

SI 649, MZANAJ

# THE 2020 ELECTION FORECAST

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Data Source: [President Polls](#)

## SO MANY POLLS, WHICH ONE TO TRUST?

A poll is an attempt to represent the publics' opinion regarding a specific topic. In this case, our polls are representative of the political opinion that the citizens of the United States hold, for what it pertains the upcoming 2020 election.

In a world where fake-news is on the constant rise, and the spread of mis-information is at reach of only a few keyboard strokes. It is imperative for the reader to understand and know, not only the results of the polls, but as well who is behind those same polls.

This is where the chart below comes into play. Starting from the left, we have the names of the pollsters

(these are the companies that have done the polling). Next, in the middle we have the category (based on grade) to which each individual pollster belongs to. Finally, to the right we have the number of polls associated with each pollster in its respective category.

At first it might not be that intuitive to read this chart, but please bear with me for, it does indeed provide some insights. Pollsters are given grades A through D. At first one might think that these grades for what it pertains pollster's reputation might be dependent on the factors such as the people behind and the amount of years that they 've been in business. Yet, this finding might indeed be true, but the chart to the right allows us to find a further dependence. In general, the pollsters with the highest grades, are the ones that do the greatest number of polling. You heard that right, someone who has done, say 30, different polls is more likely to have a higher grade reputation than someone who has only done 10 or 15.

Insights: This visualization invites the viewer to pay attention to the reputation of the pollster, but also puts them on the lookout, for a high reputation grade does not necessarily point to the pollster's reputation, but it could be due to the high number of polls that they have put forth.

Hence, when looking at a poll with an A rating vs a poll with a B rating do not discard the results of polls with a B grade simply based on the grade reputation, given such discrepancy could be based on the number of polls.

*"\*There are indeed exceptions to this general finding."*

## POLLSTER VS GRADE AND GRADE DISTRIBUTION

### POLLSTERS

American Viewpoint

Change Research

EPIC-MRA

Emerson College

Fairleigh Dickinson University (PublicMind)

Fox News/Beacon Research/Shaw &amp; Co. Research

IBD/TIPP

Ipsos

Marquette University Law School

Mason-Dixon Polling &amp; Research Inc.

McLaughlin &amp; Associates

NBC News/Wall Street Journal

Optimus

Public Policy Polling

Quinnipiac University

Remington Research Group

SSRS

Siena College

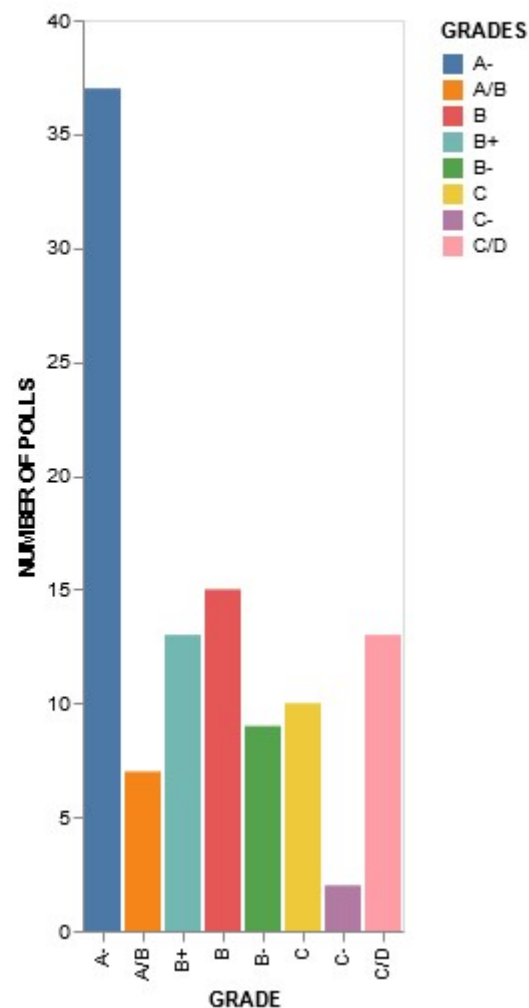
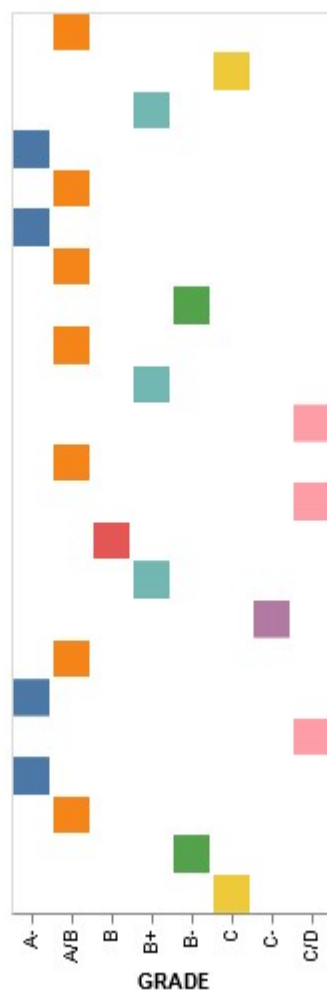
Spry Strategies

