

# FortiManager - XML API Reference

**VERSION 5.2.6** 

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FortiManager 5.2.6 XML API Reference

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# **Change Log**

Date	Change Description
2015-05-13	Initial release.
2015-08-14	Updated for 5.2.3.
2015-09-23	Updated for 5.2.4.
2016-01-23	Updated for 5.2.5.
2016-03-16	Updated for 5.2.6.

# Introduction

FortiManager 5.2 includes a web services interface that facilitates integration with provision systems.

This guide describes how to use the XML-based FortiManager Application Programming Interface (API) to obtain information from the FortiManager unit, run scripts to modify device configurations, and install modified configurations to managed devices.

### What's New

### What's New in FortiManager 5.2.5

No elements were added or removed in 5.2.5.

### What's New in FortiManager 5.2.4

No elements were added or removed in 5.2.4.

### What's New in FortiManager 5.2.3

No elements were added or removed in 5.2.3.

### What's New in FortiManager 5.2.2

The following elements have been added in FortiManager 5.2.2:

- addPolicyPackage
- assignGlobalPolicy

### What's New in FortiManager 5.2.1

The following element changes have been made in FortiManager 5.2.1:

- runFazReport
- · Add filters to generate per user reports.

# Using the FortiManager API

The FortiManager enables you to configure managed FortiGate devices through a web services interface.

This sections includes the following topics:

- Connecting to FortiManager web services
- · Getting information from the FortiManager unit
- SOAP error codes and descriptions
- XML API elements

### Connecting to FortiManager web services

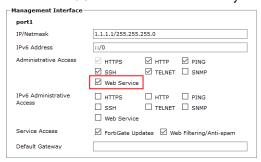
To start working with web services of your FortiManager device, you must enable web services, and download the Web Services Description Language (WDSL) file. The WDSL file defines the XML requests that you can make and the responses the FortiManager system can provide.

### **Enabling web services**

Web services must be enabled on the network interface that the client will connect to.

#### To enable web services on an interface with the GUI:

- 1. Go to System Settings > Network > Interface.
- 2. Select the *Edit* icon for the interface that you need to enable web services on.



- 3. In the Administrative Access section, select Web Service.
- 4. Select OK to apply the changes.

### To enable web services on an interface using the CLI

Enter the following command line interface (CLI) commands:

```
config system interface
  edit <port>
    set allowaccess webservice
  end
end
```

where <port> is the network interface that you want to use for web services.

The allowaccess command should also include the other types of administrative access that you want to permit. For example, to allow HTTPS, SSH, and Web Services, enter the CLI command set allowaccess https ssh webservice.



The FortiManager unit handles web services requests on port 8080.

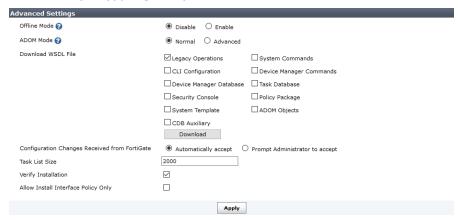
### Obtaining the WSDL file

You can download the WDSL file from the GUI, or directly from your FortiManager at the following URL:

https://<FortiManager\_ip\_address>:8080/.

#### To download the WSDL file using the GUI:

- 1. Go to System Settings > Advanced > Advanced Settings
- 2. Select the Download WSDL file icon.



3. Save the xml.wsdl file to your local hard disk drive. You can open this file using a text editor.



By using a web testing tool, such as SoapUI, you can get information from your FortiManager.

## Getting information from the FortiManager unit

To work with your managed devices, you need to obtain information from your FortiManager unit, such as:

- a list of ADOMs
- · information about the managed devices
- information about individual devices
- · the current configuration of devices, according to the database
- the revision history of devices.

### **SOAP** error codes and descriptions

- SOAP\_ERROR\_OK = 0, /\* same with SOAP\_OK \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_DEFAUT\_ZONE = -100, /\* This is obsoleted \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM = -101, /\* invalid parameter(s) \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_PREPARE\_PROBLEM = -102, /\* prepare problem(s) \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED = -103, /\* not supported \*/
- SOAP ERROR FUNC PROBLEM = -104, /\* function problem \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_WRONG\_CONDITION = -105, /\* wrong condition(s) \*/
- SOAP\_ERROR\_MEMORY\_LIMIT = -106, /\* not enough memory \*/

Besides the *errorMsg* response, there could be errors returned in <SOAP-ENV: Fault> envelope as well. These are considered generic SOAP errors. There are also cases in which errors from the FortiManager application level are returned inside <SOAP-ENV: Fault> envelope. These errors are free-style; there are no error codes associated with them.

#### For example:

```
<SOAP-ENV:Fault>
   <faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Client</faultcode>
   <faultstring>Invalid admin uesr name '(null)'</faultstring>
   <detail>
   <error xmlns="http://localhost/">Invalid admin user name '(null)'</error>
   </detail>
</SOAP-ENV:Fault>
```

### **XML API elements**

The following table lists the available FortiManager XML API elements.

XML API element	FortiManager v5.0.0	FortiManager v5.0.2 or later
addAdom	✓	✓
addDevice	✓	✓
addGroup	✓	✓
addPolicyPackage		✓
assignGlobalPolicy		✓
deleteAdom	✓	✓
deleteConfigRev	✓	✓
deleteDevice	✓	✓

XML API element	FortiManager v5.0.0	FortiManager v5.0.2 or later
deleteGroup	✓	✓
editAdom	✓	✓
editGroupMembership	✓	✓
getAdomList	✓	✓
getAdoms	✓	✓
getConfig	✓	✓
getConfigRevisionHistory	✓	✓
getDeviceLicenseList	✓	✓
getDeviceList	✓	✓
getDevices	✓	✓
getDeviceVdomList	✓	✓
getGroupList	✓	✓
getGroups	✓	✓
getInstLog	✓	✓
getPackageList	✓	✓
getSystemStatus		✓
getTaskList	✓	✓
getTCLRootFile	✓	✓
importPolicy	✓	✓
listRevisionId	✓	✓
retrieveConfig	✓	✓
revertConfig	✓	✓
getFazConfig		✓
setFazConfig		✓

XML API element	FortiManager v5.0.0	FortiManager v5.0.2 or later
runFazReport		✓
getFazGeneratedReports		✓
searchFazLog		✓
getFazArchive		✓
listFazGeneratedReports		✓
removeFazArchive		✓
createScript	✓	✓
deleteScript	✓	✓
getScript	✓	✓
getScriptLog	✓	✓
getScriptLogSummary	✓	✓
installConfig	✓	✓
runScript	✓	✓

# FortiManager XML API Elements

addAdom	editGroupMembership	getGroups
addDevice	getAdomList	getInstLog
addGroup	getAdoms	getPackageList
addPolicyPackage	getConfig	getSystemStatus
assignGlobalPolicy	getConfigRevisionHistory	getTaskList
deleteAdom	getDeviceLicenseList	getTCLRootFile
deleteConfigRev	getDeviceList	importPolicy
deleteDevice	getDevices	listRevisionId
deleteGroup	getDeviceVdomList	retrieveConfig
editAdom	getGroupList	revertConfig

### addAdom

Use this request to add an ADOM to your FortiManager unit.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:addAdom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <name>?</name>
        <version>?</version>
        <mr>>?</mr>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <isBackupMode>?</isBackupMode>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <VPNManagement>?</VPNManagement>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <deviceSNVdom>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <SN>?</SN>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <vdomName>?</vdomName>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
```

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<name></name>	The name of the ADOM to be created.
<version></version>	Firmware version options:  • 400: FortiOS version 4.0.  • 500: FortiOS version 5.0.
<mr></mr>	The firmware major release version.
<isbackupmode></isbackupmode>	Backup Mode ADOM options:  • true: BackupMode is enabled.  • false: BackupMode is disabled.
<vpnmanagement></vpnmanagement>	VPN console ADOM options:
<devicesnvdom></devicesnvdom>	XML structure consists of serial number, VDOM name, and VDOM ID variables.
<sn></sn>	Serial number of device.
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomid></vdomid>	The VDOM identifier.
<deviceidvdom></deviceidvdom>	XML structure consists of device ID, VDOM name, and VDOM identifier variables.
<id></id>	The VDOM ID.

Request Field	Description
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomid></vdomid>	The VDOM identifier.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and details.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Added members to the ADOM successfully.</li> <li>-101: The user does not have permission to run this command. Cannot get ADOM OID.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The global workspace is locked. Cannot get ADOM detail information.</li> <li>-104: Cannot get ADOM detail information.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>

### addDevice

Use this request to add a device to your FortiManager unit.

```
<adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <ip>1.1.1.1</ip>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <autod>manual</autod>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <deviceType>FortiGate</deviceType>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <name>test</name>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adminUser>admin</adminUser>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <password></password>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <version>500</version>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <mr>0</mr>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <model>FortiGate-VM</model>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <flags></flags>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <description>sss</description>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <devId></devId>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <SN>FGVM001</SN>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <SNprefix>FGVM00</SNprefix>
  </r20:addDevice>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<ip></ip>	The device IP address.
<autod></autod>	autod options: true, false, manual, or unreg Select if you want to enable auto discovery. The default value is False. Select the value unreg to promote an unregistered device.
<devicetype></devicetype>	Select the type of device. The device type can be: FortiGate, FortiCarrier, or FortiSwitch.

Request Field	Description
<name></name>	The host name of the device.
<adminuser></adminuser>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<version></version>	Firmware version options:  • 400: FortiOS version 4.0.  • 500: FortiOS version 5.0.
<mr></mr>	The firmware major release version.
<model></model>	The device model number, FGT-60C, for example.
<flags></flags>	<ul> <li>Flags options:</li> <li>harddisk: The device has a hard disk installed.</li> <li>No value: Leave this field blank if the device does not have a hard disk installed.</li> </ul>
<description></description>	The device description (optional).
<devid></devid>	The device identifier.
<sn></sn>	The device serial number.
<snprefix></snprefix>	The device serial number prefix.

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about the device.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Read task ID to get add device result.</li> <li>-101: The device IP cannot be empty. The device name must be input. Administrator user must be input. Unknown device type; only accepts FortiGate, FortiCarrier, or FortiSwitch. The device firmware version (400, or 500) must be input. The device version should be 400 or 500 value is invalid. The device version mr (0, 1, etc) must be input. The device version major release is</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>invalid. The device model (FortiGate-200B, FortiWiFi-60C, etc) must be input. The device model is invalid. The device ID must be set when promoting an unregistered device. Promotable device does not exist. The device is not an unregistered device.</li> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked.</li> <li>-103: Add device auto discovery mode is not supported yet.</li> <li>-104: Add device by IP in ADOM failed. Promote device by device ID in ADOM failed.</li> </ul>
<taskid></taskid>	Indicates the task ID number.

