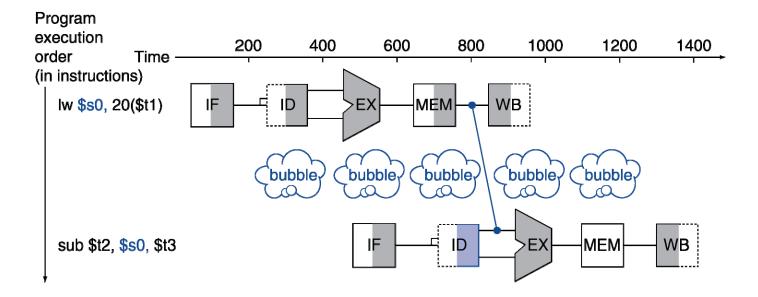# Chapter 4

The Processor

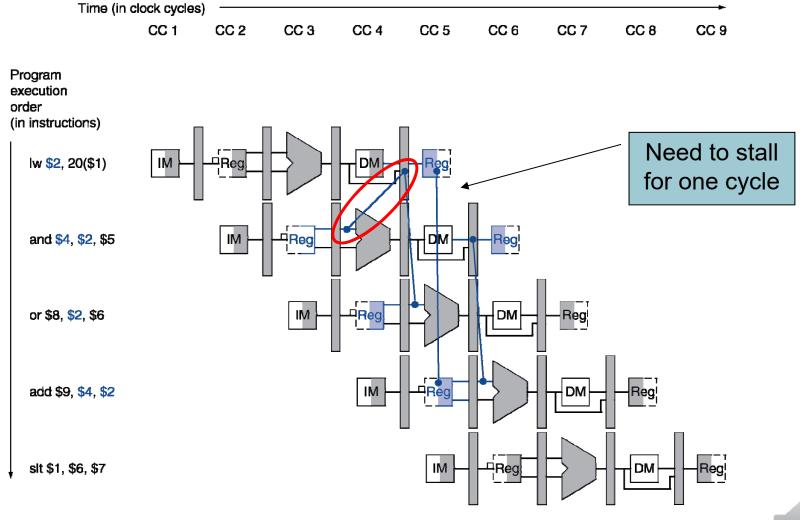# Load-Use Data Hazard

- Can't always avoid stalls by forwarding
  - If value not computed when needed
  - Can't forward backward in time!

Load-Use Data Hazard

Load-Use Hazard Detection

- Check when using instruction is decoded in ID stage

- ALU operand register numbers in ID stage are given by
  - IF/ID.RegisterRs, IF/ID.RegisterRt

- Load-use hazard when
  - ID/EX.MemRead and
    ((ID/EX.RegisterRt = IF/ID.RegisterRs) or
    (ID/EX.RegisterRt = IF/ID.RegisterRt))

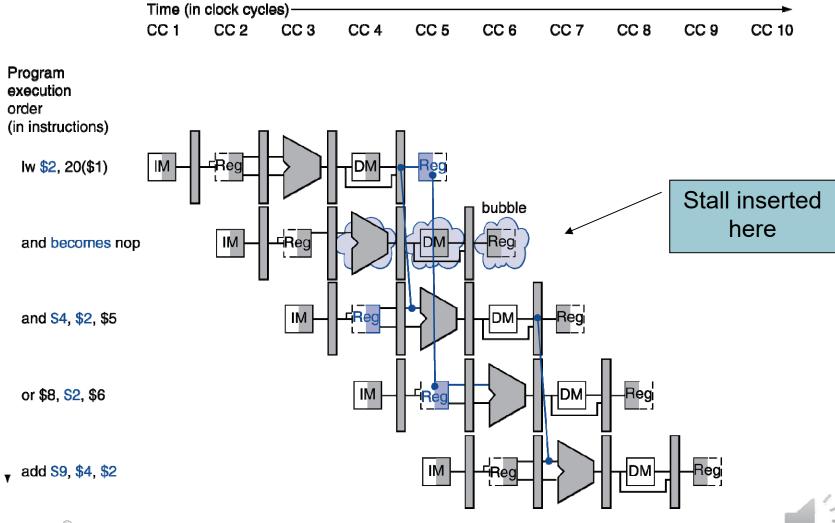- If detected, stall and insert bubble

How to Stall the Pipeline

- Force control values in ID/EX register to 0
  - EX, MEM and WB do nop (no-operation)
- Prevent update of PC and IF/ID register
  - Using instruction is decoded again
  - Following instruction is fetched again
  - 1-cycle stall allows MEM to read data for lw
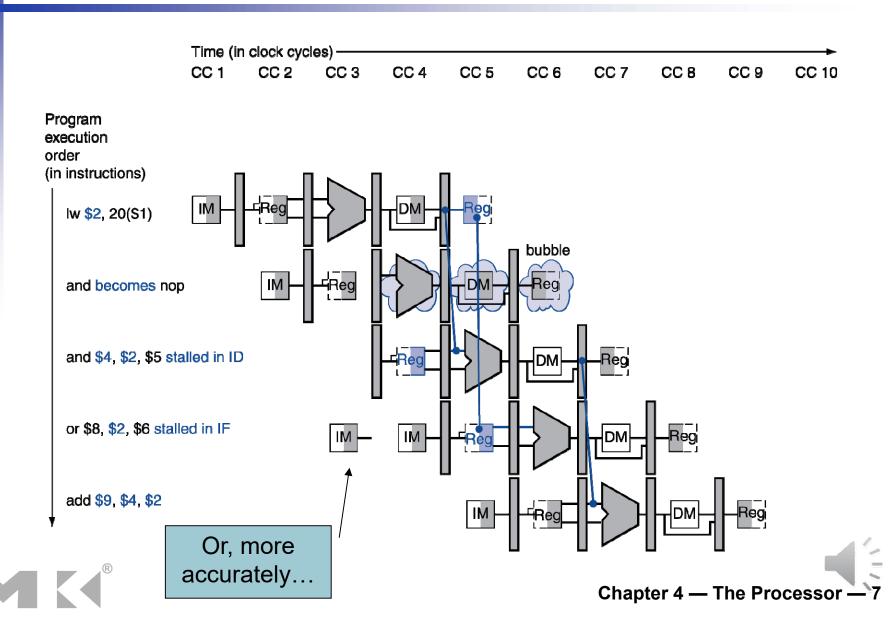   - Can subsequently forward to EX stage

Stall/Bubble in the Pipeline

Time (in clock cycles)

CC 1   CC 2   CC 3   CC 4   CC 5   CC 6   CC 7   CC 8   CC 9   CC 10

Program execution order (in instructions)

lw $2, 20($1)

and becomes nop

and $4, $2, $5

or $8, $2, $6

add $9, $4, $2

Stall inserted here

bubble

Stall/Bubble in the Pipeline

Or, more accurately…

Datapath with Hazard Detection