Suffolk University

University of North Florida

YouGov

Zogby Interactive/JZ Analytics



SO, WHAT ARE AMERICANS SAYING...

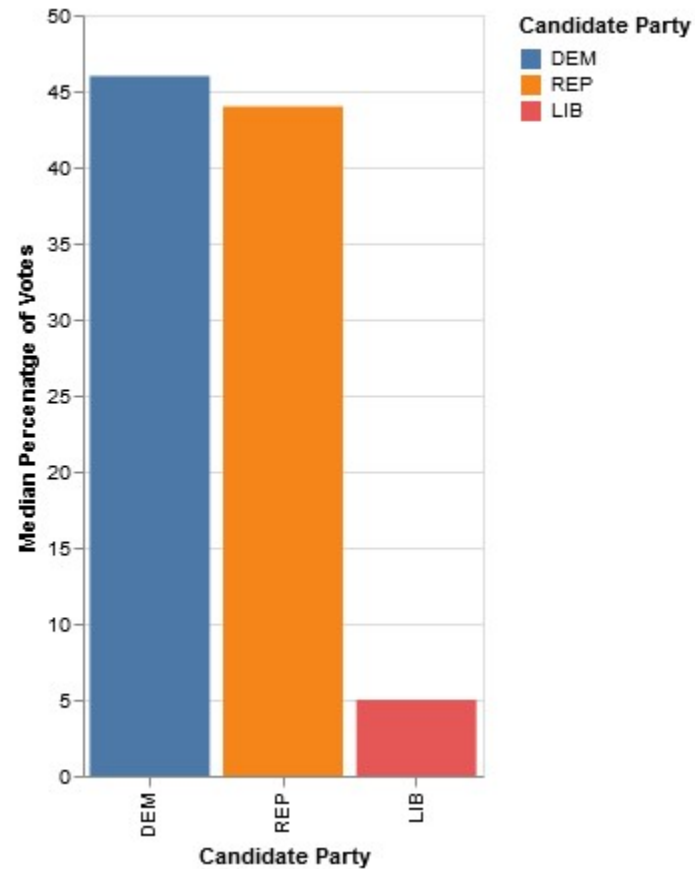
## IN GENREAL?

The first and foremost information that is presented are the overall results; that is what will American's vote in terms of party. It is worth noting that in the Unites State of America there are a total of 3 different parties to choose from: Democratic, Republican, or Liberal.

Insights: At the moment the U.S. vote is split between "Democrats (46%)" and "Republicans (44%)". Although, the majority of the votes go to either the Republican or Democratic party, the "Liberal (5%)" party does gain a meaningful 5% of the U.S forecasted vote.

This is quite a tight race with very small margins of difference. It is important for both parties to truly take this race seriously given that, at least for the moment being, no obvious winner can be claimed just yet.

GENERAL FORCASTED ELECTION RESULTS IN THE U.S.



