mzDB: Mass Spectrometry SQLite Database

Status of This Document

This document presents the completed 0.6.0 specification for the mzDB (Mass Spectrometry SQLite Database) data format developed by the Proteomics French Infrastructure (ProFI). Distribution is unlimited.

Version of This Document

The current version of this document is: Version 0.6.0.0; February 18, 2014.

The version of this document matches the format version with one trailing decimal point and integer to denote specification documentation updates that do not correspond to a format update. Thus the version numbers correspond to:

major Version. minor Version. maintenance Version. documentation Only Update Version.

Contents

1	. Intro	duction	3
	1.1	Background	3
	1.2	Previous formats	4
	1.3	Design Philosophy	4
2	. Impl	ementation of the Format	5
	2.1	Concepts and Terminology	5
	2.2	The PSI Mass Spectrometry Controlled Vocabulary (CV)	5
	2.3	Conventions	6
	2.4	Other supporting materials	6
	2.5	Open Issues	6
	2.6	Comments on Specific Use Cases	6
	2.6.1	Selected Reaction Monitoring (SRM)	7
	2.6.2 (para	Profile (continuous) spectra vs. centroided (peak list) (peak picked) spectra vs. fitted ameterized peaks) spectra	7
3	. Data	base schema	8
	3.1	bounding_box	8
	3.2	bounding_box_rtree	9
	3.3	chromatogram	. 10
	3.4	cv	. 11
	3.5	cv_term	. 11
	3.6	cv_unit	. 11
	3.7	data_encoding	. 12
	3.8	data_processing	. 12
	3.9	instrument_configuration	. 13
	3.10	mzdb	. 13
	3.11	param_tree_schema	. 14
	3.12	processing_method	. 14

3.	.13	run	;
3.	.14	run_slice	j
3.	.15	sample	;
3.	.16	scan_settings	,
3.	.17	shared_param_tree	,
3.	.18	software	3
3.	.19	source file	,
3.	.20	source_file_scan_settings_map	
3	.21	spectrum	
	.22	table_param_tree_schema	
	.23	target	
	.23	user term	
		data XML schemata	
т. 4.		Element <params></params>	
	. 1	Element <filecontent> 22</filecontent>	
	.3	Element <contact></contact>	
	.4	Element <componentlist> 24</componentlist>	
	. -, .5	Element <source/>	
	.6	Element <analyzer></analyzer>	
-	.7	Element <detector></detector>	
	., .8	Element <scanlist></scanlist>	
	.9	Element <pre>crear = 100</pre>	
	.10	Element <pre>class = 1.00</pre>	
	.11	Element <scan></scan>	
4.	.12	Element <pre></pre>	
4.	.13	Element <pre></pre>	
4.	.14	Element <scanwindowlist></scanwindowlist>	<u>,</u>
4.	.15	Element <isolationwindow></isolationwindow>	<u>, </u>
4.	.16	Element <selectedionlist></selectedionlist>	;
4.	.17	Element <activation></activation>	
4.	.18	Element <scanwindow>34</scanwindow>	
4.	.19	Element <selectedion></selectedion>	;
5.	Conc	lusions	;
6.	Autho	ors and Contributors36	;

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

Mass spectrometry is a popular method to analyse bio-molecules by measuring the intact mass-to-charge ratios of their in-situ generated ionised forms or the mass-to-charge ratios of in-situ-generated fragments of these ions. The resulting mass spectra are used for a variety of purposes, among which is the identification, characterization, and absolute or relative quantification of the analysed molecules. The processing steps to achieve these goals typically involve semi-automatic computational analysis of the recorded mass spectra and sometimes also of the associated metadata (e.g., elution characteristics if the instrument is coupled to a chromatography system). The result of the processing can be assigned a score, rank or confidence measure.

Differences inherent in the use of a variety of instruments, different experimental conditions under which analyses are performed, and potential automatic data preprocessing steps by the instrument software can influence the actual measurements and therefore the results after processing. Additionally, most instruments output their acquired data in a very specific and often proprietary format. These proprietary formats are then typically transformed into so-called peak lists to be analysed by identification and characterisation software. Data reduction such as peak centroiding and deisotoping is often performed during this transformation from proprietary formats to peak lists. In addition, these peak list file formats lack information about the precursor MS signals and about the associated metadata (i.e., instrument settings and description, acquisition mode, etc) compared to the files they were derived from. The peak lists are then used as inputs for subsequent analysis. The many different and often proprietary formats make integration or comparison of mass spectrometer output data difficult or impossible, and the use of the heavily processed and data-poor peak lists is often suboptimal.

This document addresses this problem with the presentation of the mzDB SQLite format, which is designed to hold the data output of a mass spectrometer as well as a systematic description of the conditions under which this data was acquired and transformed. The following target objectives can be defined for the format:

- T1. The discovery of relevant results, so that, for example, data sets in a database or public repository that use a particular technique or combination of techniques can be identified and studied by experimentalists during experiment design or data analysis.
- T2. The sharing of best practice, whereby, for example, approaches that have been successful at analysing low abundance analytes can be captured alongside the results produced.
- T3. The evaluation of results, whereby, for example, the number and quality of the spectra recorded from a sample can be assessed in the light of the experimental conditions.
- T4. The sharing of data sets, so that, for example, public repositories can import or export data, multi-site projects can share results to support integrated analysis, or meta-analyses can be performed by third parties from previously published data.
- T5. The most comprehensive support of the instruments output, so that data can be captured in profile mode, centroid mode, and other relevant forms of biomolecular mass spectrometry data representation
- T6. The efficient processing of MS data, by leveraging the multiple indexing strategies that are provided.

The presented format is an interesting alternative to mzML for the long-term archiving, sharing and fast processing of mass spectrometry data.

The description of mass spectrometry data output and its experimental context requires that models include: (i) the actual data acquired, to a sufficient precision, as well as its associated metadata; and (ii) an adequate description of the instrument characteristics, its configuration and possible preprocessing steps applied. This document details both these parts, as they are required to support the tasks T1 to T6 above.

This document defines a specification and is not a tutorial. As such, the presentation of technical details is deliberately direct. The role of the text is to describe the format model and justify design decisions made. This document does not provide comprehensive examples of the format in use.

Example documents are provided separately and should be examined in conjunction with this document. It is anticipated that tutorial material will be developed in the future to aid implementation. Although the present specification document describes constraints and guidelines related to the mzDB format content as well as the availability of tools helping to read and write mzDB files, it does not describe any implementation constraints or specifications such as coding language or operating system for software that will generate and/or read mzDB data.

1.2 Previous formats

During 2003 – 2005, two data formats to store mass spectrometer output in an open, vendor-neutral, XML format were developed. The mzData format [mzData] was developed by the PSI, primarily as a data exchange and archive format. The mzXML format [mzXML] was developed at the Institute for Systems Biology (ISB), primarily in order to streamline data processing software. Both formats are used extensively but it has been noted that having two formats for essentially the same information causes unnecessary confusion in the community and adds complexity to software developers as often both formats must be supported. Therefore the designers of mzData and mzXML, including representatives of instrument vendors, analysis software developers and end users, have joined under the auspices of the PSI and jointly developed a single format intended to replace the previous two: the mzML format.

The main challenge in uniting the mzData and mzXML formats was indeed resolving the opposing philosophies rather than fundamental technical issues. On the contrary, the mzDB format is a radical technical change because it is no more based on the eXtendedMarkup Language but on the SQLite data format. The latter is used in many computational projects (http://www.sqlite.org/famous.html) and compatible with most programming languages. mzDB has an internal data structure allowing it to achieve efficient queries in both time and m/z dimensions. This makes it particularly suitable for the processing of LC-MS data.

1.3 Design Philosophy

Since the mzML format is the official PSI standard for mass spectrometry data representation, we decided to design mzDB in order to have a semantic and a data structure as close as possible to the mzML ones. We also kept some design principles that guided the mzML development including some disgressions:

- 1. Keep the format simple. Metadata representation is as simple as in an mzML document. However the MS data structure of mzDB is a little bit more complex because peaks are stored into bounding boxes (see section X.X) instead of full scan records.
- 2. *Minimize alternate ways of encoding the same information*. Such flexibility, while sometimes touted as a benefit for some products, is bad for data formats.
- 3. Build in some flexibility for encoding new important information but keep the format stable. There is a strong desire from companies that develop software for their customers to keep the data format stable over long periods of time with updates to an auxiliary file.