# addGroup

Use this request to add a group to your FortiManager unit.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:addGroup>
        <servicePass>
           <userID>?</userID>
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
           <adom>?</adom>
           <name>?</name>
           <description>?</description>
           <deviceSN>?</deviceSN>
           <deviceID>?</deviceID>
           <groupName>?</groupName>
           <groupID>?</groupID>
  </r20:addGroup>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<name></name>	The name of the group.
<description></description>	The group description.
<devicesn></devicesn>	The list of serial numbers of devices that belong to this group.
<deviceid></deviceid>	The list of IDs of devices that belong to this group.
<groupname></groupname>	The list of names of sub-groups that belong to this group.
<groupid></groupid>	The list of IDs of sub-groups that belong to this group.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  0: Added group name successfully.  -101: The group name cannot be empty. The input name is invalid.  The name is in use.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked.</li> <li>-104: Reached the number limit. The ADOM is locked. Add by name failed with error.</li> </ul>

### addPolicyPackage

Use this request to add a policy package to your FortiManager unit.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:addPolicyPackage>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password>qa123456</password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>Adom50</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <isGlobal>true</isGlobal>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <policyPackageName>Global policy package/policyPackageName>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <cloneFrom>default</cloneFrom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <rename>?</rename> -->
     <!--Optional:-->
     <packageInstallTarget>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <!-- <grp> -->
          <!--Optional:-->
          <!-- <oid>?</oid> -->
          <!--Optional:-->
           <!-- <name>?</name> -->
        <!-- </grp> -->
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <dev>
          <!--Optional:-->
           <!-- <oid>?</oid> -->
           <!--Optional:-->
           <name>FortiGate-VM-70</name>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <!-- <vdom> -->
             <!--Optional:-->
             <!-- <oid>?</oid> -->
             <!--Optional:-->
             <!-- <name>?</name> -->
           <!-- </vdom> -->
        </dev>
     </packageInstallTarget>
  </r20:addPolicyPackage>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<isglobal></isglobal>	Add a global policy package.
<policypackagename></policypackagename>	The policy package name.
<clonefrom></clonefrom>	Clone from policy name.
<rename></rename>	Rename the policy package.
<packageinstalltarget></packageinstalltarget>	Package install target includes group and VDOM targets.
<grp></grp>	
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The group name.
<vdom></vdom>	
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The name of the VDOM.

## assignGlobalPolicy

Use this request to assign a global policy package to your FortiManager unit.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:assignGlobalPolicy>
    <!--Optional:-->
    <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password>Password</password>
```

```
</servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>Adom5x2</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <policyPackageName>?</policyPackageName> -->
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <policyPackageOid>?</policyPackageOid> -->
     <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
     <!-- <adomList> -->
       <!--Optional:-->
       <!-- <oid>?</oid> -->
        <!--Optional:-->
        <!-- <name>?</name> -->
     <!-- </adomList> -->
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <allObjects>?</allObjects> -->
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <installToDevice>?</installToDevice> -->
     <!--Optional:-->
     <!-- <checkAssigndDup>?</checkAssigndDup> -->
  </r20:assignGlobalPolicy>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<pol><policypackagename></policypackagename></pol>	The policy package name.
<policypackageoid></policypackageoid>	The policy package object identifier.
<adomlist></adomlist>	
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The ADOM name.
<allobjects></allobjects>	
<installtodevice></installtodevice>	Install policy to device.
<checkassignddup></checkassignddup>	

### deleteAdom

Use this request to delete an ADOM from your FortiManager unit.

### **Example request:**

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adomname></adomname>	The name of the ADOM.
<adomoid></adomoid>	The ADOM object identifier (OID).

The response indicates with the request was successful or if it failed.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Deleted ADOM ID successfully.
	<ul> <li>-101: The ADOM name is invalid. Cannot get a valid ADOM ID. Invalid ADOM.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked. The global workspace is locked.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>-104: The ADOM ID cannot be deleted.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>-105: The root ADOM cannot be deleted. The ADOM ID is in use and cannot be deleted.</li> </ul>

# deleteConfigRev

Use this request to delete a configuration revision defined on your FortiManager unit. Only an administrator with the  $Super\_User$  profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<devid></devid>	The device ID.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device.
<revname></revname>	The revision name. You can get this in the <i>Revision History</i> section in the GUI.
<revid></revid>	The revision ID.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  0: Deleted revision ID from device ID successfully  -101: Need a valid revision name or revision ID.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked. The device is in backup mode. No revision ID matched with revision name. No valid revision ID exists. The revision ID does not exist on device ID.</li> <li>-104: User deleted revision ID on device ID failed.</li> </ul>

### deleteDevice

Use this request to delete a device defined on your FortiManager unit.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.

Request Field	Description
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<devid></devid>	The device ID number.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	The serial number of device.

The response indicates if the device was deleted successfully or if the procedure failed.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  0: Read task ID to get delete device result.  -102: The ADOM is locked.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: The device can only be deleted from the ADOM which contains its root VDOM. The device ID cannot be deleted.</li> <li>-105: The device ID is in use and cannot be deleted. The device ID was locked and cannot be deleted.</li> </ul>

# deleteGroup

Use this request to delete a group from your FortiManager unit.

<grpId>?</grpId>
</r20:deleteGroup>
</soapenv:Body>

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<name></name>	The name of the group to be deleted.
<grpld></grpld>	The group identifier.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

### Example response:

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Deleted group ID successfully.</li> <li>-101: The group name is invalid. Cannot locate a valid group from group ID and name information.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked.</li> <li>-104: The group ID cannot be deleted.</li> <li>-105: The group ID is in use and cannot be deleted. The group ID was locked and cannot be deleted.</li> </ul>

### editAdom

Use this request to edit an ADOM.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:editAdom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <name>?</name>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <version>?</version>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <mr>?</mr>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <state>?</state>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <isBackupMode>?</isBackupMode>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <VPNManagement>?</VPNManagement>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <metafields>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <metafield>
              <name>?</name>
              <value>?</value>
           </metafield>
        </metafields>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <addDeviceSNVdom>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <SN>?</SN>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <vdomName>?</vdomName>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <vdomID>?</vdomID>
           </addDeviceSNVdom>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <addDeviceIDVdom>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <ID>?</ID>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <vdomName>?</vdomName>
           <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
           <vdomID>?</vdomID>
        </addDeviceIDVdom>
  </r20:editAdom>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<pre><password></password></pre>	Administrator password options:  • Enter the administrator password  • Leave field blank for no password
<name></name>	The name of the ADOM to be edited.
<version></version>	Firmware version options:  • 400: FortiOS version 4.0.  • 500: FortiOS version 5.0.
<mr></mr>	The firmware major release version.
<state></state>	Device ADOM state options:
<isbackupmode></isbackupmode>	Backup Mode ADOM options:  • true: BackupMode is enabled.  • false: BackupMode is disabled.
<vpnmanagement></vpnmanagement>	VPN console ADOM options:     true: VPN console is enabled.     false: VPN console is disabled.
<metafields></metafields>	XML structure consists of metafield data. These strings occur in pairs in XML responses.
<name></name>	Name of device metafield (s).
<value></value>	Value of device metafield (s).
<adddevicesnvdom></adddevicesnvdom>	XML structure consists of serial number, VDOM name, and VDOM ID variables.
<sn></sn>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomid></vdomid>	The VDOM identifier.
<adddeviceidvdom></adddeviceidvdom>	XML structure consists of the device ID, VDOM name, and VDOM ID variables.

Request Field	Description
<id></id>	The ID of the device.
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomid></vdomid>	The VDOM identifier.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Edited ADOM name successfully.</li> <li>-101: The ADOM name cannot be empty. The ADOM name is invalid. Version only accepts 400 or 500 values. Invalid major release value. The ADOM metafield does not exist. The metafield name does not exist. Failed to change ADOM information.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The global workspace is locked. Failed to get ADOM information. Failed to get ADOM flags. Failed to create device fetch. Cannot change mode to backup mode since the ADOM has device(s). Cannot get ADOM metafields.</li> <li>-104: Adding members to ADOM failed.</li> </ul>

# editGroupMembership

Use this request to edit group membership.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	The name of the ADOM, or if the ADOM status is disabled, then enter $root$ . If the ADOM field is empty or does not match an ADOM name, the response lists all devices.
<name></name>	The name of the group to be edited.
<grpid></grpid>	The group identifier.
<adddevicesnlist></adddevicesnlist>	The device serial number list to add.
<adddeviceidlist></adddeviceidlist>	The device identifier list to add.
<deldevicesnlist></deldevicesnlist>	The device serial number list to delete.
<deldeviceidlist></deldeviceidlist>	The device identifier list to delete.
<addgroupnamelist></addgroupnamelist>	The group name list to add.
<addgroupidlist></addgroupidlist>	The group identifier list to add.
<delgroupnamelist></delgroupnamelist>	The group name list to delete.
<delgroupidlist></delgroupidlist>	The group identifier list to delete.

### Example response:

<SOAP-ENV:Header/>

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Edited group name successfully.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: Cannot find the group by the provided name or ID.</li> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked.</li> </ul>

### getAdomList

Use this request to get a list of the ADOMs defined on your FortiManager unit. Only an administrator with the Super\_User profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass< td=""><td>XML structure consists of username and password variables.</td></servicepass<>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<detail></detail>	Detail field options: true or false

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about an ADOM.