## BY REGION?

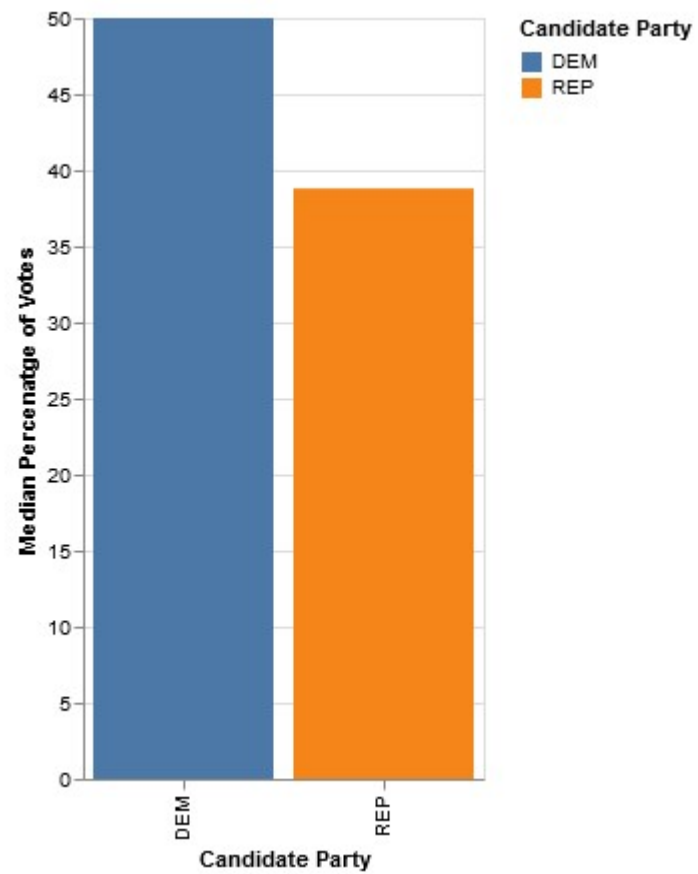
We were able to see in the previous visualization that race for the presidential candidacy is going to be quite a close race, and as a result both parties must make appropriate decision and choices that will allow them to win the hearts of the indecisive ones. What are these choices, and what do they consist of? Well, at first is

important to have an overall idea of what each specific region of the United States is expected to vote.

In the below visualization, we represent the percentage of the different votes for party according to the 4 distinct regions of the United States. Such regions being West, Midwest, South, and Northeast. For some polls we have there was no region annotated, we have still left these results in the visualization under the option "no location."

Insights: from this visualization we are able to note that **Democrats** are most likely to win in the West, the **Republicans** are most likely to win in the South; Finally, the true battle for the presidency will be "fought" in states belonging to the Midwest and the Northeast region of the United Sates.

FORCASTED ELECTION RESULTS BY U.S. REGION



Select\_REGION

west

midwest

south

northeast

no location

## BY INDIVIDUAL STATE?

Until now we have been able to see the general forecasted results for the presidential race, furthermore we were able to divide the U.S. in different regions and were able to pick up on different trends among different regions. Now, we dive deeper into the individuals states given winning these ones is what will allow each candidate party to get closer to presidency. In this section, we dissect the states that haven't made their mind yet, and are likely to go with either party. We call these states "swing states. Finding out the "swing state" allows each respective party to plan their rally's and public events in places were their words will matter and have an effect. For it doesn't make sense (politically speaking) to go in a state where the majority of the population has made their mind up. Hence, finding "swing states" is like finding "water in the desert"-very precious.