It should be noted that beyond these principles the main design goal of the mzDB was to obtain an efficient and compact data format leveraging multiple indexing strategies.

There was great temptation to optimize the compactness of metadata. There are many enhancements that have been suggested, but we decided to keep a strong compatibility with the mzML syntax. The enhancements not considered compatible with this goal may be entertained for a future version of mzDB.

The remainder of this document is structured as follows. Section 2.1 describes a number of concepts and information about the implementation of mzDB, including aspects of terminology, design issues, the controlled vocabulary, etc. The SQL schema is presented in Section 3; The XML schemata are presented in Section 4; Some conclusions are presented in Section 5.

2. Implementation of the Format

2.1 Concepts and Terminology

This document assumes familiarity with SQL and XML data modelling. The main mzDB structure is described using a relational model. Metadata are described using XML schema (www.w3.org/XML/Schema).

The keywords "MUST," "MUST NOT," "REQUIRED," "SHALL," "SHALL NOT," "SHOULD," "SHOULD," "SHOULD," "MAY," and "OPTIONAL" are to be interpreted as described in RFC-2119 (Bradner 1997).

2.2 The PSI Mass Spectrometry Controlled Vocabulary (CV)

A comprehensive collection of terms have been defined (mostly extracted from vocabulary and definitions in chapter 12 of the IUPAC nomenclature book) and structured in an mzML-friendly way, hopefully facilitating the browsing of the terms. Almost all first-level branch terms (the direct children of the root term) have a homonymous XML element in mzML. Their children, the second-level terms, are relevant topics or categories which need CV support for their description. The leaf nodes under their respective parent categories should be used in a cvParam under the appropriate XML element in mzML schema.

Some terms describe attributes that must be coupled with a numerical value attribute in the CvParam element (e.g. dwell time MS:1000039) and optionally a unit for that value (e.g. second MS:1000502). The terms that require a value are denoted by having a "datatype" key-value pair in the CV itself; the use of the 'object attribute' (MS:1000547) term to denote this is now deprecated. Similarly, terms that need to be qualified with units are denoted by have a "needs_units" key in the CV itself.

As recommended by the PSI CV guidelines, psi-ms.obo should be dynamically maintained via the psidev-ms-vocab mailing lists that allow any user to request new terms in agreement with the community involved. Once a consensus is reached among the community the new terms are added within few days. If there is no obvious consensus, the CV coordinators committee should vote and make a decision. A new psi-ms.obo should then be released by updating the file on the CVS server without changing the name of the file (this would alter the propagation of the file to the OBO website and to other ontology services that rely on file stable URI). For this reason an internal version number with two decimals (x.y.z) should be increased:

- x should be increased when a first level term are renamed added deleted or rearranged in the structure. Such rearrangement is supposed to be rare and is very likely to have repercussion on the mapping.
- y should be increased when any other term except the first level one is altered.
- z should be increased when there is no term addition or deletion but just editing on the definitions or other minor changes.

It was decided that the CV not contain "unknown" terms as much as possible, thus there is no "unknown instrument", etc. There are two cases where it is tempting to use unknown:

- 1) The information is really known, but none of the existing terms fit. In this case, instead of choosing "unknown", a user should send email to the psidev-ms-vocab list proposing a new term. The CV committee should approve and add the desired term, or point out an existing synonym that should be used. Then once the term has been assigned an accession number and official name, then the user should begin using that.
- 2) The second case is there the information is truly not known. We want to avoid cases where the user picks something just to appease a validator. In this case, the use of the base class is recommended, e.g.:

```
<instrumentConfiguration id="unknownInstrument">
```

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000031" name="instrument model"/>

</instrumentConfiguration>

The rationale is that the most specific information available is provided, i.e. that a mass spectrometer of some model generated the data, but it is not known which one. This also avoids the situation where the tags are optional. If optional tags are not provided, it is never clear whether

the information is truly unknown, or the writer simple forgot to write the information or was too lazy to write the information.

In the above example, if the writer knows that the instrument was one from a specific vendor, but not the model, then the vendor model term should be used instead of the completely generic "instrument model".

To obsolete a term, the following must be done:

- Put OBSOLETE at the beginning of the definition
- · Add a comment to the term describing the reason for obsoleting.
- Set the OBO-format is obsolete tag to true

This is a summary of the procedure given in http://psidev.info/files/CommunityPractice-revised.doc.

If a term name needs to be changed, the accession number should stay the same and the term name simply changed. One should NOT obsolete the term and create a new one with the revised name.

The following ontologies or controlled vocabularies specified below may also be suitable or required in certain instances:

- Unit Ontology (http://www.obofoundry.org/cgi-bin/detail.cgi?id=unit)
- ChEBI (http://www.ebi.ac.uk/chebi/)
- OBI (Ontology of Biological Investigations http://obi.sourceforge.net/) (formerly called FuGO)

2.3 Conventions

Date timestamps must be encoded as in the ISO-8601 specification (http://www.w3.org/TR/NOTE-datetime) such as 2007-06-27T15:23:45.00035.

Metadata (XML parameter tree) designs follow the principles detailed in the mzML specifications.

2.4 Other supporting materials

This document cannot be fully judged on its own. It is important to study the accompanying sample instance documents, controlled vocabulary, schema files, and the software that implements this version of mzDB.

All these files and programs are available at: http://github.com/mzdb

They are:

Filename	Description
mzDB_0.5.0.architect	The database diagram in the Power Architect format
mzDB_0.5.0.sql	The database SQL script
mzDB_0.5.0.html	HTML documentation of the database schema

2.5 Open Issues

We note that usage of JSON was considered and rejected for the representation of metadata in the current version of mzDB. It remains a possibility that metadata of mzDB 2.0 will be stored using JSON.

2.6 Comments on Specific Use Cases

As for mzML, many special use cases were considered during the development of mzDB. Most of these use cases have a corresponding example file that exercise the relevant part of the schema and

provide a reference implementation example. Authors of mzDB writing software are encouraged to examine the examples that accompany this format release before implementing the writer. In the subsections below, we comment on a few of the notable use cases that were considered.

2.6.1 Selected Reaction Monitoring (SRM)

There was considerable discussion on how to encode SRM experiments. There seem to be two major contenders: encoding them as tiny MS/MS-like spectra; or encoding them directly as complete chromatograms. We decided to follow the mzML specifications namely encode each SRM scan as a mini MS/MS-like spectra with a precursor corresponding to the Q1 m/z and a small spectrum encoding one or more Q3 m/z values that correspond to the Q1 m/z. We note that these mini scans may be a single (centroided) value per Q3 m/z, or the mini scans may be profile mode scans surrounding the Q3 m/z. For example, it is entirely permissible to monitor two Q3 m/z values for a single Q1 m/z, and encode profile mode scans for both Q3 regions in a single spectrum.

The mzDB format also contains a "chromatogram" table that is capable of containing a full description of and the data for a chromatogram. The chromatogram may be simply be a total ion current (TIC) chromatogram of an ordinary MS1 or MS/MS run, or a chromatogram corresponding to a Q1,Q3 pair in a SRM run.

It has been resolved that all SRM runs must be encoded as mini MS/MS-like spectra using the "scan" table. Optionally, the same information may also be encoded using the "chromatogram" table as a speed-enhancing feature. At present, it has been decided that SRM output may not be encoded *only* in the "chromatogram" form. The goal is to avoid having two different ways of encoding the same data. Readers can always count on the mini MS/MS-like spectra and may only optionally support the "chromatogram" constructs. This is merely a policy decision, not one dictated by the schema.

Note: SRM is often referred to as multiple reaction monitoring (MRM), but that term is an obsolete synonym of SRM according to IUPAC.

2.6.2 Profile (continuous) spectra vs. centroided (peak list) (peak picked) spectra vs. fitted (parameterized peaks) spectra

Mass spectra typically come in two major flavors: profile and centroided. Profile spectra represent the scanned data in a (sometimes only approximately) regularly spaced format, sometimes with gaps. Centroided spectra present the scanned data only by specifying the location and intensity of individual detected peaks, usually after subjecting the profile spectrum to a peak-picking algorithm. We have added a third mode of data representation obtained after processing by a peak-fitting algorithm: the fitted mode. The latter present the scanned data by specifying the location and intensity of individual detected peaks along with the left and right HWHMs (Half Width at Half-Maximum) of these peaks.