### Example response: detail is true

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getAdomListResponse>
        <errorMsg>
          <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>get adom detail list successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <adomDetail>
           <oid>103</oid>
           <name>others</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>0</mr>
          <state>true</state>
          <isBackupMode>false</isBackupMode>
           <VPNManagement>true
           <metafields>
             <metafield>
                <name>meta1</name>
                <value/>
             </metafield>
           </metafields>
        </adomDetail>
        <adomDetail>
           <oid>3</oid>
           <name>root</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>>0</mr>
           <state>true</state>
           <isBackupMode>false</isBackupMode>
           <VPNManagement>true
           <metafields>
           <metafield>
             <name>meta1</name>
             <value/>
           </metafield>
        </metafields>
        </adomDetail>
        <adomDetail>
           <oid>160</oid>
           <name>test1</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>1</mr>
           <state>true</state>
           <isBackupMode>false</isBackupMode>
           <VPNManagement>false/VPNManagement>
           <metafields>
             <metafield>
                <name>meta1</name>
                <value>me</value>
             </metafield>
```

```
</metafields>
          </adomDetail>
          </ns3:getAdomListResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

### Example response: (detail is false)

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getAdomListResponse>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>get adom list successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <adomInfo>
           <oid>103</oid>
           <name>others</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>>0</mr>
           <state>true</state>
        </adomInfo>
        <adomInfo>
           <oid>3</oid>
           <name>root</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>0</mr>
           <state>true</state>
        </adomInfo>
        <adomInfo>
           <oid>160</oid>
           <name>test1</name>
           <description/>
           <version>500</version>
           <mr>>1</mr>
           <state>true</state>
        </adomInfo>
  </ns3:getAdomListResponse>
</soap-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: ADOM fetch error. Cannot get ADOM basic information.</li> <li>Cannot get ADOM detail information.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>

Response Field	Description
<adomdetail></adomdetail>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, ADOM name, and description.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The ADOM name.
<description></description>	A description of the ADOM.
<version></version>	Firmware version options:  • 400: FortiOS version 4.0.  • 500: FortiOS version 5.0.
<mr></mr>	The firmware major release version.
<state></state>	Device ADOM state options:
<isbackupmode></isbackupmode>	Backup Mode ADOM options:  • true: BackupMode is enabled.  • false: BackupMode is disabled.
<vpnmanagement></vpnmanagement>	<ul> <li>VPN console ADOM options:</li> <li>true: VPN console is enabled.</li> <li>false: VPN console is disabled.</li> </ul>
<metafield></metafield>	XML structure consists of metafield data. These strings occur in pairs in XML responses.
<name></name>	Name of device metafield (s).
<value></value>	Value of device metafield (s).

# getAdoms

Use this request to get a list of ADOMs.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<names></names>	The ADOM name.
<adomids></adomids>	The ADOM object ID.

### **Example response:**

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getAdomsResponse>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>Get adoms info Successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <adomDetail>
           <oid>3</oid>
           <name>root</name>
           <description/>
           <version>5</version>
           <mr>0</mr>
           <state>true</state>
           <isBackupMode>false</isBackupMode>
           <VPNManagement>true</VPNManagement>
        <metafields>
           <metafield>
             <name>meta1</name>
              <value/>
           </metafield>
        </metafields>
        </adomDetail>
  </ns3:getAdomsResponse>
</soap-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Retrieved ADOM information successfully.</li> <li>-101: Invalid admin user name. User does not have permission to run this command. Cannot get ADOM OID.</li> <li>-102: Cannot get ADOM detail information.</li> <li>-104: Cannot get ADOM detail information.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	
<adomdetail></adomdetail>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, ADOM name, description, firmware version, and major release.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier for the ADOM.
<name></name>	The name of the ADOM.
<description></description>	A description of the ADOM.
<version></version>	Firmware version options:  • 400: FortiOS version 4.0.  • 500: FortiOS version 5.0.
<mr></mr>	The firmware major release version.
<state></state>	Device ADOM state options:
<isbackupmode></isbackupmode>	Backup Mode ADOM options:  • true: BackupMode is enabled.  • false: BackupMode is disabled.
<vpnmanagement></vpnmanagement>	<ul><li>VPN console ADOM options:</li><li>true: VPN console is enabled.</li><li>false: VPN console is disabled.</li></ul>
<metafield></metafield>	XML structure consists of metafield data. These strings occur in pairs in XML responses.
<name></name>	Name of device metafield (s).
<value></value>	Value of device metafield (s).

# getConfig

Use this request to retrieve a particular revision of the device configuration from the device database.

## **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getConfig>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <devId>?</devId>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <serialNumber>?</serialNumber>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adom>?</adom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <revisionNumber>?</revisionNumber>
  </r20:getConfig>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<devid></devid>	The Device ID. This is the primary device identifier. You can omit this field and use the serial number instead.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example. This device identifier is secondary to device.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<revisionnumber></revisionnumber>	The revision that you want to view. Use a negative number to retrieve the latest revision.

The response is a <return> field containing the device configuration and other information.

# **Example response:**

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getConfigResponse>
        <return>
           <branchPoint>128/branchPoint>
           <checkinDate>2012-11-02T19:37:39Z</checkinDate>
           <checkinUser>admin</checkinUser>
           <content>
           ... configuration file content ...
           </content>
           <message/>
        <oid>109</oid>
        <osVersion>5</osVersion>
        <platform>FortiGate-60C</platform>
        <revisionNum>3</revisionNum>
        <serialNumber>FGT60C3G06500185</serialNumber>
        </return>
  </ns3:getConfigResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
   	The firmware build number, except for some special branch builds.
<checkindate></checkindate>	Date and time (UTC) when this revision was installed to the device.
<checkinuser></checkinuser>	The userID of the administrator who installed this revision.
<content></content>	The device configuration file contents.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<osversion></osversion>	Version of device operating system, 5, for example for FortiOS 5.0.
<platform></platform>	Platform name for device, FortiGate-60C, for example.
<revisionnum></revisionnum>	Configuration revision ID.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.

# getConfigRevisionHistory

Use this request to retrieve multiple revisions of the device configuration from the device database. You can retrieve based on revision numbers or check-in times.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example. This device identifier is secondary to device.
<devld></devld>	The Device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<checkinuser></checkinuser>	Optionally, specify the user ID of the administrator who saved this revision.
<mincheckindate></mincheckindate>	Optionally, specify the earliest revision check-in time to retrieve. Use with <maxcheckindate>.</maxcheckindate>
<maxcheckindate></maxcheckindate>	Optionally, specify the latest revision check-in time to retrieve. Use with <mincheckindate>.</mincheckindate>
<minrevisionnumber></minrevisionnumber>	Optionally, specify the first revision to retrieve. Use with $< maxRe-visionNumber>$ .
<maxrevisionnumber></maxrevisionnumber>	Optionally, specify the last revision to retrieve. Use with <minre-visionnumber>.</minre-visionnumber>

The response is a series of <return> fields containing the device configuration and other information.

</return>

Response Field	Description
<pre><branchpoint></branchpoint></pre>	The firmware build number, except for some special branch builds.
<checkindate></checkindate>	Date and time (UTC) when this revision was installed to the device.
<checkinuser></checkinuser>	The userID of the administrator who installed this revision.
<content></content>	The device configuration file contents.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<osversion></osversion>	Version of device operating system, 5, for example for FortiOS 5.0.
<platform></platform>	Platform name for device, FortiGate-60C, for example.
<revisionnum></revisionnum>	Configuration revision ID.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<return></return>	Information about the preceding revision.

# getDeviceLicenseList

Use this request to obtain a list of device licenses.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:

The response includes the device serial number, support type, support level, and expiry date.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getDeviceLicenseListResponse>
     <return>
        <device>
           <serial number>FGT60C3G06500185</serial number>
           <contract>
              <support type>AVDB</support type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300103</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support type>AVEN</support type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300103</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support_type>COMP</support_type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300903</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support type>ENHN</support type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300803</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support type>FMWR</support type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300403</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support_type>FRVS</support_type>
              <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300503</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
              <support type>FURL</support type>
              <support_level>99</support_level>
              <expiry date>20301103</expiry date>
           </contract>
```

```
<contract>
             <support_type>HDWR</support_type>
             <support_level>99</support_level>
              <expiry date>20301203</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
             <support type>NIDS</support type>
             <support level>99</support level>
             <expiry date>20300303</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
             <support type>SPAM</support type>
             <support_level>99</support_level>
             <expiry date>20300203</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
             <support_type>SPRT</support_type>
             <support level>99</support level>
              <expiry date>20300903</expiry date>
           </contract>
           <contract>
             <support_type>VCME</support_type>
             <support level>99</support level>
             <expiry date>20301003</expiry date>
           </contract>
        </device>
     </return>
  </ns3:getDeviceLicenseListResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<serial_number></serial_number>	The device serial number.
<support_type></support_type>	Support contract types include:

Response Field	Description
<support_level></support_level>	Support levels include:  • 99: Trial contract  • 10: 8x5 support contract  • 20: 24x7 support contract
<expiry_date></expiry_date>	Support contract expiry date.

# getDeviceList

Use this request to get summary information about the managed devices, optionally limited to a particular ADOM.

# **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getDeviceList>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adom>?</adom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <detail>?</detail>
  </r20:getDeviceList>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<detail></detail>	Detail field options: true, or false

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about a device.

## Example response: (detail is true)

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getDeviceListResponse>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>get device detail list successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <deviceDetail>
           <devId>129</devId>
           <firmware>FortiGate</firmware>
           <firmwareVersion>5</firmwareVersion>
           <buildNum>128</buildNum>
           <description/>
           <hostname>FGT60C3G06500185</hostname>
           <platform>FortiGate-60C</platform>
           <sn>FGT60C3G06500185</sn>
           <ip>10.2.60.99</ip>
           <IPSContract>3.00249(2012-10-11 02:47)</IPSContract>
           <antiVirusContract>16.00560(2012-10-19 08:31)</antiVirusContract>
           <appsignature/>
           <mgmtMode>reg</mgmtMode>
        </deviceDetail>
  </ns3:getDeviceListResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

#### Example response: (detail is false)

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
   <ns3:getDeviceListResponse>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>get device list successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <deviceInfo>
           <devId>129</devId>
           <firmware>FortiGate</firmware>
           <firmwareVersion>5</firmwareVersion>
           <buildNum>128</buildNum>
           <description/>
           <hostname>FGT60C3G06500185</hostname>
           <platform>FortiGate-60C</platform>
           <sn>FGT60C3G06500185</sn>
           <ip>10.2.60.99</ip>
        </deviceInfo>
   </ns3:getDeviceListResponse>
</soap-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: Device fetch error for ADOM.</li> <li>-104: Cannot get device detail information.</li> </ul>
<devicedetail></devicedetail>	XML structure consists of the following tags.
<devid></devid>	The Device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<firmware></firmware>	FortiGate, FortiCarrier, or FortiSwitch
<firmwareversion></firmwareversion>	Version of device operating system, 5, for example for FortiOS 5.0.
<buildnum></buildnum>	Firmware version build number, 0128, for example.
<description></description>	Device description from FortiManager database.
<hostname></hostname>	The device host name.
<platform></platform>	Platform name for device, FortiGate-60C, for example.
<sn></sn>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<ip></ip>	IP address of device network interface from which response was received.
<ipscontract></ipscontract>	FortiGuard IPS definitions version and last update time, 2.00461(2008-12-08 11:23), for example.
<antiviruscontract></antiviruscontract>	AV contract and expiry date, 8.00631(2012-02-15 14:27), for example.
<appsignature></appsignature>	FortiGuard application signature.
<mgmtmode></mgmtmode>	The device management mode. One of the following: <ul><li>reg: Registered device</li><li>unreg: Unregistered device</li><li>unknown: Device registration status is unknown.</li></ul>

# getDevices

Use this request to get information about specific managed devices, identified by serial number or device ID. You can obtain device ID values by using the <code>execute dmserver showdev CLI</code> command.