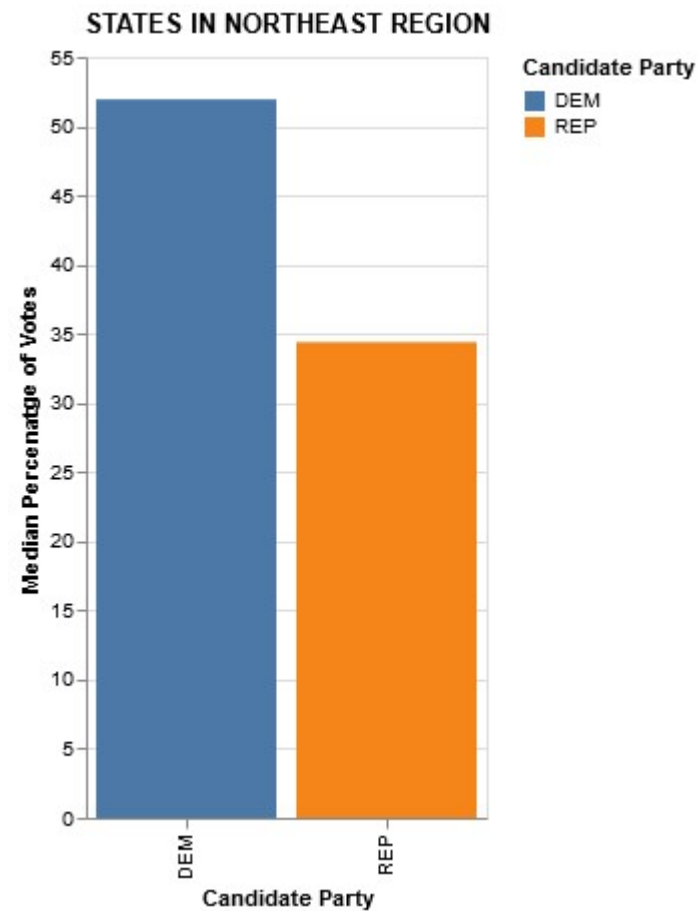
### NORTHEAST STATES

States likely to be won by **Democrats**: Connecticut, Maine, Maine CD-1, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York