The mzDB format can encode either format with the specification of the used mode (using the data_encoding table). However, it is not allowed to encode the same spectrum using different modes in the same file. The recommended workflow if both spectra are desired is to encode the profile spectra in one file and the processed data in a second file (with appropriate annotations as to what was done). It is permissible to have some spectra in one mode and different ones in another; for example MS level 1 spectra may be profile mode, while MS level 2 spectra may be peak picked in the same file.

3. Database schema

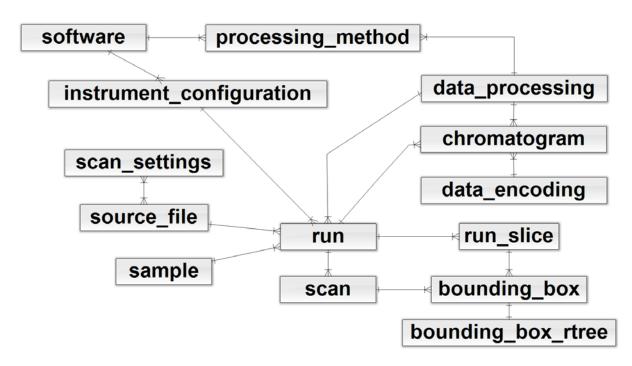


Figure 1: partial ER (Entity-relationship) diagram of the mzDB format. Each box represents a database table. Some tables related to metadata were voluntarily not shown for the sake of clarity.

Below is appended the full HTML documentation of the database schema. Tables are presented in ascendant alphabetical order.

3.1 **bounding_box**

The Bounding Box (BB) table aims to store a region of the run. A BB refers to a run slice which describes the m/z width of this BB. The first and last scan id describe the height in time dimension of the BB. Data points may be accumulated in m/z and time dimensions. In the simplest case a BB may store peaks of a full MS spectrum, implying that first and last scans correspond to the same record.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary	key.			
data	data	BLOB		NOT NULL
A BLOB containing the data points table).	using a given structure representation	(see data_encond	ing	
run_slice_id (<u>FK</u>)	run_slice_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
A reference to the corresponding ru	n_slice.			
first_spectrum_id (FK)	first_spectrum_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
A reference to the first spectrum of	the BB.			
last_spectrum_id (<u>FK</u>)	last_spectrum_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
A reference to the last spectrum of	the BB.			

References

- <u>spectrum</u> through (first_spectrum_id)
- spectrum through (last_spectrum_id)

• <u>run_slice</u> through (run_slice_id)

Referenced By

- <u>bounding box rtree</u> referencing (id)
- <u>bounding box msn rtree</u> referencing (id)

3.2 **bounding_box_msn_rtree**

A virtual table used to index the bounding boxes with the help of a R*Tree structure automatically generated by SQLite. For more detailed information see http://www.sqlite.org/rtree.html. The aim of this table is to index in 4 dimensions LC-MS/MS data, such as those generated by DIA experiments.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK) (<u>FK</u>)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
The identifier of the bounding b	ox that corresponds to this index.			
min_ms_level	min_ms_level	INTEGER		NOT NULL
Minimum MS level of the corres	sponding BB.			
max_ms_level	max_ms_level	INTEGER		NOT NULL
Maximum MS level of the corre	sponding BB.			
min_parent_mz	min_parent_mz	INTEGER		NOT NULL
Minimum parent m/z of the corr	esponding BB.			
max_parent_mz	max_parent_mz	INTEGER		NOT NULL
Maximum parent m/z of the cor	responding BB.			
min_mz	min_mz	REAL		NOT NULL
Minimum m/z of the correspond	ling BB.			
max_mz	max_mz	REAL		NOT NULL
Maximum m/z of the correspond	ding BB.			
min_time	min_time	REAL		NOT NULL
Minimum time of the correspond	ding BB.			
max_time	max_time	REAL		NOT NULL
Maximum time of the correspor	nding BB.			

References

• bounding box through (id)

3.3 **bounding_box_rtree**

A virtual table used to index the bounding boxes with the help of a R*Tree structure automatically generated by SQLite. For more detailed information see http://www.sqlite.org/rtree.html. The aim of this table is to index in two dimensions LC-MS data, such as those generated by DDA experiments.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK) (<u>FK</u>)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
The identifier of the bounding box that corresponds to this index.				
min_mz	min_mz	REAL		NOT NULL
Minimum m/z of the correspon	ding BB.			
max_mz	max_mz	REAL		NOT NULL
Maximum m/z of the correspor	nding BB.			

max_time max_time REAL NOT NULL

Maximum time of the corresponding BB.

References

• <u>bounding_box</u> through (id)

3.4 **chromatogram**

A chromatogram may be simply be a total ion current (TIC) chromatogram of an ordinary MS1 or MS/MS run, or a chromatogram corresponding to a Q1,Q3 pair in a SRM run.

Larical Calumn Nama	Dhysical Column Norre	Turne DI/	Mullable
Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Type PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary k	ey.		
name	name	VARCHAR(0)	NOT NULL
A unique name for this chromatograr sic, tic, ms1_tic, ms2_tic, bpc, transit			
activation_type	activation_type	VARCHAR(10)	NOT NULL
The type of activation used for fragm This field stores only a 3 letters label CID, ETD, HCD), but more detailled	(e.g.	using the param_tree field.	
data_points	data_points	BLOB	NOT NULL
A BLOB containing the data points u	sing a given data representation	n (see data_enconding table).	
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB	NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cvPa specifications).	arams and userParams as an X	ML string (see XML schema	
precursor	precursor	CLOB	
This field can contain optionally an X activation (see XML schema specific		d of precursor ion selection and	d
product	product	CLOB	
This field can contain optionally an X activation in a precursor ion scan (se			
shared_param_tree_id (FK)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER	
An optional reference to a shared_pacvParams.	aram_tree, which is a reusable	container of one or more	
run_id (<u>FK</u>)	run_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of th	e corresponding run.		
data_processing_id (FK)	data_processing_id	INTEGER	
This field can optionally reference the	e 'id' of the appropriate data_pro	ocessing.	
data_encoding_id (FK)	data_encoding_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of th	e appropriate data encoding.		

References

- <u>run</u> through (run_id)
- <u>data_encoding</u> through (data_encoding_id)
- <u>shared_param_tree_through (shared_param_tree_id)</u>
- <u>data_processing</u> through (data_processing_id)

3.5 **cv**

Information about an ontology or CV source and a short 'lookup' tag to refer to.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable	
id (PK)	id	VARCHAR(10)	PK	NOT NULL	
The short label to be used as a reference tag with which to refer to this particular Controlled Vocabulary source description.					
full_name	full_name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
The usual name for the resou	rce (e.g. The PSI-MS Controlled	Vocabulary).			
version	version	VARCHAR(10)			
The version of the CV from w	hich the referred-to terms are dra	wn.			
uri	uri	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
The URI for the resource.					

Referenced By

- <u>cv unit</u> referencing (id)
- cv_term referencing (id)

3.6 **cv_term**

This table lists the CV terms used in the mzDB file.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable		
accession (PK)	accession	VARCHAR(0)	PK	NOT NULL		
The accession number of the referred-to term in the named resource (e.g.: MS:000012).						
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL		
	ameter, from the referred-to controll with the specified accession numbe		uld be the			
unit_accession (FK)	unit_accession	VARCHAR(0)				
This field can optionally refer	rence the CV accession number of	the appropriate unit.				
cv_id (<u>FK</u>)	cv_id	VARCHAR(10)		NOT NULL		
This field must reference the	'id' of the corresponding CV resou	rce.				

References

- <u>cv</u> through (cv_id)
- cv unit through (unit_accession)

3.7 **cv_unit**

This table lists the CV units used in the mzDB file.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable	
accession (PK)	accession	VARCHAR(0)	PK	NOT NULL	
The unit accession number (e.g., 'UO:0000266' for 'electron volt').					
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
The unit name (e.g., 'electron volt' for 'UO:0000266').					
cv_id (<u>FK</u>)	cv_id	VARCHAR(10)		NOT NULL	

This field must reference the 'id' of the corresponding CV resource.

