Information Gathering

GETTING INFORMATION OF A WEBSITE
MUHAMMAD ADNAN
MUHAMMAD TAYAB

WEBSITE PAGE:











Weer Madino Singh Bhandari Uttarakhand Technical University, Dehradun was established on 27th January 2005 by Govt, of Uttarakhand through the Uttarakhand Technical University Act 2005. The Weer Macino Singh Shandari Uttarakhand Technical University campus is situated at Ni-72 Suddhowela. Dehradun is the capital of Uttarakhand State and is well connected through Rail, Raad and Ak transport. The University has been established in an area of 8.572 hectare and it is the only affiliated Private Insoftworkers to Ak State and Control of Co





- >14/12/2022 Regarding filling of examination form on the portal under Special Back Examination 2022-23 for pass out students in session 2021-22 0122
- 13/12/2022 Regarding Academic Registration & Enrolment Form Date
- 12/12/2022 Reparding Book Writing Competition 2021-22 on Economics/Banking/Finance in Hindi
- UR12/2022 EXAMINATION FORM FOR REGULAR STUDENT FOR ODD SEM BOAM
- 07/12/2072 Regarding Orid Sem Exam 2022-23 and attendance
- US/12/2022 Academic Registration & Enrolment Schedule & Instructions for Session 2022-23
- 05/12/2022 Ph.D. Entrance Examination 2022-23
- 04/12/2022 Tender Notice for Theory and Practical Answer Booklet.

- 25/11/2022-Collaboration Opportunities with Switzerland
 25/11/2022-Propsed Syllabus for Bio Technology & Chen Engineering open for suggestions on email mentioned in document.
- 24/11/2022-Meeting of University Officials with European Union Delegation was held in University Campus
- Z1/11/2022 Notification for Ywa Voce Examination of Ms. Savita Petwal on 26.11.2022

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INFORMATION ABOUT THE DOMAIN:

Server: 192.168.233.2

Address: 192.168.233.2#53

Non-authoritative answer:

Name: old.uktech.ac.in

Address: 119.18.54.69

(COLLECTED USING nslookup)

Port numbers active:

21,22,26,53,80,110,443,465,993,995,2082,2083,2086,2087,2222,3306

Other Information about the domain:

City: "Mumbai" Region: "Maharashtra" Country: "IN" Location: "19.0728,72.8826" Org: "AS394695 PDR" Postal:"400017" Timezone: "Asia/Kolkata" ASN:"AS394695" Name: "PDR" Domain: "publicdomainregistry.com" Route:"119.18.54.0/24" Type: "hosting" Name: "Hostgator Asian Operations Division" Domain: "hostgator.in" Address: "1st Floor, Near Mahatma Nagar Cricket Ground, Mahatma Nagar, Nashik, Maharashtra, India", email: "abuse@publicdomainregistry.com",

Name: "ABUSE HGINDIAAP",

network:"119.18.48.0/20",

MAIN EMAIL TEMPLATE

registrar@uktech.ac.in

LOCATION

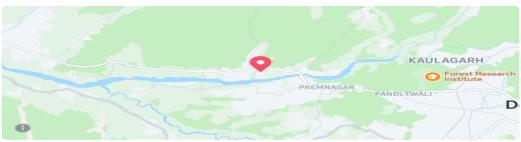
Phone

0135 277 0059

Uttrakhand Technical University

GOVT. GIRLS POLYTECHNIC CAMPUS, PREMNAGAR SUDHOWALA, Dehradun, Uttrakhand 248007, IN

Contact info



Veer Madho Singh Bhandari Uttarakhand Technical University, Chandanwadi, Prem Nagar, Sudhowala, Dehradun (Uttarakhand), Dehra Dun, India, 248007 Address

Dehra Dun, Uttarakhand, India Service area

Company Information

Number of Employees: 251-1K

Type: Education

Annual Revenue: \$100M-\$250M

Name: Uttarakhand Technical University

Subdomains:

www.uktech.ac.in

affiliation.uktech.ac.in

www.affiliation.uktech.ac.in

fot.uktech.ac.in

www.fot.uktech.ac.in

ihub.uktech.ac.in

old.uktech.ac.in

payadmin.uktech.ac.in

payment.uktech.ac.in

result.uktech.ac.in

teqip.uktech.ac.in

www.tegip.uktech.ac.in

uksee.uktech.ac.in

utu.uktech.ac.in

Vulnerabilities

2023

CVE-2023-51767

OpenSSH through 9.6, when common types of DRAM are used, might allow row hammer attacks (for authentication bypass) because the integer value of authenticated in mm_answer_authpassword does not resist flips of a single bit. NOTE: this is applicable to a certain threat model of attacker-victim colocation in which the attacker has user privileges.

CVE-2023-51385

In ssh in OpenSSH before 9.6, OS command injection might occur if a user name or host name has shell metacharacters, and this name is referenced by an expansion token in certain situations. For example, an untrusted Git repository can have a submodule with shell metacharacters in a user name or host name.