If you want information about the device's configuration, see getDevices on page 45.

# **Example request:**

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<serialnumbers></serialnumbers>	Serial number of the device. This is the secondary identifier. You can enter multiple serial numbers fields.
<devlds></devlds>	Device ID. This is the primary device identifier. You can omit this field and use the serial number instead. You can enter multiple device ID fields.

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about a device.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getDevicesResponse>
        <return>
           <firmware>FortiGate</firmware>
           <firmwareVersion>5</firmwareVersion>
           <buildNum>128</buildNum>
           <description/>
           <hostname>Dev3</hostname>
           <IPSContract>2.442(2012-11-08 11:23)</IPSContract>
           <antiVirusContract>8.368(2007-11-15 13:59)</antiVirusContract>
           <platform>FortiGate-60C</platform>
           <sn>FGT60C3G06500185</sn>
           <ip>172.20.120.126</ip>
        </return>
        <return>
           <firmware>FortiGate</firmware>
           <firmwareVersion>5</firmwareVersion>
           <buildNum>128</buildNum>
           <description/>
           <hostname>FGT60C3G06500185</hostname>
           <IPSContract/>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Retrieved device(s) information successfully.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: Serial number is not found. Cannot get device information.</li> <li>-104: Cannot get device information.</li> </ul>
<firmware></firmware>	One of:     FortiGate     FortiCarrier     FortiSwitch
<firmwareversion></firmwareversion>	Version of device operating system, 500, for example for FortiOS 5.0.
<bul><li><buildnum></buildnum></li></bul>	Firmware version build number, 0128, for example.
<description></description>	Device description from database.
<hostname></hostname>	The device host name.
<ipscontract></ipscontract>	FortiGuard IPS definitions version and last update time, 2.00461(2012-11-08 11:23), for example.
<antiviruscontract></antiviruscontract>	AV contract and expiry date, 8.00631(2012-02-15 14:27), for example.
<platform></platform>	Platform name for device, FortiGate-60C, for example.
<sn></sn>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<ip></ip>	IP address of device network interface from which response was received.

# ${\tt getDeviceVdomList}$

Use this request to obtain a list of device VDOMs.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
    <r20:getDeviceVdomList>
```

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Request Field	Description
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<user></user>	The administrator user name.
<devname></devname>	Name of the device host.
<devid></devid>	The Device ID. This is the primary device identifier.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Retrieved device VDOM list successfully.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: Cannot find the device by provided name or ID.</li> </ul>
<name></name>	The name of the VDOM device list.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.

# getGroupList

Use this request to obtain a list of device groups, optionally limited to a particular ADOM.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getGroupList>
     <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
        <adom>?</adom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <detail>?</detail>
  </r20:getGroupList>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<detail></detail>	Detail field options: true or false.

The response is a series of <return> fields, each listing one group, in ascending order of object identifier (OID). Both built-in groups, like All FortiGate, and user-defined groups are listed.

## Example response: (detail is true)

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getGroupListResponse>
     <errorMsg>
        <errorCode>0</errorCode>
        <errorMsg>get group detail list successfully</errorMsg>
     </errorMsg>
     <groupDetail>
        <oid>102</oid>
        <name>All FortiCarrier</name>
     </groupDetail>
     <groupDetail>
        <oid>101</oid>
        <name>All FortiGate</name>
     <devMemberList>
        <oid>129</oid>
        <name>FGT60C3G06500185</name>
     </devMemberList>
     </groupDetail>
  </ns3:getGroupListResponse>
</soap-env:Body>
```

# Example response: (detail is false)

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getGroupListResponse>
     <errorMsg>
        <errorCode>0</errorCode>
        <errorMsg>get group list successfully</errorMsg>
     </errorMsg>
     <groupInfo>
        <oid>102</oid>
        <name>All FortiCarrier
     </groupInfo>
     <groupInfo>
        <oid>101</oid>
        <name>All_FortiGate</name>
     </groupInfo>
  </ns3:getGroupListResponse>
</soap-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: Group fetch error for ADOM.</li> <li>-105: Failed to get group detail information.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<groupdetail></groupdetail>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, and name.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The group name.
<devmemberlist></devmemberlist>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, and name.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The device member list name.

# getGroups

Use this request to obtain a list a groups.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getGroups>
     <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
          <!--Optional:-->
          <userID>admin</userID>
          <!--Optional:-->
          <password></password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adom>root</adom>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
        <names>grp</names>
        <!--Zero or more repetitions:-->
     <grpIds>237</grpIds>
  </r20:getGroups>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then ADOM is root.
<names></names>	The names of a list of groups.
<grplds></grplds>	The group IDs.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getGroupsResponse>
     <errorMsg>
        <errorCode>0</errorCode>
        <errorMsg>get group(s) details sucessfully</errorMsg>
     </errorMsg>
     <groupDetail>
        <oid>237</oid>
        <name>grp</name>
     <devMemberList>
        <oid>206</oid>
        <name>FGT60C3G06500185</name>
     </devMemberList>
     </groupDetail>
  </ns3:getGroupsResponse>
</soap-env:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Retrieved group(s) details successfully.</li> <li>-102: Cannot get group information for group ID.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: Failed to get group detail information.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<groupdetail></groupdetail>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, and name.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.

Response Field	Description
<name></name>	The group name.
<devmemberlist></devmemberlist>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, and name.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The device member list name.

# getInstLog

Use this request to obtain the install log.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getInstlog>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <devId>2992</devId>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <serialNumber>FGT60C3G06500185</serialNumber>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <taskId>286</taskId>
  </r20:getInstlog>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: <ul><li>Enter the administrator password.</li><li>Leave field blank for no password.</li></ul>
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<taskid></taskid>	Indicates the task ID number.

The response contains details of the installation.

## **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<instlog></instlog>	XML structure consists of a content tag with information on the installation log.
<content></content>	Details of the installation.

# getPackageList

Use this request to retrieve a package list.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, it is assigned as root.
<isglobal></isglobal>	Set for global policy package list. Enter either true or false.

The response includes the object identifier, package list name, and package type.

# **Example response:**

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getPackageListResponse>
     <return>
       <oid>521</oid>
       <name>default</name>
       <type>package</type>
     </return>
     <return>
       <oid>568</oid>
       <name>FGT60C3G06500185_root_0
       <type>package</type>
     </return>
     <return>
       <oid>574</oid>
       <name>FGT60C3G06500186 root 1
       <type>package</type>
     </return>
  </ns3:getPackageListResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<return></return>	XML structure consists of the object identifier, name, and type.
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.
<name></name>	The package list name.
<type></type>	The package type.

# getSystemStatus

Use this request to get system status information in the current system.

## **Example request:**

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, it is assigned as root.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getSystemStatusResponse>
        <errorMsg>
        <errorCode>0</errorCode>
          <errorMsg>getSystemStatus successfully</errorMsg>
          </errorMsg>
        <platformType>FMG-VM64</platformType>
        <version>v5.0-build0114 130118 (Interim)
        <serialNumber>FMG-VM0A11000137</serialNumber>
        <biosVersion>04000002</piosVersion>
        <hostName>FMG-VM64</hostName>
        <maxNumAdminDomains>100000000/maxNumAdminDomains>
        <maxNumDeviceGroup>100000000/maxNumDeviceGroup>
        <adminDomainConf>Enabled</adminDomainConf>
        <fipsMode>Disabled</fipsMode>
  </ns3:getSystemStatusResponse>
</soap-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM.</li> </ul>
<platformtype></platformtype>	Device model information.
<version></version>	The firmware version, v5.0-build0114 130118 (interim) for example.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	The serial number of the device, FMG-VM0A11000137, for example.
        	The BIOS version of the device.
<hostname></hostname>	The device host name.
<maxnumadmindomains></maxnumadmindomains>	The maximum number of ADOMs.
<maxnumdevicegroup></maxnumdevicegroup>	The maximum number of device groups.
<admindomainconf></admindomainconf>	ADOM mode status.
<fipsmode></fipsmode>	FIPS mode status.

# getTaskList

Use this request to get a list of tasks as defined on your unit. Only an administrator with the  $Super\_User$  profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<taskid></taskid>	Indicates the task ID number. If the <code><waittask></waittask></code> was false, then the task ID is displayed.

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about a task.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getTaskListResponse>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>Get task ID detail successfully</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
        <taskList>
           <taskId>1</taskId
           <source>5</source>
           <description>system checkpoint task</description>
           <userID>admin</userID>
           <status>4</status>
           <startTime>2012-09-29T15:18:22Z</startTime</pre>
        <deviceList>
           <devName>create system checkpoint</devName>
           <ip>0.0.0</ip>
           <status>4</status>
        <message>Create system checkpoint succeed</message>
        <history>
           <name>create system checkpoint</name>
           <percentage>0</percentage>
           <description>task start ...</description>
        </history>
        <history>
           <name>create system checkpoint</name>
           <percentage>5</percentage>
           <description>Lock system succeed</description>
        </history>
        . . .
           </deviceList>
        </taskList>
  </ns3:getTaskListResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Retrieved task ID detail successfully.  • -101: Invalid task ID. The task ID is empty or invalid.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: Invalid task ID: The task ID is empty of invalid.</li> <li>-102: The task ID does not exist.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<tasklist></tasklist>	XML structure consists of the task ID, source, description, user ID, status, and start time variables.
<taskid></taskid>	Indicates the task ID number. If the $<$ waitTask $>$ was false, then the task ID is displayed.
<source/>	Indicates the source of the task:  O: Device manager  1: Security console  2: Copy global object  3: Install configuration  4: Script execution  5: System checkpoint  6: Import device policy  7: Install EMS global policy
<description></description>	Describes the list.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<status></status>	Indicates the status of the task:  1: running 2: cancelling 3: cancelled 4: done 5: error 6: aborting 7: aborted
<starttime></starttime>	Indicates the time the task list started.
<devicelist></devicelist>	XML structure consists of the device name, IP, status, and description.
<devname></devname>	Name of the device host.

Response Field	Description
<ip></ip>	The device IP address.
<status></status>	Status of the device.
<message></message>	Description of the task.
<history></history>	
<name></name>	The history name.
<pre><percentage></percentage></pre>	Percentage of progress bar of each task that has been applied to the device.
<description></description>	Description of the history.