References

• cv through (cv_id)

Referenced By

- <u>cv term</u> referencing (accession)
- <u>user term</u> referencing (accession)

3.8 data_encoding

Describes data encoding parameters used for data points storage.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable		
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL		
Automatically incremented p	orimary key.					
mode	mode	VARCHAR(10)		NOT NULL		
Profile mode represent the scanned data in a (sometimes only approcimately) regularly spaced format, sometimes with gaps. Centroided mode present the scanned data only by specifying the location and intensity of individual detected peaks. Fitted mode is an enhencement of the centroided mode with additional information for each detected peak such as the left and right HWHMs.						
compression	compression	VARCHAR(0)				
This field provides optionally	y the name of the algorithm used	d for data compression (e.g	. zlib, Izma	.).		
byte_order	byte_order	VARCHAR(13)		NOT NULL		
The byte order used for data	a encoding: little_endian or big_e	endian.				
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL		
specifications).	able cvParams and userParams inally stored in the binaryDataArı					

Referenced By

- spectrum referencing (id)
- <u>chromatogram</u> referencing (id)

describes the data structure used for each data point.

3.9 data_processing

Description of the way in which particular software were used. Variable methods should be described in the appropriate acquisition section - if no acquisition-specific details are found, then this information serves as the default.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary key.				
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
A unique name for this data	processing.			

Referenced By

• processing method referencing (id)

- spectrum referencing (id)
- <u>run</u> referencing (id)
- <u>run</u> referencing (id)
- <u>chromatogram</u> referencing (id)

3.10 instrument_configuration

Description of a particular hardware configuration of a mass spectrometer. Each configuration must have one (and only one) of the three different components used for an analysis. For hybrid instruments, such as an LTQ-FT, there must be one configuration for each permutation of the components that is used in the document.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary	/ key.			
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
A unique name for this instrument	configuration.			
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cyspecifications).	/Params and userParams as an X	ML string (see XML s	chema	
component_list	component_list	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the compor	nentList as an XML string (see XM	IL schema specification	ons).	
shared_param_tree_id (FK)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_cvParams.	_param_tree, which is a reusable o	container of one or mo	ore	
software_id (<u>FK</u>)	software_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
This field must be used to reference	ce the 'id' of the appropriate softwa	are.		

References

- <u>software</u> through (software_id)
- shared_param_tree through (shared_param_tree_id)

Referenced By

- <u>run</u> referencing (id)
- spectrum referencing (id)

3.11 **mzdb**

Information pertaining to the entire mzDB file (i.e. not specific to any part of the data set) is stored here.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
version (PK)	version	VARCHAR(10)	PK	NOT NULL
The version of the mzDB format using the following notation: majorVersion.minorVersion.maintenanceVersion				
creation_timestamp	creation_timestamp	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
The creation date of the mzD	B file in the ISO-8601 notation (e	e.g. 2007-06-27T15:23:45.0	0035).	
file_content	file_content	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the fileContent as an XML string (see XML schema specifications).				
contact	contact	CLOB		NOT NULL

This field must contain the contacts as an XML string (see XML schema specifications).

This field must contain the table cvParams and userParams as an XML string (see XML schema specifications). These user params must be defined: BB_height_ms1, BB_height_msn, BB_width_ms1, BB_width_msn, is_no_loss.

3.12 param_tree_schema

Each record describes the schema of the params that can be set in the param_tree column of the corresponding table or in the data column of the shared_param_tree table. This schema can then be used by the client application to validate the data structure to be stored.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
name (PK)	name	VARCHAR(0)	PK	NOT NULL
The name of the schema.				
type	type	VARCHAR(10)		NOT NULL
The serialization format used supported.	for param tree data. May be >	(SD or JSON, but only XSD is	s currently	
schema	schema	CLOB		NOT NULL

This field must contain the schema of the corresponding param_tree.

Referenced By

- <u>shared param tree</u> referencing (name)
- <u>table_param_tree_schema</u> referencing (name)

3.13 processing method

Description of the way in which a particular software was used. The default peak processing method describes the base method used in the generation of a particular mzML file. Variable methods should be described in the appropriate acquisition section - if no acquisition-specific details are found, then this information serves as the default.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary key.				
order	order	INTEGER		NOT NULL
This field allows a series of consecutive se		der.		
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cvParan specifications).	ns and userParams as an XML strir	ng (see XML sche	ema	
shared_param_tree_id (<u>FK</u>)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_param cvParams.	n_tree, which is a reusable containe	er of one or more		
data_processing_id (<u>FK</u>)	data_processing_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of the co	prresponding data processing.			
software_id (<u>FK</u>)	software_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of the ap	ppropriate software.			

References

- <u>software</u> through (software_id)
- shared_param_tree through (shared_param_tree_id)
- <u>data_processing</u> through (data_processing_id)

3.14 **run**

A run in mzDB should correspond to a coherent set of spectra acquired on an instrument.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Type PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary key	<i>1</i> .		
name	name	VARCHAR(0)	NOT NULL
A unique name for this run.			
start_timestamp	start_timestamp	VARCHAR(0)	
The optional start timestamp of the run	in the ISO-8601 notation (e.g. 2007	-06-27T15:23:45.00035)	
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB	
This field can contain optionally the tab schema specifications).	ole cvParams and userParams as an	XML string (see XML	
shared_param_tree_id (<u>FK</u>)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER	
An optional reference to a shared_paracvParams.	am_tree, which is a reusable containe	er of one or more	
sample_id (<u>FK</u>)	sample_id	INTEGER	
This field must reference the 'id' of the	appropriate sample.		
default_instrument_config_id (FK)	default_instrument_config_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field MUST reference the 'id' of the reference an instrument configuration,	9		
default_source_file_id (<u>FK</u>)	default_source_file_id	INTEGER	
This field can optionally reference the 'reference a source file and this field is			
default_scan_processing_id (<u>FK</u>)	default_scan_processing_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field MUST reference the 'id' of the not reference any data processing, it in because the minimum amount of data mzDB".	nplicitly refers to this data processing	g. This field is required	5
default_chrom_processing_id (<u>FK</u>)	default_chrom_processing_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field MUST reference the 'id' of the	e default data processing for the chro	omatograms. If an	

References

"conversion to mzDB".

- <u>source_file</u> through (default_source_file_id)
- <u>sample</u> through (sample_id)
- <u>instrument_configuration</u> through (default_instrument_config_id)

acquisition does not reference any data processing, it implicitly refers to this data processing. This field is required because the minimum amount of data processing that any format will undergo is

- <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)
- <u>data_processing</u> through (default_chrom_processing_id)
- <u>data_processing</u> through (default_scan_processing_id)

Referenced By

- spectrum referencing (id)
- <u>run_slice</u> referencing (id)
- <u>chromatogram</u> referencing (id)

3.15 run_slice

A "run slice" is a region of the run containing MS peaks in a given m/z scan window and in the whole duration of the run.

Constraints: UNIQUE(number, ms_level)

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable	
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL	
Automatically incremented primary	key.				
ms_level	ms_level	INTEGER		NOT NULL	
Stage of MS achieved for this run slice in a multi stage mass spectrometry experiment.					
number	number	INTEGER		NOT NULL	
This field allows a series of consec	cutive run slices to be placed in the co	orrect order.			
begin_mz	begin_mz	REAL		NOT NULL	
The theoretical minimum m/z of the	e run slice.				
end_mz	end_mz	REAL		NOT NULL	
The theoretical maximum m/z of the	ne run slice.				
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB			
This field can contain optionally the schema specifications).	e table cvParams and userParams as	an XML string (see	XML		
run_id (<u>FK</u>)	run_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL	
This field must reference the 'id' of	the corresponding run.				

References

• <u>run</u> through (run_id)

Referenced By

• <u>bounding box</u> referencing (id)

3.16 **sample**

Description of the samples used to generate the dataset.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable	
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL	
Automatically incremented primary	key.				
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
A unique name for the sample des	cription.				
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB			
This field can contain optionally the table cvParams and userParams as an XML string (see XML schema specifications).					
shared_param_tree_id (FK)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER			
An optional reference to a shared_cvParams.	param_tree, which is a reusable of	container of one or mo	re		

References

• <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)

Referenced By

• <u>run</u> referencing (id)

3.17 scan_settings

Description of the acquisition settings of the instrument prior to the start of the run.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary k	key.			
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		
This field can contain optionally the schema specifications).	table cvParams and userParams a	s an XML string (se	e XML	
shared_param_tree_id (FK)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_p cvParams.	aram_tree, which is a reusable cor	ntainer of one or mo	re	

References

• <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)

Referenced By

- source file scan settings map referencing (id)
- <u>target</u> referencing (id)

3.18 shared_param_tree

A tree of CVParam and UserParam elements that can be shared with some mzDB tables.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	е Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented pr	rimary key.			
data	data	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain a tree of cvParams and userParams as an XML string. The later must valid regarding the schema defined in the correspondig param_tre_shema record.				
schema_name (<u>FK</u>)	schema_name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
TI: (: 1.1) () ()	6.0			

This field must reference the name of the appropriate param tree schema.