States likely to be won by **Republicans**: N/A

Swing States: Maine CD-2, New-Hampshire, Pennsylvania





Select\_state

Connecticut

Maine

Maine CD-1

Maine CD-2

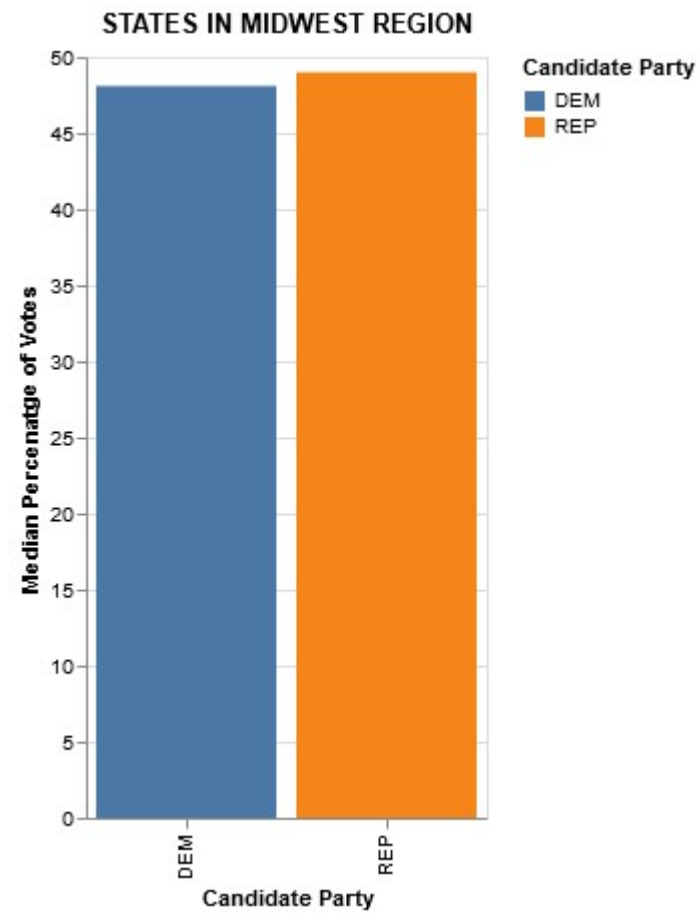
Massachusetts

## MIDWEST STATES

States likely to be won by **Democrats**: Michigan, Minnesota,

States likely to be won by **Republicans**: Kansas, Missouri, North Dakota

Swing States: Iowa, Ohio, Wisconsin



Select\_state

Iowa

Kansas

Michigan

Minnesota

Missouri

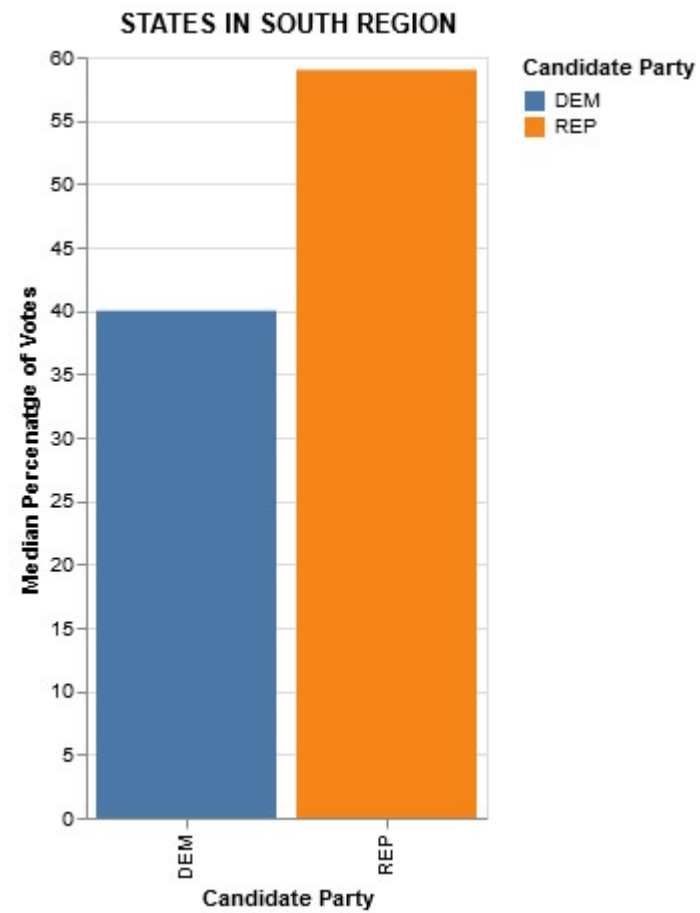
NEED TO

## SOUTH STATES

States likely to be won by **Democrats**: Delaware, North Carolina, Virginia

States likely to be won by **Republicans**: Alabama, Kentucky, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, West Virginia

Swing States: Florida, Georgia, Texas



Select\_state

Alabama

Delaware

Florida

Georgia

Kentucky

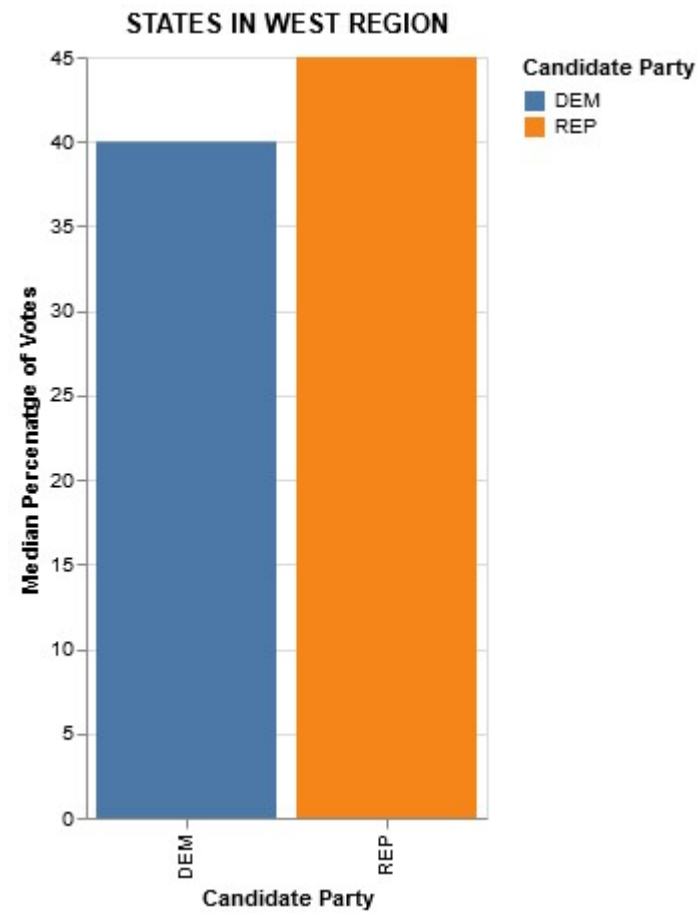
Next Page

## WEST STATES

States likely to be won by **Democrats**: California, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Washington

