

Ethical Hacking

Report

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Data Scrapping Techniques

Data scraping, or web scraping, is a process of importing data from websites into files or spreadsheets. It is used to extract data from the web, either for personal use by the scraping operator, or to reuse the data on other websites

Tools

Mozenda Inc

Common Crawl

Dexi.io

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Google Dorks and Advanced Search Queries

Google Dorks is a search technique that utilizes advanced operators to uncover sensitive or specific information on the internet, useful for cybersecurity, competitive intelligence, and research.

Tools

Google Hacking Database

Dorkbot

Geolocation & IP tracing

Cyberattacks can often be traced by IP address origin, which can be critical to identifying and mitigating security threats.

Organizations use IP-based geolocation to detect and prevent unusual access to their networks

Tools

Wireshark

Wireshark

The image shows the Wireshark network traffic capture interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Go, Capture, Analyze, Statistics, Telephony, Wireless, Tools, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons for file operations, capture control, and analysis. A display filter bar shows "Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>".

The main packet list table displays the following data:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000000	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	216	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
2	1.003859118	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	216	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
3	2.019955534	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	216	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
4	3.040749282	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	216	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
5	35.696996476	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	217	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
6	36.706158003	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	217	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
7	37.706864117	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	217	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
8	38.707599533	192.168.44.1	239.255.255.250	SSDP	217	M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
9	41.221420565	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
10	42.617601478	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
11	43.221490877	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
12	44.217780423	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
13	50.139916639	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
14	50.716892542	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
15	51.714746262	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1
16	53.163987455	VMware_c0:00:08	Broadcast	ARP	60	Who has 192.168.44.2? Tell 192.168.44.1

The packet details pane for the selected packet (No. 1) shows the following structure:

- Frame 1: 216 bytes on wire (1728 bits), 216 bytes captured (1728 bits) on interface 0
- Ethernet II, Src: VMware_c0:00:08 (00:50:56:c0:00:08), Dst: IPv4mcast_7
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.44.1, Dst: 239.255.255.250
- User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 57140, Dst Port: 1900
- Simple Service Discovery Protocol

The packet bytes pane shows the raw data in hexadecimal and ASCII. The SSDP M-SEARCH packet structure is visible, including the "M-SEARCH" method, "ST: urn:schemas-upnp-org:service:1:0" (Google Chrome/1.0.653.3.73 Windows), and "MAN: ssdp:discover" (ssdp:discover).