References

• <u>param_tree_schema</u> through (schema_name)

Referenced By

- <u>instrument_configuration</u> referencing (id)
- spectrum referencing (id)
- scan settings referencing (id)
- <u>software</u> referencing (id)
- <u>run</u> referencing (id)
- <u>target</u> referencing (id)

- sample referencing (id)
- processing_method referencing (id)
- source_file referencing (id)
- <u>chromatogram</u> referencing (id)

3.19 **software**

Software used to acquire and/or process the data.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary	key.			
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
A unique name for this software.				
version	version	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
The software version.				
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cv specifications).	Params and userParams as an X	ML string (see XML so	hema	
shared_param_tree_id (FK)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_	param_tree, which is a reusable of	container of one or mor	re	

cvParams.

References

• <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)

Referenced By

- <u>instrument configuration</u> referencing (id) <u>processing method</u> referencing (id)

3.20 source_file

Descriptions of the source files this mzDB was generated or derived from.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary	key.			
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
Name of the source file, without refe	erence to location (either URI or I	ocal path).		
location	location	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
URI-formatted location where the fil	e was retrieved.			
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cvF specifications).	Params and userParams as an X	ML string (see XML sc	hema	
shared_param_tree_id (<u>FK</u>)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_rcvParams.	param_tree, which is a reusable of	container of one or mor	e	

References

• <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)

Referenced By

- <u>run</u> referencing (id)
- source file scan settings map referencing (id)
- <u>spectrum</u> referencing (id)

3.21 source_file_scan_settings_map

Mapping between the source files and the acquisition settings.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
scan_settings_id (PK) (FK)	scan_settings_id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of	the corresponding scan settings.			
source_file_id (PK) (FK)	source_file_id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of	the corresponding source file.			

References

- <u>source_file</u> through (source_file_id)
- scan_settings through (scan_settings_id)

3.22 spectrum

The structure that captures the generation of a peak list. Also describes some of the parameters for the mass spectrometer for a given acquisition (or list of acquisitions). Subsidiary acquisition data points are stored in corresponding bounding boxes.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name Type			Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary key.				
initial_id	initial_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL
The native identifier of the spectrum as	an integer.			
title	title	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
A title describing this spectrum. It may o	orrespond to the 'filter string' CV pa	aram.		
cycle	cycle	INTEGER		NOT NULL
The cycle number this spectrum refers t related MS2 scans.	o. A given cycle will typically conta	ins an MS1 scan an	d all	
time	time	REAL		NOT NULL
The scan starting time in seconds.				
ms_level	ms_level	INTEGER		NOT NULL
Stage of MS achieved for this spectrum	in a multi stage mass spectrometry	y experiment.		
activation_type	activation_type	VARCHAR(10)		NOT NULL
The type of activation used for fragment This field stores only a 3 letters label (e. CID, ETD, HCD), but more detailled info	g.	ne param_tree field.		
tic	tic	REAL		NOT NULL
The total ion current of this spectrum.				
base_peak_mz	base_peak_moz DOUBLE			NOT NULL
The m/z value of the most intense peak				
base_peak_intensity	base_peak_intensity	REAL		NOT NULL

The intensity value of the most intense peak.

The intensity value of the most intense	e peak.		
main_precursor_mz	main_precursor_mz	DOUBLE	
The m/z value of the main precursor ic	on (first entry of precursor list).		
main_precursor_charge	main_precursor_charge	INTEGER	
The charge value of the main precurso	or ion (first entry of precursor list).		
data_points_count	data_points_count	INTEGER	NOT NULL
The number of data points for this spe	ctrum.		
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB	NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cvPar specifications).	ams and userParams as an XML s	string (see XML schema	
scan_list	scan_list	CLOB	
List and descriptions of scans.			
precursor_list	precursor_list	CLOB	
List and descriptions of precursor isola	ations to the spectrum currently bei	ng described, ordered.	
product_list	product_list	CLOB	
List and descriptions of product isolation	ons to the spectrum currently being	g described, ordered.	
shared_param_tree_id (<u>FK</u>)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER	
An optional reference to a shared_par cvParams.	am_tree, which is a reusable conta	iner of one or more	
instrument_configuration_id (FK)	instrument_configuration_id	INTEGER	
This field can optionally reference the	'id' of the appropriate instrument co	onfiguration.	
source_file_id (<u>FK</u>)	source_file_id	INTEGER	
This field can optionally reference the	'id' of the appropriate source_file.		
run_id (<u>FK</u>)	run_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of the	corresponding run.		
data_processing_id (<u>FK</u>)	data_processing_id	INTEGER	
This field can optionally reference the processing_method table).	'id' of the appropriate data_process	sing (see	
data_encoding_id (<u>FK</u>)	data_encoding_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
This field must reference the 'id' of the	appropriate data_encoding.		
bb_first_spectrum_id (<u>FK</u>)	bb_first_spectrum_id	INTEGER	NOT NULL
The first spectrum id of the bounding being the mzDB a BB is only linked to the		data region. Thus to know	

References

- <u>spectrum</u> through (bb_first_spectrum_id)
- <u>run</u> through (run_id)
- <u>source_file_id</u> through (source_file_id)

spectrum that is effectively linked to a BB.

• <u>instrument_configuration</u> through (instrument_configuration_id)

the BB corresponding to each spectrum of the run one has to use this foreign key referencing a

- <u>data_encoding</u> through (data_encoding_id)
- <u>shared_param_tree</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)
- <u>data_processing</u> through (data_processing_id)

Referenced By

- <u>spectrum</u> referencing (id)
- <u>bounding box</u> referencing (id)
- <u>bounding box</u> referencing (id)

3.23 table_param_tree_schema

This table allows to 'logically' map a given table to its corresponding param_tree schema.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
table_name (PK)	table_name	VARCHAR(0)	PK	NOT NULL
The name of the table.				
schema_name (<u>FK</u>)	schema_name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL
The name of the schema.				

References

• <u>param_tree_schema</u> through (schema_name)

3.24 **target**

Contains the target list (or 'inclusion list') configured prior to the run.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL
Automatically incremented primary key.				
param_tree	param_tree	CLOB		NOT NULL
This field must contain the table cvParan specifications).	ns and userParams as an XML stri	ng (see XML sch	ema	
shared_param_tree_id (<u>FK</u>)	shared_param_tree_id	INTEGER		
An optional reference to a shared_paran cvParams.	n_tree, which is a reusable contain	er of one or more		
scan_settings_id (FK) Automatically incremented primary key.	scan_settings_id	INTEGER		NOT NULL

References

- scan settings through (scan_settings_id)
- <u>shared_param_tree_id</u> through (shared_param_tree_id)

3.25 user_term

This table lists the uncontrolled user parameters used in the mzDB file.

Logical Column Name	Physical Column Name	Туре	PK	Nullable	
id (PK)	id	INTEGER	PK	NOT NULL	
Automatically incremented p	rimary key.				
name	name	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
The unique name for the par	rameter.				
type	type	VARCHAR(0)		NOT NULL	
The datatype of the parameter, where appropriate (e.g.: xsd:float).					
unit_accession (FK)	unit_accession	VARCHAR(0)			
This field can optionally reference the CV accession number of the appropriate unit					

References

4. Metadata XML schemata

4.1 Element <params>

Definition: A tree of CVParam and UserParam elements.

dx:ParamGroupType Type:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
userParam	0		Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000133" name="collision-induced dissociation"</pre>

Example Context:

Subelements:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000045" name="collision energy" value="35"</pre> unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000266" unitName="electronvolt"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000419" name="collision gas" value="nitrogen"/> </params> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000579" name="MS1 spectrum" value=""/>

<params>

value=""/>

Example cvParams:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000130" name="positive scan" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000580" name="MSn spectrum" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000514" name="m/z array" unitCvRef="MS"</pre> ccvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000514" name="m/z array" unitCvRef="MS"
unitAccession="MS:100040" unitName="m/z"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000523" name="64-bit float"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000576" name="no compression"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000515" name="intensity array" unitCvRef="MS"
unitAccession="MS:1000131" unitName="number of counts"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000521" name="32-bit float"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000516" name="charge array"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000516" name="charge array"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:10006448" name="1TO ET" yalva=""/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000448" name="LTQ FT" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000529" name="instrument serial number"</pre> value="SN06061F"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000032" name="customization" value="none"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000133" name="collision-induced dissociation"</pre> value=""/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000045" name="collision energy" value="35"</pre> unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000266" unitName="electronvolt"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000419" name="collision gas" value="nitrogen"/>

Notes This element is referred as param_tree in the SQL schema.