# getTCLRootFile

Use this request to get information about the TCLRoot file as defined on your unit. Only an administrator with the Super\_User profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:

Request Field	Description
<filename></filename>	Shows the name of the file. Note: the file name cannot start with a $\mid$ or a $\sim$ character.
<fileoffset></fileoffset>	Indicates the starting point in the receiving file. This must be a positive number and must be smaller that the file.
<filemaxlen></filemaxlen>	Indicates the maximum size of the received file. Must be a positive number.
<fileencode></fileencode>	Indicates the encoding method of the receiving file:

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about the file.

# **Example response:**

If the task is successful, you will get a message stating that. It the task is not successful, for example a file called root does not exist, you will get a message similar to the one below:

Response Field	Description
<filename></filename>	Shows the name of the file. Note: the file name cannot start with a   or a ~ character.
<fileoffset></fileoffset>	Indicates the starting point in the receiving file. This must be a positive number and must be smaller that the file.
<filemaxlen></filemaxlen>	Indicates the maximum size of the received file. Must be a positive number.
<fileencode></fileencode>	Indicates the encoding method of the receiving file:  • 0: base64  • 1: hexadecimal base  • 2: raw data

# **importPolicy**

Use this request to import a policy.

# **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:importPolicy>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adomName>?</adomName>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adomOid>?</adomOid>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <devName>?</devName>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <devId>?</devId>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <vdomName>?</vdomName>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <vdomId>?</vdomId>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <policyPackageName>?</policyPackageName>
  </r20:importPolicy>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<adomname></adomname>	The ADOM name.
<adomoid></adomoid>	The ADOM identifier.
<devname></devname>	The device name.
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomld></vdomld>	The VDOM identifier.
<policypackagename></policypackagename>	The policy package name.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:importPolicyResponse>
        <adomName>root</adomName>
        <adomOid>3</adomOid>
        <devName>FGT60C3G06500185</devName>
        <devId>129</devId>
        <vdomName>root</vdomName>
        <vdomId>3</vdomId>
        <report>Start to import config from device(129) vdom(root) to adom(3)
  "firewall service category", SUCCESS, "(name=General, oid=331, DUPLICATE)"
  "firewall schedule recurring", SUCCESS, "(name=always, oid=685, DUPLICATE)"
  "firewall address", SUCCESS, "(name=all, oid=322, DUPLICATE)"
  "firewall service custom", SUCCESS, "(name=ALL, oid=595, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter urlfilter", SUCCESS, "(name="gsdg", oid=806, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter ftgd-local-cat", SUCCESS, "(name=custom1, oid=341, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter ftgd-local-cat", SUCCESS, "(name=custom2, oid=342, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter ftgd-local-cat", SUCCESS, "(name=ls, oid=801, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter ftgd-local-rating", SUCCESS, "(name=hjh, oid=811, DUPLICATE)"
  "application list", SUCCESS, "(name=client-reputation, oid=369, DUPLICATE)"
  "firewall profile-protocol-options", SUCCESS, "(name=default, oid=686, DUPLICATE)"
  "webfilter profile", SUCCESS, "(name=client-reputation, oid=518, DUPLICATE)"
  "firewall policy", SUCCESS, "(name=ID:1 (#1), oid=804)"</report>
        <errorMsg>
           <errorCode>0</errorCode>
           <errorMsg>Ended importing policies from adom:3 dev:129</errorMsg>
        </errorMsg>
  </ns3:importPolicyResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<adomname></adomname>	The ADOM name.
<adomoid></adomoid>	The ADOM object identifier.
<devname></devname>	The device name
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<vdomname></vdomname>	The name of the VDOM.
<vdomid></vdomid>	The VDOM identifier.
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Ended importing policies from ADOM device.</li> <li>-101: Cannot find the ADOM by provided name or OID. Cannot find the device by provided name or OID. Cannot find the VDOM by provided name or ID. The provided policy package already exists. One provided policy package name for more than one VDOM.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: The user does not have access to device VDOM in ADOM.         Searching policies error for ADOM device VDOM. Fetch summary         file error for ADOM device. Creating context error for device.         Update zone or add zone mappings error for ADOM device VDOM.         No policies found for ADOM device, VDOM. Selecting package         name error for ADOM device VDOM. Searching policy objects error         for ADOM device VDOM. Fetch summary file error for ADOM         device. Importing policies error for ADOM device VDOM. Fetch         report file error for ADOM device.</li> </ul>

# **listRevisionId**

Use this request to get a list of the revisions as defined on your unit. Only an administrator with the  $Super\_User$  profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:  • Enter the administrator password.  • Leave field blank for no password.

Request Field	Description
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<revname></revname>	The name of the revision file.

The response is a series of <return> tags, each containing information about the revisions.

## **Example response:**

If the task is successful, you will get the revision information. If the task is unsuccessful, you will get an error message.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  O: Total match revision ID(s) with revision name. Total match revision ID(s).
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The device is in backup mode. Cannot get revision ID(s) from revision name at device ID. Cannot get all revision ID(s) at device ID.</li> </ul>
<devld></devld>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.

# retrieveConfig

Use this request to retrieve the latest running configuration from the FortiGate unit, and to create a new revision as defined on your unit. Only an administrator with the Super User profile can run this command.

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options:
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<newrevname></newrevname>	The new name of the revision file. The length should be from 1 to 49 characters.

If the task is successful you will get the task ID.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Read task ID to get retrieve configuration result.</li> <li>-102: The device is in backup mode. Cannot get device information from the group ID.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: The total devices/groups number exceeds limit. The new revision name length should be 1 - 49 characters. The new revision name count does not match with device count.</li> <li>-104: The run retrieve configuration task failed. Retrieve configuration from device ID/groupID failed.</li> </ul>

# revertConfig

Use this request to revert to the previous configuration on your unit. Only an administrator with the  $Super\_User$  profile can run this command.

## **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:revertConfig>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <devId>?</devId>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <serialNumber>?</serialNumber>
        <revId>?</revId>
  </r20:revertConfig>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<pre><password></password></pre>	Administrator password options:
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example.
<revid></revid>	The revision ID number.

The response indicates if the configuration reverted successfully or not.

# </r20:revertConfig> </SOAP-ENV:Body>

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • 0: Revert to revision on device ID successfully.  • -101: Invalid revision ID value.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: The device is in backup mode. Revision does not exist on device ID.</li> <li>-104: Revert revision on device ID failed.</li> </ul>

# FortiAnalyzer XML API elements

getFazConfig	getFazGeneratedReports	listFazGeneratedReports
setFazConfig	searchFazLog	removeFazArchive
runFazReport	getFazArchive	

# getFazConfig

Use this request to get the FortiAnalyzer configuration.

## **Example request:**

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:getFazConfigResponse>
  <errorMsg>
   <errorCode>0</errorCode>
   <errorMsg>getFazConfig successfully</errorMsg>
   </errorMsg>
   <config>#config-version=FAZVM-5.0-FW-build115-130121
   config system global
    set adom-mode normal
```

```
set hostname "FMG-VM"
end
config system interface
   edit "port1"
     set ip 172.16.106.254 255.255.255.0
     set allowaccess ping https ssh http webservice
     set serviceaccess fgtupdates webfilter-antispam webfilter antispam
        config ipv6
        end
   next
   edit "port2"
     set ip 1.2.2.2 255.255.255.0
     set allowaccess ping https ssh http webservice
     set serviceaccess fgtupdates webfilter-antispam webfilter antispam
        config ipv6
   next
   edit "port3"
        config ipv6
        end
   next
   edit "port4"
        config ipv6
        end
   next
end
config system snmp sysinfo
end
config system route
  edit 1
     set device "port1"
     set gateway 172.16.106.1
  next
end
config system dns
  set primary 208.91.112.53
  set secondary 208.91.112.63
end
config system ha
end
config system ntp
config ntpserver
  edit 1
     set server "ntp1.fortinet.net"
  next
   end
     set status enable
     set sync_interval 1
end
config system backup all-settings
config system metadata admins
  edit "Contact Email"
     set importance optional
  next
   edit "Contact Phone"
     set importance optional
```

```
next
end
config system admin profile
   edit "Restricted User"
     set description "Restricted user profiles have no System Privileges enabled, and
         have read-only access for all Device Privileges."
     set device-manager read
     set device-config read
     set device-profile read
     set policy-objects read
     set deploy-management read
     set config-retrieve read
     set term-access read
     set adom-policy-packages read
     set adom-policy-objects read
     set vpn-manager read
     set realtime-monitor read
     set forticonsole read
     set consistency-check read
     set faz-management read
     set log-viewer read
     set report-viewer read
   next
   edit "Standard User"
     set description "Standard user profiles have no System Privileges enabled, but
         have read/write access for all Device Privileges."
     set adom-switch read-write
     set global-policy-packages read-write
     set global-objects read-write
     set device-manager read-write
     set device-config read-write
     set device-op read-write
     set device-profile read-write
     set policy-objects read-write
     set deploy-management read-write
     set config-retrieve read-write
     set term-access read-write
     set adom-policy-packages read-write
     set adom-policy-objects read-write
     set vpn-manager read-write
     set realtime-monitor read-write
     set forticonsole read-write
     set consistency-check read-write
     set faz-management read-write
     set log-viewer read-write
     set report-viewer read-write
  next
   edit "Super User"
     set description "Super user profiles have all system and device privileges
         enabled."
     set system-setting read-write
     set adom-switch read-write
     set global-policy-packages read-write
     set global-objects read-write
     set assignment read-write
     set read-passwd read-write
     set device-manager read-write
```

```
set device-config read-write
     set device-op read-write
     set device-profile read-write
     set policy-objects read-write
     set deploy-management read-write
     set config-retrieve read-write
     set term-access read-write
     set adom-policy-packages read-write
     set adom-policy-objects read-write
     set vpn-manager read-write
     set realtime-monitor read-write
     set forticonsole read-write
     set consistency-check read-write
     set faz-management read-write
     set log-viewer read-write
     set report-viewer read-write
   next
   edit "Package_User"
     set description "Package user profile have read/write policy package and objects
         privileges enabled, and have read-only access for system and others
         privileges."
     set system-setting read
     set adom-switch read
     set global-policy-packages read-write
     set global-objects read-write
     set assignment read
     set read-passwd read
     set device-manager read-write
     set device-config read-write
     set device-op read-write
     set device-profile read-write
     set policy-objects read-write
     set deploy-management read-write
     set config-retrieve read
     set term-access read
     set adom-policy-packages read-write
     set adom-policy-objects read-write
     set vpn-manager read-write
     set realtime-monitor read
     set forticonsole read
     set consistency-check read
     set faz-management read
     set log-viewer read
     set report-viewer read
  next
end
config system certificate ca
end
config system certificate local
end
config system password-policy
end
config system admin user
  edit "admin"
     set trusthost2 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
     set trusthost3 127.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
     set ipv6 trusthost2 ::/0
```

