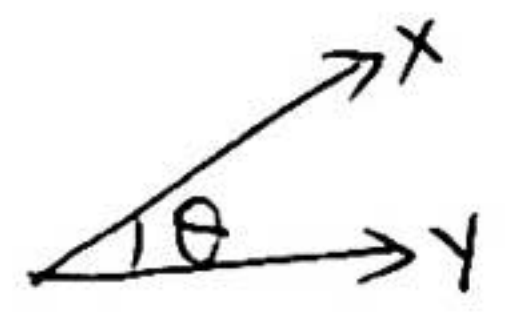
• scalar multiplication $Y = aX = (ax_1, ax_2, \dots, ax_n)$

• Dot product $\langle x, y \rangle = x^T y = a$ (scalar)

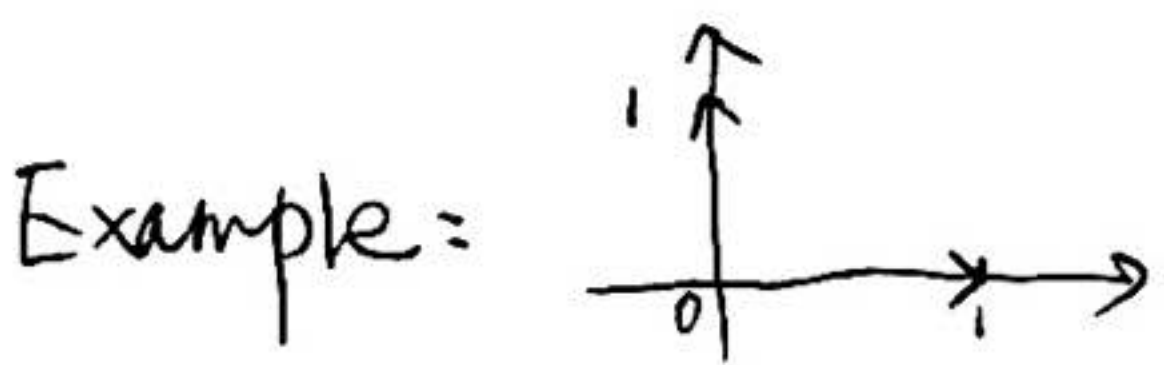
$$\Downarrow$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \quad \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

Alternatively, geometric interpretation



$$\theta = \arccos \left(\frac{\langle x, y \rangle}{\|x\|_2 \|y\|_2} \right)$$



$x = (0, 1), y = (1, 0)$
 $\theta = 90^\circ$

$$\|X - Y\|_2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (X_n - Y_n)^2 \right)^{1/2}$$