Element <fileContent> 4.2

This summarizes the different types of spectra that can be expected in the file. This is expected to aid processing software in skipping files that do not contain appropriate

spectrum types for it. It should also describe the nativeID format used in the file by

referring to an appropriate CV term.

Type: dx:ParamGroupType

Attributes: none

Subelements:

Definition:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.

<u>cvParam</u>	0		This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
userParam	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

<fileContent>

Example Context:

cvParam Mapping

Rules:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000580" name="MSn spectrum" value=""/>
<userParam name="ProteoWizard" value="Thermo RAW data converted to mzML, with additional
MIAPE parameters added for illustration"/>

</fileContent>

MUST supply a *child* term of MS:1000524 (data file content) one or more times e.g.: MS:1000235 (total ion current chromatogram)

e.g.: MS:1000235 (total ion current chromatogram)
e.g.: MS:1000322 (charge inversion mass spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000322 (charge inversion mass spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000325 (constant neutral gain spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000325 (constant neutral gain spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000326 (constant neutral loss spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000326 (constant neutral loss spectrum)

e.g.: MS:1000328 (e/2 mass spectrum)
e.g.: MS:1000341 (precursor ion spectrum)

et al.

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000525 (spectrum representation) only once e.g.: MS:1000127 (centroid spectrum) e.g.: MS:1000128 (profile spectrum)

Example cvParams:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000580" name="MSn spectrum" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000127" name="centroid spectrum" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000326" name="constant neutral loss spectrum"/>

4.3 Element < contact>

Definition:

Structure allowing the use of a controlled (cvParam) or uncontrolled vocabulary

(userParam), or a reference to a predefined set of these in this mzML file

(paramGroupRef).

Type: dx:ParamGroupType

<contact>

Attributes: none

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

Subelements:

Example Context:

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000585 (contact person attribute) one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000586 (contact name) cvParam e.g.: MS:1000587 (contact address) e.g.: MS:1000588 (contact URL) Mapping e.g.: MS:1000589 (contact email) e.g.: MS:1000590 (contact organization) Rules:

MUST supply term MS:1000590 (contact organization) only once

MUST supply term MS:1000586 (contact name) only once

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000586" name="contact name" value="William</pre> Pennington"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000590" name="contact organization"</pre>

value="Higglesworth University"/

Example <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000587" name="contact address" value="12 Higglesworth</pre>

cvParams:

Avenue, 12045, HI, USA"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000588" name="contact URL"

value="http://www.higglesworth.edu/"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000589" name="contact email"</pre>

value="wpennington@higglesworth.edu"/>

4.4 Element < componentList>

List with the different components used in the mass spectrometer. At least one **Definition:**

source, one mass analyzer and one detector need to be specified.

dx:ComponentListType Type:

Attributes:

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
count	xs:nonNegativeInteger	required	The number of components in this list.

Subelements:

Example

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
source	1	unlim	A source component.
analyzer	1	unlim	A mass analyzer (or mass filter) component.
detector	1	unlim	A detector component.

<componentList count="3">

<source order="1">

cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000073" name="electrospray ionization" value=""/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000057" name="electrospray inlet" value=""/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000486" name="source potential" value="4.20"

unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000218" unitName="volt"/> Context:

</source> <analyzer order="2">

</componentList>

4.5 Element <source>

Definition: A source component. Type:

dx:SourceComponentType

Attributes:

Attribu Name		Use	Definition
order	xs:int	required	This attribute MUST be used to indicate the order in which the components are encountered from source to detector (e.g., in a Q-TOF, the quadrupole would have the lower order number, and the TOF the higher number of the two).

Subelements:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0		This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.

userParam	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead
-----------	---	-------	--

Example Context:

cvParam Mapping

Rules:

<source order="1">
 <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000073" name="electrospray ionization" value=""/>
 <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000057" name="electrospray inlet" value=""/>
 <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000486" name="source potential" value="4.20"
unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000218" unitName="volt"/>
 </source>

Path componentList/source

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000482 (source attribute) one or more times e.g.: MS:1000392 (ionization efficiency) e.g.: MS:1000486 (source potential)
MUST supply term MS:1000008 (ionization type) or any of its children only once e.g.: MS:1000070 (atmospheric pressure chemical ionization) e.g.: MS:1000071 (chemical ionization) e.g.: MS:1000074 (fast atom bombardment ionization) e.g.: MS:1000075 (matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization) e.g.: MS:1000227 (multiphoton ionization) e.g.: MS:1000239 (atmospheric pressure matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization) e.g.: MS:1000255 (flowing afterglow) e.g.: MS:1000257 (field desorption) e.g.: MS:1000258 (field ionization) e.g.: MS:1000259 (glow discharge ionization) et al. MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000007 (inlet type) only once e.g.: MS:1000055 (continuous flow fast atom bombardment) e.g.: MS:1000056 (direct inlet) e.g.: MS:1000058 (flow injection analysis) e.g.: MS:1000059 (inductively coupled plasma) e.g.: MS:1000060 (infusion) e.g.: MS:1000061 (jet separator) e.g.: MS:1000062 (membrane separator) e.g.: MS:1000063 (moving belt) e.g.: MS:1000064 (moving wire)

Example cvParams:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000398" name="nanoelectrospray" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000073" name="electrospray ionization" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000057" name="electrospray inlet" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000486" name="source potential" value="4.20"
unitCvRef="U0" unitAccession="U0:0000218" unitName="volt"/>

4.6 Element <analyzer>

Definition: A mass analyzer (or mass filter) component.

e.g.: MS:1000065 (open split)

Type: dx:AnalyzerComponentType

et al.

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition		
order	xs:int	required	This attribute MUST be used to indicate the order in which the components are encountered from source to detector (e.g., in a Q-TOF, the quadrupole would have the lower order number, and the TOF the higher number of the two).		

Attributes:

Subelement Name		max	Definition	
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.	
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.	
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text), Before	

Subelements:

	using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead
--	--

Example Context:

<analyzer order="2">

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000079" name="fourier transform ion cyclotron</pre>

resonance mass spectrometer" value=""/> </analyzer>

Path componentList/analyzer

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000480 (mass analyzer attribute) one or more times e.g.: MS:1000014 (accuracy) e.g.: MS:1000022 (TOF Total Path Length) e.g.: MS:1000024 (final MS exponent) e.g.: MS:1000025 (magnetic field strength)

cvParam **Mapping** Rules:

e.g.: MS:1000105 (reflectron off)
e.g.: MS:1000106 (reflectron on)
MUST supply term MS:1000443 (mass analyzer type) or any of its children only once
e.g.: MS:1000078 (axial ejection linear ion trap)
e.g.: MS:1000079 (fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometer)

e.g.: MS:1000080 (magnetic sector) e.g.: MS:1000081 (quadrupole) e.g.: MS:1000082 (quadrupole ion trap)

e.g.: MS:1000083 (radial ejection linear ion trap) e.g.: MS:1000084 (time-of-flight)

e.g.: MS:1000254 (electrostatic energy analyzer)

e.g.: MS:1000284 (stored waveform inverse fourier transform)

e.g.: MS:1000288 (cyclotron)

et al.

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000082" name="quadrupole ion trap" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000081" name="quadrupole"/>

Example

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000084" name="time-of-flight"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000079" name="fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance
mass spectrometer" value=""/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000083" name="radial ejection linear ion trap"
value=""/>

4.7 Element <detector>

Definition: A detector component.

Type: dx:DetectorComponentType

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
order	xs:int	required	This attribute MUST be used to indicate the order in which the components are encountered from source to detector (e.g., in a Q-TOF, the quadrupole would have the lower order number, and the TOF the higher number of the two).