```
set ipv6 trusthost3 ::1/128
     set profileid "Super User"
     set adom "all adoms"
     set policy-package "all policy packages"
config dashboard
  edit 1
     set name "System Information"
     set column 1
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysinfo
     next
   edit 2
     set name "System Resources"
     set column 1
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysres
     set res-view-type real-time
     next
  edit 3
     set name "License Information"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type licinfo
     next
   edit 4
     set name "Unit Operation"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysop
     next
   edit 5
     set name "Alert Message Console"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type alert
     set num-entries 0
     next
  end
  next
end
config system admin setting
config system alertemail
end
config system mail
  edit "mail.fortinet.com"
     set auth enable
     set passwd ENC
         26ITYiEXHPFvx8y3vZqI4PPt2dH00XAWPB3sVNcK+2nPTGyeRN1FMB+hJIlyHsyzchBxBmA2EMZEj
         y4gR5vBnYiufPp2Q5rcGhSAYqGQ2zMSt79R
     set user "jsmith@fortinet.com"
     next
```

```
end
config system alert-console
end
config system log fortianalyzer
end
config system locallog disk setting
end
config system locallog disk filter
config system locallog memory setting
end
config system locallog memory filter
config system locallog fortianalyzer setting
end
config system locallog fortianalyzer filter
end
config system locallog syslogd setting
config system locallog syslogd filter
end
config system locallog syslogd2 setting
config system locallog syslogd2 filter
end
config system locallog syslogd3 setting
config system locallog syslogd3 filter
end
config system fips
config fmupdate av-ips fgt server-override
end
config fmupdate av-ips fct server-override
config fmupdate web-spam fgt server-override
end
config fmupdate web-spam fct server-override
config fmupdate av-ips push-override
config fmupdate av-ips push-override-to-client
config fmupdate web-spam poll-frequency
end
config fmupdate av-ips web-proxy
config fmupdate web-spam web-proxy
end
config fmupdate fct-services
end
config fmupdate av-ips advanced-log
end
config fmupdate av-ips update-schedule
config fmupdate analyzer virusreport
end
```

```
config fmupdate service
  end
  config fmupdate publicnetwork
  config fmupdate disk-quota
  end
  config fmupdate server-access-priorities
  config fmupdate web-spam fgd-setting
  config fmupdate web-spam fgd-log
  config fmupdate custom-url-list
  config fmupdate device-version
  config fmupdate deployment
  config fmupdate server-override-status
  config fmupdate multilayer
  config fmupdate support-pre-fgt43
  config system dm
  config system log settings
  config rolling-regular
  end
  end
     config system sql
        set start-time 09:37 2013/01/18
     end
  </config>
  </ns3:getFazConfigResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

", com Em. Boay	
Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • -101: Invalid username or password.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: Cannot allocate temp file. Cannot create configuration file.</li> <li>Cannot open file.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<config></config>	The device configuration.

### setFazConfig

Use this request to set the FortiAnalyzer configuration. You can set either partial or full configuration.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:setFazConfig>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <config>
  config system global
     set adom-mode normal
     set hostname "FMG-VM"
  end
  config system interface
     edit "port1"
        set ip 172.16.106.254 255.255.255.0
        set allowaccess ping https ssh http webservice
        set serviceaccess fgtupdates webfilter-antispam webfilter antispam
           config ipv6
           end
     next
     edit "port2"
        set ip 1.2.2.2 255.255.255.0
        set allowaccess ping https ssh http webservice
        set serviceaccess fgtupdates webfilter-antispam webfilter antispam
           config ipv6
           end
     next
     edit "port3"
           config ipv6
           end
     next
     edit "port4"
           config ipv6
           end
     next.
  end
  config system snmp sysinfo
  config system route
     edit 1
        set device "port1"
        set gateway 172.16.106.1
     next
  end
  config system dns
     set primary 208.91.112.53
     set secondary 208.91.112.63
  end
  config system ha
```

```
end
config system ntp
config ntpserver
  edit 1
     set server "ntpl.fortinet.net"
  next.
  end
     set status enable
     set sync interval 1
end
config system backup all-settings
config system metadata admins
  edit "Contact Email"
     set importance optional
  edit "Contact Phone"
     set importance optional
  next
config system admin profile
   edit "Restricted User"
     set description "Restricted user profiles have no System Privileges enabled, and
         have read-only access for all Device Privileges."
     set device-manager read
     set device-config read
     set device-profile read
     set policy-objects read
     set deploy-management read
     set config-retrieve read
     set term-access read
     set adom-policy-packages read
     set adom-policy-objects read
     set vpn-manager read
     set realtime-monitor read
     set forticonsole read
     set consistency-check read
     set faz-management read
     set log-viewer read
     set report-viewer read
  next
   edit "Standard_User"
     set description "Standard user profiles have no System Privileges enabled, but
         have read/write access for all Device Privileges."
     set adom-switch read-write
     set global-policy-packages read-write
     set global-objects read-write
     set device-manager read-write
     set device-config read-write
     set device-op read-write
     set device-profile read-write
     set policy-objects read-write
     set deploy-management read-write
     set config-retrieve read-write
     set term-access read-write
     set adom-policy-packages read-write
     set adom-policy-objects read-write
```

```
set vpn-manager read-write
  set realtime-monitor read-write
  set forticonsole read-write
  set consistency-check read-write
  set faz-management read-write
  set log-viewer read-write
  set report-viewer read-write
next
edit "Super User"
  set description "Super user profiles have all system and device privileges
      enabled."
  set system-setting read-write
  set adom-switch read-write
  set global-policy-packages read-write
  set global-objects read-write
  set assignment read-write
  set read-passwd read-write
  set device-manager read-write
  set device-config read-write
  set device-op read-write
  set device-profile read-write
  set policy-objects read-write
  set deploy-management read-write
  set config-retrieve read-write
  set term-access read-write
  set adom-policy-packages read-write
  set adom-policy-objects read-write
  set vpn-manager read-write
  set realtime-monitor read-write
  set forticonsole read-write
  set consistency-check read-write
  set faz-management read-write
  set log-viewer read-write
  set report-viewer read-write
next
edit "Package User"
  set description "Package user profile have read/write policy package and objects
      privileges enabled, and have read-only access for system and others
      privileges."
  set system-setting read
  set adom-switch read
  set global-policy-packages read-write
  set global-objects read-write
  set assignment read
  set read-passwd read
  set device-manager read-write
  set device-config read-write
  set device-op read-write
  set device-profile read-write
  set policy-objects read-write
  set deploy-management read-write
  set config-retrieve read
  set term-access read
  set adom-policy-packages read-write
  set adom-policy-objects read-write
  set vpn-manager read-write
  set realtime-monitor read
```

```
set forticonsole read
     set consistency-check read
     set faz-management read
     set log-viewer read
     set report-viewer read
  next
end
config system certificate ca
config system certificate local
end
config system password-policy
end
config system admin user
  edit "admin"
     set trusthost2 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
     set trusthost3 127.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
     set ipv6 trusthost2 ::/0
     set ipv6 trusthost3 ::1/128
     set profileid "Super_User"
     set adom "all_adoms"
     set policy-packages"
config dashboard
  edit 1
     set name "System Information"
     set column 1
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysinfo
     next
   edit 2
     set name "System Resources"
     set column 1
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysres
     set res-view-type real-time
     next
   edit 3
     set name "License Information"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type licinfo
     next
   edit 4
     set name "Unit Operation"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
     set widget-type sysop
     next
   edit 5
     set name "Alert Message Console"
     set column 2
     set refresh-interval 0
     set tabid 1
```

```
set widget-type alert
     set num-entries 0
     next.
  end
  next
end
config system admin setting
config system alertemail
end
config system mail
  edit "mail.fortinet.com"
     set auth enable
     set passwd ENC
         26ITYiEXHPFvx8y3vZqI4PPt2dH0OXAWPB3sVNcK+2nPTGyeRN1FMB+hJIlyHsyzchBxBmA2EMZEj
         y4gR5vBnYiufPp2Q5rcGhSAYqGQ2zMSt79R
     set user "jsmith@fortinet.com"
     next
  end
config system alert-console
config system log fortianalyzer
config system locallog disk setting
end
config system locallog disk filter
config system locallog memory setting
end
config system locallog memory filter
config system locallog fortianalyzer setting
end
config system locallog fortianalyzer filter
config system locallog syslogd setting
end
config system locallog syslogd filter
end
config system locallog syslogd2 setting
end
config system locallog syslogd2 filter
config system locallog syslogd3 setting
config system locallog syslogd3 filter
end
config system fips
config fmupdate av-ips fgt server-override
config fmupdate av-ips fct server-override
config fmupdate web-spam fgt server-override
end
config fmupdate web-spam fct server-override
end
```

```
config fmupdate av-ips push-override
  end
  config fmupdate av-ips push-override-to-client
  config fmupdate web-spam poll-frequency
  end
  config fmupdate av-ips web-proxy
  config fmupdate web-spam web-proxy
  end
  config fmupdate fct-services
  config fmupdate av-ips advanced-log
  config fmupdate av-ips update-schedule
  config fmupdate analyzer virusreport
  end
  config fmupdate service
  config fmupdate publicnetwork
  end
  config fmupdate disk-quota
  config fmupdate server-access-priorities
  end
  config fmupdate web-spam fgd-setting
  config fmupdate web-spam fgd-log
  end
  config fmupdate custom-url-list
  config fmupdate device-version
  config fmupdate deployment
  end
  config fmupdate server-override-status
  end
  config fmupdate multilayer
  end
  config fmupdate support-pre-fgt43
  end
  config system dm
  end
  config system log settings
  config rolling-regular
  end
  end
     config system sql
        set start-time 09:37 2013/01/18
     </config>
  </r20:setFazConfig>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to set the configuration.
<config></config>	The configuration content to be sent.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

### **Example response:**

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • -101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get
<errormsg></errormsg>	configuration value.  • -104: Cannot set configuration.
<errorlinenumber></errorlinenumber>	The line number where the error occurs.

### runFazReport

Use this request to run a report through web services. You need to input the schedule name of the report. In v5.2 Patch Release 2 or later you can add filters to support per user reports. runFazReport supports up to 10k filters.