CVE-2023-48795

The SSH transport protocol with certain OpenSSH extensions, found in OpenSSH before 9.6 and other products, allows remote attackers to bypass integrity checks such that some packets are omitted (from

the extension negotiation message), and a client and server may consequently end up with a connection for which some security features have been downgraded or disabled, aka a Terrapin attack. This occurs because the SSH Binary Packet Protocol (BPP), implemented by these extensions, mishandles the handshake phase and mishandles use of sequence numbers. For example, there is an effective attack against SSH's use of ChaCha20-Poly1305 (and CBC with Encrypt-then-MAC). The bypass occurs in chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com and (if CBC is used) the -etm@openssh.com MAC algorithms. This also affects Maverick Synergy Java SSH API before 3.1.0-SNAPSHOT, Dropbear through 2022.83, Ssh before 5.1.1 in Erlang/OTP, PuTTY before 0.80, AsyncSSH before 2.14.2, golang.org/x/crypto before 0.17.0, libssh before 0.10.6, libssh2 through 1.11.0, Thorn Tech SFTP Gateway before 3.4.6, Tera Term before 5.1, Paramiko before 3.4.0, jsch before 0.2.15, SFTPGo before 2.5.6, Netgate pfSense Plus through 23.09.1, Netgate pfSense CE through 2.7.2, HPN-SSH through 18.2.0, ProFTPD before 1.3.8b (and before 1.3.9rc2), ORYX CycloneSSH before 2.3.4, NetSarang XShell 7 before Build 0144, CrushFTP before 10.6.0, ConnectBot SSH library before 2.2.22, Apache MINA sshd through 2.11.0, sshj through 0.37.0, TinySSH through 20230101, trilead-ssh2 6401, LANCOM LCOS and LANconfig, FileZilla before 3.66.4, Nova before 11.8, PKIX-SSH before 14.4, SecureCRT before 9.4.3, Transmit5 before 5.10.4, Win32-OpenSSH before 9.5.0.0p1-Beta, WinSCP before 6.2.2, Bitvise SSH Server before 9.32, Bitvise SSH Client before 9.33, KiTTY through 0.76.1.13, the net-ssh gem 7.2.0 for Ruby, the mscdex ssh2 module before 1.15.0 for Node.js, the thrussh library before 0.35.1 for Rust, and the Russh crate before 0.40.2 for Rust.

CVE-2023-38408

The PKCS#11 feature in ssh-agent in OpenSSH before 9.3p2 has an insufficiently trustworthy search path, leading to remote code execution if an agent is forwarded to an attacker-controlled system. (Code in /usr/lib is not necessarily safe for loading into ssh-agent.) NOTE: this issue exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2016-10009.

2021

CVE-2021-41617

4.4sshd in OpenSSH 6.2 through 8.x before 8.8, when certain non-default configurations are used, allows privilege escalation because supplemental groups are not initialized as expected. Helper programs for AuthorizedKeysCommand and AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand may run with privileges associated with group memberships of the sshd process, if the configuration specifies running the command as a different user.

CVE-2021-36368

2.6 An issue was discovered in OpenSSH before 8.9. If a client is using public-key authentication with agent forwarding but without -oLogLevel=verbose, and an attacker has silently modified the server to support the None authentication option, then the user cannot determine whether FIDO authentication is going to confirm that the user wishes to connect to that server, or that the user wishes to allow that server to connect to a different server on the user's behalf. NOTE: the vendor's position is "this is not an authentication bypass, since nothing is being bypassed.

2020

CVE-2020-15778

6.8 scp in OpenSSH through 8.3p1 allows command injection in the scp.c toremote function, as demonstrated by backtick characters in the destination argument. NOTE: the vendor reportedly has stated that they intentionally omit validation of "anomalous argument transfers" because that could "stand a great chance of breaking existing workflows."

CVE-2020-14145

4.3 The client side in OpenSSH 5.7 through 8.4 has an Observable Discrepancy leading to an information leak in the algorithm negotiation. This allows man-in-the-middle attackers to target initial connection attempts (where no host key for the server has been cached by the client). NOTE: some reports state that 8.5 and 8.6 are also affected.

CVE-2020-11023

4.3 In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.0.3 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML containing <option> elements from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. .html(), .append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

CVE-2020-11022

4.3 In jQuery versions greater than or equal to 1.2 and before 3.5.0, passing HTML from untrusted sources - even after sanitizing it - to one of jQuery's DOM manipulation methods (i.e. .html(), .append(), and others) may execute untrusted code. This problem is patched in jQuery 3.5.0.

2019

CVE-2019-11358

iQuery before 3.4.0, as used in Drupal, Backdrop CMS, and other products, mishandles jQuery.extend(true, {}, ...) because of Object.prototype pollution. If an unsanitized source object contained an enumerable __proto__ property, it could extend the native Object.prototype.

CVE-2019-6111

5.8 An issue was discovered in OpenSSH 7.9. Due to the scp implementation being derived from 1983 rcp, the server chooses which files/directories are sent to the client. However, the scp client only performs cursory validation of the object name returned (only directory traversal attacks are prevented). A malicious scp server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can overwrite arbitrary files in the scp client target directory. If recursive operation (-r) is performed, the server can manipulate subdirectories as well (for example, to overwrite the .ssh/authorized_keys file).