Attributes:

cvParams:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

Subelements:

Example Context:

<detector order="4">

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000114" name="microchannel plate detector"/>

</detector>

cvParam

Path componentList/detector

MUST supply term MS:1000026 (detector type) or any of its children only once

```
e.g.: MS:1000107 (channeltron)
Mapping
                                  e.g.: MS:1000108 (conversion dynode electron multiplier)
Rules:
                                   e.g.: MS:1000109 (conversion dynode photomultiplier)
                                   e.g.: MS:1000110 (daly detector)
                                  e.g.: MS:1000111 (electron multiplier tube) e.g.: MS:1000112 (faraday cup)
                                   e.g.: MS:1000113 (focal plane array)
                                   e.g.: MS:1000114 (microchannel plate detector)
e.g.: MS:1000115 (multi-collector)
                                   e.g.: MS:1000116 (photomultiplier)
                                   et al.
                               MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000481 (detector attribute) one or more times
                               MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000481 (detector attribute) one or more times
e.g.: MS:1000028 (detector resolution)
e.g.: MS:1000029 (sampling frequency)
MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000027 (detector acquisition mode) one or more times
e.g.: MS:1000117 (analog-digital converter)
e.g.: MS:1000118 (pulse counting)
e.g.: MS:1000119 (time-digital converter)
                                  e.g.: MS:1000120 (transient recorder)
                               <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000253" name="electron multiplier" value=""/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000114" name="microchannel plate detector"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000624" name="inductive detector" value=""/>
Example
cvParams:
```

4.8 Element <scanList>

Definition: List and descriptions of scans.

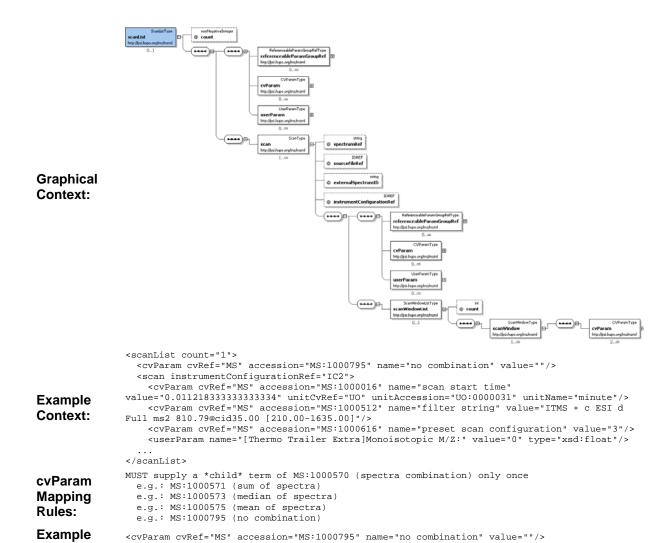
Type: dx:ScanListType

Attributes:

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
count	xs:nonNegativeInteger	required	the number of scans defined in this list.

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead
scan	1	unlim	Scan or acquisition from original raw file used to create this peak list, as specified in sourceFile.

Subelements



cvParams:

Definition: List and descriptions of precursor isolations to the spectrum currently being described,

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000571" name="sum of spectra"/>

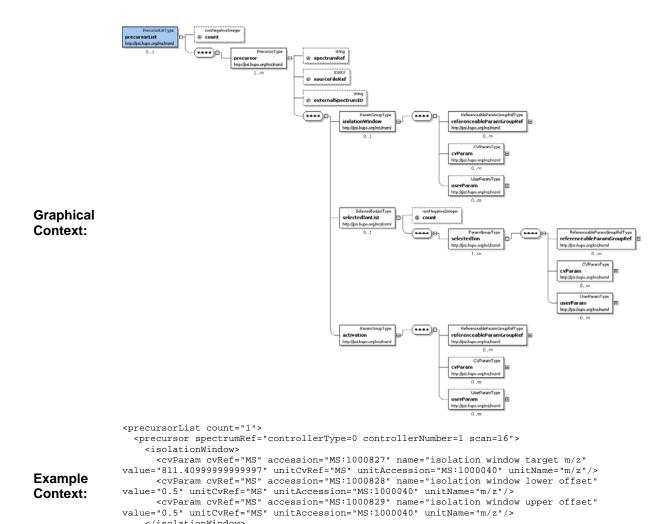
ordered.

Type: dx:PrecursorListType

Subelements Subelement Name min max Definition

: Definition

The method of precursor ion selection and activation



List and descriptions of product isolations to the spectrum currently being described, **Definition:**

ordered.

</isolationWindow>

...
</precursorList>

Type: dx:ProductListType

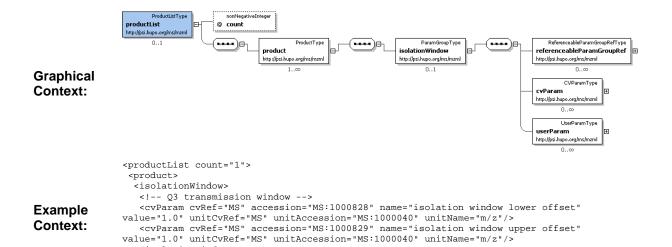
Attributes:

Context:

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
count	xs:nonNegativeInteger	required	The number of product isolations in this list.

Subelements

•	Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
	product	1	uniim	The method of product ion selection and activation in a precursor ion scan



4.11 Element <scan>

Scan or acquisition from original raw file used to create this peak list, as specified in **Definition:**

sourceFile. Type:

dx:ScanType

</productList>

</isolationWindow>

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
externalSpectrumID	xs:string	optional	For scans that are external to this document, this string MUST correspond to the 'id' attribute of a spectrum in the external document indicated by 'sourceFileRef'.
instrumentConfigurationRef	xs:IDREF	optional	This attribute can optionally reference the 'id' attribute of the appropriate instrument configuration.
sourceFileRef	xs:IDREF	optional	If this attribute is set, it MUST reference the 'id' attribute of a sourceFile representing the external document containing the spectrum referred to by 'externalSpectrumID'.
spectrumRef	xs:string	optional	For scans that are local to this document, this attribute can be used to reference the 'id' attribute of the spectrum corresponding to the scan.

min max **Definition Subelement Name** A reference to a previously defined referenceableParamGroupRef 0 unlim ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams. This element holds additional data or 0 unlim annotation. Only controlled values are <u>cvParam</u> allowed here. Uncontrolled user parameters 0 unlim (essentially allowing free text). Before <u>userParam</u> using these, one should verify whether

Attributes:

Subelements:

```
there is an appropriate CV term
                                           available, and if so, use the CV term
scanWindowList
                               0
                                    1
                                           Container for a list of scan windows.
```

```
<scan instrumentConfigurationRef="LCQDeca">
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000016" name="scan start time"
value="42.0499999999997" unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000010" unitName="second"/>
  <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000512" name="filter string" value="+ c MALDI Full ms</pre>
[100.00-1000.00]"/>
  <scanWindowList count="1">
    <scanWindow>
```

Example Context:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000501" name="scan window lower limit" value="100" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000500" name="scan window upper limit" value="1000" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> </scan>

Path scanList/scan

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000503 (scan attribute) one or more times e.g.: MS:1000011 (mass resolution) e.g.: MS:1000015 (scan rate) e.g.: MS:1000016 (scan start time) e.g.: MS:1000502 (dwell time) e.g.: MS:1000512 (filter string)

cvParam Mapping Rules:

e.g.: MS:1000616 (preset scan configuration) e.g.: MS:1000800 (mass resolving power) e.g.: MS:1000803 (analyzer scan offset) e.g.: MS:1000826 (elution time) $\mbox{MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000018 (scan direction) only once$ e.g.: MS:1000092 (decreasing m/z scan)
e.g.: MS:1000093 (increasing m/z scan)
MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000019 (scan law) only once

e.g.: MS:1000094 (exponential) e.g.: MS:1000095 (linear) e.g.: MS:1000096 (quadratic)

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000016" name="scan start time"
value="5.8905000000000003" unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000031" unitName="minute"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000512" name="filter string" value="+ c NSI Full ms [</pre>

Example cvParams:

400.00-1800.00]"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000616" name="preset scan configuration" value="3"/>

cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000803" name="analyzer scan offset" value="80" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

Definition: The method of precursor ion selection and activation

Type: dx:PrecursorType

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
externalSpectrumID	xs:string	optional	For precursor spectra that are external to this document, this string MUST correspond to the 'id' attribute of a spectrum in the external document indicated by 'sourceFileRef'.
sourceFileRef	xs:IDREF	optional	For precursor spectra that are external to this document, this attribute MUST reference the 'id' attribute of a sourceFile representing that external document.
spectrumRef	xs:string	optional	For precursor spectra that are local to this document, this attribute MUST be used to reference the 'id' attribute of the spectrum corresponding to the precursor spectrum.