#### **Example request:**

<soapenv:Header/>

```
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:runFazReport>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <reportTemplate>12</reportTemplate>
     <filter>user=USER00001</filter>
     <filter>user=USER00002</filter>
  </r20:runFazReport>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to run a report against.
<reporttemplate></reporttemplate>	The name of the report template.
<filter></filter>	Add filters to create per-user reports.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • -101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get report
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul><li>schedule name.</li><li>-104: Cannot get report schedule name from SQL.</li></ul>
<reporttemplate></reporttemplate>	The name of the report template.

### getFazGeneratedReports

Use this request to get a completed historical report. To use this command, you need to input the report name, report date, compression method in the request.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getFazGeneratedReport>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
       <!--Optional:-->
       <userID>admin</userID>
       <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <reportDate>2013_01_24</reportDate>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <reportName>S-4 t4-2013-01-24-1611
     <!--Optional:-->
     <compression>tar</compression>
  </r20:getFazGeneratedReport>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to get a report from.
<reportdate></reportdate>	The report generation date; in the format YYYY_MM_DD.

Request Field	Description
<reportname></reportname>	The generated report name. For example, S-schedule-utm-reports_t1-2013-01-24-1022.
<compression></compression>	The compression type of the report that will be returned by this command.  Compression options include:  • 0: tar  • 1: gzip

The report data returned in the response message is base64 encoded binary data. You need to decode it and then decompress it to get the report files.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • -101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get report name. Cannot get report date.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: Cannot find report name. Cannot find file in directory. Cannot read file in directory.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<reportname></reportname>	The generated report name. For example, S-schedule-utm-reports_t1-2013-01-24-1022.
<size></size>	The generated report size.
<fazreportdata></fazreportdata>	Report content data will be displayed under this element.
<reportcontent></reportcontent>	Contains the actual report data. The data is base64 encoded, you need to decode the data before use.

### searchFazLog

Use this request to provide raw logs in FortiAnalyzer per conditions set in the request. You need to input the log format, device name, log type, search criteria, start index, and maximum return value in the request message body.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:searchFazLog>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
       <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <content>logs</content>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <format>rawFormat</format>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <deviceName>FG200B-1</deviceName>
     <logType>traffic</logType>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <searchCriteria>srcip=10.0.0.1</searchCriteria>
     <maxNumMatches>30</maxNumMatches>
     <startIndex>1</startIndex>
     <checkArchive>0</checkArchive>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <DLPArchiveType>1
     <!--Optional:-->
     <compression>tar</compression>
  </r20:searchFazLog>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to search logs.

Request Field	Description
<content></content>	The log contents you want to search. Log content options:
<format></format>	The log formats to display. Log format options:
<devicename></devicename>	The device name you want to search logs from.
<lost style="list-style-type: 1px solid black; border-right;">Improved the style of the style of</lost>	Type of logs you want to search. Log type options:  O: Event  1: Traffic  2: Attack  3: Antivirus  4: Web logs  5: IM  6: Email  7: Content  8: History  9: Generic  10: VoIP  11: DLP  12: Application Control  13: Network Scanning
<searchcriteria></searchcriteria>	The search criteria used to search logs. For example, vd-root.
<maxnummatches></maxnummatches>	The maximum number of matches to display from the search results.
<startindex></startindex>	The start index of the matched logs.
<checkarchive></checkarchive>	This variable is not used. Always set the value to 0.
<pre><dlparchivetype></dlparchivetype></pre>	The DLP archive type. DLP archive type options:

Request Field	Description
<compression></compression>	The compression type of the report that will be returned by this command.  Compression options:  0: tar  1: gzip

The response will contain the logs that match the criteria specified in the request.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:searchFazLogResponse>
     <errorMsg>
        <errorCode>0</errorCode>
        <errorMsg>searchFazLog successfully</errorMsg>
     </errorMsg>
     <totalResultsFound>300</totalResultsFound>
     <matchesReturned>16</matchesReturned>
     <startIndex>1</startIndex>
     <logs>
        <data>
           <logEntry>date=2013-01-25 time=09:50:58 itime=1359107458 logid=2222222222
               type=ips subtype=status=accept level=level40 devid=FG200B0000000001
               policyid=10000 sessionid=10000 attackid=10000 severity=severity
              profile=profile40 sensor=sensor40 srcip=10.0.0.1 dstip=10.0.0.1
               srcport=1000 icmpid=icmpid40 dstport=1000 icmptype=icmpty icmpcode=icmpco
               srcintf=srcintf40 dstintf=dstintf40 proto=0 service=smtp user=user1
               group=group40 ref=ref40 count=10000 incidentserialno=10000 msg=msg40 vd=vd1
               identidx=10000 profiletype=profiletype40 profilegroup=prof
               attackname=attackname40 direction=10000 dstname=dstname40 srcname=srcname40
               agent=agent40 osname=osname40 osversion=osversion40 unauthuser=unauthuser40
               unauthusersource=unauthusersource40 eventtype=eventtype40</logEntry>
        </data>
     </logs>
  </ns3:searchFazLogResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  • -101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get device name. Cannot get search criteria. Incorrect DLP archive type.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-102: Cannot find device name on system.</li> <li>-104: Cannot find logs with criteria.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<totalresultsfound></totalresultsfound>	The total number of logs found.

Response Field	Description
<matchesreturned></matchesreturned>	The total number of logs which matched the search criteria.
<startindex></startindex>	The start index in the request.
<logs></logs>	Log data will be displayed under this element.
<logentry></logentry>	Displays log data.

## getFazArchive

Use this request to get a FortiAnalyzer archive file. You need to input the device ID, archive type and the archive file name.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getFazArchive>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <devId>FG200B000000001</devId>
     <type>IPS</type>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <fileName>50005:0</fileName>
     <zipPassword></zipPassword>>
  </r20:getFazArchive>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to get archives from.
<devld></devld>	The device ID you want to get archives from.

Request Field	Description
<type></type>	The archive type. Archive type options:  O: Web  1: Email 2: FTP  3: IM 4: MMS  5: Quarantine 6: IPS
<filename></filename>	The archive file name. You can check the name under Log View > Archive.
<zippassword></zippassword>	The password set for the zip file.
<filelist></filelist>	The archive file list.
<filename></filename>	The archive file name will be displayed under this element.
<data></data>	The archive file content data. The data is base64 encoded, you need to decode the data before use.

The response will contain the binary data if the archive file in a base64 encoded message.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.

Response Field	Description
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>-101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get device</li> <li>ID. Cannot get file name. Cannot get type. Cannot get checksum.</li> <li>Cannot get content filename.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: Cannot get content archive. Get FortiAnalyzer archive failed, no such file name. Get FortiAnalyzer archive failed, error reading file name.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<filelist></filelist>	The archive file list.
<filename></filename>	The archive file name will be displayed under this element.
<data></data>	The archive file content data. The data is base64 encoded, you need to decode the data before use.

## **IistFazGeneratedReports**

Use this request to list FortiAnalyzer generated reports.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:listFazGeneratedReports>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
       <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
       <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <startDate>2013-02-04T00:00:00</startDate>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <endDate>2013-02-05T00:00:00</endDate>
  </r20:listFazGeneratedReports>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.

Request Field	Description
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOMs for which you want to list a generated reports.
<startdate></startdate>	The report start date.
<enddate></enddate>	The report end date.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header/>
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <ns3:listFazGeneratedReportsResponse>
     <errorMsg>
       <errorCode>0</errorCode>
        <errorMsg>listFazGeneratedReports successfully
     </errorMsg>
     <totalNumberExists>48</totalNumberExists>
     <reportList>
       <reportName>S-schedule-utm-reports_t1-2013-02-04-0000</reportName>
       <startTime>2013-02-04T08:00:03Z</startTime>
       <endTime>2013-02-04T08:02:44Z</endTime>
       <reportProgressPercent>100</reportProgressPercent>
       <size>52122</size>
       <formats>PH</formats>
     </reportList>
  </ns3:listFazGeneratedReportsResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
```

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>-101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. No reports are available.</li> <li>-104: Cannot get report counts.</li> <li>-106: Not enough memory.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	
<totalnumberexists></totalnumberexists>	All available reports in FortiAnalyzer.
<reportlist></reportlist>	XML structure consists of report name, start time, end time, report progress, size, and format variables.

Response Field	Description
<reportname></reportname>	The generated report name. For example, S-schedule-utm-reports_t1-2013-01-24-1022.
<starttime></starttime>	Indicates the time the report started.
<endtime></endtime>	Indicates the time the report ended.
<reportprogresspercent></reportprogresspercent>	Report running progress; 0 to 100%.
<size></size>	The generated report size.
<formats></formats>	The report format:  P: PDF  H: HTML  T: TXT

### removeFazArchive

Use this command to remove a FortiAnalyzer archive.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:removeFazArchive>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <userID>admin</userID>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <password></password>
     </servicePass>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <adom>root</adom>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <devId>FG200B000000001</devId>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <type>IPS</type>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <fileName>50008:0</fileName>
     <!--Optional:-->
     <checksum>?</checksum>
  </r20:removeFazArchive>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<pre><password></password></pre>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<adom></adom>	The ADOM for which you want to remove the FortiAnalyzer archive.
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<type></type>	The archive type:  O: Web  1: Email 2: FTP  3: IM  4: MMS  5: Quarantine  6: IPS
<filename></filename>	Shows the name of the file. Note: the file name cannot start with a $\mid$ or a $\sim$ character.
<checksum></checksum>	Checksum is used when the type is Quarantine. Checksum is used instead of filename.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  -101: Invalid username, password, or ADOM. Cannot get the device ID. Cannot get the file name. Cannot get the type. Cannot
<errormsg></errormsg>	get the checksum.  • -104: Cannot delete content archive file.

# Script XML API elements

You can upload scripts to your unit and execute them on your database or on a managed device. If your scripts make configuration changes to the database, you can install the changes onto the affected devices.

createScript	getScriptLog	runScript
deleteScript	getScriptLogSummary	
getScript	installConfig	

### createScript

Use this request to upload a script to your unit.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:createScript>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
          <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <adom>?</adom>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <isGlobal>?</isGlobal>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <name>?</name>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <type>?</type>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <description>?</description>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <content>?</content>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <target>?</target>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <overwrite>?</overwrite>
  </r20:createScript>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.

deleteScript Script XML API elements

Request Field	Description
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<isglobal></isglobal>	Set for global script.
<adom></adom>	If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root.
<name></name>	The script name.
<type></type>	The script type.
<description></description>	Brief script description (optional).
<content></content>	The script content.
<target></target>	The script target: Device Database, Remote Device, or ADOM Database.
<overwrite></overwrite>	Overwrite value options:         • 1: to overwrite an existing script of that name.         • 0: to keep the name of the script.