States likely to be won by **Republicans**: Alaska, Utah,

Swing States: Arizona, Montana



Select\_state

Alaska

Arizona

California

Colorado

Montana

Next

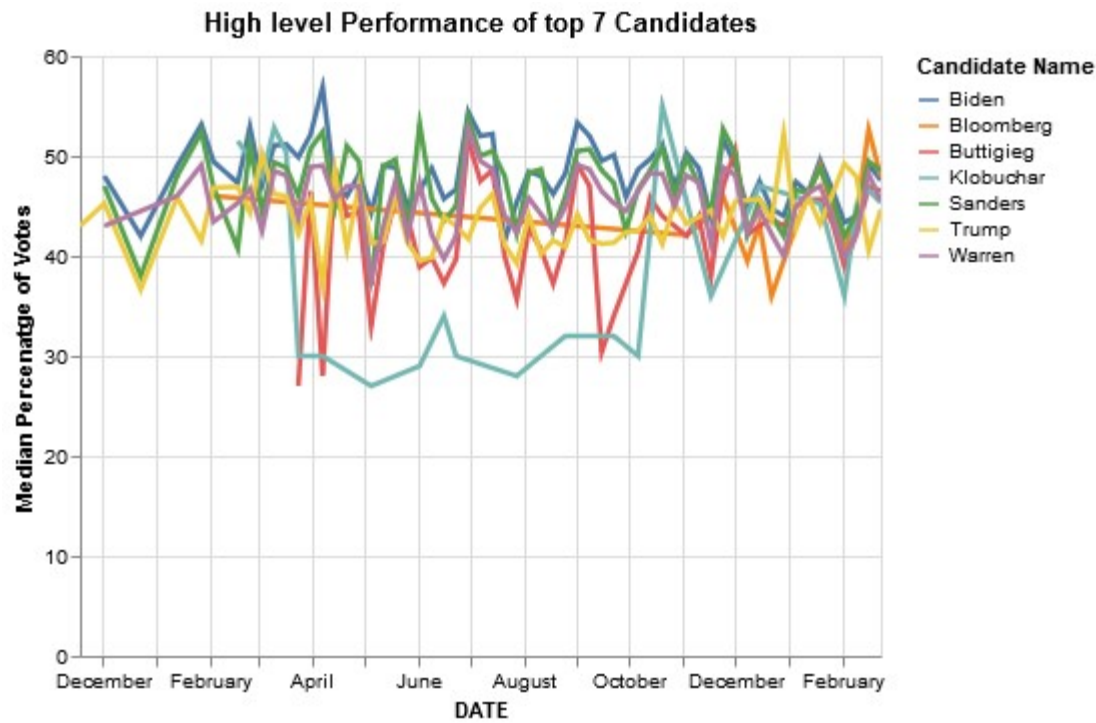
# WHO ARE THE MOST LIKELY CANDIDATES TO THE PRESIDENCY?

## GENERAL CANDIDATES PERFORMANCE

After checking out the different, general and specific, election results by most likely party. Now, we focus on the actual candidates that are most likely to win the presidency. In the chart below, we are able to see the top 7 candidates that are most likely to win the presidency.

Insights: In this first chart we are able to see the most likely out of the many candidates.