Subelements:

Attributes:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
isolationWindow	0	1	This element captures the isolation (or 'selection') window configured to isolate one or more ions.

selectedIonList	0	1	A list of ions that were selected.			
<u>activation</u>	1	1	The type and energy level used for activation.			

<precursor spectrumRef="controllerType=0 controllerNumber=1 scan=16"> <isolationWindow>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000827" name="isolation window target m/z"</pre> value="811.409999999997" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

value="0.5" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

</isolationWindow>

<selectedIonList count="1">

</precursor>

Definition: The method of product ion selection and activation in a precursor ion scan

Type: dx:ProductType

Attributes: none

Subelements:

Example Context:

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition	
<u>isolationWindow</u>	0	1	This element captures the isolation (or 'selection') window configured to isolate one or more ions.	

<isolationWindow>

<!-- 03 transmission window -->

Example Context:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000828" name="isolation window lower offset"
value="1.0" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000829" name="isolation window upper offset"</pre> value="1.0" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

</isolationWindow>

</product>

4.14 Element <scanWindowList>

Definition: Container for a list of scan windows.

Type: dx:ScanWindowListType

Attributes:

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
count	xs:int	required	The number of scan windows defined in this list.

Subelements:

Example

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
scanWindow	1		A range of m/z values over which the instrument scans and aquires a spectrum.

<scanWindowList count="1">

<scanWindow>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000501" name="scan window lower limit" value="400"</pre> unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000500" name="scan window upper limit"</pre> Context: value="1800" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

</scanWindow>

</scanWindowList>

4.15 Element <isolationWindow>

This element captures the isolation (or 'selection') window configured to isolate one **Definition:**

or more ions.

Type: dx:ParamGroupType Attributes: none

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

<isolationWindow>

Example Context:

Subelements:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000827" name="isolation window target m/z"</pre> value="445.30000000000001" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> value="0.5" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> </isolationWindow

Path precursorList/precursor/isolationWindow

MUST supply a *child* term of MS:1000792 (isolation window attribute) one or more times

cvParam **Mapping** Rules:

Example cvParams:

e.g.: MS:1000827 (isolation window target m/z) e.g.: MS:1000828 (isolation window lower offset) e.g.: MS:1000829 (isolation window upper offset) Path productList/product/isolationWindow

MUST supply a *child* term of MS:1000792 (isolation window attribute) one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000827 (isolation window target m/z) e.g.: MS:1000828 (isolation window lower offset) e.g.: MS:1000829 (isolation window upper offset)

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000827" name="isolation window target m/z"</pre>

value="445.30000000000001" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000828" name="isolation window lower offset"
value="0.5" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000829" name="isolation window upper offset"</pre>

value="0.5" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"

4.16 Element <selectedIonList>

Definition: A list of ions that were selected.

Type: dx:SelectedIonListType

Attributes:

Subelements:

Attribute Name	Data Type	Use	Definition
count	xs:nonNegativeInteger	required	The number of selected precursor ions defined in this list.

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition		
selectedion	1	unlim	Structure allowing the use of a controlled (cvParam) or uncontrolled vocabulary (userParam), or a reference to a predefined set of these in this mzML file (paramGroupRef).		

<selectedIonList count="1">

<selectedIon>

cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000744" name="selected ion m/z"
value="1082.5037" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000633" name="possible charge state"</pre>

value="2"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000633" name="possible charge state"</pre>

value="3"/>

</selectedIon> </selectedIonList>

Example Context:

4.17 Element <activation>

Definition: The type and energy level used for activation.

Type: dx:ParamGroupType

Attributes: none

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

<activation>

Example Context:

Subelements:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000133" name="collision-induced dissociation"</pre>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000045" name="collision energy" value="35"</pre> unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000266" unitName="electronvolt"/>

</activation>

Path precursorList/precursor/activation

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000510 (precursor activation attribute) one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000045 (collision energy) e.g.: MS:1000245 (charge stripping) e.g.: MS:1000412 (buffer gas)

cvParam Mapping Rules:

e.g.: MS:1000419 (collision gas)
e.g.: MS:1000509 (activation energy)
MUST supply term MS:1000044 (dissociation method) or any of its children one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000133 (collision-induced dissociation) e.g.: MS:1000134 (plasma desorption)

e.g.: MS:1000135 (post-source decay)
e.g.: MS:1000136 (surface-induced dissociation)

e.g.: MS:1000242 (blackbody infrared radiative dissociation) e.g.: MS:1000250 (electron capture dissociation) e.g.: MS:1000262 (infrared multiphoton dissociation) e.g.: MS:1000282 (sustained off-resonance irradiation)
e.g.: MS:1000422 (high-energy collision-induced dissociation) e.g.: MS:1000433 (low-energy collision-induced dissociation)

et al.

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000133" name="collision-induced dissociation"

Example cvParams:

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000045" name="collision energy" value="35"</pre>

unitCvRef="UO" unitAccession="UO:0000266" unitName="electronvolt"/>
<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000044" name="dissociation method"/>

4.18 Element <scanWindow>

Definition: A range of m/z values over which the instrument scans and aquires a spectrum.

Type: dx:ParamGroupType

Attributes: none

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.

Subelements:

<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead
------------------	---	-------	--

cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000501" name="scan window lower limit" value="400"

Example unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

Context: <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000500" name="scan window upper limit" value="1600"</pre>

unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

</scanWindow>

Path scanList/scan/scanWindowList/scanWindow

cvParam Mapping

MAY supply a *child* term of MS:1000549 (selection window attribute) one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000500 (scan window upper limit) e.g.: MS:1000501 (scan window lower limit)

Rules: MUST supply term MS:1000500 (scan window upper limit) only once MUST supply term MS:1000501 (scan window lower limit) only once

Example cvParams: <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000501" name="scan window lower limit" value="400"</pre> unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000500" name="scan window upper limit" value="1800"</pre>

unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/>

4.19 Element <selectedlon>

Structure allowing the use of a controlled (cvParam) or uncontrolled vocabulary **Definition:**

(userParam), or a reference to a predefined set of these in this mzML file

(paramGroupRef).

Type: dx:ParamGroupType

Attributes: none

Subelement Name	min	max	Definition
referenceableParamGroupRef	0	unlim	A reference to a previously defined ParamGroup, which is a reusable container of one or more cvParams.
<u>cvParam</u>	0	unlim	This element holds additional data or annotation. Only controlled values are allowed here.
<u>userParam</u>	0	unlim	Uncontrolled user parameters (essentially allowing free text). Before using these, one should verify whether there is an appropriate CV term available, and if so, use the CV term instead

Subelements:

Example

Context:

<selectedIon>

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000744" name="selected ion m/z"</pre>

value="1082.5037" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000633" name="possible charge state"

value="2"/> <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000633" name="possible charge state"</pre> value="3"/>

</selectedIon>

Path precursorList/precursor/selectedIonList/selectedIon

cvParam MUST supply a *child* term of MS:1000455 (ion selection attribute) one or more times

e.g.: MS:1000041 (charge state) Mapping e.g.: MS:1000042 (intensity) Rules: e.g.: MS:1000633 (possible charge state)

e.g.: MS:1000744 (selected ion m/z)

<cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000744" name="selected ion m/z"
value="445.339999999997" unitCvRef="MS" unitAccession="MS:1000040" unitName="m/z"/> Example cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000042" name="intensity" value="120053"/>
cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000041" name="charge state" value="2"/> cvParams: <cvParam cvRef="MS" accession="MS:1000633" name="possible charge state" value="2"/>

5. Conclusions

This document contains the specifications for using the mzDB format to represent mass spectrometry results, metadata and associated context. This specification, in conjunction with the SQL and XML schemata constitute a proposal for a standard from the Proteomics French Infrastructure.

6. Authors and Contributors

David Bouyssié, Marc Dubois, Sara Nasso