CVE-2019-6110

4.0 In OpenSSH 7.9, due to accepting and displaying arbitrary stderr output from the server, a malicious server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can manipulate the client output, for example to use ANSI control codes to hide additional files being transferred.

CVE-2019-6109

4.0 An issue was discovered in OpenSSH 7.9. Due to missing character encoding in the progress display, a malicious server (or Man-in-The-Middle attacker) can employ crafted object names to manipulate the client output, e.g., by using ANSI control codes to hide additional files being transferred. This affects refresh progress meter() in progressmeter.c.

2018

CVE-2018-20685

2.6 In OpenSSH 7.9, scp.c in the scp client allows remote SSH servers to bypass intended access restrictions via the filename of . or an empty filename. The impact is modifying the permissions of the target directory on the client side.

CVE-2018-15919

5.0 Remotely observable behaviour in auth-gss2.c in OpenSSH through 7.8 could be used by remote attackers to detect existence of users on a target system when GSS2 is in use. NOTE: the discoverer states 'We understand that the OpenSSH developers do not want to treat such a username enumeration (or "oracle") as a vulnerability.'

CVE-2018-15473

5.0 OpenSSH through 7.7 is prone to a user enumeration vulnerability due to not delaying bailout for an invalid authenticating user until after the packet containing the request has been fully parsed, related to auth2-gss.c, auth2-hostbased.c, and auth2-pubkey.c.

2017

CVE-2017-15906

5.0 The process_open function in sftp-server.c in OpenSSH before 7.6 does not properly prevent write operations in readonly mode, which allows attackers to create zero-length files.

2016

CVE-2016-20012

4.3 OpenSSH through 8.7 allows remote attackers, who have a suspicion that a certain combination of username and public key is known to an SSH server, to test whether this suspicion is correct. This occurs because a challenge is sent only when that combination could be valid for a login session. NOTE: the vendor does not recognize user enumeration as a vulnerability for this product

2008

CVE-2008-3844

9.3 Certain Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 4 and 5 packages for OpenSSH, as signed in August 2008 using a legitimate Red Hat GPG key, contain an externally introduced modification (Trojan Horse) that allows the package authors to have an unknown impact. NOTE: since the malicious packages were not distributed from any official Red Hat sources, the scope of this issue is restricted to users who may have obtained these packages through unofficial distribution points. As of 20080827, no unofficial distributions of this software are known.

2007

CVE-2007-2768

4.3 OpenSSH, when using OPIE (One-Time Passwords in Everything) for PAM, allows remote attackers to determine the existence of certain user accounts, which displays a different response if the user account exists and is configured to use one-time passwords (OTP), a similar issue to CVE-2007-2243.

Social Links:

Twitter Handle: VMSBUTU



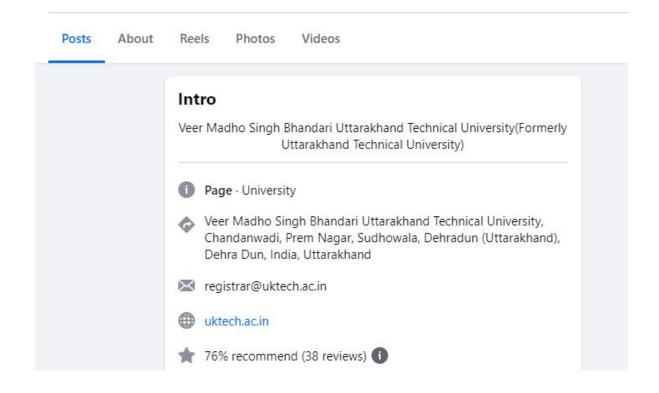
Facebook Handle: uttrakhandtechnicaluniversity

facebook

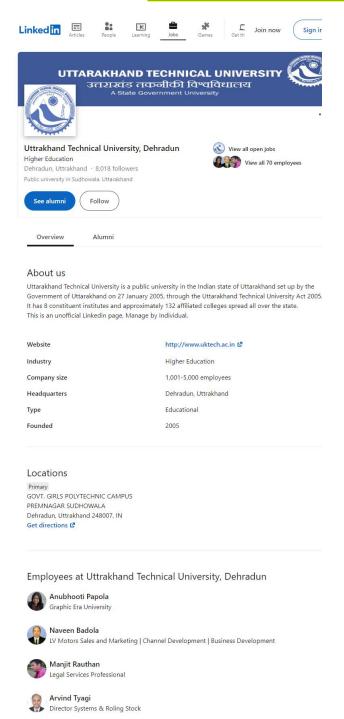


Uttarakhand Technical University

5.6K likes • 5.8K followers



LinkedIn Handle: school/uttarakhandtechnicaluniversity



Important Persons of this Organization

 Porf. Onkar Singh Dr. Onkar Singh-Vice Chancellor VMSB Uttarakhand Technical University, Dehradun/Ex-VC-Madan Mohan Malaviya Univ of Tech, Gorakhpur; UPTU, Lucknow VCSGUUHF, Bharsar