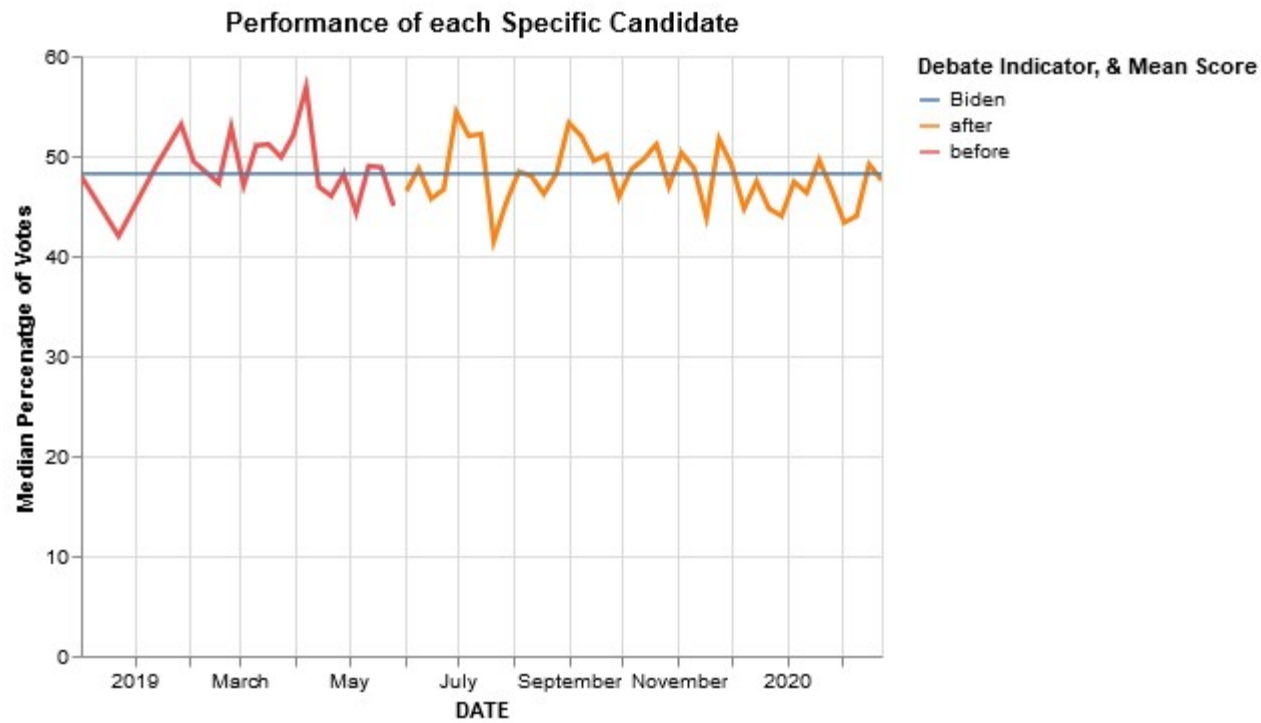




## SPECIFIC CANDIDATES PERFORMANCE

Now, we have pinned the many candidates down to a small list. Yet, we can take this a step further and look at most likely candidates out of the small list. From the chart below we are able to see the performance of each candidate before and after a debate. We are able to note that since the debate there have been a few changes into the trends. Such changes can be viewed by either following the trend of the line, or looking at whether the overall median as lowered, remained the same, or increased.

Insights: The main candidates to look for in the **Democrats:** party: are Bernie Sanders, Mike Bloomberg, and Amy Klobuchar. Whereas the main player in the **Republican:** party is the current sitting president Donald Trump.



Select\_answer

Biden

Bloomberg

Buttigieg

Klobuchar

Sanders

Warren

Trump

## CONCLUSION

### SO, WHAT DID WE LEARN FROM THIS ARTICLE?

First, we went over the polls and found out that a higher grade score doesn't necessarily point to the pollster's reputation, but it could be due to the high number of polls that they have put forth. Second, we were able to look at the results of the polls. It looks like this election will be a close one between Democrats and Republicans. We were able to see the expected vote for each region of the USA. We went even further, to identify those "swing states" that could indeed make a difference and make of either party the winner or loser. Third, we were able to see which candidate is the most likely to win the presidency. In the Democratic party, we have are Bernie Sanders, Mike Bloomberg, and Amy Klobuchar. Whereas, in the Republican party the current sitting president, Donald Trump, is the most likely to regain a second term.