The response is a <return> value of 0 if successful, 1 if not. If <overwrite> was 0, createScript can fail because there is already a script of that name on your unit.

### Example response: (script created)

Response Field	Description
<return></return>	Return codes:

### deleteScript

Use this request to delete a script from your unit.

Script XML API elements deleteScript

### **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:deleteScript>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <name>?</name>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <type>?</type>
  </r20:deleteScript>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<name></name>	The name of the script to delete.
<type></type>	The script type, e.g. CLI, TCL, CLIGROUP.

If the script is found and deleted, the response is empty. If the script could not be found, Web Services returns an error message.

#### Example response: (script was deleted)

```
<ns3:deleteScriptResponse/>
```

#### **Example response: (script not found)**

```
<faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Client</faultcode>
<faultstring>script xml_script1 is not found</faultstring>
<detail>
<error xmlns="http://localhost/">script xml_script1 is not found</error>
</detail>
```

Response Field	Description
<faultcode></faultcode>	These are considered as generic SOAP errors. But there are cases that
<faultstring></faultstring>	errors from the application level also return inside <soap-env: fault=""> envelop. These errors are free-style, there are no error code associated.</soap-env:>

### getScript

Use this command to retrieve a script from your unit. This is a way to verify the contents of the script. Also, you could modify the script and use the <code>createScript</code> request to update the script on your unit.

#### **Example request:**

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:getScript>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <userID>?</userID>
           <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <name>?</name>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <type>?</type>
  </r20:getScript>
</soapenv:Body>
```

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<name></name>	The script name.
<type></type>	The script type, e.g. CLI, TCL, CLIGROUP.

The response is a return tag that includes the script content and information about the script.

Script XML API elements getScriptLog

</SOAP-ENV:Body>

Response Field	Description
<content></content>	XML structure consists of description, name, and object identifier variables.
<description></description>	The script description.
<name></name>	The script name
<oid></oid>	The object identifier.

## getScriptLog

Use this request to get a log of a script from your unit.

### **Example request:**

Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<scriptname></scriptname>	The name of the script log.
<devld></devld>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	The serial number of device.
<logid></logid>	The log ID number.

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

getScriptLogSummary Script XML API elements

### **Example response:**

If the task is successful, you will get the log, if not, you will get an error message.

Request Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-101: You must assign the script name when log ID exists.</li> <li>-102: The script does not exist. The script log does not exist.</li> <li>-106: soap_new_ns3scriptLog error. soap_new_stdstring error.</li> </ul>

### getScriptLogSummary

Use this request to get a summary of a script log from your unit.

i, seapeni isaaji	
Request Field	Description
<sevicepass></sevicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<pre><password></password></pre>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<devid></devid>	The device ID. This is the primary device identifier.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device.
<maxlogs></maxlogs>	The ID number of the log.

Script XML API elements installConfig

The response indicates if the request was successful or if it failed.

#### **Example response:**

If the task is successful, you will get a message stating that the summary was created successfully.

If the task is unsuccessful, you will get a message similar to the one below. The details will vary, depending on the error.

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	Error code and message details:  O: No script log. Retrieved device ID script log summary total number of records) successfully.
<errormsg></errormsg>	<ul> <li>-104: Get script log summary failed. Failed to get any script log.</li> <li>-106: Malloc memory failure; maybe caused by too many logs. soap_new_ns3scriptLogSummary error</li> </ul>
<faultcode></faultcode>	These are considered as generic SOAP errors. But there are cases that
<faultstring></faultstring>	errors from the application level also return inside <pre><soap-env:fault></soap-env:fault></pre> envelop. These errors are free-style, there are no error codes associated.

### installConfig

When you have made configuration changes on the global or device database with your scripts, use this request to install the changes to the devices.

installConfig Script XML API elements

```
<adom>?</adom>
  <!--Optional:-->
  <pkgoid>?</pkgoid>
  <!--Optional:-->
   <devId>?</devId>
   <!--Optional:-->
    <serialNumber>?</serialNumber>
    <!--Optional:-->
    <newRevName>?</newRevName>
    <instValidate>?</r20:installConfig>
</soapenv:Body>
```

**Request Field Description** <servicePass> XML structure consists of username and password variables. <userID> The administrator user name. Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave <password> field blank for no password. <from> The source of the configuration. The possible values are: global or local. <to> The destination of the configuration. The possible values are: local or remote. <adom> If the ADOM field is blank, the default ADOM will be that of the administrative user. If this administrator binds to all ADOMs, then the ADOM is root. <pkgoid> The package object identifier for a policy package. <devld> The device ID. This is the primary device identifier. <serialNumber> Serial number of device. This device identifier is secondary to the device <newRevName> The new revision name. <instValidate> Pre-install policy verification.

If the installation is successful, the response is empty. Otherwise, web services returns an error message.

### Example response: (updated configuration installed successfully)

<ns3:installConfigResponse/>

#### Example response: (updated configuration could not be installed)

```
<faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Client</faultcode>
<faultstring>Run install+save on deviceId 109 failed</faultstring>
<detail>
<error xmlns="http://localhost/">Run install+save on deviceId 109 failed</error>
```

Script XML API elements runScript

#### </detail>

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Read task ID to get configuration install result.</li> <li>-101: Invalid ADOM. Unknown or unsupported device. The new revision name length should be 1 - 49 characters. Unsupported copy from GMS global to local, global, or remote. Unsupported copy action.</li> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked. The device is in backup mode. Cannot</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	create a temp file. Cannot connect with the target device ID. Cannot handle temp file. Not enough memory. Cannot get ADOM information. The package OID is invalid. Unknown or unsupported ADOM mode.
	<ul> <li>-104: Run install and save on device ID failed. Copy GMS global configurations to local failed. Copy and install GMS global configurations failed.</li> </ul>
<faultcode></faultcode>	These are considered as generic SOAP errors. But there are cases that errors from application level also return inside $<$ SOAP-ENV: Fault> envelop. These errors are free-style, there are no error codes associated.
<faultstring></faultstring>	

# runScript

Use this request to run a script. You can run a script on the global database, the device database, or on the managed device.

```
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
  <r20:runScript>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <servicePass>
          <!--Optional:-->
          <userID>?</userID>
          <!--Optional:-->
           <password>?</password>
        </servicePass>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <isGlobal>?</isGlobal>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <name>?</name>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <type>?</type>
        <!--Optional:-->
        <devId>?</devId>
```

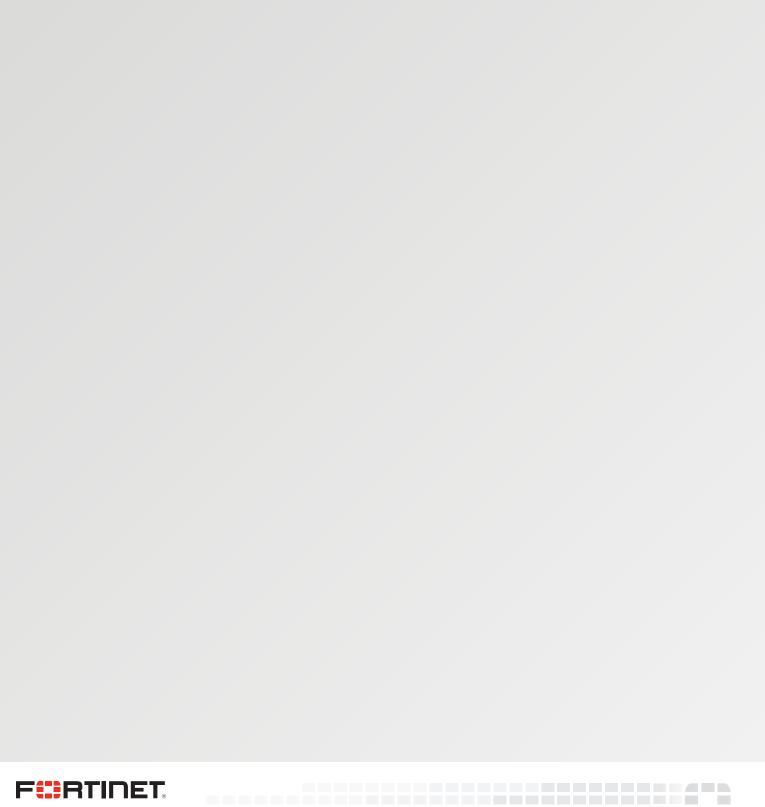
Request Field	Description
<servicepass></servicepass>	XML structure consists of username and password variables.
<userid></userid>	The administrator user name.
<password></password>	Administrator password options: Enter the administrator password or leave field blank for no password.
<isglobal></isglobal>	Set for global script.
<name></name>	The name of the script to run.
<type></type>	The script type, e.g. CLI, TCL, CLIGROUP.
<devid></devid>	Provide the device ID when you run a script on the device or device data- base. You can also omit the device ID field and use the serial number to identify the unit. Set device ID to -1 when you run the script on the global database.
<serialnumber></serialnumber>	Serial number of device, FGT60C3G06500185, for example. This device identifier is secondary to device ID.
<runondb></runondb>	<ul> <li>Run on database options:</li> <li>1: Run on global or device database, depending on the device ID.</li> <li>0: Run on the device. Specify the device ID or the serial number.</li> </ul>
<pkgoid></pkgoid>	The package object identifier for a policy package.

If the script runs successfully, the response is empty. Otherwise, web services returns an error message.

#### Example response: (script ran successfully)

Script XML API elements runScript

Response Field	Description
<errormsg></errormsg>	Indicates if the request was successful or if it failed. The error message consists of the error code and detail.
<errorcode></errorcode>	<ul> <li>Error code and message details:</li> <li>0: Read task ID value to get run script result.</li> <li>-101: Invalid ADOM. No script name is assigned. Script type should be ALL,CLI,TCL or CLIGROUP. TCL script cannot run on database. Total number of devices or groups exceeds the limit.</li> <li>-102: The ADOM is locked. Cannot find script in ALL, CLI, TCL, CLIGROUP set. Cannot get script type. Script OS type is invalid. Script ADOM is invalid. Cannot find valid admin login. User does not have permission to access script. The device ID/group ID does not belong to script ADOM. Please input a valid package name.</li> <li>-104: Run script on device ID failed.</li> </ul>
<errormsg></errormsg>	
<taskid></taskid>	Indicates the task ID number. If the $<$ waitTask $>$ was false, then the task ID is displayed.





High Performance Network Security

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